



Tenable OT Security 4.5 User Guide

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Welcome to Tenable OT Security

Tenable OT Security (OT Security) (formerly Tenable.ot) protects industrial networks from cyber threats, malicious insiders, and human error. From threat detection and mitigation to asset tracking, vulnerability management, configuration control and Active Query checks, OT Security's ICS security capabilities maximize your operational environment's visibility, security, and control.

OT Security offers comprehensive security tools and reports for IT security personnel and OT engineers. It provides visibility into converged IT/OT segments and ICS activity, and makes you aware of situations across all sites and their respective OT assets—from Windows Servers to PLC backplanes—in a single pane of glass.

OT Security has the following key features:

- **360-Degree Visibility** – Attacks can easily propagate in an IT/OT infrastructure. With a single platform to manage and measure cyber risk across your OT and IT systems, you have complete visibility into your converged attack surface. OT Security also natively integrates with IT security and operational tools, such as your Security Information and Event Management (SIEM) solution, log management tools, next-generation firewalls, and ticketing systems. Together, this builds an ecosystem where all of your security products can work together as one to keep your environment secure.
- **Threat Detection and Mitigation** – OT Security leverages a multi-detection engine to find high-risk events and behaviors that can impact OT operations. These engines include policy, behavioral and signature-based detection.
- **Asset Inventory and Active Detection** – Leveraging patented technology, OT Security provides visibility into your infrastructure—not only at the network level, but down to the device level. It uses native communication protocols to query both IT and OT devices in your ICS environment in order to identify all of the activities and actions occurring across your network.
- **Risk-Based Vulnerability Management** – Drawing on comprehensive and detailed IT and OT asset tracking capabilities, OT Security generates vulnerability and risk levels using Predictive Prioritization for each asset in your Industrial Control Systems (ICS) network. These reports include risk-scoring and detailed insights, along with mitigation suggestions.



- **Configuration Control** – OT Security provides a full granular history of device configuration changes over time, including specific ladder logic segments, diagnostic buffers, tag tables and more. This enables administrators to establish a backup snapshot with the “last known good state” for faster recovery and compliance with industry regulations.

Tip: The *Tenable OT Security User Guide* and user interface are available in [English](#), [Japanese](#), [German](#), [French](#), and [Simplified Chinese](#). To change the user interface language, see [Local Settings](#).

For additional information on Tenable OT Security, review the following customer education materials:

- [Tenable OT Security Introduction \(Tenable University\)](#)

Getting Started with OT Security

To get started with OT Security, follow the sequence of steps mentioned in [Get Started with OT Security](#).

OT Security Technologies

The OT Security comprehensive solution comprises two core collection technologies:

- **Network Detection** – OT Security network detection technology is a passive deep-packet inspection engine designed to address the unique characteristics and requirements of industrial control systems. Network Detection provides in depth, real-time visibility into all activities performed over the operational network, with a unique focus on engineering activities. This includes firmware downloads/uploads, code updates, and configuration changes performed over proprietary, vendor-specific communication protocols. Network detection alerts in real time for suspicious/unauthorized activities and produces a comprehensive event log with forensic data. Network Detection generates three types of alerts:
 - **Policy Based** – You can activate predefined policies or create custom policies which allow list and/or block list specific granular activities indicative of cyber threats or operational mistakes to trigger alerts. Policies can also be set to trigger Active Query checks for predefined situations.



- **Behavioral Anomalies** – The system detects deviations from a network traffic baseline, which was established based on traffic patterns during a specified time range. It also detects suspicious scans that are indicative of malware and reconnaissance behaviors.
- **Signature Detection Policies** – These policies use signature-based OT and IT threat detection to identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats. The detection is based on rules that have been cataloged in Suricata's Threats engine.
- **Active Query** – OT Security's patented querying technology monitors devices that are on the network by periodically surveying the metadata of control devices in the ICS network. This capability enhances OT Security's ability to automatically discover and classify all the ICS assets, including lower-level devices such as PLCs and RTUs, even when they aren't active in the network. It also identifies locally implemented changes in the device's metadata (for example firmware version, configuration details, and state) as well as changes in each code/function block of the device's logic. Since it uses read-only queries in the native controller communication protocols, it is safe and has no impact on the devices. Queries can be run periodically based on a predefined schedule or on-demand by the user.

Solution Architecture

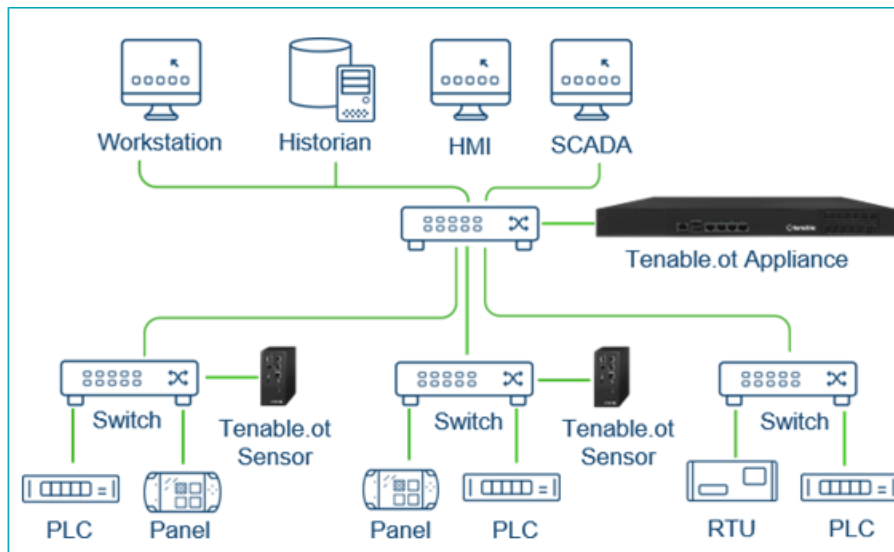
OT Security Platform Components

Note: In this document, the OT Security Appliance is referred to as ICP (Industrial Core Platform).

The OT Security solution is composed of these components:

- **ICP (OT Security Appliance)**– This component collects and analyzes the network traffic directly from the network (via a span port or network tap) and/or using a data feed from the Tenable OT Security Sensor (OT Security Sensor). The ICP appliance executes both the Network Detection and Active Query functions.
- **OT Security Sensors** – These are small devices deployed on network segments that are of interest, up to one sensor per managed switch. OT Security sensors provide full visibility into these network segments by capturing all the traffic, compressing the data and then communicating the information to the OT Security appliance. You can configure Sensors version 3.14 and later to send out active queries to the network segments on which they are

deployed.



Network Components

OT Security supports interaction with the following network components:

- **OT Security user (management)** – You can create user accounts to control access to the OT Security Management Console. You can access the Management Console through a browser (Google Chrome) via a secure socket-layer authentication (HTTPS).

Note: You can only access OT Security user interface from the latest version of Chrome.

- **Active Directory Server** – User credentials can optionally be assigned using an LDAP server, such as Active Directory. In this case, user privileges are managed on the Active Directory.
- **SIEM**– Send OT Security Event logs to a SIEM using Syslog protocol.
- **SMTP Server** – OT Security sends event notifications by email to specific groups of employees via an SMTP server.
- **DNS Server** – Integrate DNS servers into OT Security to help in resolving asset names.
- **Third-party applications** – External applications can interact with OT Security using its REST API or access data using other specific integrations¹.

¹For example, OT Security supports integration with Palo Alto Networks Next Generation Firewall (NGFW) and Aruba ClearPass, enabling OT Security to share asset inventory info with these



systems. OT Security can also integrate with other Tenable platforms such as Tenable Vulnerability Management and Tenable Security Center. Integrations are configured under **Local Settings > Integrations**, see [Integrations](#).

Tenable OT Security Hardware Specifications

ICP and Sensor Specifications

The following are the specifications for the OT Security hardware appliances for Industrial Core Platform (ICP):

Regular ICP

Category	Regular ICP
CPU	Intel® Xeon™ D-218dIT, 2.0 GHz
Cores	14
RAM	64 GB
Storage	256 GB SSD 800 GB NVMe 2 TB HDD
Network (Copper Ethernet)	4 x 1 Gbps
Network (Fiber Ethernet)	N/A
Power Supply	Single 110-220v
Form Factor	1U Half Depth
Dimensions (LxWxH)	209 x 43 x 376 mm 8.2 x 1.7 x 14.8 in
Weight	3.6 Kg
Operating Temperature	5 ~ 45° C (41 ~ 113 F)



Relative Humidity	8% ~ 90% non-condensing
Max Span Throughput	500 Mbps

XL ICP

Category	XL ICP
CPU	2x Xeon® Silver 4314
Cores	2 x 16
RAM	256 GB
Storage	960 GB SSD SAS FIPS-140 SED 960 GB SSD SAS FIPS-140 SED 2X2.4TB SAS HDD FIPS-140 SED <div>Note: The hardware supports full encryption and is FIPS-140 compliant.</div>
Network (Copper)	6 x 1 Gbps
Network (Fiber)	2 x 10 GB SFP+
Power Supply	Redundant 110-220v, 165W
Form Factor	1U Full Depth
Dimensions (WxHxD)	Width*: 482.0mm (18.98") x Height: 42.8mm (1.69") x Depth*: 698 mm (27.5") *Dimensions include bezel.
Weight	22 Kg
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 40° C (32 ~ 104 F)
Storage Temperature	-10 ~ 50° C (14 ~ 122° F)



Relative Humidity	5% ~ 90% non-condensing
Certifications	CE / FCC/ RoHS CB, CCC, UL, RCM, NOM
Max Span Throughput	1 Gbps

ICP-Mini

Category	ICP-Mini
CPU	Intel® Core™ i7-1185G7E, 1.8GHz
Cores	4
RAM	32 GB
Storage	480GB SSD
Network (Copper)	4 x 2.5 Gbps
Network (Fiber)	N/A
Power Supply	Terminal Block 12~28 VDC
Form Factor	DIN-Rail
Dimensions (mm)	150 x 190 x 81 mm
Weight	1.9 Kg
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 40° C (32 ~104° F)
Storage Temperature	-10 ~ 50° C (14 ~ 122° F)
Relative Humidity	10% ~ 95% non-condensing
Certification	CE / FCC / RoHS Class A CB, CCC, UL, ROM, NOM
Max Span Throughput	150 Mbps

Sensor



Category	Sensor
CPU	Intel® Core™ 13-8145UE, 2.2GHz
Cores	2
RAM	4 GB
Storage	128GB SATA M.2
Network (Copper)	2 x 1 Gbps
Network (Fiber)	N/A
Power Supply	Terminal Block 12~28 VDC
Form Factor	Extra Small Form Factor
Dimensions (WxHxD)	179 x 88 x 34.5 mm 7.05 x 3.46 x 1.36 in
Weight	0.72 Kg
Operating Temperature	0 ~ 50° C (32 ~ 122° F)
Storage Temperature	-40 ~ 60° C (-40 ~ 140° F)
Relative Humidity	20% ~ 80% non-condensing
Max Span Throughput	NA

System Elements

Assets

Assets are the hardware components in your network such as controllers, engineering stations, and servers. OT Security's automated asset discovery, classification, and management provides an accurate asset inventory by continuously tracking all changes to devices. This simplifies sustaining of operational continuity, reliability, and safety. It also plays a key role in planning maintenance projects, prioritizing upgrades, patch deployments, incident response, and mitigation efforts.



Risk Assessment

OT Security applies sophisticated algorithms to assess the degree of risk posed to each asset on the network. A Risk Score (from 0 to 100) is given for each Asset in the network. The Risk score is based on the following factors:

- **Events** – Events in the network that affected the device (weighted based on Event severity and how recently the Event occurred).

Note: Events are weighted according to currency, so that more recent Events have a greater impact on the Risk score than older Events.

- **Vulnerabilities** – CVEs that affect assets in your network, as well as other threats identified in your network (for example, obsolete operating systems, usage of vulnerable protocols and vulnerable open ports). In the OT Security, these are detected as plugin hits on your assets.
- **Asset Criticality** – A measure of the importance of the device to the proper functioning of the system.

Note: For PLCs that are connected to a backplane, the Risk score of other modules that share the backplane affect the PLC's Risk score.

Policies and Events

Policies define specific types of events that are suspicious, unauthorized, anomalous, or otherwise noteworthy that take place in the network. When an event occurs that meets all the Policy Definition conditions for a particular Policy, OT Security generates an Event. OT Security logs the Event and sends notifications in accordance with the Policy Actions configured for the policy.

There are two types of policy events:

- **Policy-based Detection** – Triggers events when the precise conditions of the policy, as defined by a series of event descriptors, are met.
- **Anomaly Detection** – Triggers events when anomalous or suspicious activity is identified in the network.

The system features a set of predefined policies (out-of-the-box). In addition, the system offers the ability to edit the predefined policies or define new custom policies.



Policy-Based Detection

For Policy-based detection, you configure the specific conditions for what events in the system trigger Event notifications. Policy-based Events are triggered only when the precise conditions of the policy are met. This ensures zero false positives, as the system alerts for actual events that take place in the ICS network, while providing meaningful detailed information about the 'who', 'what', 'when', 'where', and 'how'. The policies can be based on various Event types and descriptors.

The following are some examples of possible policy configurations:

- **Anomalous or unauthorized ICS control-plane activity (engineering)** – An HMI should not query the firmware version of a controller (may indicate reconnaissance), and a controller should not be programmed during operational hours (may indicate unauthorized, potentially malicious activity).
- **Change to controller's code** – A change to the controller logic was identified ("Snapshot mismatch").
- **Anomalous or unauthorized network communications**– An un-allowed communication protocol was used between two network assets or a communication took place between two assets that never communicated before.
- **Anomalous or unauthorized changes to the asset inventory** – A new asset was discovered or an asset stopped communicating in the network.
- **Anomalous or unauthorized changes in asset properties** – The asset firmware or state has changed.
- **Abnormal writes of set-points** – Events are generated for changes made to specific parameters. The user can define the allowed ranges for a parameter and generate Events for deviations from that range.

Anomaly Detection

Anomaly Detection policies discover suspicious behavior in the network based on the system's built-in capabilities for detecting deviations from 'normal' activity. The following anomaly detection policies are available:



- **Deviations from a network traffic baseline:** the user defines a baseline of 'normal' network traffic based on the traffic map during a specified time range and generates alerts for deviations from the baseline. The baseline can be updated at any time.
- **Spike in Network Traffic:** a dramatic increase in the volume of network traffic or number of conversations is detected.
- **Potential network reconnaissance/cyber-attack activity:** Events are generated for activities indicative of reconnaissance or cyber-attack activity in the network, such as IP conflicts, TCP port scans, and ARP scans.

Policy Categories

The Policies are organized by the following categories:

- **Configuration Event Policies** - these Policies relate to the activities that take place in the network. There are two sub-categories of Configuration Event Policies:
 - **Controller Validation** - these Policies relate to changes that take place in the controllers in the network. This can involve changes in the state of a controller as well as changes to the firmware, asset properties, or code blocks. The Policies can be limited to specific schedules (for example firmware upgrade during a work day), and/or specific controller/s.
 - **Controller Activities** - these policies relate to specific engineering commands that impact controllers' state and configuration. It is possible to define specific activities that always generate Events or to designate a set of criteria for generating Events. For example, if certain activities are performed at certain times and/or on certain controllers. Both black listing and white listing of assets, activities and schedules are supported.
- **Network Events Policies** - these Policies relate to the assets in the network and the communication streams between assets. This includes assets that were added to or removed from the network. It also includes traffic patterns that are anomalous for the network or that have been flagged as raising particular cause for concern. For example, if an engineering station communicates with a controller using a protocol that is not part of a pre-configured set of protocols (for example protocols that are used by controllers manufactured by a specific vendor), an Event is triggered. These policies can be limited to specific schedules and/or



specific assets. Vendor-specific protocols are organized by vendor for convenience, while any protocol can be used in a policy definition.

- **SCADA Event Policies** - these Policies detect changes in set-point values which can harm the industrial process. These changes may result from a cyber-attack or human error.
- **Network Threats Policies** - these Policies use signature-based OT and IT threat detection to identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats. The detection is based on rules that have been cataloged in Suricata's Threats engine.

Groups

An essential component in the definition of Policies in OT Security is the use of Groups. When configuring a Policy each of the parameters is designated by a Group as opposed to individual entities. This greatly streamlines the Policy configuration process.

Events

When an event occurs that matches the conditions of a Policy, an Event is generated in the system. All Events are displayed on the Events screen and can also be accessed through the relevant Inventory and Policy screens. Each Event is marked with a severity level, indicating the degree of risk posed by the Event. Notifications can be automatically sent out to email recipients and SIEMs as specified in the Policy Actions of the Policy that generated the Event.

An Event can be marked as resolved by an authorized user and a comment can be added.

OT Security License Components

This topic breaks down the licensing process for Tenable OT Security as a standalone product. It also explains how assets are counted, lists add-on components you can purchase, explains how licenses are reclaimed, and describes what happens during license overages or expirations.

Tip: To update or reinitialize your license, see [OT Security License Workflow](#).

Licensing Tenable OT Security

You can purchase Tenable OT Security in subscription or perpetual/maintenance versions.



To license Tenable OT Security, you purchase licenses based on your organizational needs and environmental details. Tenable OT Security then assigns those licenses to your *assets*: all detected devices with IP addresses, one license for each IP address.

When your environment expands, so does your asset count, so you purchase more licenses to account for the change. Tenable licenses use progressive pricing, so the more you purchase, the lower the per-unit price. For prices, contact your Tenable representative.

How Assets are Counted

In Tenable OT Security, your license count is based on the number of unique IP addresses in your environment. Assets are licensed from the moment they are detected.

Note: Assets on internal networks behind live IP addresses do not count towards your license. For example, in a redundantly connected Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) chassis with two live IP addresses and 10 modules behind these, only the two live IP addresses count towards your license.

Note: While you can connect a standalone purchase of OT Security to your instance of Tenable One, that does not handle the licensing of those assets. Tenable One customers have a plethora of Tenable solutions that are licensed to them, including OT Security, but the licenses must be part of the Tenable One license first. You can work with your customer success managers (CSM) to update the account accordingly.

Tenable OT Security Components

You can customize Tenable OT Security for your use case by adding components. Some components are add-ons that you purchase.

Included with Purchase	Add-on Component
<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Virtual Core Appliance.• Tenable Security Center.	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tenable OT Security Enterprise Manager.• Tenable OT Security Configurable Sensor.• Tenable OT Security Certified Configurable Sensor.• Tenable OT Security Certified Core Platform.• Tenable OT Security Core Platform.• Tenable OT Security XL Core Platform.

Reclaiming Licenses



When you purchase licenses, your total license count is static for the length of your contract unless you purchase more licenses. However, Tenable OT Security reclaims licenses in real time as your asset count changes.

Tenable OT Security reclaims the following assets:

- Hidden assets
- Assets that have been offline for more than 30 days
- Assets you remove or hide in the user interface

Exceeding the License Limit

In Tenable OT Security, you can only use your allocated number of licenses unless you purchase more licenses.

When you exceed your license limit:

- Non-administrators can no longer access Tenable OT Security.
- A message that your license has been exceeded appears in the user interface.
- You can no longer restore assets from the Tenable OT Security Settings.
- You can no longer update vulnerability plugins or IDS Signatures (Feed updates).

Note: When you exceed your license limit, Tenable OT Security can still detect and add new assets.

Expired Licenses

The Tenable OT Security licenses you purchase are valid for the length of your contract. 30 days before your license expires, a warning appears in the user interface. During this renewal period, work with your Tenable representative to add or remove products or change your license count.

After your license expires, Tenable OT Security is disabled and you cannot use it.

Error Messages

The following table describes the error messages that may appear in Tenable OT Security.



Category	Error Category Name	Error Description	User Interface Message	Recommended Action
Active Query Management	NoRoutesForClient	A query received a routing error from the network.	There may be a network connectivity issue. Please check network connectivity and retry the query.	Check your network connectivity and retry the active query.
Active Query Management	InternalError	An internal error occurred in the query attempt.	An unexpected error occurred. Try again later, and if the issue persists, contact Technical Support.	Retry the query after some time. If the issue persists, contact Tenable Support.
Active Query Management	DnsError	A DNS hostname not found for the target IP.	A DNS hostname could not be found for the target IP. Please ensure that reverse	Verify if the reverse DNS Lookup is enabled and the DNS pointer record (PTR) is defined for



			DNS is enabled and a PTR record is defined for the IP.	the IP.
Active Query Management	HostUnreachableError	A query target cannot be reached. Check your routing.	Could not reach the device. This might be due to a network connectivity issue. Please check your network or firewall settings and try again.	Check your network connectivity and firewall settings and retry the active query.
Active Query Management	TimeoutError	A query has received no response from the target and reached timeout.	Network Timeout. This may be due to temporary network issues or a slow response from the device. Please try the query again later.	Retry the query after some time.



Active Query Management	NetworkError	A query has received an error response from the network.	A network error has occurred. This may be due to temporary network issues or firewall restrictions. Please check your network connectivity and retry the query.	Check your network connectivity and retry the query.
Active Query Management	ProtocolError	A query has received an unexpected response from the target.	Unsupported response format from the destination. This could be due to an incompatible protocol version on the device or a temporary network issue. Please check device	Check whether the destination device is compatible with or retry the query after some time.



			compatibility or try the query again later.	
Active Query Management	AuthenticationError	Invalid authentication credentials were used in the query.	Failed to authenticate to the device. Credentials may be incorrect or missing, Please verify your credentials.	Verify your credentials and retry the query.
Active Query Management	LimitExceededError	OT Security has reached the limit for failed queries against the target.	Active queries to this device are paused due to too many failed queries. Try again later and If the issue persists, contact support	There are several failed queries to the device. Retry the query after some time, and if the issue persists, contact Technical Support.
Active Query Management	NoPotentialClients	No valid clients exist in the target query range	Active query found no accessible	The target devices may not be accessible



		(CIDR block, asset list, or IP range).	devices in the target range. User-applied restrictions might block some devices (CIDR block, asset list, or IP range). Please review your selection and access controls.	because of user-applied restrictions. Review your access control settings and retry the query.
Active Query Management	NoAllowedClients	No allowed clients exist in the target query range (CIDR block, asset list, or IP range).	Active query found no compatible devices in the target range (CIDR block, asset list, or IP range). Please review your selection and access controls.	The target devices may not be compatible with OT Security settings. Review your access control settings and retry the query.
IoT	ServiceUnavailable	Service is	The IoT	Retry the



		unavailable, may be and issue with startup or after reset.	Connector Service is not available or has encountered an issue, try again later and if the issue persists, contact support.	query after some time as the IoT Connector service may be temporarily down. If the issue persists, contact Technical Support.
IoT	lotConnectorSecureModeError	The IoT connector cannot connect with a remote installed IoT agent.	IoT connector secure mode error. The IoT Agent on the remote system must be reinstalled to allow connections again.	Reinstall the IoT Agent on the remote system and retry the connection.
IoT	lotConnectorIpAlreadyExists	The user is trying to add a connector with an IP that already exists.	Connector creation failed. The provided IP address is already in use by	Provide a unique IP address and try to add the connector.



			another connector. Please provide a unique IP address and try again.	
Server Pairing: (Enterprise Manager (EM), External Server, FW)	WrongCertificate	The user is trying to pair ICP to EM with an invalid certificate.	The pairing server presented an invalid security certificate. Please verify the server certificate and try again. If this persists, consult the server administrator.	Generate a new security certificate and try pairing the ICP to EM. If the issue persists, contact the server administrator.
Server Pairing: (EM, External Server, FW)	MissingEmAddress	Only via API	No server address was provided for pairing. Please enter the IP address or hostname of	Provide the IP address or hostname of the server you want to connect and try again.



			the server you want to connect to and try again.	
Server Pairing: (EM, External Server, FW)	MissingPassword	Only via API	The provided credentials are incomplete. Please enter a password for the pairing server and try again.	Provide a username and password for the server and try again.
Server Pairing: (EM, External Server, FW)	MissingCredentials	Only via API	Missing connection credentials for the pairing server. Please provide the required credentials (e.g., username and password) and try again.	Provide valid credentials for the server and try again.



Server Pairing: (EM, External Server, FW)	BothApiKeyAndUserCre dentials	Only via API	Only one authenticati on method is allowed for pairing with this server. Please remove either the API key or user credentials and try again.	Use either API key or user credentials for pairing.
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/Ne ssus	NessusNotReady	Service is unavailabl e, may be an issue with startup or after reset.	The Nessus service is not yet available or has encountere d an issue, try again later, and If the issue persists, contact support.	The Nessus service may be down, so try reaching the service after some time, or if the issue persists, contact Tenable Support.
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/Ne ssus	MissingFile	Only via API	No configuratio n file attached. Please	Upload a valid configuration file.



			upload a valid configuration file in the supported format to proceed.	
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/NetworkMiner/NetworkMiner-ssus	InvalidFile	The uploaded file is invalid.	The uploaded file is invalid. It may be due to an unsupported format or missing version information. Please review the documentation for supported formats and required fields, and try again.	Check whether the format or version of the uploaded file is valid before uploading the file.
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/NetworkMiner/NetworkMiner-ssus	NoSpaceLeftOnDevice	Uploading a file during online or offline mode while there is no	The device does not have enough storage space to	Free up space on the device and try uploading the configuration file.



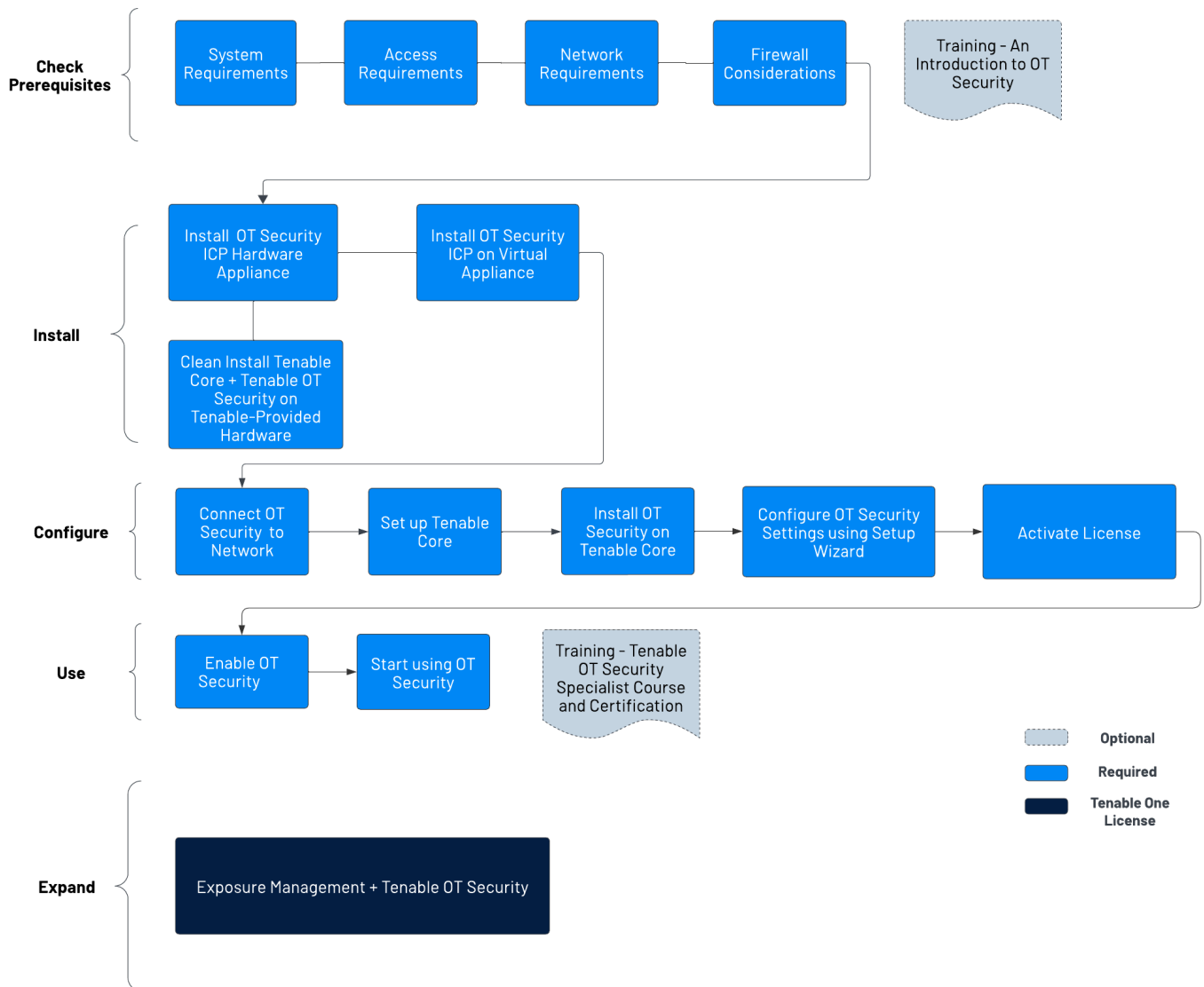
		space left on the device for the new one.	accommodate the new configuration file. Please free up some space on the device and try again.	
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/NetworkMiner/NetworkMiner-ssus	OldLicense	The user is using a license without valid credentials.	Action not allowed due to an outdated version format. Please obtain a new license in the supported format and try again.	Upgrade your OT Security license in the supported format.
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/NetworkMiner/NetworkMiner-ssus	UpdateAlreadyInProgress	The user is currently running an update while there is already one job in progress, and only one update can run at a	An update is already in progress for this device. Please wait for the current update to finish before attempting another	Wait for the current update to complete before you try again.

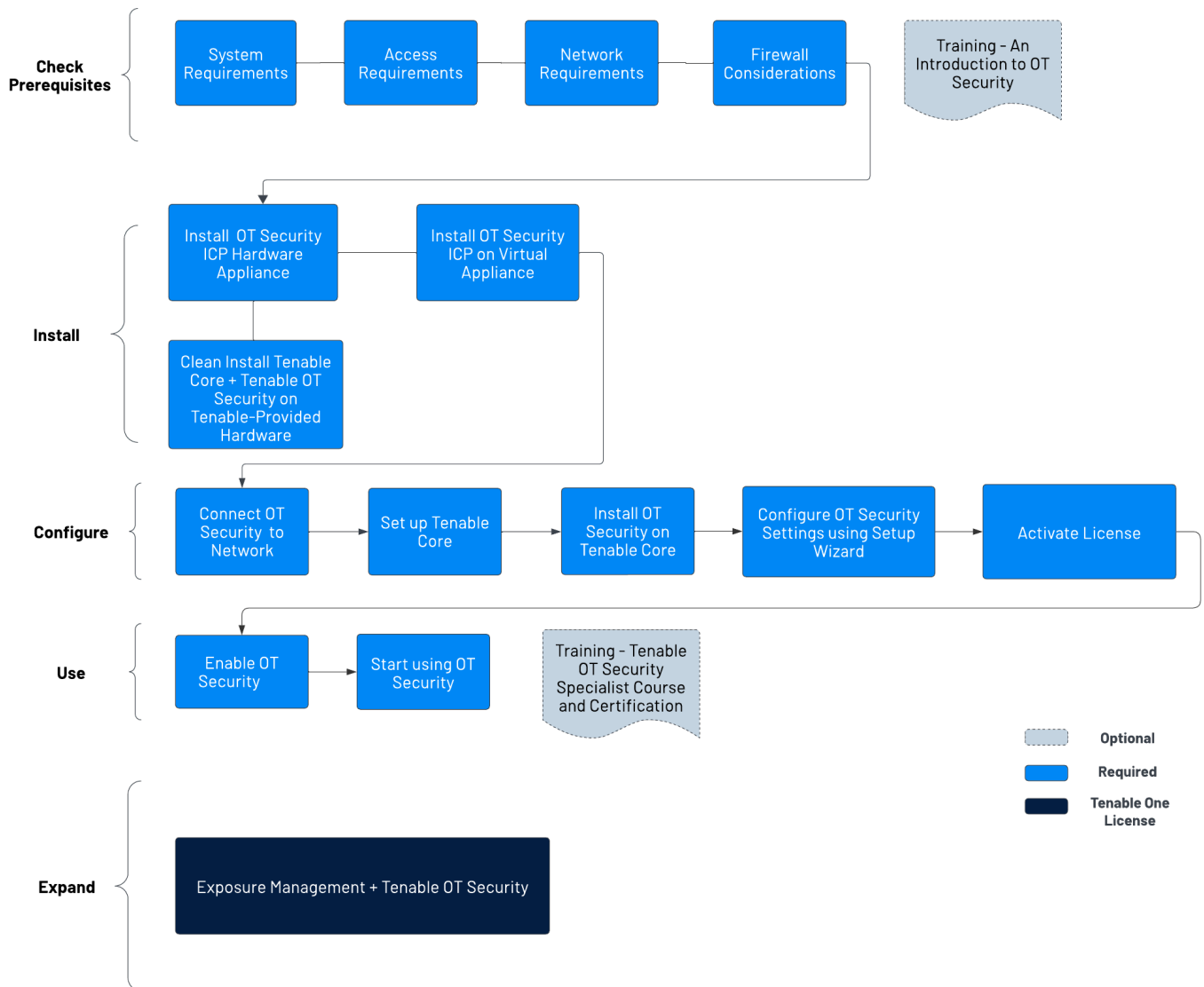


		time.	one.	
OT Feeds: PII/Suricata/Ne ssus	OlderVersionUpdateAtte mpt	The user is attempting to downgrade to an earlier version.	File upload failed due to an active newer version. Ensure you have the latest updated file and try uploading again.	Ensure the file you are trying to upload is the latest version.

Get Started with OT Security

Use the following getting started sequence to install and start using OT Security.





Check Prerequisites

- [Prerequisites](#) – Review the system, hardware, virtual, and license requirements for OT Security.
 - [System Requirements](#) – Review the requirements to install and run Tenable Core + OT Security.
 - [Access Requirements](#) – Review the internet and port requirements to run Tenable Core + OT Security.



- [Network Considerations](#) – Review the network interfaces to connect OT Security.
- [Firewall Considerations](#) – Review the ports that must be open for OT Security to function correctly.
- [Introduction to Tenable OT Security](#) – Go through the training material for an understanding of OT Security.

Install OT Security ICP

OT Security is an application running on top of the Tenable Core operating system, and it is subject to the base requirements of Tenable Core. Use the following guidelines to install and configure Tenable Core + OT Security.

To install OT Security:

1. [Install OT Security ICP](#)

- [Install OT Security ICP Hardware Appliance](#) - Set up OT Security as a hardware appliance.

Note: Tenable-provided Tenable Core hardware comes with Tenable Core+ OT Security pre-installed. If you are installing an older or dated appliance, you might opt for a clean install. For more information, see [Clean Install Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security on Tenable-Provided Hardware](#).

- [Install OT Security ICP Virtual Appliance](#)— Deploy Tenable Core + OT Security as a virtual machine using the pre-configured .ova file containing the standard virtual machine configuration, or customize your appliance using the installation .iso file.

2. [Connect OT Security to the Network](#)— Connect OT Security hardware and virtual appliance to the network.

3. [Configure OT Security ICP](#)

- a. [Set up Tenable Core](#) – Configure Tenable Core via CLI or the user interface.
- b. [Install OT Security on Tenable Core](#) - Manually complete the installation of Tenable OT Security in Tenable Core.



- c. [Configure OT Security Settings using Setup Wizard](#) – Use the setup wizard to configure basic settings in OT Security.
 - [Log in](#) to the OT Security console and configure the [User Info](#), [Device](#), [System Time](#), and [Port Separation](#) settings.
4. [Activate OT Security License](#) – Activate your license after you complete the OT Security installation.

Use OT Security

[Launch OT Security](#)

1. [Enable](#) OT Security – Enable OT Security after you activate your license.
2. [Start using OT Security](#) – Configure your monitored networks, port separation, users, groups, and authentication servers to start using OT Security.

Tip: To gain hands-on experience and to obtain Tenable OT Security Specialist Certification, take the [Tenable OT Security Specialist Course](#).

Expand OT Security into Tenable One

Note: This requires a Tenable One license. For more information about trying Tenable One, see [Tenable One](#).

Integrate OT Security with Tenable One and leverage the following features:

- Access the [Exposure View](#) page, where you can reveal converged risk levels and uncover hidden weaknesses across the IT-OT boundary. You can continuously monitor and track potential vulnerabilities with enhanced OT data:
 - [View](#) and [manage](#) cyber exposure cards.
 - View [CES](#) and [CES trend](#) data for the Global and **Operational Technologies** exposure cards.



- View [Remediation Service Level Agreement](#) (SLA) data.
- View [Tag Performance](#) data.
- Access the [Exposure Signals](#) page, where you can generate exposure signals that use queries to search for asset *violations*. Simply put, if an asset is impacted by a weakness related to the query, then the asset is considered a *violation*. Using this, you can gain visibility into your most critical risk scenarios.
 - Find top active threats in your environment with up-to-date feeds from Tenable Research.
 - View, generate, and interact with the data from queries and their impacted asset violations.
 - Create custom exposure signals to view business-specific risks and weaknesses
- Access the [Inventory](#) page, enrich asset discovery with OT-specific insights, such as firmware versions, vendors, models & operational states. Access OT intelligence that standard IT security tools cannot provide:
 - View and interact with the data on the [Assets](#) tab:
 - Review your AD assets to understand the strategic nature of the interface. This should help set your expectations on what features to use within Tenable Exposure Management, and when.
 - Familiarize yourself with the [Global Asset Search](#) and its objects and properties. Bookmark custom queries for later use.
 - Find devices, user accounts, software, cloud assets, SaaS applications, networks, and their weaknesses.
 - Drill down into the [Asset Details](#) page to view asset properties and all associated context views.
 - View and interact with the data on the [Weaknesses](#) tab:
 - View key context on vulnerability and misconfiguration weaknesses to make the most impactful remediation decisions.



- View and interact with the data on the [Software](#) tab:
 - Gain full visibility of the software deployed across your business and better understand the associated risks.
 - Identify what software may be out of date, and which pieces of software may soon be End of Life (EoL).
- View and interact with the data on the [Findings](#) tab:
 - View instances of weaknesses (vulnerabilities or misconfigurations) appearing on an asset, identified uniquely by plugin ID, port, and protocol.
 - Review insights into those findings, including descriptions, assets affected, criticality, and more to identify potential security risks, visibility on under-utilized resources, and support compliance efforts.
- Access the [Attack Path](#) page, where you can optimize risk prioritization by exposing risky attack paths that traverse the attack surface, including web apps, IT, OT, IoT, identities, ASM, and prevent material impact. Streamline mitigation by identifying choke points to disrupt attack paths with mitigation guidance, and gain deep expertise with AI insights (**Not supported in [FedRAMP](#) environments**).
- View the [Dashboard](#) tab for a high-level view of your vulnerable assets such as the number of attack paths leading to these critical assets, the number of open attack techniques and their severity, a matrix to view paths with different source node exposure score and ACR target value combinations, and a list of trending attack paths.
 - Review the **Top Attack Path Matrix** and click the **Top Attack Paths** tile to view more information about paths leading to your “Crown Jewels”, or assets with an ACR of 7 or above.

You can adjust these if needed to ensure you’re viewing the most critical attack path data.

- On the [Top Attack Techniques](#) tab, view all attack techniques that exist in one or more attack paths that lead to one or more critical assets by pairing your data with advanced graph analytics and the MITRE ATT&CK® Framework to create attack techniques, which allow you to understand and act on the unknowns that enable and amplify threat



impact on your assets and information.

- On the [Top Attack Paths](#) tab, generate attack path queries to view your assets as part of potential attack paths:
 - [Generate an Attack Path with a Built-in Query](#)
 - [Generate an Attack Path Query with the Attack Path Query Builder](#)
 - [Generate an Asset Query with the Asset Query Builder](#)

Then, you can view and interact with the [Attack Path Query](#) and [Asset Query](#) data via the query result list and the [interactive graph](#).

- Interact with the [MITRE ATT&CK Heatmap](#) tab, select the ICS heatmap option to focus on ICS (Industrial Control Systems) tactics and techniques
- View and interact with the data in the [Tags](#) page:
 - [Create a new dynamic tag](#) for your OT assets, where:
 - Operator = **Host System Type**
 - Value = **PLC**
 - [Create and manage tags](#) to highlight or combine different asset classes.
 - View the [Tag Details](#) page to gain further insight into the tags associated with your assets.

Prerequisites

Objective: Ensure you have everything you need for a successful ICP installation.

Tenable OT Security is an application running on top of the Tenable Core operating system, and it is subject to the base requirements of Tenable Core.

Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security is available for deployment both on hardware and as a virtual machine appliance. A virtual machine deployment must meet the minimal requirements as mentioned in [Hardware Requirements](#).

Hardware Requirements



Multiple sizes of dedicated Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security hardware appliances are available (purchased separately). For hardware specifications, see [Tenable OT Security Physical Hardware Sheet](#).

The Tenable Core operating system and the Tenable OT Security application are pre-installed on all available hardware appliances.

You can also install Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security on custom hardware that meets the requirements. For instructions, contact Tenable Support or your Customer Success Manager.

For information about the requirements for Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security, see the following:

- [System Requirements](#)
- [Access Requirements](#)

Virtual Appliance Requirements

Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security can be deployed in the following ways:

- Using the .ova file – This file is ready to deploy and includes all the standard and supported virtual machine configuration.
- Using the .iso file – This is a general-purpose installation disk image. Deploy this on a properly configured virtual machine, which meets the requirements.

License Requirements

For general information about licensing for OT Security, see [OT Security License Components](#).

For the licensing workflow, see [OT Security License Activation](#).

System Requirements

To install and run Tenable Core + OT Security or OT Security Sensor, your application and system must meet the following requirements.

Tip: OT Security offers turnkey appliances that ship directly that come pre-imaged. This option is much easier to use and deploy, with a faster time to value. However, you can also source your own hardware and apply our ISO image to it. If you supply your own or choose to use ours, please refer to our Tenable OT



hardware specs as a guideline or best practice. All components of OT Security, the ICP EM and Sensor can be run on any hardware that meets the specs.

Note: Tenable does not recommend deploying multiple applications on a single instance of Tenable Core. If you want to deploy several applications on Tenable Core, deploy a unique instance for each application.

Note: Tenable Support does not assist with issues related to your host operating system, even if you encounter them during installation or deployment.

Environment		Tenable Core File Format	More Information
Virtual Machine	VMware	.ova file	Deploy Tenable Core in VMware
	Microsoft Hyper-V	.zip file	
Hardware Tenable-provided hardware		.iso image	Install Tenable Core on Hardware

Note: While you could use the packages to run Tenable Core in other environments, Tenable does not provide documentation for those procedures.

OT Security Hardware Requirements

For more information about hardware requirements specifically for OT Security or OT Security Sensor, see [Tenable OT Security Hardware Specifications](#) in the *General Requirements Guide*.

OT Security Virtual Hardware Requirements

Enterprise networks can vary in performance, capacity, protocols, and overall activity. Resource requirements to consider for deployments include raw network speed, the size of the network to monitor, and the configuration of the application.

The following chart outlines basic guidelines for operating Tenable Core + OT Security in a virtual environment.



Tenable Core + OT Security requires CPUs with AVX and AVX2 (for example, Intel Haswell or newer).

Installation Scenario	CPU Cores	Memory	Disk Space
Virtual Machine	8 cores	16 GB RAM	205 GB

OT Security Virtual Sensor Requirements

Installation Scenario	CPU	Memory	Disk Space
Sensor	2 virtual CPUs	4 GB RAM	60 GB HDD

Storage Requirements

Tenable recommends installing OT Security on direct-attached storage (DAS) devices, preferably solid-state drives (SSD), for best performance. Tenable strongly encourages the use of solid-state storage (SSS) that have a high drive-writes-per-day (DWPD) rating to ensure longevity.

Tenable does not support installing OT Security on network-attached storage (NAS) devices. Storage area networks (SAN) with a storage latency of 10 milliseconds or less, or Tenable hardware appliances, are a good alternative in such cases.

Disk Space Requirements

Enterprise networks can vary in performance, capacity, protocols, and overall activity. Resource requirements to consider for deployments include raw network speed, the size of the network to monitor, and the configuration of the application. Processors, memory, and network card selection are heavily based on these deployment configurations. Disk space requirements vary depending on usage based on the amount of data, and length of time, you store data on the system.

OT Security needs to perform full packet captures of monitored traffic, and the size of the policy event data stored by OT Security depends on the number of devices and the type of environment.

You can calculate storage requirements per day (GB/day) by multiplying the traffic rate (Mbps) * 2.7 - based on a compression factor of 0.25.

In an example with two sensors receiving 23 Mbps SPAN traffic each, the storage requirements per day (GB/day) is calculated as $(23*2)*2.7=124$ GB of space per day for traffic storage.



Note: If compliance or security requirements require that you store up to 30 days of traffic, then you need a PCAP (Packet Capture) storage drive of 3.75 TB to accommodate this requirement. Once the stored traffic data reaches the maximum size, OT Security overwrites the oldest PCAP data and replaces it with new traffic.

ICP System Requirement Guidelines

Maximum SPAN/TAP Throughput (Mbps)	CPU Cores ¹	Memory (DDR4)	Storage Requirements	Network Interfaces
50 Mbps or less	4	16 GB RAM	Minimum 205 GB	Minimum two network interfaces
50-150 Mbps	16	32 GB RAM	Minimum 205 GB	Minimum two network interfaces
150-300 Mbps	32	64 GB RAM	Minimum 205 GB	Minimum two network interfaces
300 Mbps to 1 GB	32-64	128 GB RAM or more	Minimum 205 GB	Minimum two network interfaces

Disk Partition Requirements

OT Security uses the following mounted partitions:

Partition	Content
/	operating system
/opt	application and database files
/var/pcap	packet captures (full packet capture, event, query)

The standard install process places these partitions on the same disk. Tenable recommends moving these to partitions on separate disks to increase throughput. OT Security is a disk-intensive



application and using disks with high read/write speeds, such as SSDs, results in the best performance. Tenable recommends using an SSD with high DWPD ratings on customer-supplied hardware installations when using the packet capture feature in OT Security.

Tip: Deploying OT Security on a hardware platform configured with a redundant array of independent disks (RAID 0) can dramatically boost performance.

Tip: Tenable does not require RAID disks for even our largest customers. However, in one instance, response times for queries with a faster RAID disk for a customer with more than one million managed vulnerabilities moved from a few seconds to less than a second.

Network Interface Requirements

You must have two (or more) network interfaces present on your device before installing OT Security. Tenable recommends the use of gigabit interfaces. The VMWare OVA creates these interfaces automatically. Create these interfaces manually when you are installing the ISO (such as Hyper-V).

Note: Tenable does not provide SR-IOV support for the use of 10 G network cards and does not guarantee 10 G speeds with the use of 10 G network cards.

NIC Requirements

- OT Security requires only one NIC for EM.
- OT Security requires a minimum of two NICs for the ICP and Sensors.
- OT Security requires static IP addresses to be used for ICP/EM/Sensors.
- Both the sensor and ICP can be configured to monitor multiple SPAN interfaces.

Note: Starting from OT Security 4.1, the profile names for network interfaces are as follows:

- nic0 – System port 1
- nic1 – System port 2
- nic2 – System port 3
- nic3 – System port 4



nic0 or **System port 1** (192.168.1.5) and **nic3** or **System port 4** (192.168.3.3) have static IP addresses when you install Tenable Core + OT Security in a hardware, or virtual, environment. Other network interface controllers (NICs) use DHCP.

nic3 or **System port 4** (192.168.3.3) has a static IP address when you deploy Tenable Core + OT Security on VMware. Other NICs use DHCP. Confirm that the Tenable Core + OT Security **nic1** or **System port 2** MAC address matches the NIC MAC address in your VMware passive scanning configuration. Modify your VMware configuration to match your Tenable Core MAC address if necessary.

For more information, see [Manually Configure a Static IP Address](#), [Manage System Networking](#), and the *VMware Documentation*.

¹CPU Cores reference PHYSICAL cores, assumes server-class CPU (Xeon, Opteron).

Access Requirements

Your Tenable Core + OT Security Sensor deployment must meet the following requirements.

- [Internet Requirements](#)
- [Port Requirements](#)

Internet Requirements

You must have internet access to download Tenable Core files and perform online installs.

After you transfer a file to your machine, internet access requirements to deploy or update Tenable Core vary depending on your environment.

Note: You need to be able to reach `appliance.cloud.tenable.com` to install from the online ISOs (and to get online updates) and `sensor.cloud.tenable.com` to pick up scan jobs.

Environment		Tenable Core Format	Internet Requirement
Virtual Machine	VMware	.ova file	You do not need internet access to deploy or update Tenable Core.
	Microsoft Hyper-V	.zip file	



Cloud	Amazon Web Services (AWS)	n/a	Requires internet access to deploy or update Tenable Core.
Cloud	Microsoft Azure	n/a	
Hardware		.iso image	Requires internet access to install or update Tenable Core.

Tip: You do not need access to the internet when you install updates to Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security Sensor via an offline .iso file. For more information, see [Update Tenable Core Offline](#).

Port Requirements

Your Tenable Core deployment requires access to specific ports for inbound and outbound traffic. OT Security also requires application-specific port access. For more information, see [Firewall Considerations](#).

Inbound Traffic

Allow inbound traffic to the following ports listed.

Note: Inbound traffic refers to traffic from users configuring Tenable Core.

Port	Traffic
TCP 22	Inbound SSH connections.
TCP 443	Inbound communications to the OT Security interface.
TCP 8000	(Default) Inbound HTTPS communications to the Tenable Core interface.
TCP 8090	Inbound HTTPS communications for restoring backups. Inbound communications with the file upload server.

Outbound Traffic

Allow outbound traffic to the following ports listed.

Port	Traffic
------	---------



TCP 22	Outbound SSH connections, including remote storage connections.
TCP 443	Outbound communications to the <code>appliance.cloud.tenable.com</code> and <code>sensor.cloud.tenable.com</code> servers for system updates.
UDP 53	Outbound DNS communications for OT Security and Tenable Core.

Network Considerations

The OT Security appliance (both physical and virtual) requires a few network connections, referred to as Interface Roles.

Management and Active Query Interface

This is an interface configured with an IP address that allows network reachability to manage and configure the appliance. This interface allows the appliance to reach assets on the network for active querying (recommended, but optional).

Management and Active Query Roles Separation (Split-Port)

You can split the Management and Active Query roles between two separate interfaces. This enables, for instance, a connection to an IT network for management purposes and a separate connection to an OT network to access the OT assets using Active Query.

For this purpose, prepare and connect two separate interfaces each dedicated to one of the roles.

Basic management connectivity to the ICP through the Active Query interface is allowed and operational as long as the ICP system allows network connectivity.

To finalize the OT Security setup, you require management connectivity. You can configure Split-Port and Active Query connectivity later.

On Tenable-provided hardware appliances, OT Security is automatically installed, with the default interface roles (combined management and Active Query roles).

Note: When configuring the IP address for both interfaces, Tenable recommends to only configure a **Default-Gateway** for the interface dedicated to the Management role. You can specify a dedicated gateway for Active Query when configuring Split Port.

Monitoring Interfaces



One or more network interfaces can be used for passive network monitoring. Passive monitoring (SPAN) interfaces:

- Monitor and collect traffic for analysis
- Must be connected to a Mirroring, Switch Port Analyzer (SPAN), or Remote Switch Port Analyzer (RSPAN) destination interface of a switch.

Note: Traffic that cannot be directly monitored by the appliance interfaces can be collected using OT Sensors or Encapsulated Remote SPAN (ERSPAN) configuration.

Firewall Considerations

In setting up your OT Security system, it is important to map out the open ports to allow the Tenable system to operate correctly. The following tables indicate the ports to reserve for use with the OT Security ICP and OT Security Sensors as well as those needed for running Active Queries and for integration with Tenable Vulnerability Management and Tenable Security Center.

Note: For information about the list of Tenable websites and domains that you must allow through the firewall, see the [Knowledge Base article](#).

OT Security Core Platform

The following ports should remain open for communication with the OT Security Core Platform.

Note: For the EM centralized updates to work, the ICP must be able to reach ports 28305 and 8000 (TCP).

Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
Inbound	TCP 443	Web interface for OT Security Appliance	Browser access to OT Security
Inbound	TCP 8000	Web interface for Tenable Core	Browser access to Tenable Core
Inbound	TCP 443 and	OT Sensor	Sensor authentication, pairing,



Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
	TCP 28304		and receiving sensor information.
Outbound	TCP 443 and TCP 28305	OT Security EM	ICP and EM pairing
Inbound	TCP 22	Appliance for SSH Access	Command line access to OS or appliance
Outbound	TCP 443	Tenable Security Center	Sends data for integration
Outbound*	TCP 443	cloud.tenable.com	Sends data for integration
Outbound*	Various Industrial protocols	PLCs/controllers	Active query
Outbound*	TCP 25 or 587	Email server for alerts	SMTP (alert emails, reports)
Outbound*	UDP 514	Syslog server	Sends policy event alerts and syslog messages
Outbound*	UDP 53	DNS server	Name Resolution
Outbound*	UDP 123	NTP server	Time service
Outbound*	TCP 389 or 636	AD server	AD LDAP authentication
Outbound*	TCP 443	SAML Provider	Single Sign On
Outbound*	UDP 161	SNMP Server	SNMP monitoring to Tenable Core
Outbound*	TCP 443	*.tenable.com *.nessus.org	Automatic Plugin, Application, and OS Updates**
Outbound	TCP 10146	IoT Connector	Connects ICP to IoT connector



Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
	(secure port)		agent

*Optional services

**Offline procedure available

OT Security Sensors

The following ports should remain open for communication with OT Security Sensors.

Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
Inbound	TCP 8000	Web interface	Browser access to user GUI
Inbound	TCP 22	Appliance for SSH Access	Command line access to OS or appliance
Outbound*	TCP 25	Email server for alerts	SMTP (alert emails, reports)
Outbound*	UDP 53	DNS server	Name Resolution
Outbound*	UDP 123	NTP server	Time service
Outbound*	UDP 161	SNMP Server	SNMP monitoring to Tenable Core
Outbound	TCP 28303	ICP/ OT Security Sends communication from sensor, receives on ICP/ OT Security	Unauthenticated / passive only sensor connection
Outbound	TCP 28304	ICP/ OT Security	Authenticated / secure



Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
	(SSH) TCP 443 (HTTPS)	SSH connections for sensor pairing. Sends communication from sensor, receives on ICP/ OT Security	tunnel between sensor and ICP

*Optional services

Active Query

The following ports must remain open in order to use the Active Queries.

Note: OT Security supports queries across these protocols, but not all of them may apply to your environment. For optimal results, ensure that you open as many of the listed ports as possible between OT Security (or the OT Security sensors) and the nearby remote devices. This action enables accurate identification and querying.

Protocol	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
ICMP		Generic / Various	Network-level asset discovery / ping
TCP	21	Generic / Various	FTP file transfer
TCP / UDP	53	DNS Servers	Domain Name System (DNS) resolution queries
TCP	80	Generic / Various	HTTP fingerprinting and web interface access
TCP	102	Siemens Devices	Manufacturing Message Specification (MMS), overlaps IEC 61850
TCP	102	Siemens Devices	IEC 61850 / MMS for substation and SCADA devices



Protocol	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
TCP	102	Siemens Devices	S7/S7+ / MMS communication for automation devices
UDP	111	Emerson Ovation Devices	RPC service registration / discovery for Ovation
TCP	135	Windows Devices	WMI queries for system and network management
UDP	137	Generic / Various	NetBIOS Name Service (NBNS) for Windows network discovery
UDP	138	Generic / Various	NetBIOS Datagram Service (NBT) for Windows file / printer sharing
UDP	161	Generic / Various	SNMP polling and trap communication
TCP	443	Generic / Various	HTTPS fingerprinting and secure web services
TCP	445	Windows Devices	WMI / SMB queries for system management (replaces 135 for some cases)
TCP	502	OT Devices	Modbus TCP communication with PLCs and meters
UDP	1069	Cognex Cameras	Cognex Vision system discovery protocol
TCP	1911	BMS Controllers	Niagara FOX unencrypted protocol
TCP	1962	Phoenix Contact Devices	PC Worx engineering and control communication
TCP / UDP	2001	Profinet Devices	Profinet device communication for



Protocol	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
			controllers and I/O modules
TCP	2001	Siemens Devices	SICAM / PROFINET (legacy and substation devices)
TCP	2222	Rockwell Devices	PCCC protocol for ControlLogix/PLC communications
TCP	2404	SCADA Devices	IEC 60870-5-104 for RTU and substation communications
TCP	3389	Windows Devices	RDP (Remote Desktop Protocol)
TCP	3500	Bachmann M1 Devices	Bachmann M1 controller communication
TCP	4000	Emerson Devices	Emerson ROC 4000 controller data/control
TCP	4444	Schneider Electric	SmartX controllers (EcoStruxure Building Operation)
UDP	4800	Moxa Devices	Moxa Device Discovery protocol
TCP	4911	BMS Controllers	Niagara FOX secure (TLS/SSL) protocol
TCP	5001	Bosch Devices	Bosch PSI (Programmable System Interface)
TCP	5002	Mitsubishi Devices	MELSEC PLC MC Protocol over TCP
TCP	5007	Mitsubishi Devices	MELSEC PLC additional communication port
UDP	5009	Mitsubishi Devices	MELSEC Finder broadcast (device discovery)



Protocol	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
TCP	5033	Siemens Devices	P2 protocol (used in legacy Siemens automation systems)
TCP	5050	Saia-Burgess Devices	Saia PCD controller communication
TCP	5094	HART-IP	HART-IP over TCP for smart instrumentation
TCP	5313	Yokogawa DCS	CENTUM DCS engineering interface
TCP	5432	SEL (Schweitzer) Devices	PostgreSQL database access for energy devices
TCP	6626	WAGO Devices	WAGO I/O communication and programming
TCP	7700	Schneider Electric	ION power meters and energy management systems
TCP	8000, 8008, 8080, 8443, 8800	Generic / Various	Common HTTP/HTTPS alternative ports
TCP	9940	Yokogawa DCS	CENTUM status and diagnostics
UDP	12321	Honeywell Devices	Honeywell FTE UDP discovery / redundancy
TCP	18245	Schneider Devices	SRTP (Schneider Real-Time Protocol) for M340/M580 PLCs
TCP	18507	Emerson Devices	Emerson ROC / Flow Computer (FACE protocol)
TCP	18508	Emerson Devices	Emerson firmware upgrade service (UPGD)



Protocol	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
TCP	20256	GE Devices	PCOM protocol for Proficy iFIX / CIMPLICITY SCADA
TCP	20547	Procon	PROCON OS remote management interface
TCP	24576	ABB Devices	ABB Network Control (ABB_NC) protocol for substation automation
TCP	34964	Siemens Devices	PROFINET Connection Management (PROFINET CM)
TCP	39329	Emerson Devices	Ovation / VME-based control systems
TCP/ UDP	44818	OT Devices	CIP (Common Industrial Protocol) for Rockwell devices
UDP	47808	BMS Controllers	BACnet/IP communication for building automation devices
TCP/ UDP	48898	Beckhoff Devices	ADS/TwinCAT protocol for controller and engineering communications
UDP	48899	Beckhoff Devices	ADS/AMS Discovery (TwinCAT/Beckhoff IPCs)
TCP	50000	Siemens Devices	SIPROTEC 4 relay communication
TCP	51966	Honeywell Devices	Honeywell FTE (Fault Tolerant Ethernet) communications
TCP	55553	Honeywell Devices	CEE (Control Execution Environment) communications in Experion PKS
TCP	55565	Honeywell Devices	FTE (Fault Tolerant Ethernet) communications for redundancy in Experion PKS

OT Security Integrations



The following ports should remain open for communication with the Tenable Vulnerability Management and Tenable Security Center Integrations.

Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
Outbound	TCP 443	cloud.tenable.com	Tenable Vulnerability Management Integration
Outbound	TCP 443	Tenable Security Center	Tenable Security Center Integration

OT Agent

Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
Outbound	443	OT Security	First-time pairing with an OT Agent.
Outbound	28306	OT Security	Connection with the OT Agent.

IoT Connector Agent

Flow Direction	Port	Communicates With	Purpose
Outbound	TCP 10146 (secure port)	IoT Connector	Connects ICP to IoT connector agent
Outbound	TCP 10104 (unsecure port)	IoT Connector	Connects ICP to IoT connector agent

Install OT Security ICP

Objective: Get the OT Security ICP installed and ready for use.



Before you Begin

- See [Prerequisites](#).

Follow these steps as required to install and connect OT Security ICP to the network:

- [Install OT Security ICP Hardware Appliance](#)

Note: Tenable-provided Tenable Core hardware comes with Tenable Core+ OT Security pre-installed. If you are installing an older or dated appliance, you might opt for a clean install. For more information, see [Clean Install Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security on Tenable-Provided Hardware](#).

- [Install OT Security ICP Virtual Appliance](#)

Next Step

- [Connect OT Security to the Network](#)

Install OT Security ICP Hardware Appliance

You can either mount the OT Security appliance on a rack or simply place it on top of a flat surface such as a desktop.

Tip: Tenable recommends that you complete the basic configuration and setup described in [Set up Tenable Core](#) and [OT Security setup wizard](#) at the comfort of your desk, before moving the appliance to a rack or any other remote location.

Rack Mounting

To mount the OT Security appliance on a standard 19-inch rack:

1. Insert the server unit into an available 1U slot in the rack.

Note:

- Make sure that the rack is electrically grounded.
- Make sure that the cooling fan air intake (located in the back panel) and the air ventilation holes (on the top panel) are not obstructed.

2. Secure the unit to the rack by fastening the rack-mount brackets (supplied) to the rack frame, using the appropriate screws for rack mounting (not supplied).



3. Plug in the supplied AC power supply cable to the power supply port in the rear panel and plug this cable to the AC power supply (mains).

Flat Surface

To install the OT Security appliance on a flat surface:

1. Place the appliance unit on a dry and flat surface (such as a desktop).

Note:

- Make sure that the tabletop is flat and dry.
- Make sure that the cooling fan air intake (at the back panel) and the air ventilation holes (on the top panel) are not obstructed.
- If you place a unit within a stack of other electrical appliances, make sure there is ample space behind the cooling fan (located in the back panel) to allow proper ventilation and cooling.

2. Plug in the supplied AC power supply cable to the power supply port in the rear panel and plug this cable to the AC power supply (mains).

For more information about connectivity, see [Network Considerations](#).

What to do next

[Connect OT Security to the Network](#)

Clean Install Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security on Tenable-Provided Hardware

Tenable Core + OT Security are pre-installed out-of-the-box on official Tenable-provided hardware. In some cases, a clean-install (also referred to as re-flashing) is recommended.

Note: If you have recently received a new appliance, you can skip this procedure.

Before you Begin

Make sure you have the following:







- An application to format and create bootable USB flash drives, such as Rufus.
- A serial cable.



- A serial terminal application, such as PuTTY.
- A USB drive ~8 GB+.

To install Tenable Core + OT Security ISO file:

1. Download the latest Offline ISO file from [Tenable Downloads](#).

Tenable Core + Tenable.ot (OL8)					
  Tenable-Core-OL8-Tenable.ot-20240315.ova	Tenable Core Tenable.ot VMware Image	2.75 GB	Mar 15, 2024	Checksum	
OVA Specifications:					
◦ CPU: 4					
◦ Memory: 16384 MB					
◦ Disk: 205 GB					
◦ Includes Tenable.ot 3.18.51					
  Tenable-Core-OL8-Tenable.ot-20240404.iso	Tenable Core Tenable.ot Installation ISO	958 MB	Apr 4, 2024	Checksum	
◦ Requires an internet connection					
◦ Installs the latest version of Tenable.ot and the latest system packages					
  Tenable-Core-OL8-Tenable.ot-offline-20240404.iso	Tenable Core Tenable.ot Self-Contained Installation ISO	3.32 GB	Apr 4, 2024	Checksum	
◦ Includes Tenable.ot 3.18.51					

2. Plug the USB drive into a PC and flash the ISO onto the flash drive in DD mode.

Rufus 4.4.2103 (Portable)

Drive Properties

Device
NO_LABEL (Disk 1) [16 GB]

Boot selection
Tenable-Core-OL8-Tenable.ot-offline-20240315.iso

Persistent partition size
0 (No persistence)

Partition scheme
MBR

Target system
BIOS or UEFI

Hide advanced drive properties

List USB Hard Drives

Add fixes for old BIOSes (extra partition, align, etc.)

Use Rufus MBR with BIOS ID
0x80 (Default)

Format Options

Volume label
TenableCore Install ISO

File system
FAT32 (Default)

Cluster size
8192 bytes (Default)

Hide advanced format options

Quick format

Create extended label and icon files

Check device for bad blocks
1 pass

Status

READY

START

CLOSE

Using image: Tenable-Core-OL8-Tenable.ot-offline-20240315.iso



ISOHybrid image detected



The image you have selected is an 'ISOHybrid' image. This means it can be written either in ISO Image (file copy) mode or DD Image (disk image) mode. Rufus recommends using ISO Image mode, so that you always have full access to the drive after writing it. However, if you encounter issues during boot, you can try writing this image again in DD Image mode.

Please select the mode that you want to use to write this image:

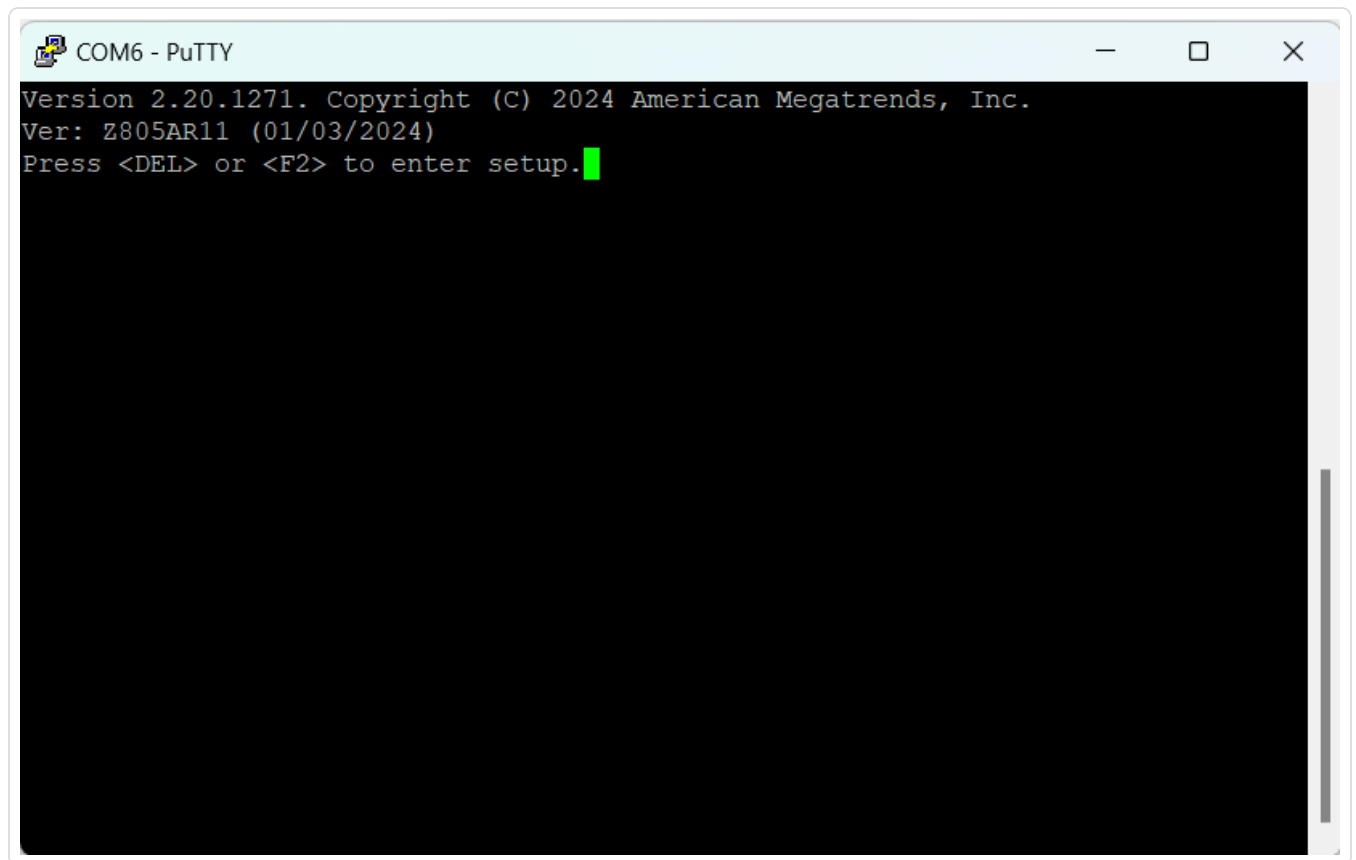
☐ Write in ISO Image mode (Recommended)

☒ Write in DD Image mode

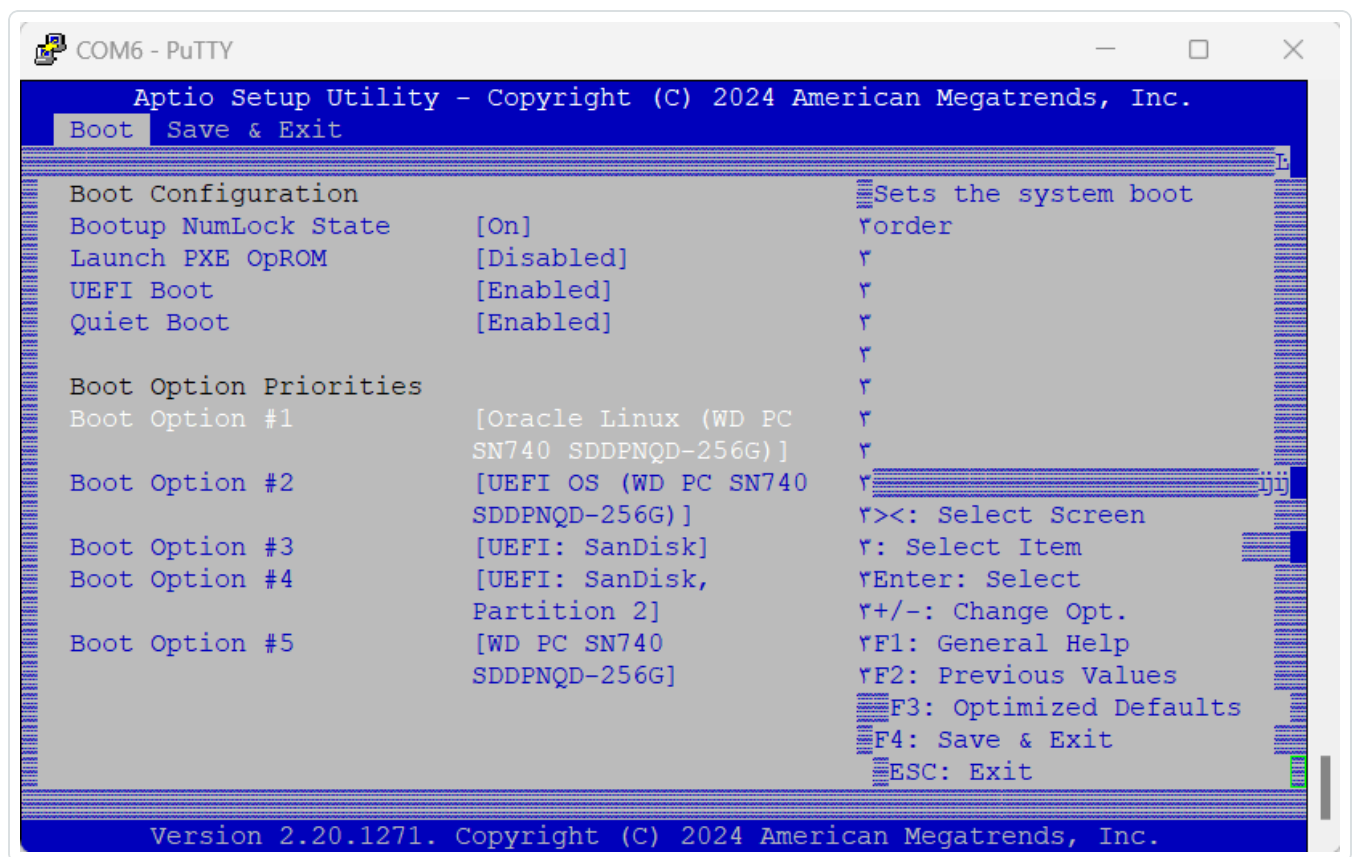
OK

Cancel

3. When finished, plug the USB drive into a USB port on the OT Security appliance.
4. Connect to the appliance via the Console Serial interface (Baud rate of 115200 bps with an 8N1 configuration), and power it on.

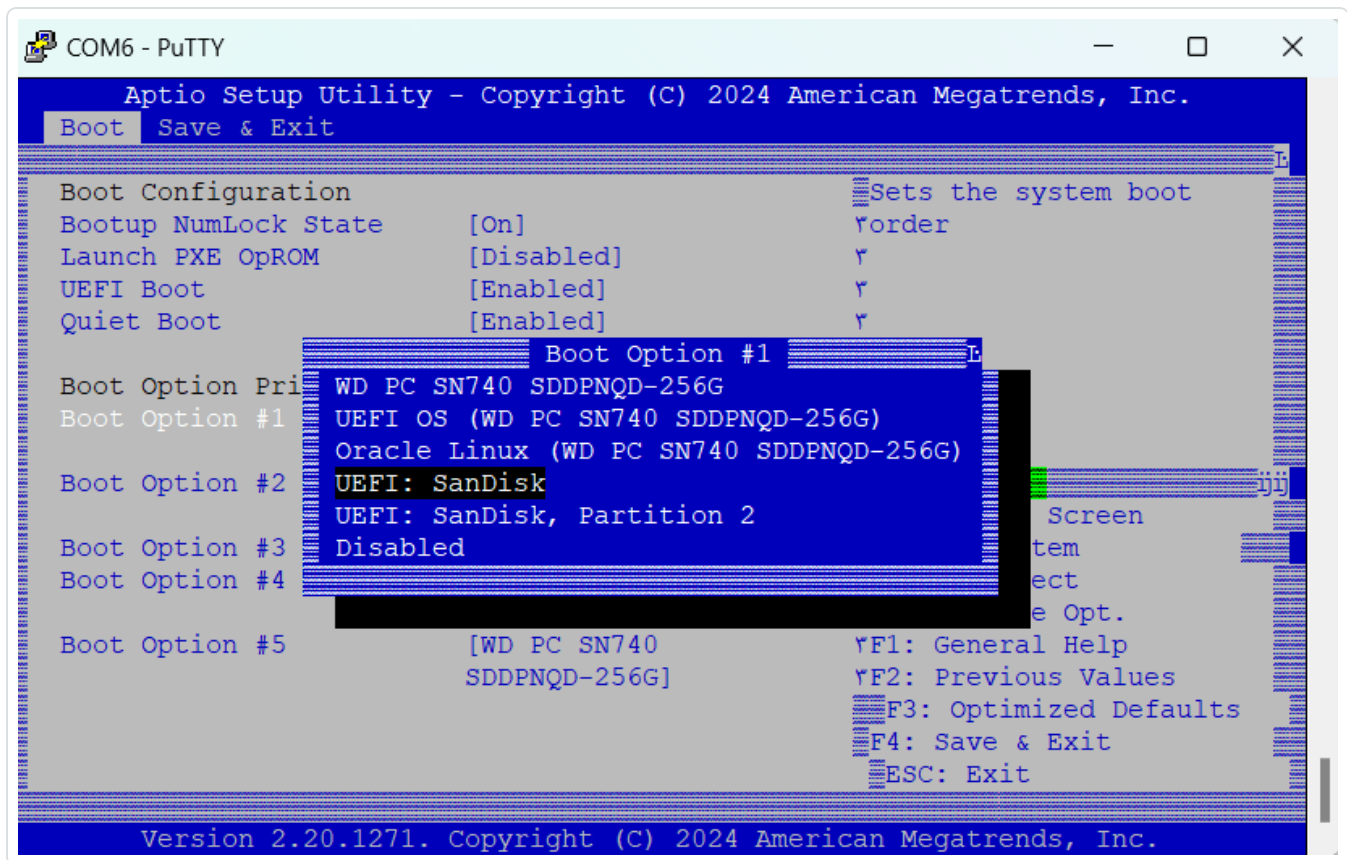


5. When prompted, press to enter the setup.
6. In the system setup, use the arrow keys to navigate to the **Boot** section.



7. Select **Boot Option #1**, and change it to your USB drive.

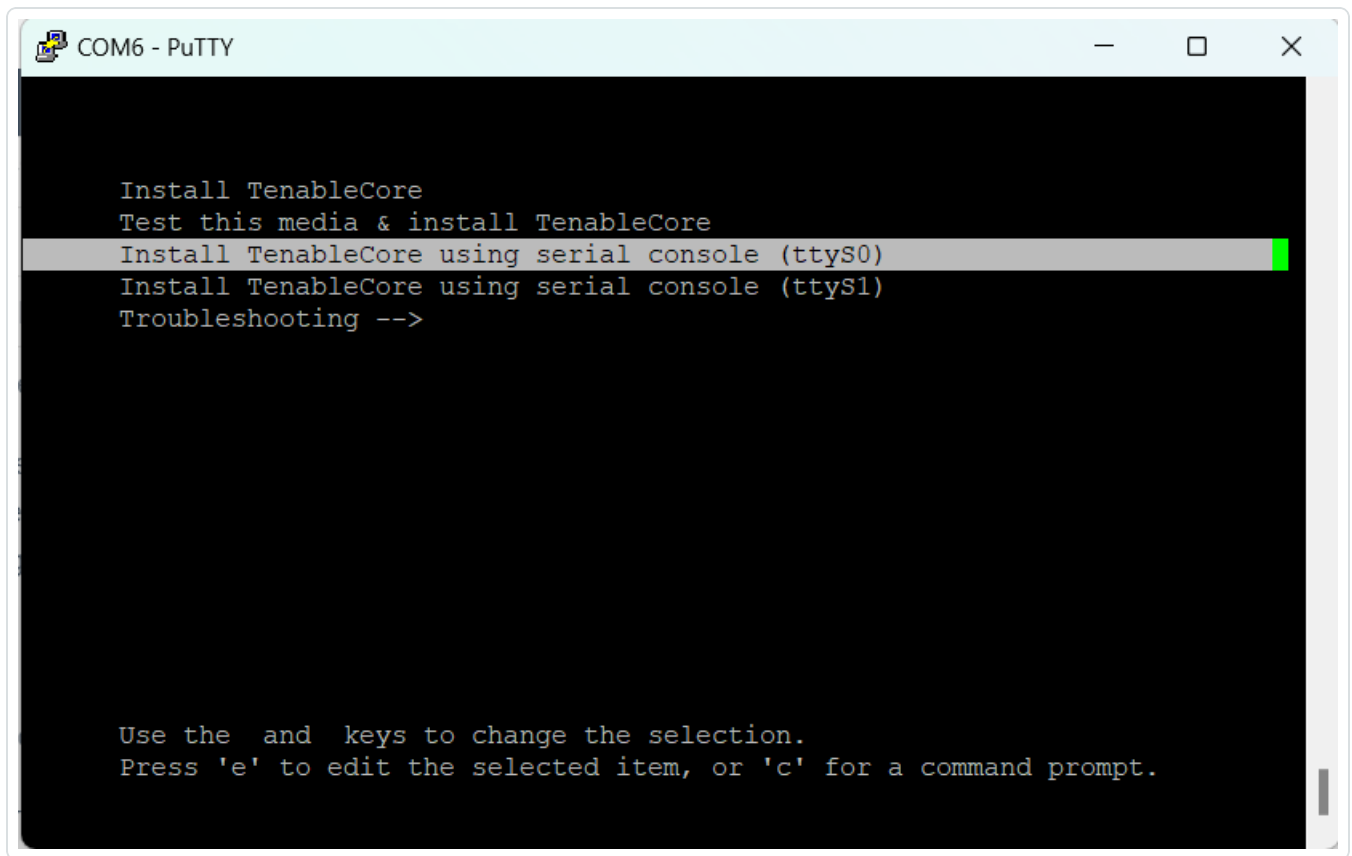
Note: Use the Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) option.



Note: You can use “One-shot boot” on appliances that support the feature.

8. In the **Save & Exit** section, select **Save Changes and Reset**.
9. After the appliance restarts, and at the prompt, select **Install TenableCore using serial console (ttyS0)**. This ensures that the installation output is pushed into the serial console connection of the appliance.

Note: If your hardware supports a monitor output (VGA and HDMI), you can select the **Install TenableCore** option. In this case, the output of the installation appears on your connected monitor.



Allow the appliance to finish the installation. The system might reboot multiple times. The installation is complete when a login prompt appears. The system might shut down after the installation completes, by design on some appliances.

Note: The system might perform a few installation procedures even after the login prompt appears. Tenable recommends that you wait a few minutes before starting the Tenable Core setup wizard.

10. Unplug the USB drive only after the installation is complete.

What to do next

[Connect OT Security to the Network](#)

Install OT Security ICP Virtual Appliance

To deploy Tenable Core + OT Security as a VMware virtual machine, you must download the Tenable Core + OT Security .ova file and deploy it on a hypervisor.



Note: If deploying the .iso file instead of the pre-configured .ova:

- Follow the [system requirements](#) for Tenable Core + OT Security.
- When prompted to choose a setup method, select **Install Tenable Core**. See [Clean Install Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security](#).
- Follow and monitor the installation process using the installation user interface via the virtual machine console. The installation process is fully automated and so do not interact with the system until the installation is fully complete.

Before you begin:

- Confirm your environment supports your intended use of the instance, as described in [System Requirements](#).
- Confirm your internet and port access supports your intended use of the instance, as described in [Access Requirements](#).

To deploy Tenable Core + OT Security as a virtual machine:

1. Download the Tenable Core + OT Security .ova file from the [Tenable Downloads](#) page.
2. Open your VMware virtual machine in the hypervisor.
3. Import the Tenable Core + OT Security VMware .ova from your computer to your virtual machine.

For information about configuring your virtual machines, see the [VMware documentation](#).

4. In the setup prompt, configure the virtual machine to meet your organization's storage needs and requirements, and those described in [OT Security System Requirements](#).
5. Launch your Tenable Core + OT Security instance.

The virtual machine boot process appears in a terminal window. The boot process may take several minutes to complete.

Note: The system might perform a few last installation procedures even after the login prompt appears. Tenable recommends that you wait a few minutes before starting the Tenable Core setup wizard.



Tip: If you want to increase your disk space to accommodate your organization's data storage needs, see [Disk Management](#).

What to do next

[Connect OT Security to the Network](#)

Connect OT Security to the Network

You can use OT Security for both Network Monitoring and Active Query. Make sure that you prepare your network infrastructure accordingly. For more information, see [Network Considerations](#).

Management and Active Query

Connect the selected network interface to a network switch interface configured to allow management connectivity to the ICP as required.

Make sure to configure an IP address and other connectivity settings on the selected OT Security appliance interface via Tenable Core.

If you want to separate the Management and the Active Query roles, make sure each selected interface is connected to its dedicated switch interface. Assign IP addresses for each and configure the switch interfaces as needed to allow network reachability for both functionalities.

For more information, see [Management and Active Query Roles Separation \(Split-Port\)](#).

Network Monitoring

Connect one or more of the appliance interfaces selected for passive network monitoring to a configured port-mirroring destination (SPAN/RSPAN) interface on a network switch. You must configure port-mirroring to allow proper visibility of the OT network protocols and communications.

Note: You can use OT Sensors or Encapsulated Remote SPAN (ERSPAN) to capture traffic that cannot be directly monitored by the appliance interfaces.

To connect the OT Security appliance to the network:

On a hardware appliance:



Tenable-provided hardware appliances may come with various quantities and types (RJ45 or SFP) of network interfaces. OT Security comes pre-installed with the default interfaces selected for each role. You may change this configuration at a later stage as required.

On non-Tenable-provided hardware, you must select interfaces for each role before manually initiating the OT Security installation process. Make sure to correctly utilize the available interfaces for each role.

On a virtual appliance:

If you deployed the appliance using the .ova file, the appliance comes pre-configured with four network interfaces. You can add additional network adapters/interfaces during the deployment or at a later stage.

If you deployed a custom virtual appliance using the .iso or .zip (Hyper-V) file, configure the required number of network interfaces.

Make sure to configure the virtual machine as per the requirements described in [System Requirements](#). For more information on configuring networking on virtual machines, see the [VMware documentation](#) or the [Hyper-V documentation](#).

Configure OT Security ICP

Objective: Prepare the software for activation.

After you install OT Security ICP, you can configure your OT Security. Configuration involves the following steps:

1. [Set up Tenable Core](#) – Complete the initial setup for Tenable Core via CLI or the user interface.
2. [Install OT Security on Tenable Core](#) – Complete your OT Security installation on Tenable Core.
3. [Configure OT Security Settings using Setup Wizard](#) – Configure basic settings of your OT Security ICP using the Setup Wizard.

Set up Tenable Core



You can do the initial configuration of Tenable Core from both the CLI and the Tenable Core user interface.

Using the Tenable Core user interface is mandatory to finish the configuration for virtual appliance deployments.

Note: If you do not complete the setup wizard in ~30 minutes, restart the appliance.

Initial Configuration via Tenable Core User Interface

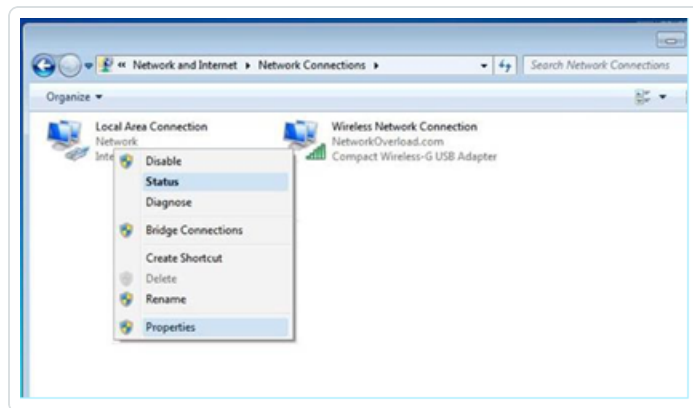
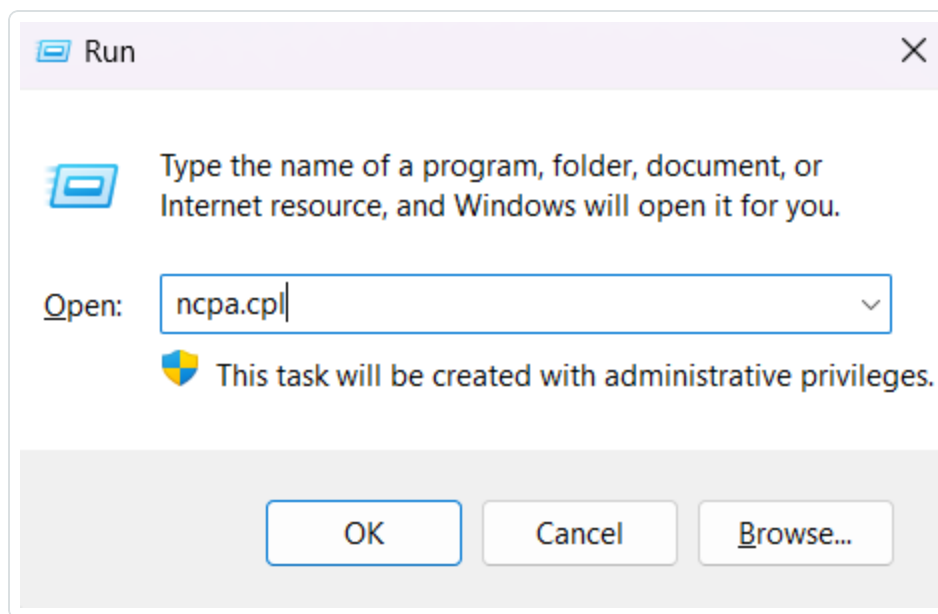
To complete the initial configuration via the Tenable Core user interface (available on <https://<mgmt-IP>:8000>) you need a working network connection to the appliance.

If you have not configured the management IP address, you can use either a directly connected PC or an appropriately configured network to reach the Tenable Core user interface on either of the following:

- **System Port 1** – default management interface, pre-configured with IP address 192.168.1.5/24
- **System Port 4** – engineering interface, pre-configured with IP address 192.168.3.3/24. If not changed later, this can be used for recovery procedures.

To connect to Tenable Core directly via your PC or laptop:

1. Connect an Ethernet cable between your PC and one of the pre-configured ports on the OT Security appliance.
2. On Windows, use **win+R** to open **Run** and type `ncpa.cpl` to open **Network Connections**.



3. Right-click on your network connection (named **Local Area Connection**) and select **Properties**.

The **Local Area Connection Properties** window appears.



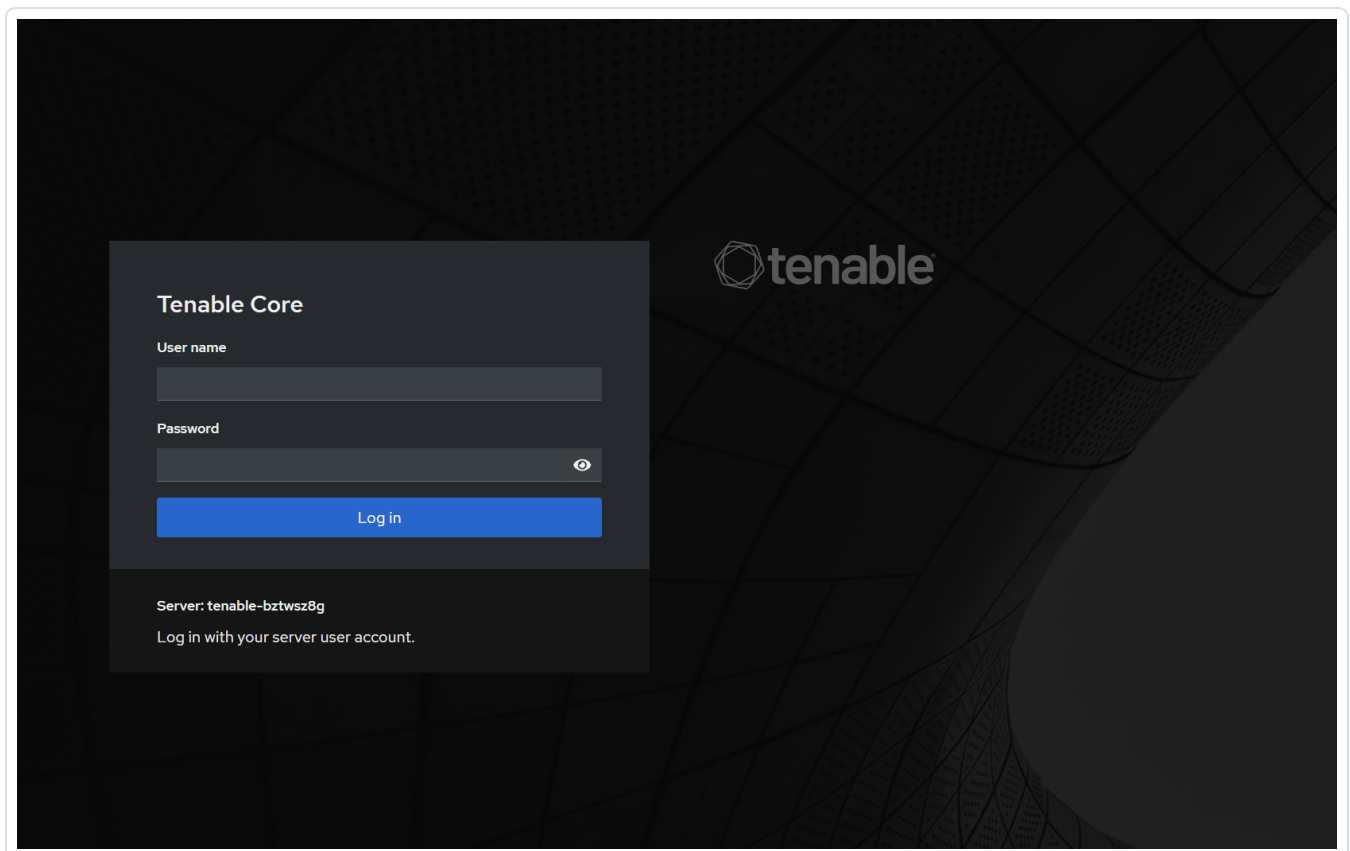
4. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window appears.





5. Select **Use the following IP address**.
6. In the **IP address** box, type an appropriate IP address for the interface you are connecting to. For example, 192.168.1.10 for the default address of System port 1 or 192.168.3.10 for the default address of System port 4.
7. In the **Subnet mask** box, type 255.255.255.0.
8. Click **OK**.
9. From your Chrome browser, navigate to `https://<mgmt-ip>:8000`.



10. If you have not yet configured the administrator user account, the system prompts you to do so now, then re-login with your newly created user. For more information, see [Create an initial Administrator Account](#).

After creating the administrator account, Tenable recommends that you configure the management IP address. If you intend to use the **split-port** configuration, make sure the interfaces can reach the appropriate networks. For more information, see [Network Considerations](#).



Note: To configure or change the management IP address, [log in to Tenable Core](#) and enable administrative access and [edit the network configuration](#).

Initial Configuration via CLI (Optional)

To configure Tenable Core using CLI:

1. Connect to the OT Security appliance using the serial console as described in [Clean Install Tenable Core + OT Security](#).
2. Log in with username wizard and password admin.

The **Network Manager** terminal interface appears.

```
COM6 - PuTTY

#####

This system is restricted to authorized users only. Individuals attempting
unauthorized access will be prosecuted. Continued access indicates
your acceptance of this notice.

#####

Web console: https://tenable-:8000/

tenable-: login: wizard
Password:
#####

This system is restricted to authorized users only. Individuals attempting
unauthorized access will be prosecuted. Continued access indicates
your acceptance of this notice.

#####

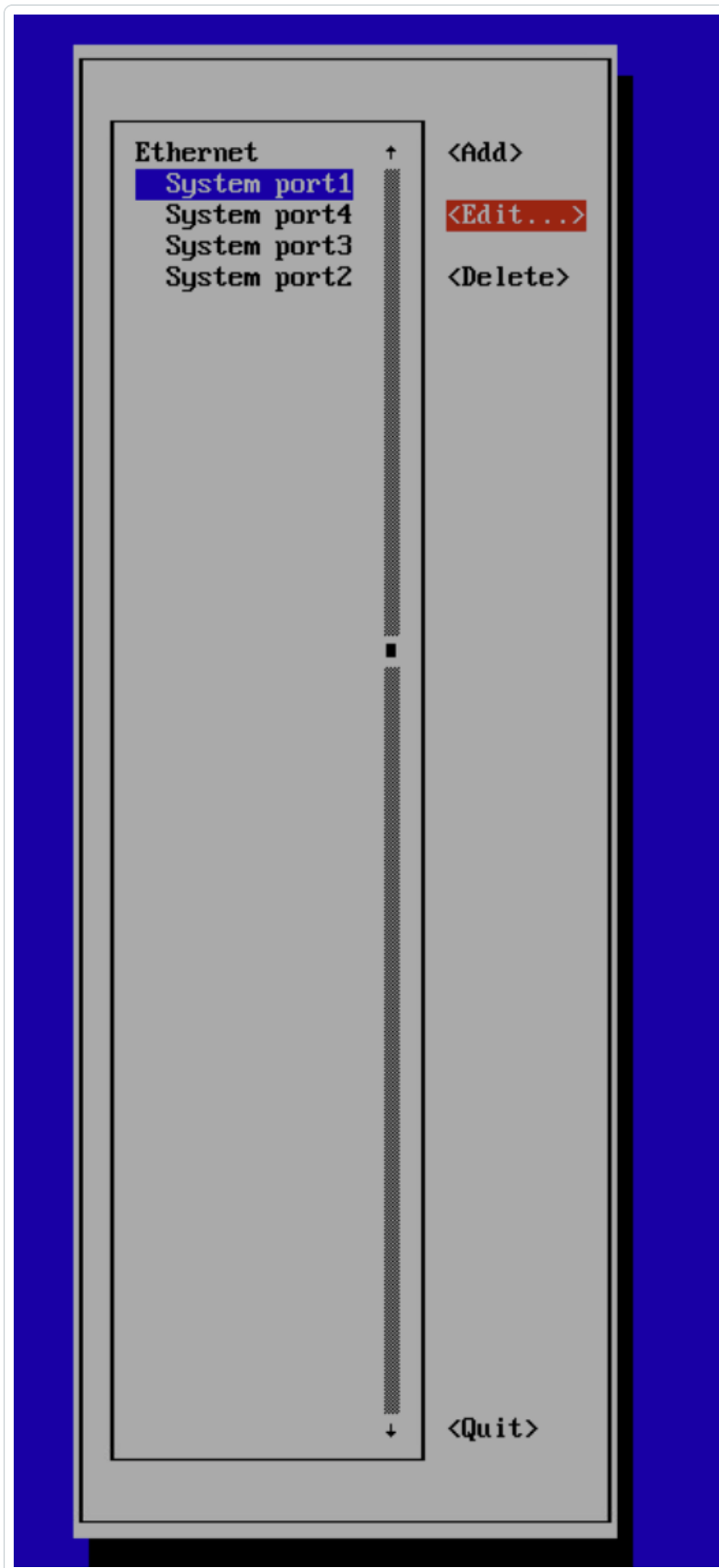
Would you like to configure a static address? (y/n) █
```

3. (Optional) To configure the management IP address, type **y**.

Note: If you choose to skip this step, you can always access this option using the `sudo nmtui` command.



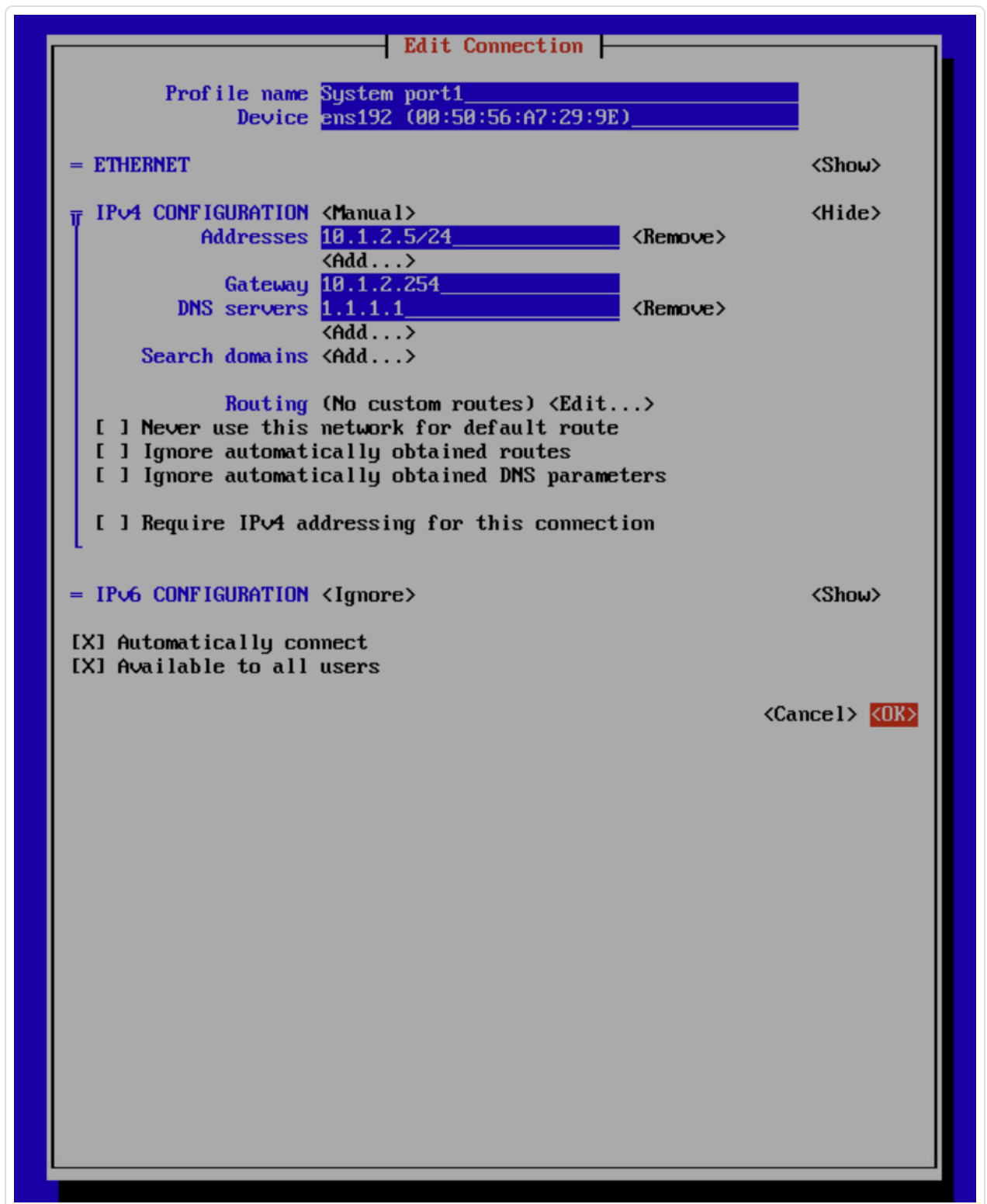
- a. Select **System Port 1** (or **System Port 3** if using the split-port configuration).





b. Press **Enter**.

The **Edit Connection** window appears.



- c. In the **IPv4 Configuration** box, change the option from **<Automatic>** to **<Manual>**.



Note:

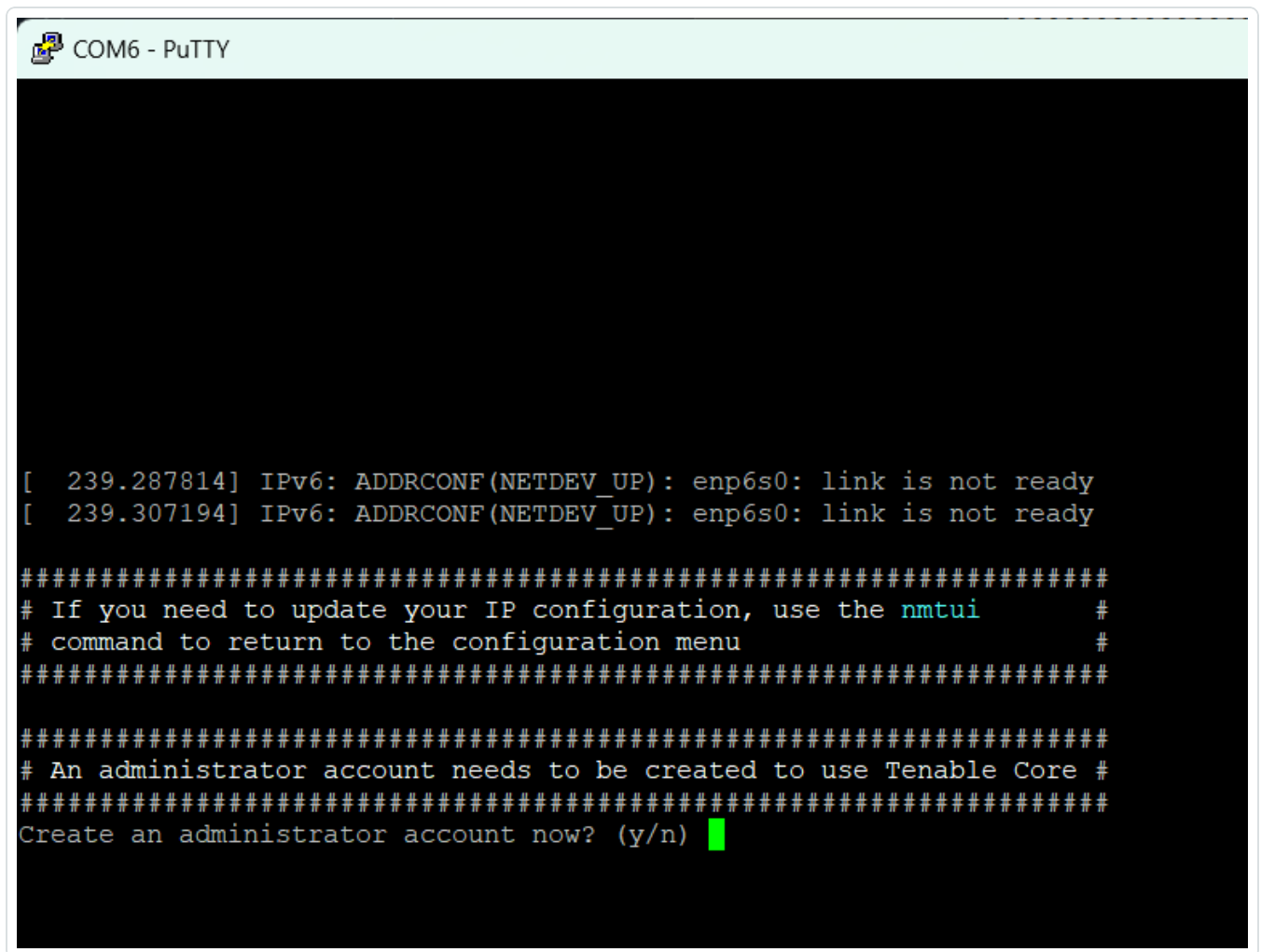
- On virtual machines and non-Tenable provided Hardware, Port 1 is preset to **Automatic IPv4 configuration** (DHCP).
- On Tenable-provided appliances, Port 1 is preset to 192.168.1.5/24. You can use this port to set up and directly connect the appliance for initial configuration, then change it later via the Tenable Core UI **Networking** tab or the `sudo nmtui` command from the CLI.

- d. Navigate using the arrow keys and configure your required IP address, Default-Gateway, DNS Servers. You can change this configuration later.
- e. Using the down-arrow, navigate to the bottom of the screen and select **<OK>**.

The **Network Manager** window appears.

4. Select **<Quit>**.

The **Network Manager terminal** window appears with the prompt to create an administrator account.



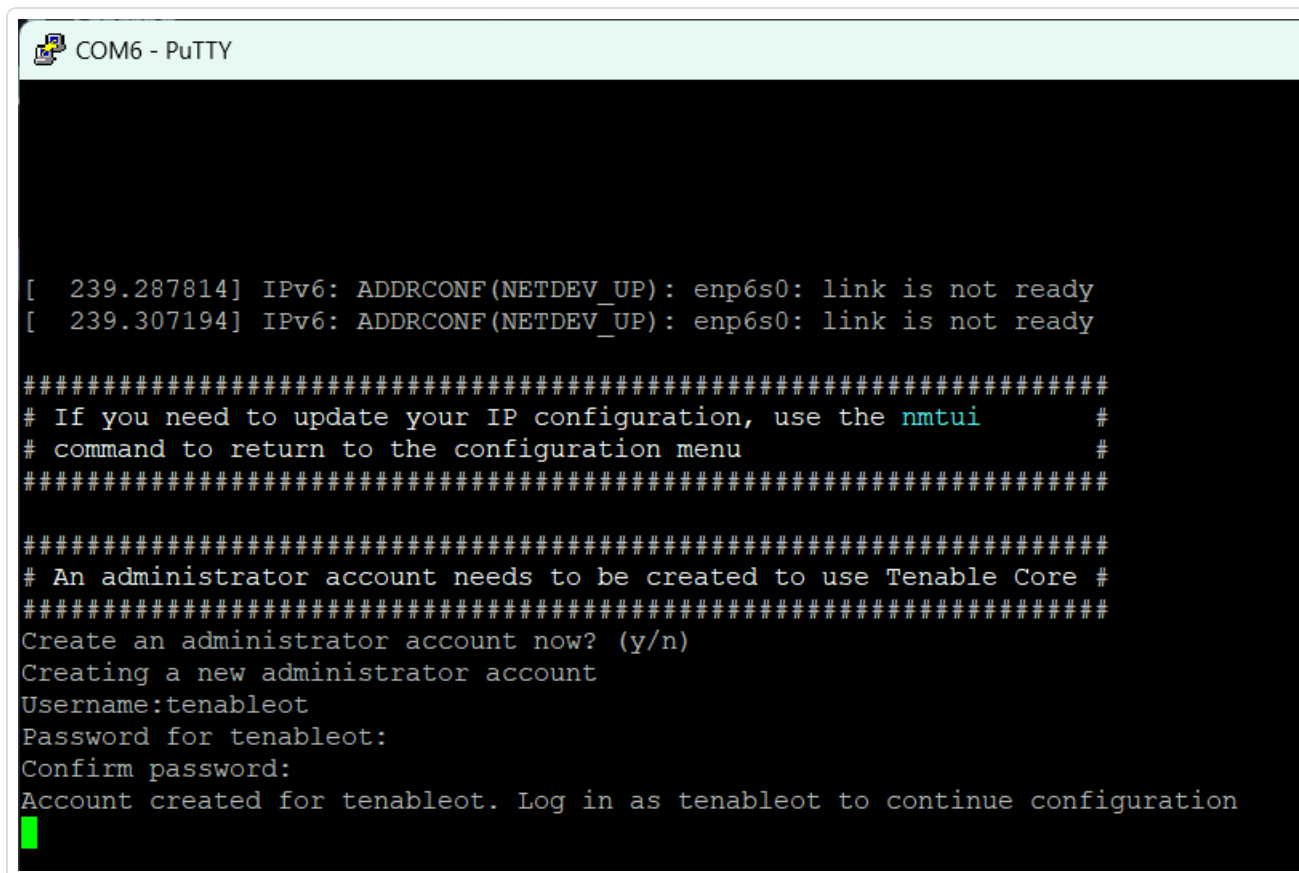
```
COM6 - PuTTY

[ 239.287814] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_UP): enp6s0: link is not ready
[ 239.307194] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_UP): enp6s0: link is not ready

#####
# If you need to update your IP configuration, use the nmtui      #
# command to return to the configuration menu                    #
#####

#####
# An administrator account needs to be created to use Tenable Core #
#####
Create an administrator account now? (y/n) █
```

5. Type **y** and follow the prompts to create an administrator account. Use this account only to log in to Tenable Core (terminal console, SSH, and the Tenable Core user interface). Use separate accounts for the OT Security application.



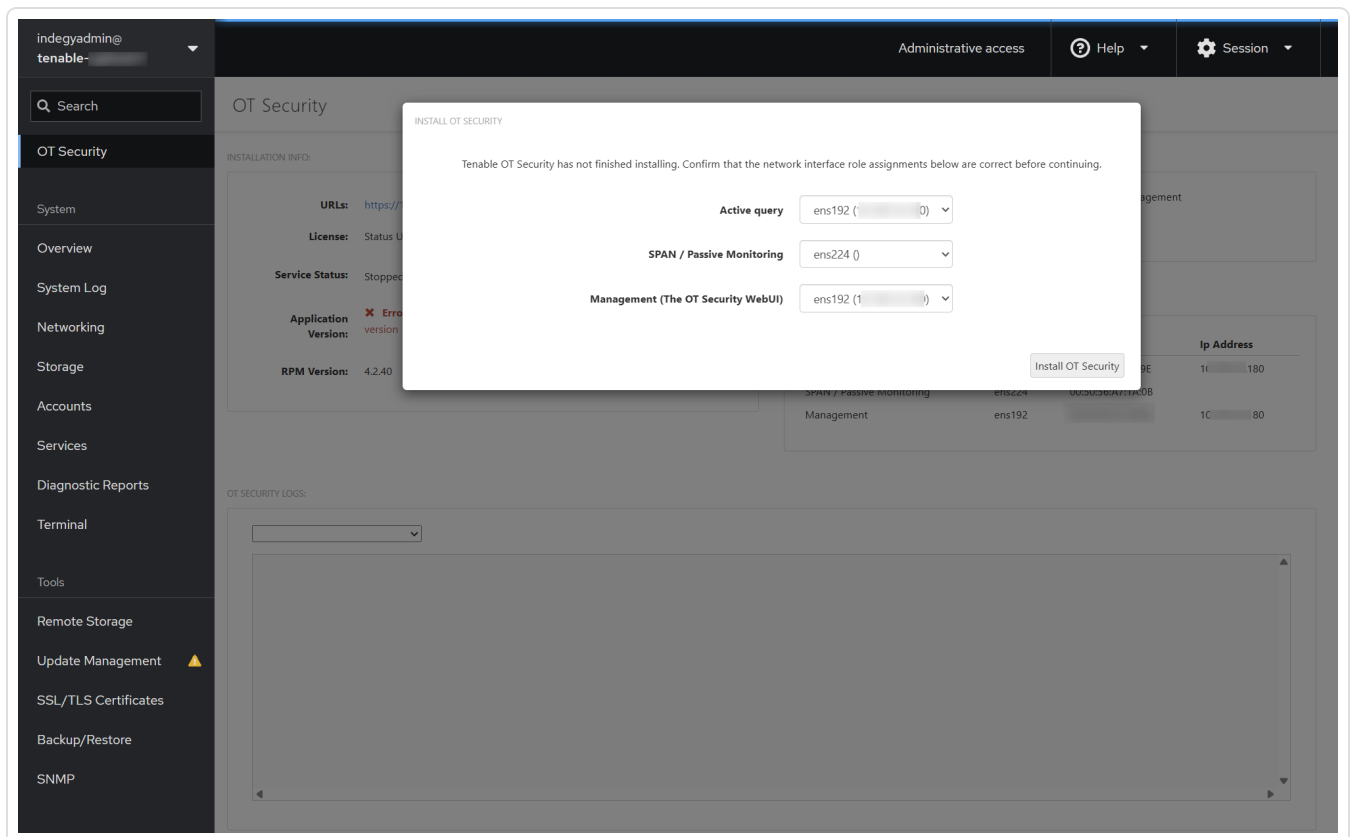
```
COM6 - PuTTY

[ 239.287814] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_UP): enp6s0: link is not ready
[ 239.307194] IPv6: ADDRCONF(NETDEV_UP): enp6s0: link is not ready

#####
# If you need to update your IP configuration, use the nmtui      #
# command to return to the configuration menu                    #
#####

#####
# An administrator account needs to be created to use Tenable Core #
#####
Create an administrator account now? (y/n)
Creating a new administrator account
Username:tenableot
Password for tenableot:
Confirm password:
Account created for tenableot. Log in as tenableot to continue configuration
█
```

6. After you create the account, access the terminal through the console or a network connection (SSH or the Tenable Core interface (<https://<mgmt-IP>:8000>)) to log in.



On virtual machines and non-Tenable hardware, a prompt appears on the Tenable Core > OT Security page to install OT Security.

What to do next

[Install OT Security on Tenable Core](#)

Install OT Security on Tenable Core

Tenable-provided hardware appliances come with the OT Security application pre-installed. When deploying OT Security on custom hardware or virtually, it is required to initiate the installation process manually.

Note: Before initiating the OT Security application installation, assign roles for each interface. Make sure that you configure the interfaces in Tenable Core and prepared the network infrastructure to allow proper connectivity. For more information, see [Network Considerations](#) and [Connect OT Security to Network](#).

Before you begin



- Make sure you have Administrative access.
- Make sure that you have SSH or Cockpit access on Tenable Core virtual and physical appliances.

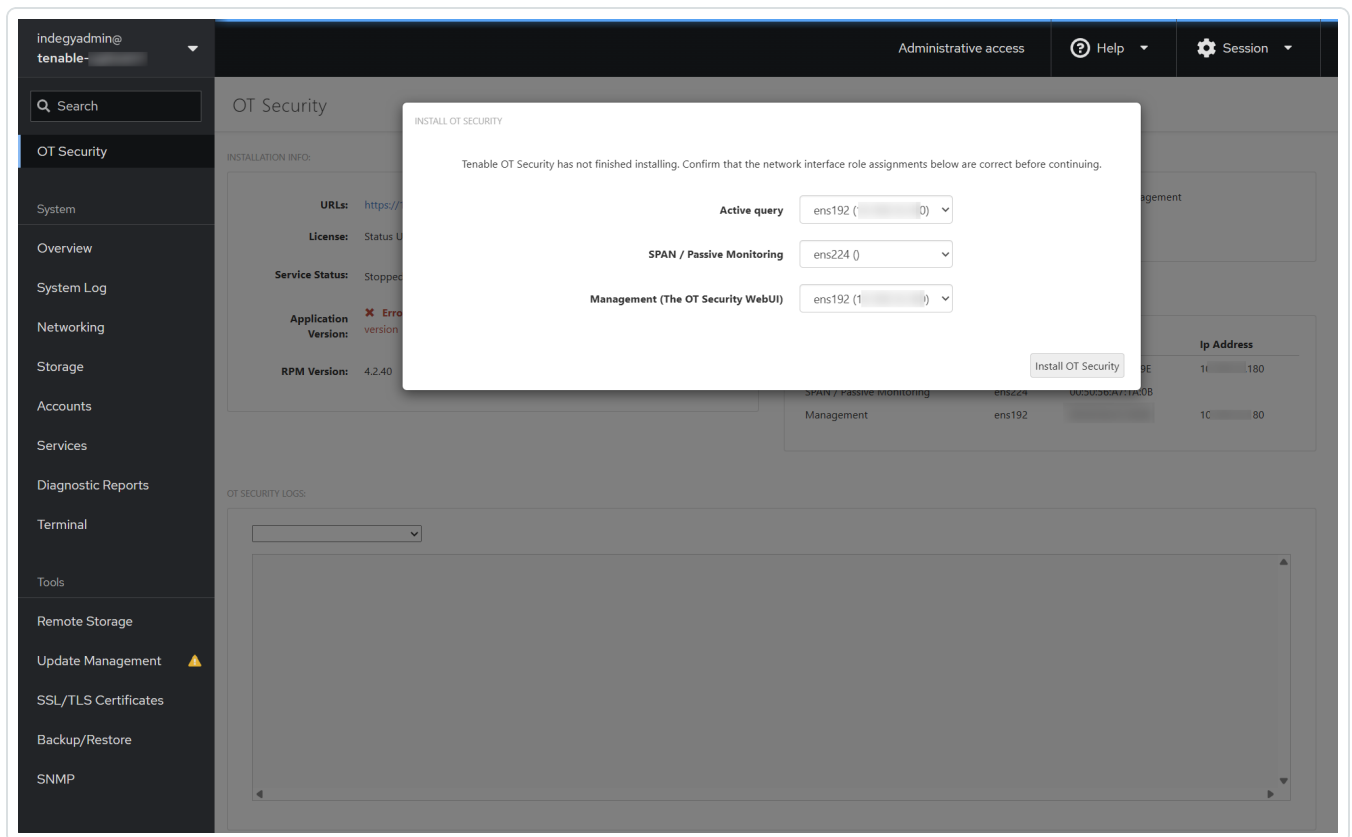
Note: Administrator accounts can become inaccessible if you do not periodically sign in and update your password. If an administrative account gets locked due to password expiration, you can unlock the account using the remote unlock utility. This utility allows an ICP to remotely unlock its connected sensors and an OT Security Enterprise Manager (EM) to remotely unlock its connected ICPs in the event of an account lockout. For more information about using the utility, see the Knowledge Base article, [Leveraging the Remote Unlock Feature in Tenable Core](#).

To install OT Security in Tenable Core:

1. Log in to Tenable Core from your Chrome browser: `https://<mgmt-ip>:8000`.
2. Navigate to **OT Security**.

The OT Security page appears.

Note: On virtual machines and non-Tenable hardware, you are prompted to install OT Security.



3. Click Install Tenable OT Security.

Tenable Core initiates the installation and displays a yellow banner with the message:
OT Security is being installed or upgraded and will be available again when the operation completes.

indegyadmin@tenable-yg6sek17

Search

OT Security

System

Overview

System Log

Networking

Storage

Accounts

Services

Dagnostic Reports

Terminal

Tools

Remote Storage

Update Management

SSL/TLS Certificates

Backup/Restore

SNMP

Administrative access

Help

Session

OT Security is being installed or upgraded and will be available again when the operation completes

OT Security

URLs:https://:443

License:Status Unavailable (not-found)

Service Status:Stopped

StartRestart

Application Version:

✖ Error: OT Security install is not complete enough to determine application version

RPM Version:4.2.40

OT Security is configured to use ens192 for both active queries and management

Change split-port settings

ASSIGNED NETWORK INTERFACE ROLES:

Role	Interface	Mac Address	Ip Address
Active query	ens192		
SPAN / Passive Monitoring	ens224		
Management	ens192		1

OT SECURITY LOGS:

OT Security installation/upgrade

Last 24 hours

Priority

Only emergency

Identifiertenable.ot-install.sh

Filters

priority:7 identifier:tenable.ot-install.sh

Pause

July 23, 2025

1:14 PM DEBU[23/07/2025 06:14:14.830-04:00] Deploying File from /tmp/dataToDeploy515938476 to /etc/sysconfig/iptables

1:14 PM DEBU[23/07/2025 06:14:14.830-04:00] Executing template /opt/indegy/manufacturing/templates/iptables.t

1:14 PM INFO[23/07/2025 06:14:14.830-04:00] [Deploy] Running SetIpTables

When the installation is complete, the yellow banner disappears and the **License** status changes from **Unavailable** to **Uninitialized** .

- 96 -

indegyadmin@tenable-

Q Search

OT Security

System

Overview

System Log

Networking

Storage

Accounts

Services

Diagnostic Reports

Terminal

Tools

Remote Storage

Update Management

SSL/TLS Certificates

Backup/Restore

SNMP

Administrative access

Help

Session

OT Security

INSTALLATION INFO:

URLs: https://10.443

License: Uninitialized

Service Status: Running Stop Restart

Application Version: 4.2.40
Installed: 7/23/2025, 1:14:48 PM

RPM Version: 4.2.40

SPLIT-PORT CONFIGURATION INFO:

OT Security is configured to use ens192 for both active queries and management

Change split-port settings

ASSIGNED NETWORK INTERFACE ROLES:

Role	Interface	Mac Address	Ip Address
Active query	ens192	00:00:00:00:00:00	10.44.3.1
SPAN / Passive Monitoring	ens224	00:00:00:00:00:00	
Management	ens192	00:00:00:00:00:00	10.44.3.1

OT SECURITY LOGS:

OT Security installation/upgrade

Last 24 hours

Priority Only emergency

Identifier tenable.ot-install.sh

Filters priority:7 identifier:tenable.ot-install.sh

July 23, 2025

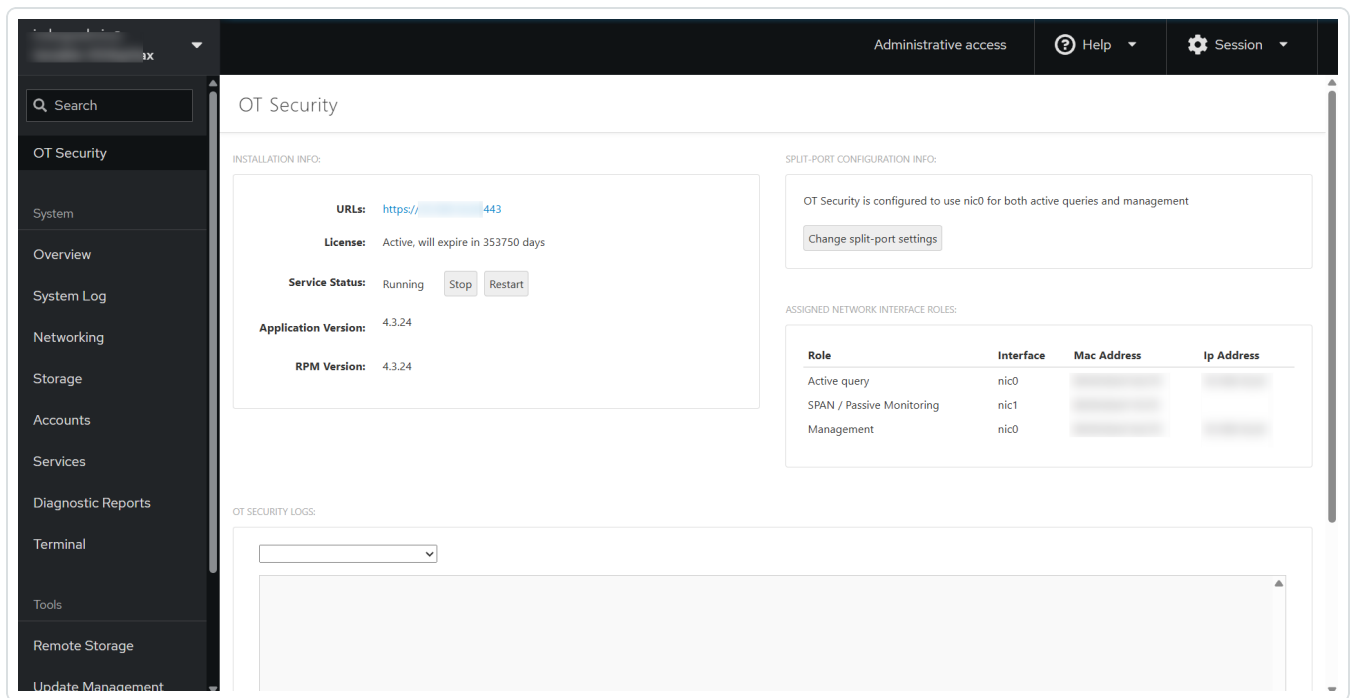
1:15 PM Starting OT Security

1:15 PM DEBU[23/07/2025 06:15:07.843-04:00] Starting service anthology.service

1:15 PM INFO[23/07/2025 06:15:07.827-04:00] [Finalize] Running StartService

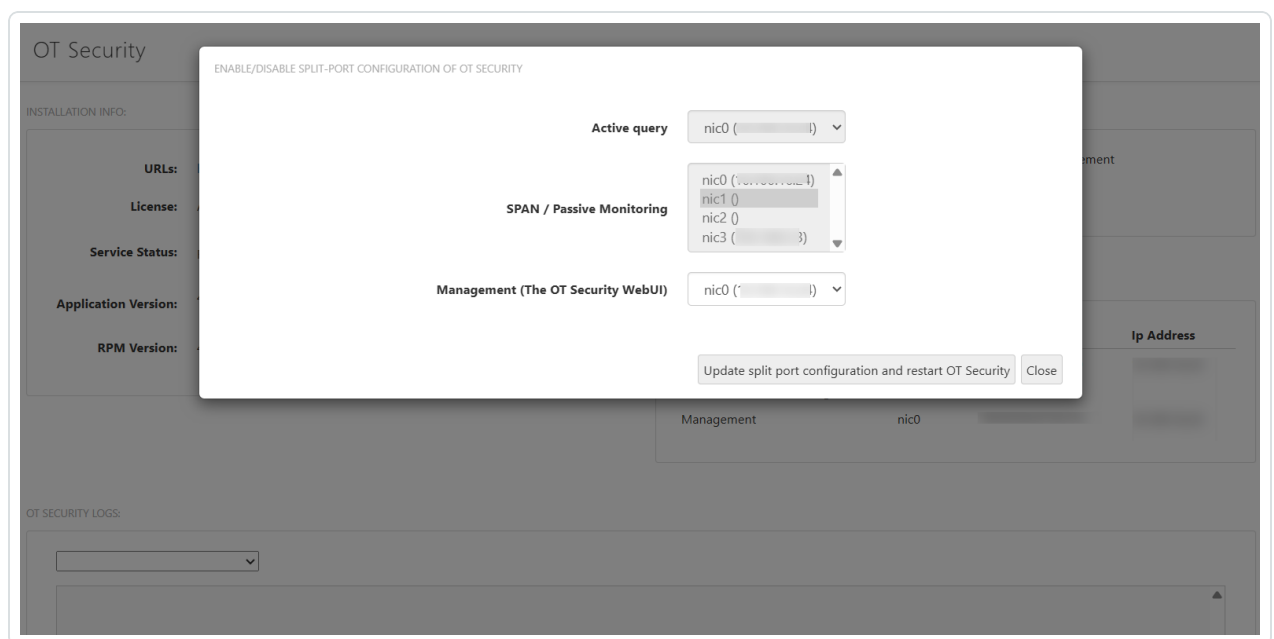
4. (Optional) Select the interface roles.

Note: You can choose to retain the default configuration. The default interfaces configuration includes **Port 1: Management + Active Query** and **Port 2: Passive Monitoring**.



- a. In the **Split Port Configuration Info** section, click **Change split-port settings**.

The **Enable/Disable Split Configuration of OT Security** window appears.



- b. In the **Management (The OT Security Web UI)** box, move the management port to another interface, for example, Port 3.



ENABLE/DISABLE SPLIT-PORT CONFIGURATION OF OT SECURITY

ⓘ When configuring OT Security in split-port mode, be sure the selected management interface is configured and reachable before continuing or this machine may become unreachable.

Active query **Active queries gateway**

SPAN / Passive Monitoring

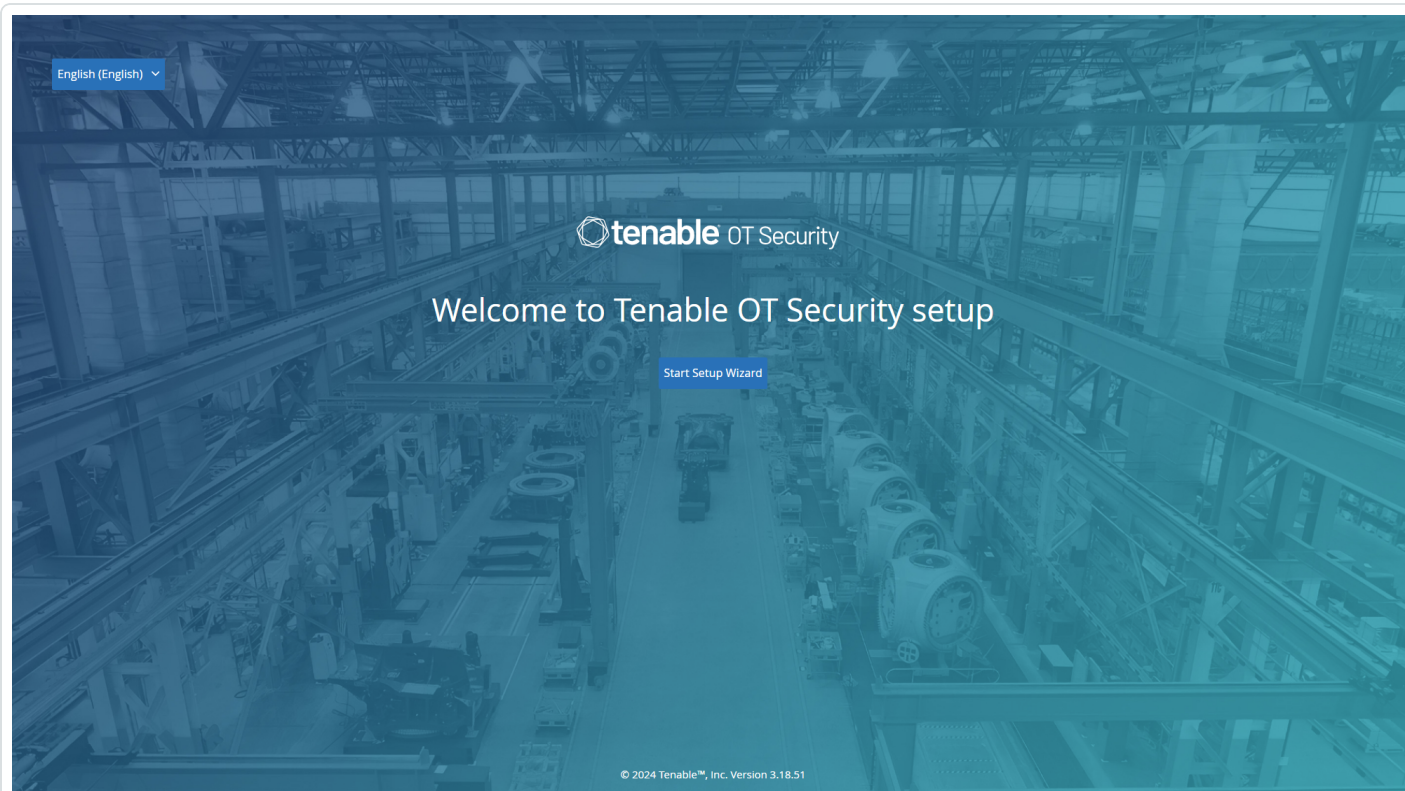
Management (The OT Security WebUI)

- c. (Optional) In the **Active queries gateway** box, provide the gateway IP address.
- d. Click **Update split-port configuration and restart OT Security**.

Tenable Core initiates a restart or installation as required.

Caution: Do not install other updates or restart at this stage. The installation process may take some time to complete. Do not disrupt the installation process.

When the installation is complete, you can click the link in the **URLs** box to log in to the OT Security user interface.



What to do next

[Configure OT Security Settings using Setup Wizard](#)

Configure OT Security Settings using Setup Wizard

The OT Security setup wizard takes you through the configuration of the basic system settings.

Note: You can modify the configuration if necessary in the **Settings** screen in the Management Console (user interface).

To access the setup wizard, you must first log into the OT Security management console. For information about how to log into the management console, see [Log into the OT Security Management Console](#)

Configure the following using the setup wizard:

1. [User Info](#)
2. [Device](#)
3. [Connect and Configure Management and Active Query Port Separation](#)



Note: After you complete the setup wizard, OT Security prompts you to restart the system.

Log into the OT Security Management Console

To log into the OT Security management console:

1. Do one of the following:

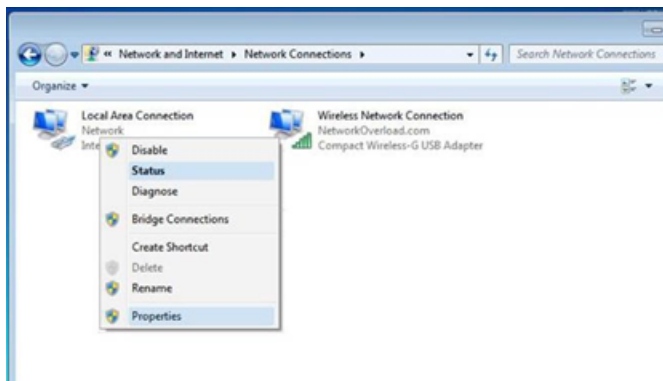
- Connect to the Management Console workstation (for example: PC and laptop) directly to Port 1 of the OT Security appliance using the Ethernet cable.
- Connect the Management Console workstation to the network switch.

Note: Ensure that the Management Console workstation is either part of the same subnet as the OT Security appliance (192.168. 1.0/24) or routable to the unit.

2. Set up a static IP to connect to the OT Security appliance as follows:

- a. Go to **Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change adapter settings**.

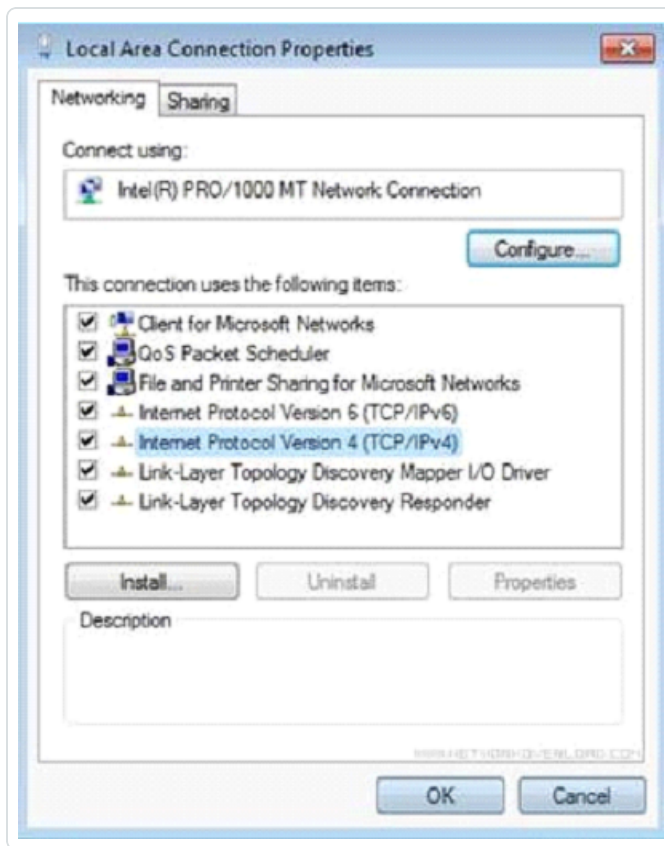
The **Network Connections** screen appears.



Note: Navigation may vary slightly for different versions of Windows.

- b. Right-click on **Local Area Connections** and select **Properties**.

The **Local Area Connections** window appears.



- c. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window appears.



- d. Select **Use the Following IP address**.
- e. In the **IP address** box, type 192.168.1.10.
- f. In the **Subnet mask** box, type 255.255.255.0.
- g. Click **OK**.

OT Security applies the new settings.

- h. From your Chrome browser, navigate to <https://192.168.1.5>.

The **Welcome** screen of the setup wizard opens.



Note: Access to the user interface requires the latest version of Chrome.

- i. Click **Start Setup Wizard**.

The setup wizard opens with the **User Info** page.

What to do next

[User Info](#)

User Info

The OT Security setup wizard takes you through the configuration of the basic system settings.

Note: You can modify the configuration if necessary in the **Settings** screen in the Management Console (user interface).

User Info



On the **User Info** page, fill in your user account information.

Note: In the setup wizard, you can configure the credentials for an Administrator account. After you log in to the user interface, you can create additional user accounts. For more information about user accounts, see the section [Users and Roles](#).

1. In the **Username** box, type a username for logging into the system.

The username can have up to 12 characters and must include only lowercase letters and numbers.

2. In the **Retype Username** box, re-type the username.
3. In the **Full Name** section, type your complete **First and Last Name**.

Note: This is the name that appears in the header bar and on your activity logs in the system.

4. In the **Password** box, type a password for logging into the system. The passwords must contain at least:



- 12 characters
- One uppercase letter
- One lowercase letter
- One digit
- One special character

5. In the **Retype Password** box, re-type the password.

6. Click **Next**.

The **Device** page of the setup wizard opens.

What to do next

Configure the [Device](#)

Device

The OT Security setup wizard takes you through the configuration of the basic system settings.

Note: You can modify the configuration if necessary in the **Settings** screen in the Management Console (user interface).



English (English) ▼

tenable OT Security

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Set-up Wizard

User Info Device

SITE NAME *
The name of the site where the Tenable OT Security ICP device is installed

Site

☐ Enable Usage Statistics

Enable this option to turn on telemetry and to access the OT Security Resource Center. After enabling or disabling, refresh your browser for the change to take effect. Note: When enabled, Tenable collects anonymous telemetry data from your account. This information cannot be attributed to a specific individual; it does not include Personal Data. We analyze this data in-house and also send it to third-party partners for analytics and optimization. We use this data to identify ways of improving the user experience in future Tenable OT Security releases. We may also use the data for other reasonable business purposes in accordance with the Tenable Master Agreement. You can disable this option at any time, in order to stop sharing usage statistics with Tenable.

< Back Complete and Restart

On the **Device** page, provide information about the OT Security platform:

1. In the **Site Name** box, provide the name of the site where you installed OT Security.
2. (Optional) Click the **Enable Usage Statistics** toggle to allow OT Security to collect telemetry data and to access **Resource Center**.
3. Click **Complete and Restart**.

OT Security restarts.

What to do next

- [Connect and Configure Management and Active Query Port Separation](#)
- [OT Security License Activation](#)

Connect and Configure Management and Active Query Port Separation

This is an optional step. If you selected the Split-Port option (to separate the Active Queries interface role from the Management role), you can now connect the secondary interface of the OT Security appliance to its appropriate network switch interface, provided you have not done so in Tenable Core.

For more information see [Management and Active Query Roles Separation \(Split-Port\)](#).



To connect the management port:

1. On the OT Security appliance, connect an Ethernet cable (supplied) to Port 3.
2. Connect the cable to a port on a network switch.

OT Security License Activation

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Objective: Unlock system features with license activation.

Tenable calculates licenses based on the number of unique IPs in the system. Each IP address requires a separate license. For example, Tenable bases licensing on the number of unique IPs, even if multiple devices share the same IP address, or if several devices connected to the same backplane share the same three IPs. Therefore, you need three licenses, regardless of the number of devices.

After you install the [OT Security Appliance](#), you can [activate](#) your license.

Note: To update or reinitialize your OT Security license, contact your Tenable Account Manager. Once your Tenable account manager updates your license, you can [update](#) or [reinitialize](#) your license.

For information about deploying and licensing Tenable OT Security for Tenable One, see the [Tenable One Deployment Guide](#).

Before you Begin

- [Install the OT Security Appliance](#).
- Make sure that you have the license code (20 characters letter/numbers), which you received from Tenable when you ordered your device.
- Make sure you have access to the internet. If your OT Security device is not connected to the Internet, you can register the license from any PC.
- Make sure you have access to the [Tenable Account Management](#) portal. For access, contact your Tenable Customer Success Manager.

Activate your OT Security license



You can activate your OT Security license and facilitate the Tenable Account Management portal for creating new sites to manage your assets.

For more information about the Account Management portal, see the [Account Management Portal](#) documentation.

To activate your OT Security license:

1. Log in to the [Tenable Account Management](#) portal using your community account.

The **Account** page appears with the options that you have permissions to view.

2. In the left navigation bar, select **Products**.

The **My Products** page appears listing all of your Tenable products.

3. Click the Tenable OT Security license.

The **Tenable OT Security Details** page appears. The OT Security licenses appear with details such as the purchase date, expiration date, and number of licensed IPs and sites.

4. From the **Activation Code** column, copy the 20-digit OT Security license code.

5. Generate the activation certificate in OT Security:

- a. Go to the OT Security **License Activation** page.

- b. In step 1, click **Enter new license code**.

The **Enter new license code** panel appears on the right.

- c. In the **License code** box, paste the code (**Activation Code**) that you copied from the Account Management portal.

- d. Click **Verify**.

OT Security enables the **Generate activation certificate** section.

- e. Click **Generate Certificate**.

The **Generate Certificate** panel appears on the right.

- f. Click **Copy text to clipboard**, then click **Done**.



OT Security generates the certificate, which you must provide in the Tenable Account Management Portal to add your sites.

6. In step **3 Enter activation code**, click the **Self-service** link to open the [Tenable Account Management](#) portal.

Note: To activate your evaluation period, click the **Click here** link.

7. In the Tenable OT Security product page in the Account Management portal, click the **Sites** tab.

The **Sites** tab appears.

8. To create a site, click **Manage Sites > Create Site**.


The **Create New Site** window appears.

- a. (Optional) In the **Label** box, type a name for the site.
- b. In the **Size** box, type the number of IP addresses you want to assign to this site.

Tip: To adjust the number of IP addresses assigned to the license, use the slider located under the **Size** box.

- c. In the **Activation Certificate** box, paste the certificate that you copied from OT Security. See [step f](#).
- d. Click **Create**.

A dialog box appears with an activation code. This is a one-time generated code that you must copy to the OT Security instance.

- e. Click the  button.
- f. Click **Confirm**.

9. Navigate back to the OT Security instance and in the step **3 Enter activation code** section, click **Enter Activation Code**.

The **Enter Activation Code** panel appears on the right.



10. In the **Activation Code** box, paste the one-time generated code that you copied from the **Tenable OT Security Account Management** page. See [step 8e](#).
11. Click **Activate**.

OT Security shows a confirmation message that the system activated successfully and the OT Security interface appears.
12. Click **Enable**.

OT Security is now enabled and ready to use.
13. Navigate back to the [Tenable Account Management](#) portal and in the one-time generated activation code dialog box, click the **I confirm I have saved the activation license** checkbox.
14. Click **Confirm**.

The newly added site appears in the **Sites** tab for OT Security.

Update your license

When you increase your asset limit, extend your license period, or change your license type, you can update your license.

Before you Begin

- Your Tenable Account Manager must have already updated your license information in their system before you can update the new license.
- You need access to the internet. If your OT Security device cannot reach the Internet, you can register the license from any PC.

To update your license:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > License**.

The **License** window appears.



License

Actions ▾

LICENSE TYPE	Subscription
SUBSCRIPTION EXPIRES	Sep 17, 2024
LICENSED ASSETS	43/100 (43%)
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

- From the **Actions** menu, select **Update license**.

The **Generate Certificate** and **Enter Activation Code** steps appear.

License

LICENSE TYPE	Perpetual
MAINTENANCE EXPIRES	Dec 29, 2993
LICENSED ASSETS	Unlimited
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

Follow these steps in order to update your license

✓

Certificate was generated successfully

Generate certificate

2

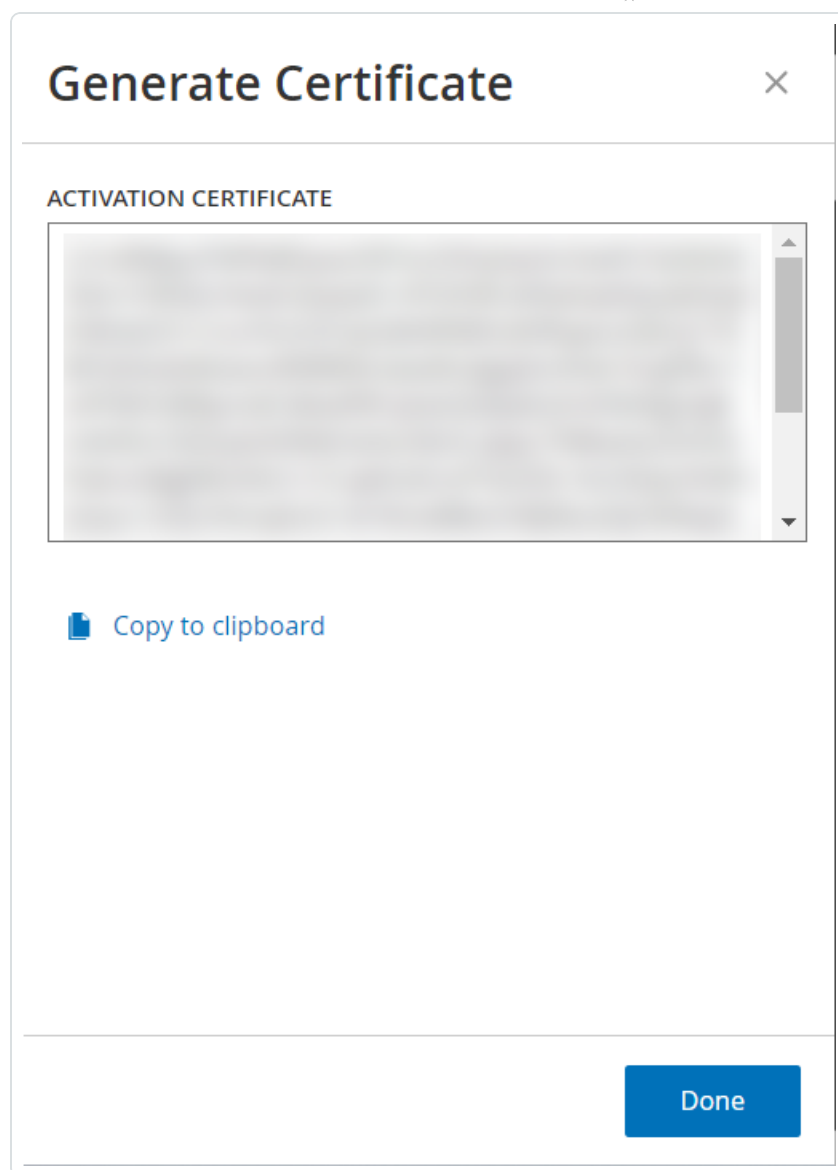
Enter activation code, obtain an activation code from Tenable [Self-service portal](#) or from your sales rep. [Click here](#) to activate your evaluation period

Enter Activation Code

Cancel


- In the (1) **Generate activation certificate** box, click **Generate Certificate**.

The **Generate Certificate** panel appears with the **Activation Certificate**.



4. Click **Copy text to clipboard**, then click **Done**.

The side panel closes.

5. Edit the site details in the Tenable Account Management portal:
 - a. In the [Tenable Account Management](#) portal, navigate to the **Tenable OT Security** Details page and in the row of the site that you want to update, click the  button.

A menu appears.

- b. Click  **Edit Site**.



The edit window for the site appears.

- c. Adjust the details as needed.
- d. In the **Activation Certificate** box, paste the certificate that you copied from the **Generate Certificate** window in OT Security.
- e. Click **Update**.

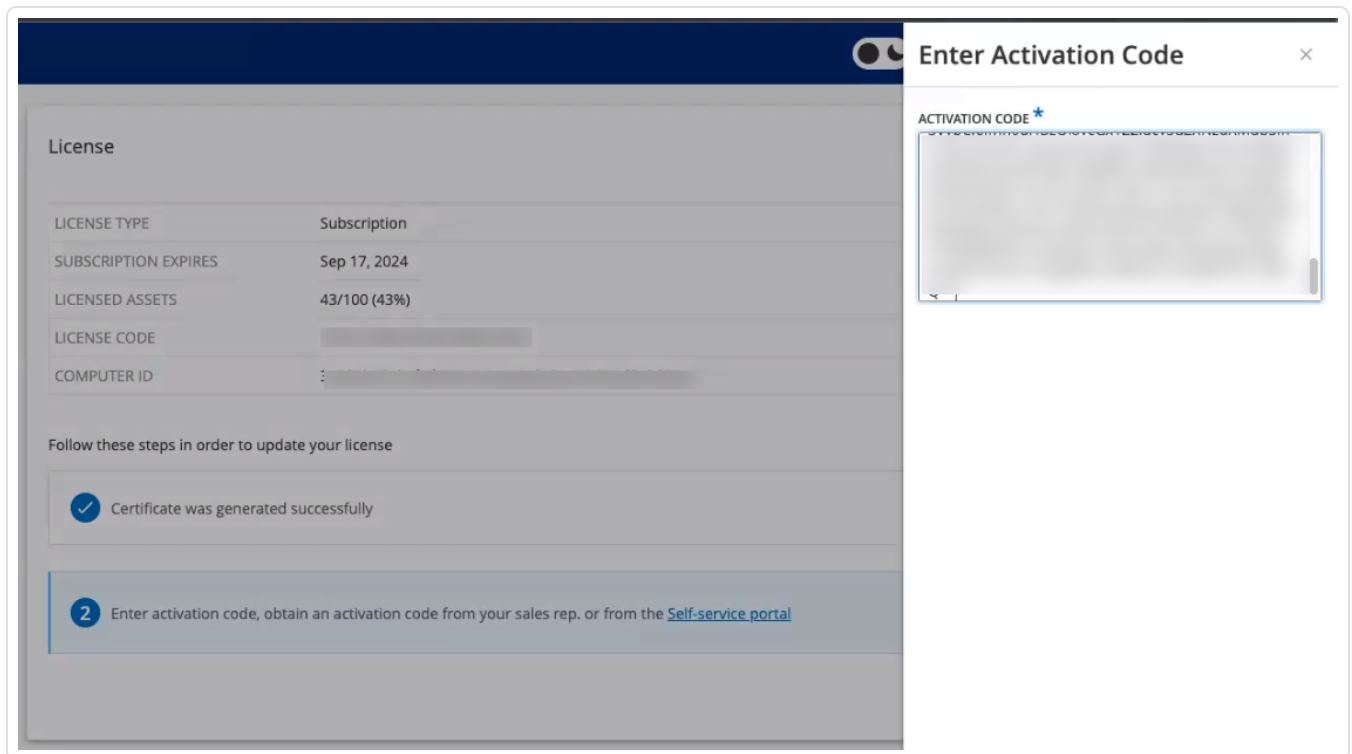
The portal displays a dialog box with an activation code. This is a one-time generated code that you must copy to the OT Security instance.

- f. Click the  button, then click **Confirm**.

6. Navigate back to the OT Security instance.

7. In the **(2) Enter activation code** box, click **Enter Activation Code**.

8. In the **Activation Code** box, paste the one-time generated code that you copied from the **Tenable OT Security Account Management** page.



9. Click **Activate**.



OT Security shows a confirmation message that the system activated successfully and the **License** page shows the updated license details.

Update your license in offline mode

1. Perform steps 1 to 4 as described in the [Update your license](#) section.
2. In the **(2) Enter activation code** box, click the Self-service portal link.

License

LICENSE TYPE	Perpetual
MAINTENANCE EXPIRES	Dec 29, 2993
LICENSED ASSETS	Unlimited
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

Follow these steps in order to update your license

✓

Certificate was generated successfully

Generate certificate

2

Enter activation code, obtain an activation code from Tenable [Self-service portal](#) or from your sales rep. [Click here](#) to activate your evaluation period

Enter Activation Code

Cancel

The **Activate OT Security Offline** window opens in a new tab.

Tenable | Account

Tenable OT Security Offline Activation

Activate your Tenable OT Security instance offline. For detailed instructions on offline activation, visit the [documentation](#) page.

Activation Code
Enter your Tenable OT Security activation code.

Activation Certificate
Enter your Tenable OT Security activation code.

Accept License Agreement
Please review and accept the [Tenable Software License Agreement](#).

☐ I have read and understand the Tenable Software License Agreement

Submit

Note: You can access the Activate OT Security Offline screen from an Internet-connected device using the following URL: <https://account.tenable.com/offline-activation/ot-security>.

Note: If you are not logged in to tenable.com, you can log in using your email address and password. Use the email account where you received your **License Code**. If you do not have the login credentials, you can either click on **Don't remember your password** (and follow the prompts) or reach out to your Tenable account manager.

3. In the **Activation Code** box, type your 20-character **License Code** (which you can copy and paste from the **License** window).
4. In the **Activation Certificate** box, paste the **Activation Certificate**.
5. Click the **I have read and understand the Tenable Software License Agreement** checkbox.

tenable | Account

Tenable OT Security Offline Activation

Activate your Tenable OT Security instance offline. For detailed instructions on offline activation, visit the [documentation page](#).

Activation Code
Enter your Tenable OT Security activation code.

Activation Certificate
Enter your Tenable OT Security activation code.

Accept License Agreement
Please review and accept the [Tenable Software License Agreement](#).

☒ I have read and understand the Tenable Software License Agreement

Submit

Note: To view the license agreement, click the [Tenable Software License Agreement](#) link.

6. Click **Submit**.

OT Security generates the activation code.

7. To copy the activation code, click the  button.

8. Navigate back to the **License** tab in OT Security, and click **Enter Activation Code**.



License

LICENSE TYPE	Perpetual
MAINTENANCE EXPIRES	Dec 29, 2993
LICENSED ASSETS	Unlimited
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

Follow these steps in order to update your license



Certificate was generated successfully

[Generate certificate](#)

2

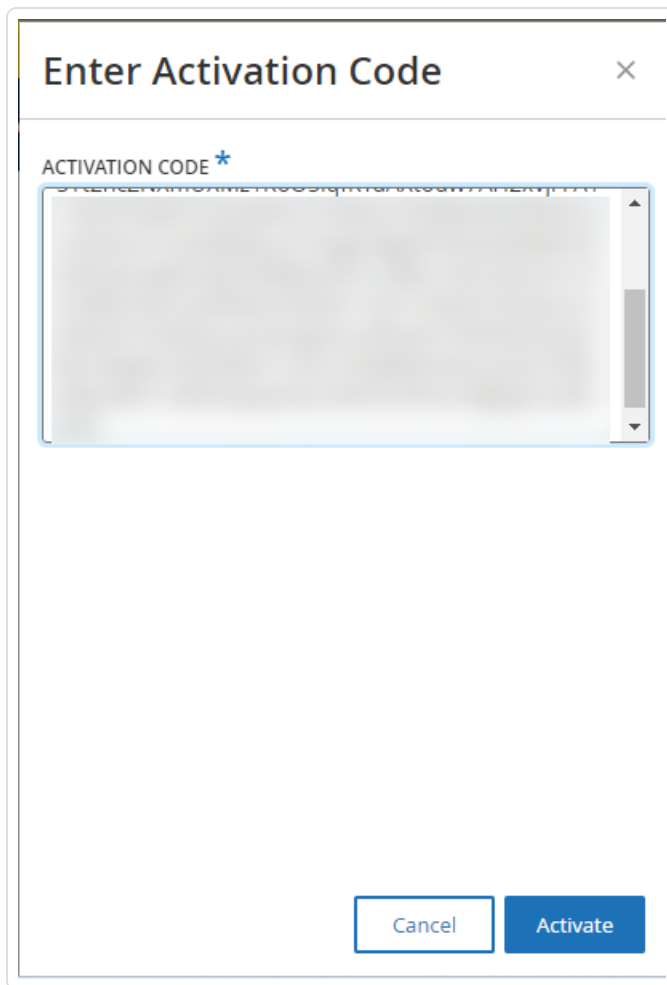
Enter activation code, obtain an activation code from Tenable [Self-service portal](#) or from your sales rep. [Click here](#) to activate your evaluation period

[Enter Activation Code](#)

[Cancel](#)

The **Enter Activation Code** side panel appears.

9. In the **Activation Code** box, paste your activation code and click **Activate**.



The side panel closes, and OT Security updates the license.

Reinitialize your license

Reinitializing your license removes your current license from the system and activates a new license, similar to the license activation during your system startup. If you need to reinitialize your license (that is, if you receive a new license), use the following procedure.

Before you Begin

- Your Tenable account manager must have already issued your new license in their system and provided you with a License Code (20 characters letter/numbers).
- You need access to the Internet. If you cannot connect the OT Security device to the Internet, you can register the license from any PC.

To reinitialize your license:



1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > License**.

License

Actions ▾

LICENSE TYPE	Subscription
SUBSCRIPTION EXPIRES	Sep 17, 2024
LICENSED ASSETS	43/100 (43%)
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

2. From the **Actions** menu, select **Reinitialize license**.

A confirmation window appears.

3. Click **Reinitialize**.

i

Reinitialize License

×

Are you sure?

Once you complete the three-step process to reinitialize your license, the current license will be replaced by the new one. Until the process is completed, your current license will remain in effect.

Cancel

Reinitialize

The **License** window appears with the three reinitialization steps.



License

LICENSE TYPE	Perpetual
MAINTENANCE EXPIRES	Dec 29, 2993
LICENSED ASSETS	Unlimited
LICENSE CODE	
COMPUTER ID	

Follow these steps in order to reinitialize your license

1 Enter license code

Enter license code

2 Generate activation certificate

Generate Certificate

3 Enter activation code, obtain an activation code from Tenable [Self-service portal](#) or from your sales rep. [Click here](#) to activate your evaluation period

Enter Activation Code

Cancel

4. Follow the system start-up steps for activating your license. See [Activate your License](#).

After you provide your **Activation Code**, your new license replaces your current license.

What to do next

[Enable the OT Security System](#)

Launch OT Security

Objective: Start the system and begin using it for your OT Security needs.

After you configure Tenable Core + OT Security, enable the system to start using OT Security.

1. [Enable the OT Security System](#) – Enable the OT Security system after you activate your license.
2. [Use OT Security](#) – Configure your monitored networks, port separation, users, groups, and authentication servers to start using OT Security.



Enable the OT Security System

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

After completing the license activation, OT Security displays the **Enable** button.



Enable OT Security in order to activate the system's core functionality, such as:


- Identifying assets in the network.
- Collecting and monitoring of all network traffic.
- Logging 'Conversations' on the network.

You can view all compiled data and analysis from these functionalities in the user interface.

Note: These are ongoing processes that continue over time, so it may take some time for the user interface to display fully updated results.

You can configure and activate additional functions such as Active Queries on the **Settings** window in the Management Console (user interface). For more information, see [Active Queries](#).

Important: Beginning with version 4.4, passive monitoring is disabled by default when you enable OT Security to reduce alert overload. To enable passive monitoring, navigate to the **Settings > Network**

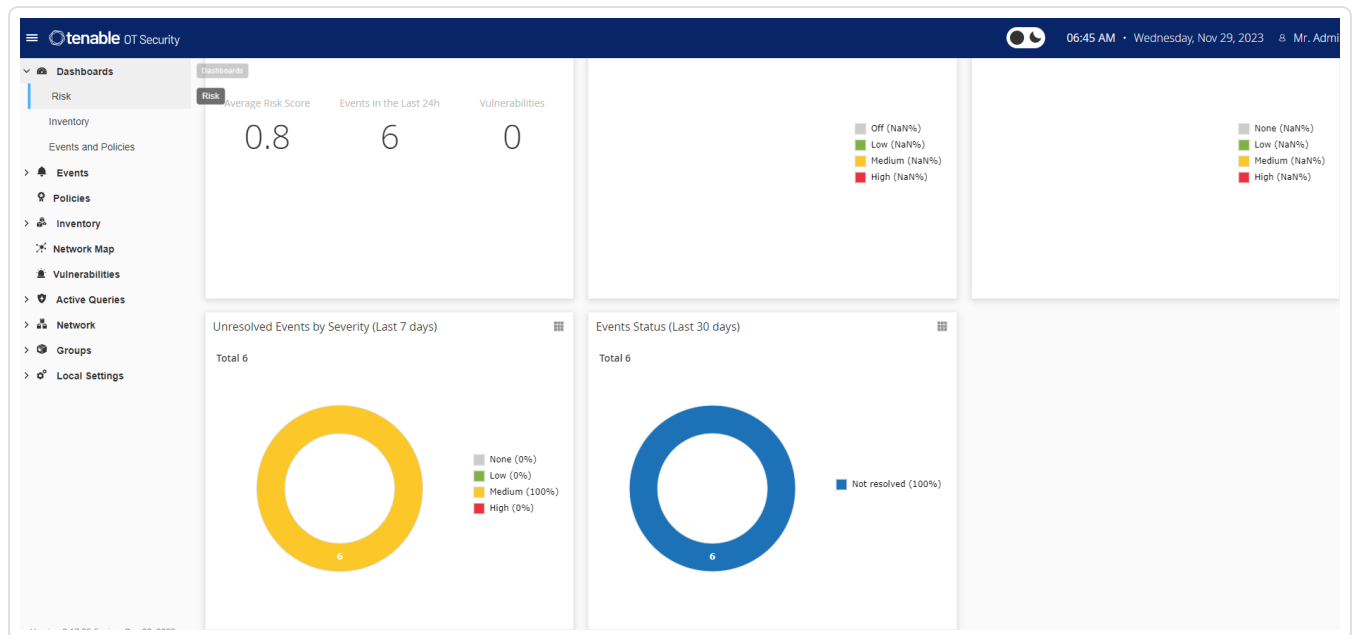
Definitions page and click to enable the **Passive Monitoring** toggle. The passive monitoring  icon in the header indicates if the passive monitoring is enabled or disabled.

To enable OT Security:



1. Click **Enable**.

OT Security enables the system and shows the **Dashboard > Risk** window.



Note: It takes a few minutes for the system to identify your assets. You may need to refresh the page to start showing the data.

Start Using OT Security

After installation, you can configure and use OT Security.

Configure Monitored Networks

Configure the network segments for OT Security to monitor and ensure to include all areas pertinent to your network. See [Monitored Networks](#).

Note: Remove unnecessary monitored networks. You can hide any assets you added from those network. For more information, see [Hide Assets](#).

Review and Configure Ports

If you have not yet done so, you can choose to [Separate the Management and Active Query Ports](#).

Configure Users, Groups, and Authentication Servers



Set your [Local Users](#) and [User Groups](#). You can configure External Authentication Servers or utilize SAML for easier SSO login.

Add Network Services

Add your DNS and NTP servers. You can also configure [Syslog](#) and [Email Servers](#) to retrieve all critical events.

Enable Active Queries

Active Queries represent one of the primary benefits of OT Security. They allow you to access your assets directly to obtain the most accurate and near real-time details and visibility. For more information, see [Active Queries](#).

Active Asset Discovery – Proactively probe and discover silent assets or those that passive monitoring traffic do not cover.

Create Nessus Scans

Configure Nessus Scans for IT devices in your OT Security network. Tenable Nessus scans are secure and only impact discovered IT assets. For more information, see [Configure Nessus Plugin Scans](#).

Set Backups

Configure periodic system backups and choose to save them locally or export to a remote storage. For more information, see [Application Data Backup and Restore](#).

Get Updates

Make sure to check feed and system updates. If your system is offline, make sure to do a manual update periodically. For more information, see [Updates](#).

Optimize

When OT Security is up and running, look at the generated events and optimize your policies according to your environment requirements.

Integrate



Integrate OT Security with other Tenable products or third-party services. For more information, [Integrations](#).



Install OT Security Sensor

Note: This section describes the procedure for configuring a sensor version 3.14 and later.

Installation of OT Security sensor involves pairing sensors with the Industrial Core Platform (ICP). To pair sensors with the OT Security ICP, use both the ICP management console and the sensor's Tenable core user interface.

You can either enable automatic approval for incoming pairing requests, or disable automatic approval and allow only manual approval for each new sensor pairing request.

Before you begin

Make sure that the following conditions are met:

- The Sensor hardware is properly installed (see [Set up the Sensor](#)).
- The Sensor is connected to your network switch (see [Connect the Sensor to the Network](#)).
- The Sensor has its own static IPv4 address (see [Access the Sensor Setup Wizard](#)).
- The Sensor is connected to the Tenable Core platform and you have a username and password for logging into the Core User Interface. For more information on using the Tenable Core user interface, see the [Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security User Guide](#).
- A valid certificate in the ICP console (see [Certificate](#)).

Note: Tenable recommends a dedicated ICP user with administrator role for the process of pairing sensors, to prevent disruptions in connectivity (see [Adding Local Users](#)). You can add a new administrator user to pair multiple sensors.

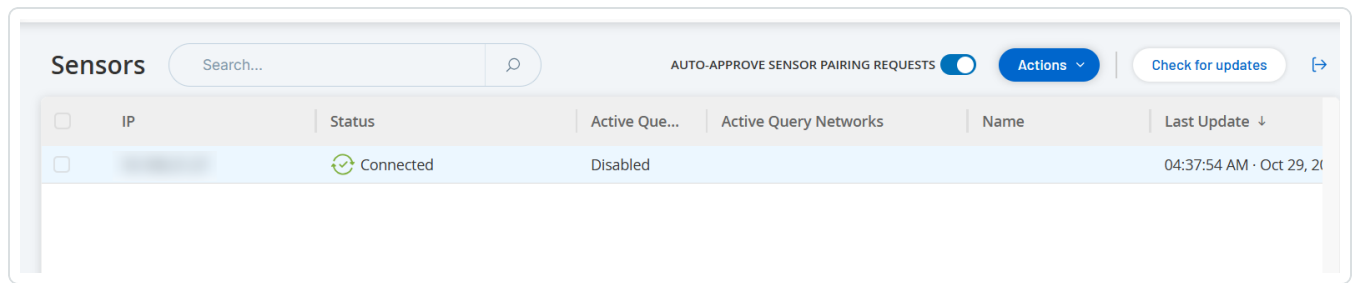
Note: For information about applying offline updates to your Tenable Core machine, see [Update Tenable Core Offline](#).

Pair the Sensor

To pair a Sensor version 3.14 or later with the ICP:



1. In the ICP Management Console (user interface), navigate to the **Local Settings > Sensors** window.



2. To enable automatic approval of Sensor Pairing, ensure that the **Auto Approve Incoming Sensor Pairing Requests** switch at the top of the page is toggled to **ON**. If not, all pairing requests require manual approval.
3. Open a new tab, leaving the ICP tab open, and type **<Sensor IP>:8000** to open the Sensor's Tenable Core user interface.

Note: You can only access the Tenable Core user interface from the latest version of Chrome.

4. In the Tenable Core console login window, type your **Username** and **Password**, select the **Reuse my password for privileged tasks** checkbox, and click **Log In**.



The image shows the Tenable Core login interface. It features a dark background with a subtle geometric pattern. In the top right corner, the Tenable logo is displayed. The main login form is a dark gray rectangle with the title 'Tenable Core' at the top. Below the title, there are two input fields: 'User name' and 'Password'. The 'Password' field includes a toggle icon (an eye) to show or hide the password. A blue 'Log in' button is positioned below the password field. At the bottom of the form, there is a section labeled 'Server: 1' followed by a blurred address, and a note that says 'Log in with your server user account.'

Important: If you do not select the **Reuse my password for privileged tasks** upon login, you cannot restart the sensor service.

5. In the navigation menu bar, click **OT Security Sensor**.

The **OT Security Sensor Pair** window appears.



TENABLE.OT SENSOR PAIR

This Tenable.ot Sensor is not currently paired with a Tenable.ot ICP.
Enter the following information to pair it:

* ICP IP Address:

ICP User:

ICP Password:


ICP API Key:

Unauthenticated Pairing ☐

* - Field is required to continue. Username and password OR api key is required to continue.

✖ Error: Either API Key or username and password must be provided.

Pair Sensor Close

Note: The **Tenable OT Security Sensor Pair** window only appears the first time the page loads. To open the window after this, click the  button in the **Pairing Info** section of the **Tenable Core** console.

6. In the **ICP IP Address** box, type the IPv4 address for the ICP to pair with this sensor.
7. To use unauthenticated (unencrypted) pairing, select **Unauthenticated Pairing** and skip to step 8.

Note: Sensors that use **Unauthenticated Pairing** can only passively scan their network segments and the ICP cannot manage them to send Active Queries.

8. To authenticate the pairing, do one of the following:
 - In the **ICP User** box, type the ICP username and the ICP password in the **ICP Password** box.
 - In the **ICP API Key** box, type an API Key for the ICP.

Note: Tenable recommends that you create a dedicated ICP user for pairing sensors in order to ensure connectivity during the pairing process (see [Adding Local Users](#)).

Note: The authentication method that uses username and password offers the advantage of non-expiring credentials unlike an API Key, which eventually ages out.



9. Click **Pair Sensor**.
10. To use a certificate offered from the ICP:
 - a. In **Tenable Core**, in the **Tenable ICP Certificate** section, under **Approval Status**, wait for the certificate information to load.

TENABLE.OT ICP CERTIFICATE:

Certificate Subject:	Tenable.ot
Certificate Issuer:	Tenable.ot
Certificate Fingerprint:	[REDACTED]
Not Valid Before:	Sun Jul 25 2021 16:46:57 GMT+0300
Not Valid After:	Tue Jul 25 2023 16:46:57 GMT+0300
Approval Status:	Pending user approval Approve Delete
Upload Approved Certificate	Choose File certificate (1).pem

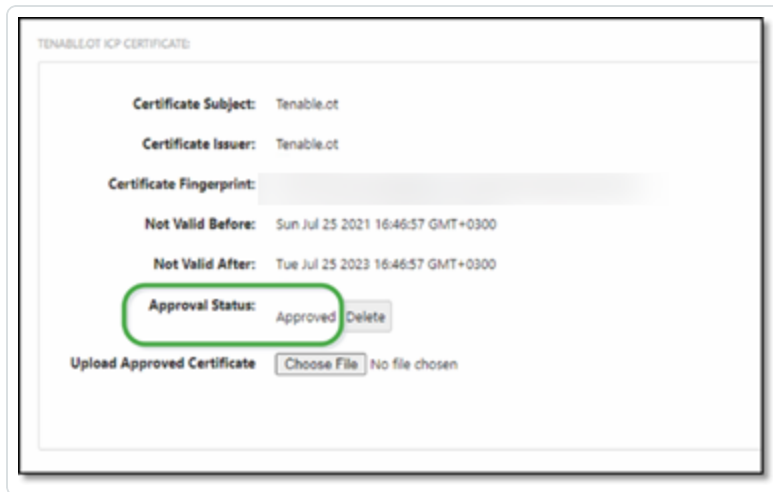
- b. Click **Approve** to approve the certificate.
- c. In the **Confirm Accept Tenable OT Security Server Certificate** window, click **Accept This Certificate**.

If you prefer to upload a certificate manually:

- a. In the **Tenable ICP** console, follow the procedure described in [Generating an HTTPS Certificate](#).
- b. In **Tenable Core**, in the **Tenable ICP Certificate** section, under **Upload Approved Certificate**, click **Choose File**.
- c. Navigate to the .pem certificate file to upload.

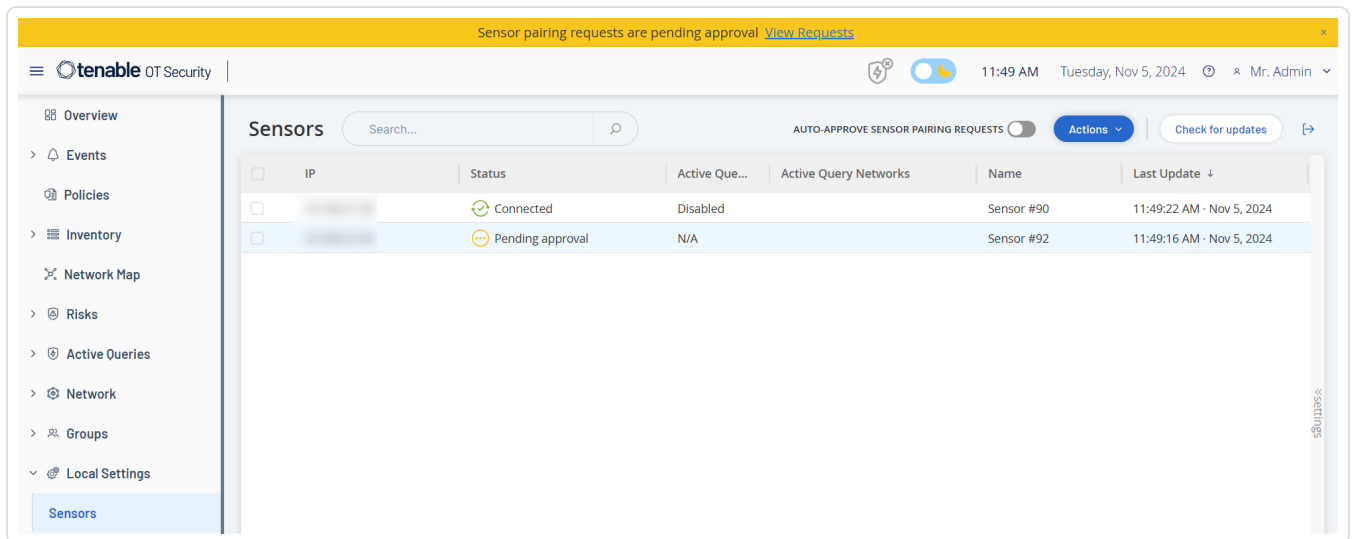


Once a valid certificate loads correctly, its **Approval Status** in the **OT Security ICP Certificate** table shows as **Approved**.

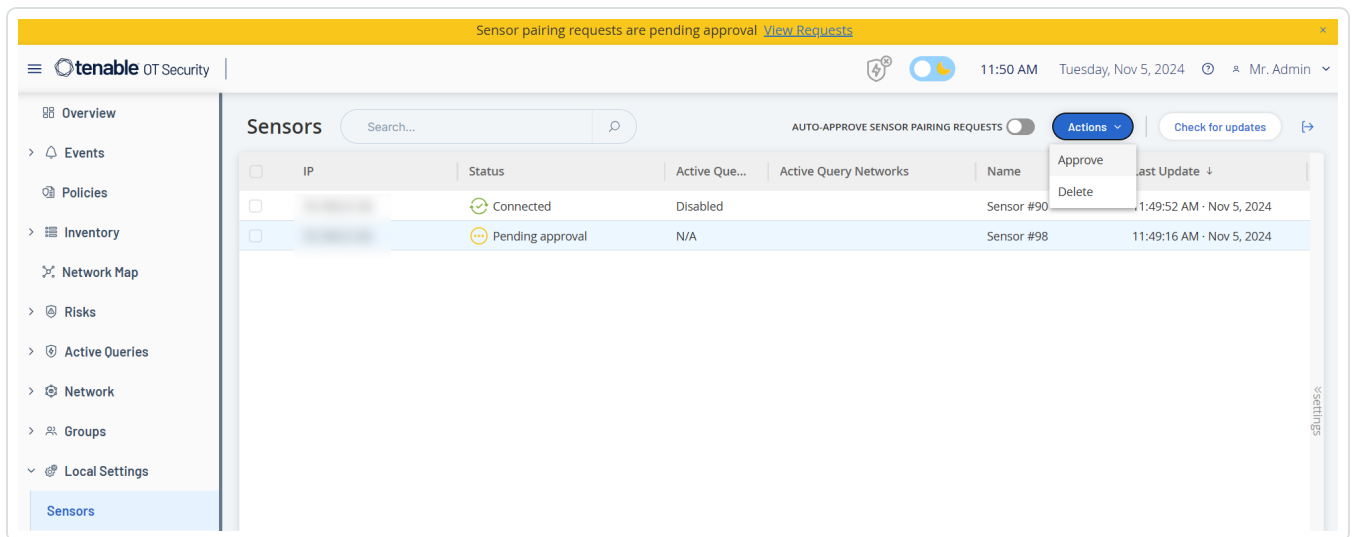


11. In the ICP user interface, navigate to **Local Settings > Sensors**.

OT Security displays the new sensor in the table, and the **Status** shows **Pending Approval**.



12. Click on the Sensor's row, then click **Actions** (or right-click on the row) and select **Approve**.



The **Status** switches to **Connected**, indicating a successful pairing. Other possible statuses are:

- **Connected (Unauthenticated)** – The sensor is connected in unauthenticated mode. The sensor can only execute passive network detection.
- **Paused** – The sensor is connected properly, but paused.
- **Disconnected** – The sensor is not connected. For an authenticated sensor, this may result from an error in the pairing process. For example: tunnel error and API issue.
- **Connected (Tunnel error)** – The pairing is successful, but communication over the tunnel is inoperable. Check the connectivity of the port 28304 from the sensor to the ICP. For more information, see [Firewall Considerations](#).

Once OT Security completes the pairing for an Authenticated Sensor, you can configure Active Queries to run on that Sensor. See [Manage Active Queries](#).

Note: Once the pairing completes, Tenable recommends that you use only the ICP page to manage the Sensor, and not the Tenable Core user interface.

Set up the Sensor

There are two models of the Sensor: the Rack Mount Sensor and the Configurable Sensor, as described in [OT Security Sensor](#). The Rack Mount model can be mounted on a standard 19-inch



rack or rested on top of a flat surface. The Configurable model can be installed in a DIN rail or mounted on a standard 19-inch rack (using the “mounting ears” adapter kit).

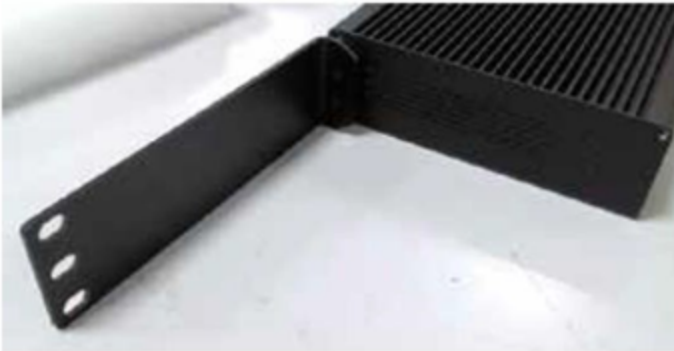
Set up a Rack Mount Sensor

You can either mount the sensor on a standard 19-inch rack or place it on top of a flat surface (such as a desktop).

Rack Mounting (for Rack Mount model)

To mount the OT Security Sensor on a standard 19-inch rack:

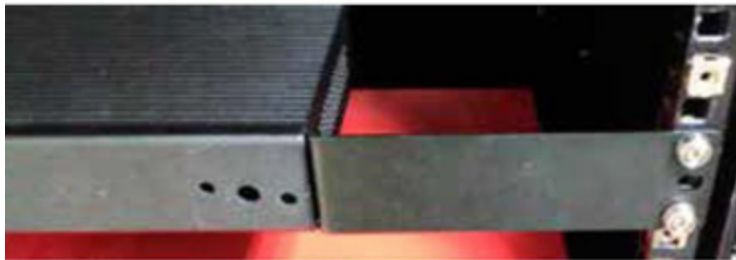
1. Attach the L-shaped brackets to the screw holes on each side of the sensor as shown in the following image.



2. Insert two screws on each side and fasten them with a screwdriver to secure the brackets in place.
3. Insert the sensor with the brackets into an available 1U slot in the rack.



4. Secure the unit to the rack by fastening the supplied rack-mount brackets to the rack frame, using the appropriate screws for rack mounting (not supplied).



Important:

- Make sure that the rack is electrically grounded.
- Make sure that the cooling fan air intake (located in the back panel) and the air ventilation holes (on the top panel) are not obstructed.

5. Plug in the AC power supply cable (supplied) to the power supply port in the rear panel, then plug the cable to the AC power supply (mains).

Flat Surface

To install the OT Security Sensor on a flat surface:



1. Place the sensor on a dry, flat, leveled surface (such as a desktop).

Important:

- Make sure that the tabletop is flat and dry.
- Make sure that the cooling fan air intake (located in the back panel) and the air ventilation holes (on the top panel) are not obstructed.

2. If the unit is placed within a stack of other electrical appliances, make sure there is ample space behind the cooling fan (located in the back panel) to allow proper ventilation and cooling.
3. Plug in the AC power supply cable (supplied) to the power supply port in the rear panel, then plug the cable to the AC power supply (mains).

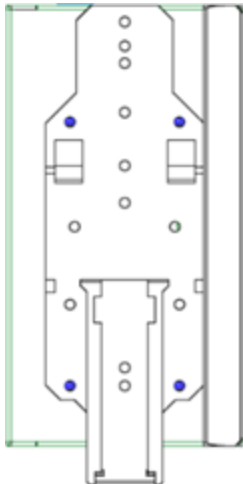
Set up a Configurable Sensor

You can either mount the Configurable Sensor on a DIN rail or on a standard 19-inch mounting rack (using the “mounting ears” adapter kit).

DIN Rail Mounting

To mount the OT Security Configurable Sensor on a standard DIN rail:

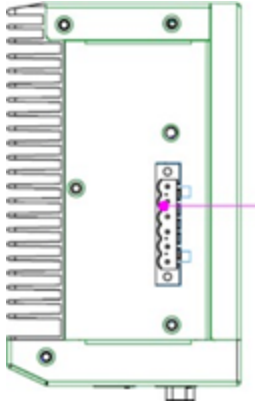
1. Use the bracket, located on the back of the Sensor, to mount the Sensor on to a DIN rail.



2. Connect the power using one of the following methods:



- **DC Power** – Connect the DC power chord to the Sensor by inserting the 12-36V DC 6-pin Phoenix Contact connector into the side of the Sensor unit and tightening the embedded screws at the top and bottom of the connector. Then, connect the other end of the chord to a DC power source.



- **AC Power** – Connect the AC power supply to the Sensor by inserting the 12-36V DC 6-pin Phoenix Contact connector into the side of the Sensor unit and tightening the embedded screws at the top and bottom of the connector.



Then, insert the AC power supply cable (provided) into the power supply unit, and plug the other end into an AC outlet.

Rack Mounting (for Configurable model)

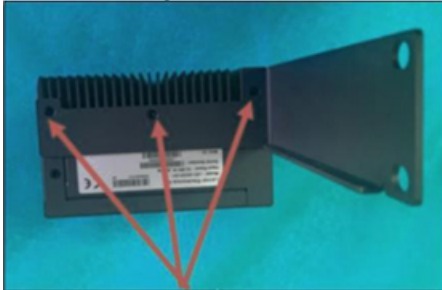
A Configurable Sensor can be attached to a mounting rack, using the “mounting ears” that are provided.

To mount the Configurable Sensor on a standard (19-inch) rack:



1. Prepare the unit for rack mounting:

- a. Remove 3 screws from each side of the unit.
- b. Attach the "mounting ears" on both sides of the unit, using new screws (provided).



2. Insert the server unit into an available 1U slot in the rack.

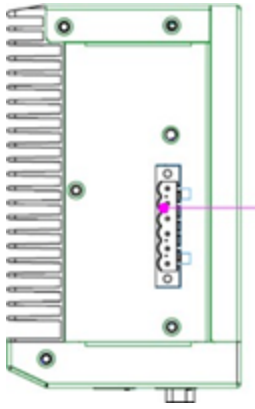
Note:

- Make sure that the rack is electrically grounded.
- Make sure that the cooling fan air intake (located in the back panel) and the air ventilation holes (on the top panel) are not obstructed.

3. Secure the unit to the rack by fastening the “mounting ears” to the rack frame using the mounting screws (provided).

4. Connect the power using one of the following methods:

- **DC Power** – Connect the DC power chord to the Sensor by inserting the 12-36V DC 6-pin Phoenix Contact connector into the side of the Sensor unit and tightening the embedded screws at the top and bottom of the connector. Then, connect the other end of the chord to a DC power source.



- **AC Power** – Connect the AC power supply to the Sensor by inserting the 12-36V DC 6-pin Phoenix Contact connector into the side of the Sensor unit and tightening the embedded screws at the top and bottom of the connector.



Then, insert the AC power supply cable (provided) into the power supply unit, and plug the other end into an AC outlet.

Connect the Sensor to the Network

OT Security Sensor is used to collect and forward network traffic to the OT Security Appliance. To perform Network Monitoring, connect the unit to a mirroring port on the network switch, which is connected to the controllers/PLCs of interest.

To manage the sensor, connect the unit to a network. This can be a different network than the one that is used to perform network monitoring.

To connect the OT Security Rack Mount Sensor to the network:



1. On the OT Security Sensor, connect the Ethernet cable (supplied) to **Port 1**.
2. Connect the cable to a regular port on the network switch.
3. On the unit, connect another Ethernet cable (supplied) to **Port 2**.
4. Connect the cable to a mirroring port on the network switch.

To connect the OT Security Configurable Sensor to the network:

1. On the OT Security Sensor, connect the Ethernet cable (supplied) to **Port 1**.
2. Connect the cable to a regular port on the network switch.
3. On the unit, connect another Ethernet cable (supplied) to **Port 3**.
4. Connect the cable to a mirroring port on the network switch.

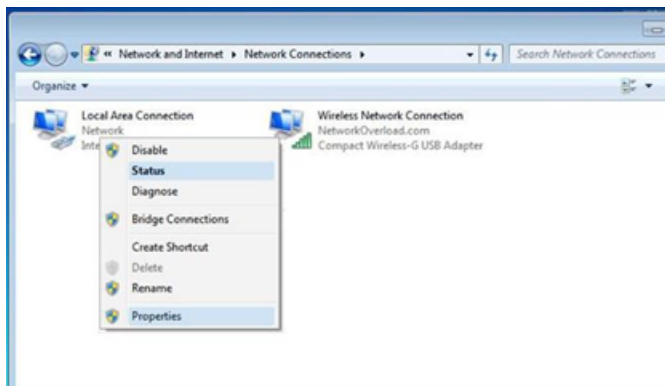
Access the Sensor Setup Wizard

To log in to the Management Console.

1. Do one of the following:
 - Connect the Management Console workstation (for example: PC and laptop.) directly to Port 1 of the OT Security Sensor using the Ethernet cable.
 - Connect the Management Console workstation to the network switch.
2. Ensure that the Management Console workstation is part of the same subnet as the OT Security Sensor (which is 192.168.1.5) or is routable to the unit.
3. Use the following procedure to set up a static IP (you must set up a static IP in order to connect to the OT Security Sensor):
 - a. Go to **Network and Internet > Network and Sharing Center > Change adapter settings**.

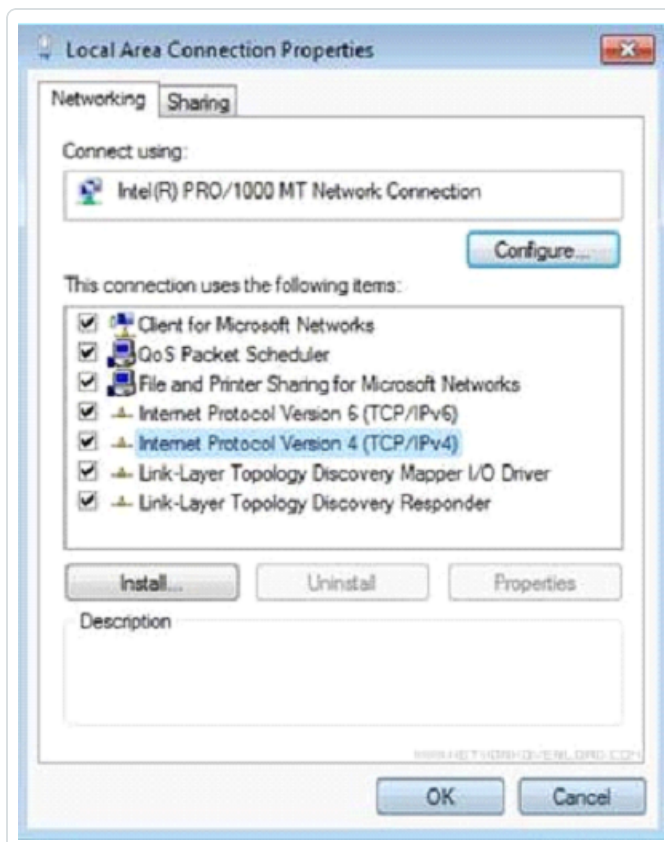
Note: Navigation may vary slightly for different versions of Windows.

The **Network Connections** window appears.



- b. Right-click **Local Area Connections** and select **Properties**.

The **Local Area Connections** window appears.



- c. Select **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4)** and click **Properties**.

The **Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) Properties** window appears.



- d. Select **Use the Following IP address**.
- e. In the IP address box, type **192.168.1.10**.
- f. In the **Subnet mask** box, type **255.255.255.0**
- g. Click **OK**.

OT Security applies the new settings.

- 4. From your Chrome browser, navigate to <https://192.168.1.5:8000>.

Note: The user interface can only be accessed from a Chrome browser. Use the latest version of Chrome.

- 5. [Pair the sensor](#).

Restore Backup Using CLI

You can restore your OT Security using CLI or via the Tenable Core interface. For more information about restoring backup via Tenable Core user interface, see [Restore a Backup](#) in the Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security User Guide. To restore using CLI, perform the following steps.



Note: You can only restore backups taken using the Tenable Core backup utility. Older backups from OT Security before version 3.18 are not compatible. If you are trying to restore from a backup captured in an older version of OT Security, before version 3.18, contact support for the necessary instructions and commands.

Before you Begin

- Make sure you have the backup .tar files to restore.

Note: You can download the OT Security backup files from the **Backup/Restore** page in Tenable Core. For more information, see [Restore a Backup](#) in the Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security User Guide.

Example of an OT Security backup file: `tenable-ot-tenable-s2cc78kg-2024-03-21T135648.tar`.

To restore your OT Security backup using CLI:

1. Do one of the following to access the ICP system:
 - [Log in](#) to Tenable Core and [access](#) the terminal.
 - Log in using SSH.
2. In the terminal, run the following command:

```
sudo systemctl start tenablecore.restorelocal@$(systemd-escape /home/admin/my-tc-ot-backup.tar)
```

Where:

- `/home/admin/my-tc-ot-backup.tar` is the location of the backup files.

Note: The process takes a long time to complete since it restores the backup before the command finishes. You can view the restoration progress from

Backup/Restore > Backup/Restore Logs > Restore logs in the Tenable Core user interface or by running the following command:

```
journalctl -xf tenablecore.restorelocal@$(systemd-escape /home/admin/my-tc-ot-backup.tar)
```

Where: `/home/admin/my-tc-ot-backup.tar` is the location of the backup files.

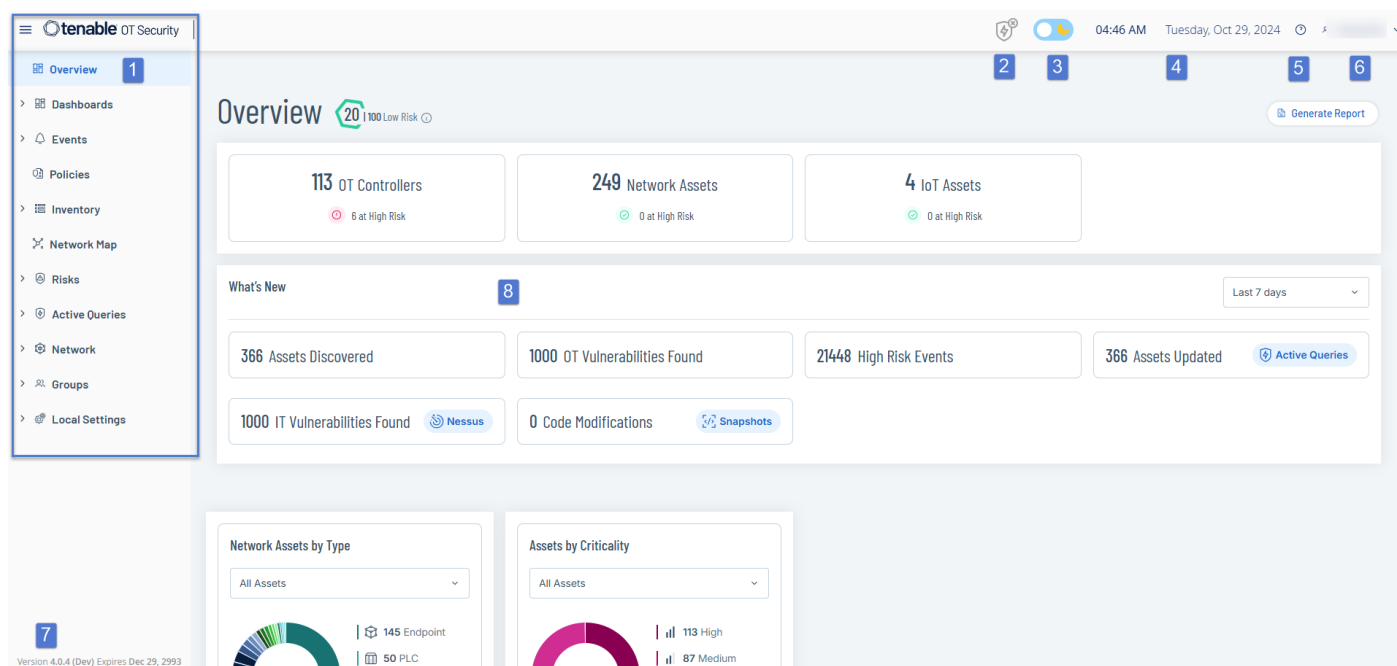


OT Security gets restored and you can start accessing the application. To verify that OT Security is running, use your browser to log in to the OT Security user interface via port 443 (HTTPS).


Management Console User Interface Elements

The Management Console user interface provides easy access to important data related to asset management, network activity, and security events that OT Security discovers. You can use the user interface to configure the OT Security platform functionality according to your needs.

Main User Interface Elements



The following table describes the main user interface elements.

Sl.No	User interfaceElement	Description
1	Main Navigation	Main navigation menu. Click the  icon to show/hide the main navigation menu.
2	Active Queries	Indicates whether Active Queries



		is enabled or disabled.
3	Dark Mode/Daylight Mode	Changes the display color scheme to Dark mode or Daylight mode.
4	Current Date and Time	Shows the current date and time as registered in the system.
5	Resource Center	OT Security resource center.
6	Current User Name	<p>Shows the name of the user who is currently logged into the system. Click the down arrow for menu options: About (shows software info) and Logout.</p> <p>After activating OT Security, you can view your Tenable customer ID in the About view. This customer ID is required when contacting Technical Support or Customer Success teams.</p>
7	License Info	Shows the OT Security software version and the license expiration date.
8	Main Screen	Shows the screen that you select in the main navigation.

Enable or Disable Dark Mode


You can use the **Dark Mode** color scheme on all screens by enabling the Dark Mode toggle.

To enable or disable Dark Mode:



1. Click the  (Dark Mode) toggle at the top of the window.

OT Security applies the selected setting to all screens.

2. To restore the daylight mode setting, click the  (Daylight Mode) toggle.

Check Current Software Version

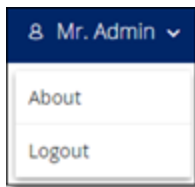
You can check the version of your software using the user profile icon in the upper-right corner of the header bar.

To view the current software version:

1. In the main header bar, click the  icon in the upper-right corner.



OT Security displays the user menu.



2. Click **About**.



OT Security displays the current software version.



Access Resource Center

The **Resource Center** displays a list of informational resources including product announcements, Tenable blog posts, and user guide documentation.

Note: Access to **Resource Center** requires internet.

To access the Resource Center:

1. In the upper-right corner, click the  button.

The **Resource Center** menu appears.

2. Click a resource link to navigate to that resource. The following resources are available:
 - Search OT Security Knowledge Base
 - New feature updates

Navigate OT Security



You can access the following main pages from the left navigation panel:

- **Overview** – Shows widgets that give a general view of your network’s inventory and security posture. See [OT Security Overview](#).
- **Events** – Shows all events that occurred as a result of policy violations. The **All Events** page has with separate screens for each specific type of event. For example: Configuration Events, SCADA Events, Network Threats, or Network Events. See [Events](#).
- **Policies** – View, edit, and activate policies in the system. See [Policies](#).
- **Inventory** – Shows an inventory of all the discovered assets, allowing comprehensive asset management, status monitoring of each asset, and viewing of their related events. The **All Assets** includes separate screens for specific type of assets: Controllers and Modules, Network Assets, and IoT. See [Inventory](#).
- **Network Map** – Shows a visual representation of the network assets and their connections. See [Network Map](#).
- **Risks** – Shows all network threats detected by OT Security, including CVEs, vulnerable protocols, vulnerable open ports and more, along with recommended remediation steps. See [Vulnerabilities](#).
- **Active Queries** – Allows you to configure and enable active queries. See [Manage Active Queries](#).
- **Network** – Provides a comprehensive view of the network traffic by showing data about conversations that took place between assets in the network over time. See [Network](#).

OT Security displays the network information in three separate windows:

- **Network Summary** – Shows an overview of network traffic.
- **Packet Captures** – Shows full-packet captures of network traffic.
- **Conversations** – Shows a list of all detected network conversations with details about the time of occurrence and involved assets.
- **Groups** – View, create and edit groups used in policy configuration. See [Groups](#).
- **Local Settings** - View and configure the system settings. See [Settings](#).

Customize Tables



OT Security pages display data in a table format with a list for each item. These tables have standardized customization features, enabling you to access the relevant information.

Important: In version 4.0 and later, OT Security introduces several UI changes, but not all pages in the application are updated. In this version, only the pages under **Inventory** and **Vulnerability Findings** use the improved method to customize, filter, sort, and search. These steps are documented in sections with headings marked specifically for 4.0. For example: **Customize the Column Display in OT Security 4.0 and later**.

Note: The examples given here are for the **All Events** and **All Assets** pages, but similar functionality is available for most of the pages. You can revert to the default display settings at any time by clicking **Settings > Reset table to default**. For OT Security 4.0 and later, click **Displayed Columns > Reset to Default**.

Customize the Column Display (3.19 and earlier)

You can customize which columns are displayed and how they are organized.

To specify which columns are displayed:

1. On the right of the table, click **Settings**.

The **Table Settings** panel appears with the **Columns** section.

Table Settings

Columns

- ☒ Status
- ☒ Log ID
- ☒ Time
- ☒ Event Type
- ☒ Severity
- ☒ Policy Name
- ☒ Source Asset
- ☒ Source Address
- ☒ Destination Asset
- ☒ Destination Address
- ☒ Protocol
- ☐ Event Category
- ☐ Resolved By
- ☐ Resolved On
- ☐ Comment

[Reset table to default](#)

2. In the **Columns** section, select the checkbox next to the columns you want to show.

3. Clear the checkbox next to the columns you want to hide.


OT Security displays only the selected columns.

4. To close the **Table Settings** window, click **x** or the **Settings** tab.

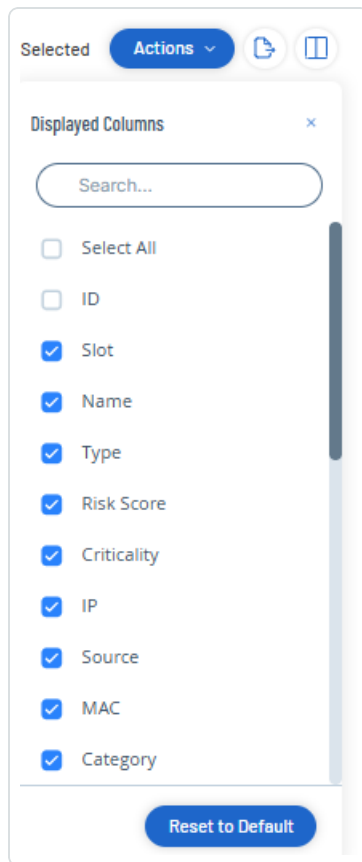
To adjust the order of display of the columns:

1. Click a column header and drag it to the desired position.

Customize the Column Display (4.0 and later)

1. In the header bar, click the  button.


The **Displayed Columns** panel appears.



2. Select the checkboxes next to columns you want to show.

Note: Clear the checkboxes next to columns you want to hide.

Tip: Use the **Search** box to search for specific columns.

3. Click the  button to close the **Displayed Columns** panel.

OT Security displays only the selected columns.

Group Lists by Categories (3.19 and earlier)

For the **Inventory** pages, you can group the lists by various parameters that are relevant to that particular screen.

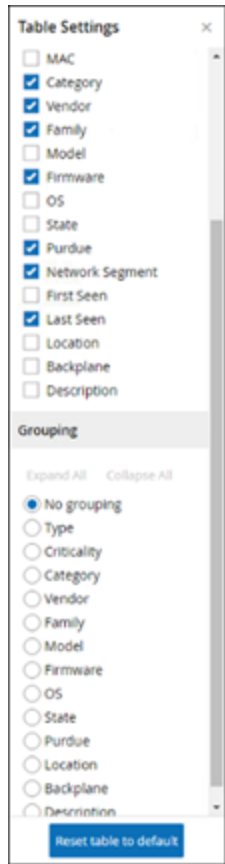
To group the lists:



1. Click the **Settings** tab along the right edge of the table.

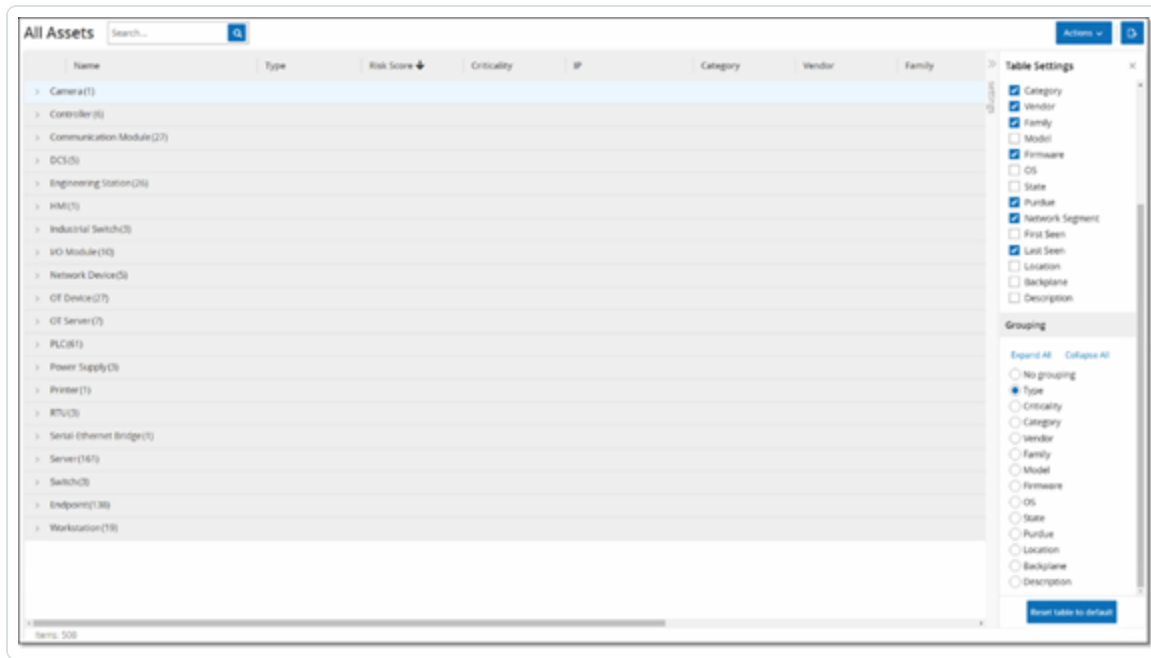
The **Table Settings** pane appears on the right with the **Columns** and **Grouping** sections.

2. Scroll down to the **Grouping** section.



3. Select the parameter by which you want to group the lists. For example, **Type**.

OT Security displays the grouped categories.



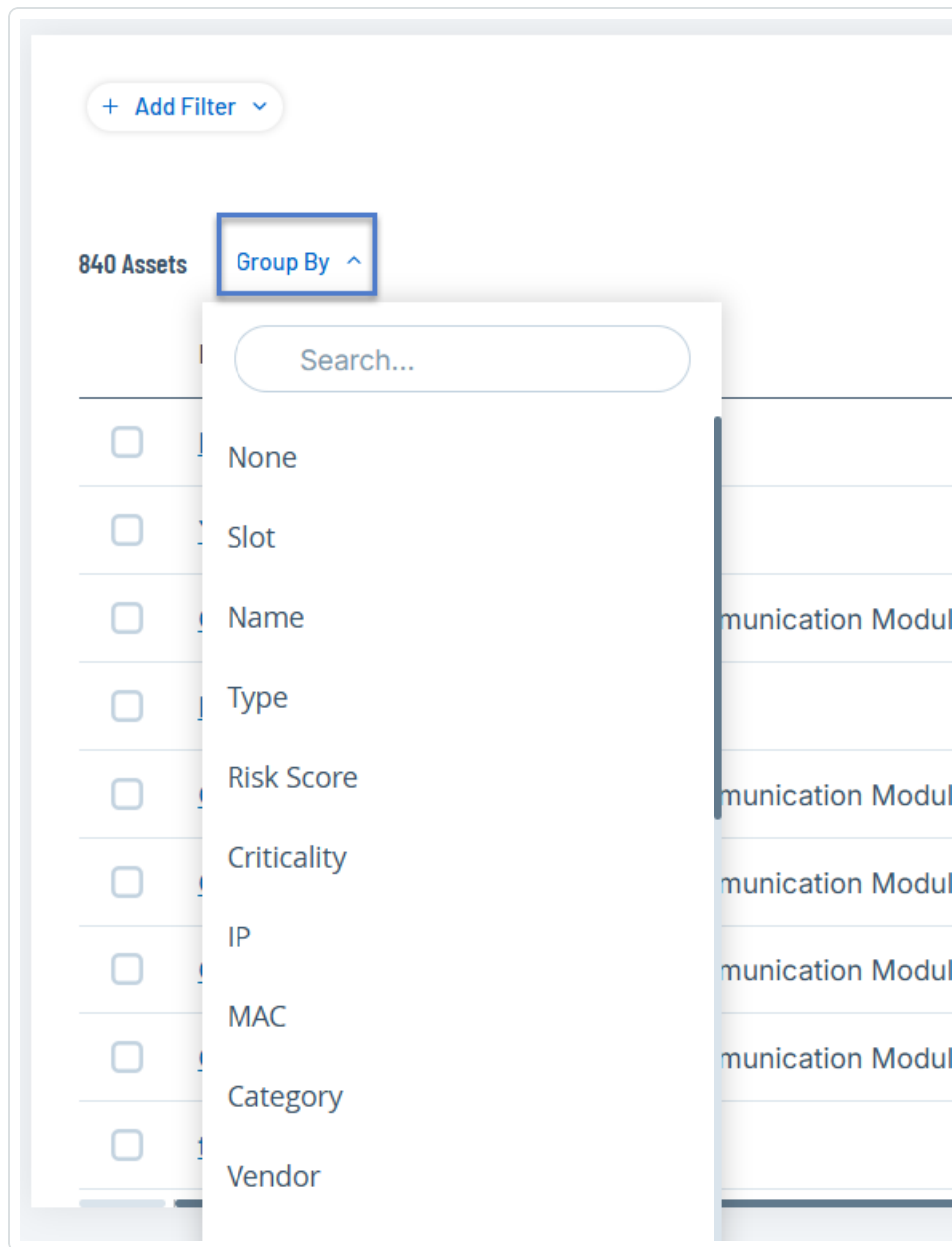
4. To close the **Table Settings** window, click x or the **Settings** tab.
5. Click on the arrow next to a category to show all instances for that category.

The screenshot shows the 'All Assets' interface with the 'Communication Module(27)' category expanded. The table displays the following data:

Name	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	Category	Vendor	Family
Comm_Adapter_#56	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.101.151 10.100...	Controllers	Rockwell	
Comm_Adapter_#54	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.101.151 10.100...	Controllers	Rockwell	
Comm_Adapter_#42	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.101.151 10.100...	Controllers	Rockwell	
Comm_Adapter_#52	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.101.151 10.100...	Controllers	Rockwell	
Comm_Adapter_#270	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.105.24	Controllers	Schneider	
Comm_Adapter_#53	Communication M...	25	High	10.100.101.151 10.100...	Controllers	Rockwell	
BMX_NOC3801	Communication M...	16	High	10.100.105.40	Controllers	Schneider	
QM11542-1-1	Communication M...	16	High	10.100.102.70 10.100.1...	Controllers	Siemens	
00300422830C	Communication M...	13	High	10.100.111.5	Controllers	Wago Corporation	
Comm_Adapter_#253	Communication M...	8	High		Controllers	Rockwell	

Group Lists By Categories (4.0 and later)

1. In the table header, click the **Group By** drop-down list.



2. Select the parameter to use to group the list. For example: **Name**.

Tip: Use the **Search** box to search for a specific parameter.

OT Security groups the list by the selected parameter.

Note: Use the **Expand All** or **Collapse All** buttons to expand or collapse the list respectively.

Sort Columns



To sort the lists:

1. Click a column heading to sort the assets by that parameter. For example, click the **Name** heading to display the assets in alphabetical order by Name.
2. Click the column heading again to reverse the display order (that is, A→Z, Z→A).

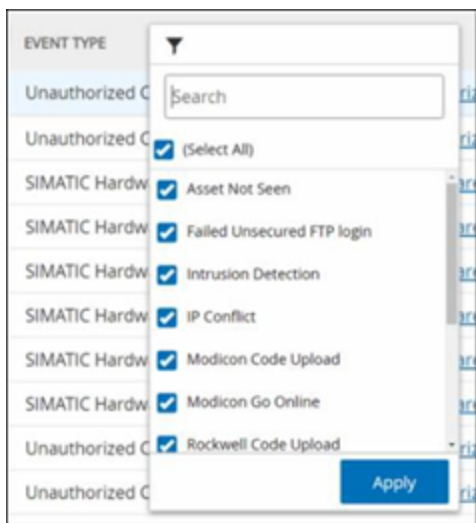
Filter Columns (3.19 and earlier)

You can set filters for one or more column headings. The filters are cumulative so that only lists that fit all the filter criteria are displayed. The filter options are specific to each column heading. Each page offers a selection of relevant filters. For example, in the **Controllers Inventory** window, you can filter by **Name**, **Addresses**, **Type**, **Backplane**, and **Vendor**.

To filter the lists:

1. Hover over a column heading to show the filter icon ▼.
2. Click the filter icon ▼.

A list of filter options appears. The options are specific to each parameter.



3. Select the elements to display and clear the checkboxes for those to hide.

Note: You can start by clearing the **Select All** checkbox and then selecting the ones you want to show.



4. You can search the list for filters and select or clear them.
5. Click **Apply**.

OT Security filters the lists as specified.

The filter ▼ button next to the column heading indicates that the results are filtered by that parameter.

To remove the filters:

1. Click filter ▼ button.
2. Click **Select All** checkbox to clear all selections.
3. Click again on the **Select All** checkbox to select all elements.
4. Click **Apply**.

Filter Columns (4.0 and later)

1. In the table header, click the + **Add Filter** drop-down list.

A drop-down menu appears with available filter elements.

All Assets

+ Add Filter

ID>

Slot>

Name>

Type>

Risk Score>

IP>

Criticality>

MAC>

Category>

Vendor>

Family>

Model>

Firmware>

and AllCollapse

Type

PLC

Communic

PLC

PLC

PLC

PLC

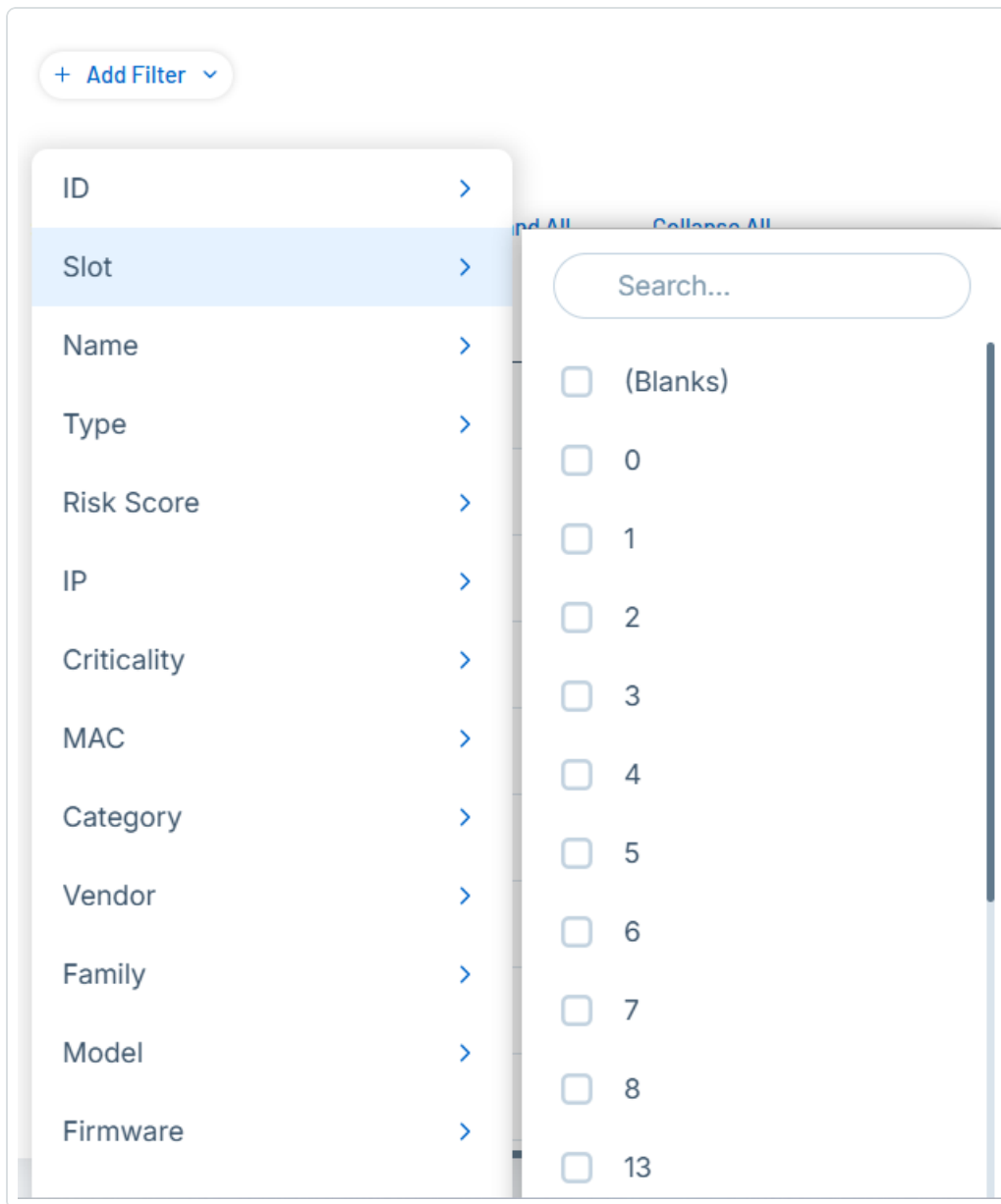
PLC

PLC

Power Sup

2. Select the element you want to filter by.

A list of filter options appears.



3. Select the checkboxes next to the options you want to filter.

Tip: Use the **Search** box to search for specific filter options.

Save a Filter

You can save the filters that you use frequently and access them from **Saved Filters** as needed. This allows you to save and quickly return to your specific filtered views.



Inventory

All Assets

Controllers & Modules

Network Assets

IoT Assets



Search...



+ Add Filter ▾

Filter_1_type

New_saved filter

saved_filter_1

IP saved filters

Copy of Filter_1_type

backplane filter

ons ▾

Group By ▾



Type

Risk Score ▾

Criticality

PLC

76

High

Communication Mo...

75

High

PLC

71

High

Note: The Save Filter functionality is available on the **Inventory**, **Findings > Vulnerabilities**, and **Findings > Policy Violations** pages.

To save a frequently used filter:

1. In the table header, click the **+ Add Filter** drop-down list.

A drop-down menu appears with available filter elements.

2. Select the required filter elements.

3. Click **Apply Filter**.

OT Security displays the filtered results.

4. To save the filter, click **Save Filter**.

The **Save Filter** panel appears.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the filter.

6. Click **Save**.



OT Security saves the filter.

7. To access the saved filters, click the  button.

The list of saved filters appears.

8. Click the required filter and view the filtered results.

Modify Saved Filters

You can make changes to existing saved filters.

To make changes to an existing saved filter:

1. In the table header, click the  button.

The list of saved filters appears.

2. Click an existing saved filter you want to modify.
3. Add or remove filter elements as required.
4. Click **Save Filter** and select **Save Changes**.

OT Security saves the changes to the filter.

Create a Copy of the Saved Filter

You can create a duplicate of the saved filter and save it as a new filter.

To duplicate a saved filter and save it under a new name:

1. In the table header, click the  button.

The list of saved filters appears.

2. Click an existing saved filter you want to copy.
3. Click **Save Filter** and select **Save as Copy**.

The **Save Filter** panel appears.

4. In the **Name** box, change the filter name.
5. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the filter.



Remove All Filters


To clear all applied filters and return the table to its original, unfiltered state:

- In the table header, click **Remove All Filters**.

Search (3.19 and earlier)

On each page, you can search for specific records.



To search the lists:

1. In the **Search** box, type the search text.
2. Click the  button.
3. To clear the search text, click the **x** button.

Search (4.0 and later)

On each page, you can search for specific records.

To search the lists:

1. In the **Search** box, type the search text.
2. Click the  button.
3. To clear the search text, click the  button.


Export Data

You can export data from any of the lists shown in the OT Security UI (For example: Events, and Inventory.) as a CSV file.

Note: The exported file includes all data for that page, even if filters have been applied to the current display.

To export data:



1. Go to the page for which you want to export data.
2. In the header bar, click the  button.

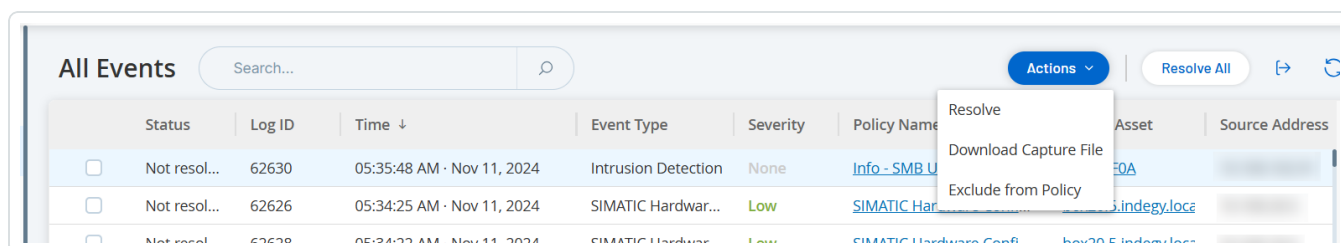
OT Security downloads a CSV format of the data.

Actions Menu

Each screen has a series of actions that you can take for the elements on the screen. For example, in the **Policies** screen, you can **View**, **Edit**, **Duplicate** or **Delete** a Policy. In the **Events** screen, you can **Resolve** or **Download Capture File** for an event.

To access the **Actions** menu, do one of the following:

- Select an element, then click **Actions** in the header bar.
- Right-click the element, then select **Actions**.





OT Security Overview

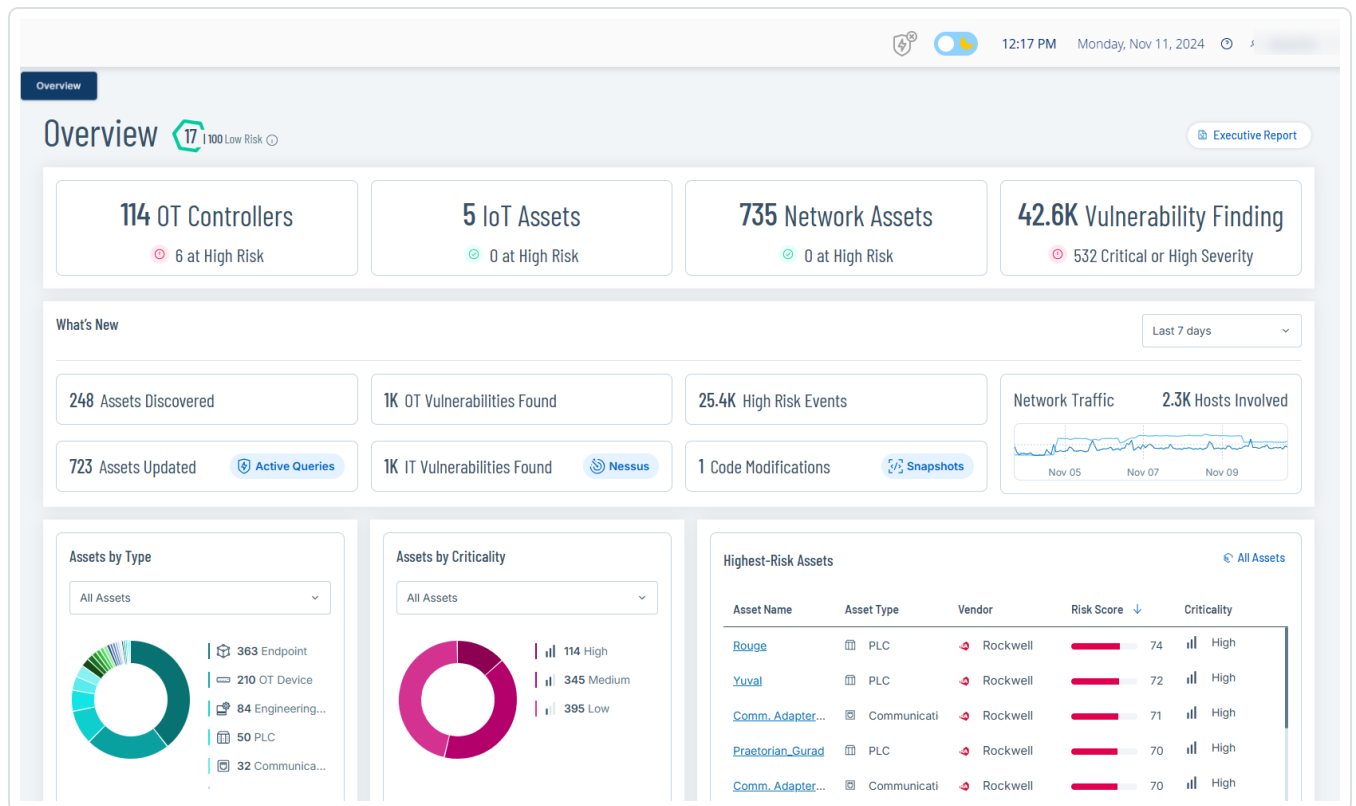
Use the **Overview** page to view key insights of your OT environment through interactive widgets. The widgets on this page provide real-time insights into your environment such as:

- Information about your environment's security posture.
- A summary of what recently changed since your last login.
- A breakdown of the different types of assets in your inventory.
- The current state of assets and vulnerabilities.
- Assets that pose the highest risk.
- Timestamp of your last code revision.

To access the **Overview** page:

1. In the left navigation bar, click **Overview**.

The **Overview** page appears.



The **Overview** page includes the following widgets:



Widget	Description
Risk Score	The average risk score. Hover over the value to get a breakdown of the average risk score.
Assets and Vulnerabilities	<p>The current state of assets and vulnerabilities in your environment. Includes separate widgets for each asset type (OT Controllers, Network Assets, IoT Assets) that show the number of assets in that category and the number of assets that are at high risk.</p> <div>Note: Assets with a risk score of 70 and above are considered to be at high risk.</div>
What's New	<p>A summary of changes since your last login such as new assets, vulnerabilities, and high risk events. Drill-down to open the respective assets, events, or vulnerabilities page to view the filtered assets, vulnerabilities, or events.</p> <p>A summary of changes since your last login, such as new assets, vulnerabilities, high risk violations, and operational violations. Drill-down to open the respective assets, Findings, or Vulnerabilities page to view the filtered assets, vulnerabilities, or events.</p> <p>Use the filter drop-down to filter the results by Last 1 day, Last 7 days (default), or Last 30 days.</p>
Assets by Type	The number of assets by type, such as endpoint, PLC, and OT device.
Assets by Criticality	The number of assets by their criticality: High, Medium, or Low.
Highest Risk Assets	Lists all high risk assets with details such as asset name, type, vendor, risk score, and criticality. To go to the All Assets page: in the upper-right corner, click the All Assets link.
Executive Report	Generates a risk assessment report of your OT environment. For more information, see Generate an Executive Report .

Generate an Executive Report



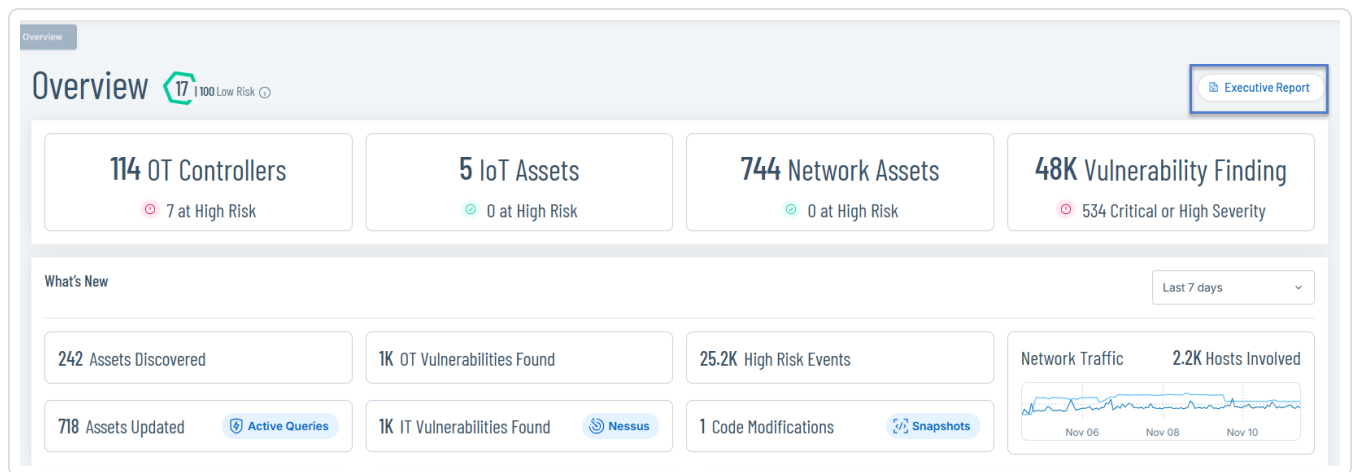
You can generate a risk assessment report for your environment based on the data from the last 30 days. OT Security uses key widgets from the **Risk**, **Inventory**, and **Events and Policies** dashboards to create a high-level graphical overview highlighting high risk assets, critical and common vulnerabilities, common plugin families, and recently discovered assets.

Use the report's charts, such as vulnerabilities by severity, assets by risk score, and assets by criticality, to identify critical assets and the most severe vulnerabilities in your environment over the last 30 days.

To generate a monthly report:

1. In the left navigation bar, go to **Overview**.

The **Overview** page appears.



2. In the upper-right corner, click **Executive Report**.

OT Security opens the report on your browser.

3. To download the report as PDF, click **Save as PDF** at the top of the page.

The **Print** dialog box appears.

4. In the **Destination** drop-down box, select **Save as PDF**.
5. Browse to the location where you want to save the report.
6. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the report in the PDF format.



Inventory

OT Security's Automated Asset Discovery, Classification, and Management provides an accurate, up-to-date asset inventory by continuously tracking all changes to devices. This simplifies sustaining of operational continuity, reliability, and safety. It also plays a key role in planning maintenance projects, prioritizing upgrades, patch deployments, incident response, and mitigation efforts.

Viewing Assets

Inventory

All Assets

Controllers & Modules

Network Assets

IoT Assets

Search...

+ Add Filter

969 Assets

Actions

Group By

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	Subnets	Source	Tags
<input type="checkbox"/>	Comm. Adapter #12	Communication Mo...	70	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	testigy	PLC	67	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	PLC #63	PLC	66	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Comm. Adapter #20	Communication Mo...	66	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Comm. Adapter #23	Communication Mo...	66	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	A10-L81E	PLC	62	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	BMX NCO0401	Communication Mo...	61	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	ML1100	PLC	60	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Praetorian_Gurad	PLC	60	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	RTU #1	RTU	59	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	
<input type="checkbox"/>	CPU 412-2 PN/DP	PLC	59	High			nic1 (Local) nic0 (Local)	

Inventory

All Assets

Controllers & Modules

Network Assets

IoT Assets

Search...

+ Add Filter

2291 Assets

Actions

Group By

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	Subnets
<input type="checkbox"/>		PLC	76	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		Communication Mo...	75	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		PLC	71	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		PLC	70	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		Communication Mo...	68	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		Communication Mo...	67	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		Communication Mo...	66	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		PLC	66	High		
<input type="checkbox"/>		Communication Mo...	66	High		

165 -



All the assets in the network appear on the **Inventory** pages. The Inventory page includes details about the asset that enables comprehensive asset management as well as monitoring of the status of each asset and its related events. OT Security collects this data using the Network Detection and Active Query capabilities. The **All** page shows data for all types of assets. In addition, specific subsets of the assets are shown on separate screens for each of the following asset types:

Controllers and Modules, Network Assets, and IoT.

Note: The Network Assets screen includes all types of assets that aren't included in the Controllers and Modules or IoT screens.

For each of the asset pages (**All, Controllers and Modules, Network Assets, and IoT**), you can customize the display settings by adjusting which columns are displayed and where each column is positioned. You can also sort and filter the assets list as well as perform a search. For information about how to customize tables, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).

The following table describes parameters on the **Inventory** pages.

Parameters marked with an * are only shown on the **Controllers** page.

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the asset in the network. Click the name of the asset to view the Asset Details screen for that asset (See Inventory .)
IP	<p>The IP address of the asset.</p> <p>Note: An asset may have multiple IP addresses.</p> <p>Note: IP addresses labeled as Direct are ones with which Tenable has established a direct connection. If there is no label, it means Tenable has discovered the IP without direct communication.</p> <p>Note: Assets can be filtered by IP range. For more on filtering, see Management Console User Interface Elements.</p>
Subnets	The subnets discovered by querying network devices through SNMP.
Source	The name of the source. For example, nic 1 or nic 2 for a local source or the sensor name if the source is a sensor.




Parameter	Description
MAC	The MAC address of the asset.
Tags	The tags you create for the asset in the Asset Groups & Tags page.
Network Segment	The Network Segment that the IP/s of this asset are assigned to.
Type	The type of asset, Controller, I/O, or Communication, etc. see Asset Types .
Backplane*	The backplane unit that the asset is connected to. Additional details about the backplane configuration are shown in the Asset Details screen.
Slot*	For assets that are on backplanes, shows the number of the slot to which the asset is attached.
Vendor	The asset vendor.
Family*	The family name of the product as defined by the asset vendor.
Firmware	The firmware version currently installed on the asset.
Location	The location of the asset as input by the user in the OT Security asset details. See Edit Asset Details .
Last Seen	The time at which the device was last seen by OT Security. This is the last time that the device was connected to the network or performed an activity.
OS	The OS running on the asset.
Model Name	The model name of the asset.
State*	<p>The device state. Possible values:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Backup - the controller is running as a backup to a primary controller.• Fault - the controller is in fault mode.• NoConfig - no configuration has been set for the controller.• Running - the controller is running.• Stopped - the controller is not running.















Parameter	Description
	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Unknown - the state is unknown.
Description	A brief description of the asset, as configured by the user in the OT Security asset details. See Edit Asset Details .
Risk	A measure of the degree of risk related to this asset on a scale from 0 (no risk) to 100 (extremely high risk). For an explanation of how the Risk score is calculated, see Risk Assessment .
Criticality	A measure of the importance of this asset to the proper functioning of the system. A value is assigned automatically to each asset based on the asset type. You can manually adjust the value.
Purdue Level	The Purdue level of the asset (0=Physical process, 1=Intelligent devices, 2=Control systems, 3=Manufacturing operations systems, 4=Business logistics systems).
Custom Field	You can create custom fields to tag your assets with relevant info. The custom field can be a link to an external resource.

Asset Types









The following table describes the various types of assets identified by OT Security. It also shows the icon by which each asset type is represented in the OT Security Management Console (for example on the Network Map screen).

Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types
Controllers	High / 1	An industrial computer control system that continuously monitors the state of input devices and	 Controller











Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
		makes decisions based upon a custom program to control the state of output devices. This category includes all types of controllers and their related components.		PLC
				DCS
				IED
				RTU
				BMSController
				Robot
				Communication Module
				I/O Module
				CNC
				PowerSupply
				BackplaneModule
Field	High / 1	An industrial device (for		FieldDevice










Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
Devices		example sensor, actuator, electric motor) that uses industrial protocols to send information to ICS systems.		PowerMeter
				Remotel/O
				Relay
				Inverter
				IndustrialSensor
				Drive
				Actuator
OT Devices	Medium / 2	This category includes all types of OT devices.		OTDevice
				IndustrialRouter









Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
				
				IndustrialSwitch
				IndustrialGateway
				IndustrialNetwork Device
				IndustrialPrinter
OT Servers	Medium / 2	A computer/device that is used to access industrial data. This category includes all types of OT servers and their related components.		OTServer
				Historian
				HMI











Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
Network Devices	Medium / 3	A networking device (for example a switch or a router). This category includes all types of network devices and their related components.		DataLogger
				NetworkDevice
				Router
				Switch
				Serial- EthernetBridge
				Gateway
				Hub











Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
				WirelessAccess Point
				Firewall
				Converter
				Repeater
				Radio
Workstations	Low / 3	A computer that is connected to the network and used to control the PLCs. This category includes all types of workstations and their related components.		Workstation
				OT Workstation




Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
				
				EngineeringStation
				VirtualWorkstation
Servers	Low / 3	This category includes various types of IT servers.		Server
				FileServer
				WebServer
				VirtualServer
				SecurityAppliance
				TenableICP











Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
				
				TenableEM
				TenableSensor
				Domain Controller
				IoT
IoTs	Low / 3	This category includes various type of interrelated devices.		Camera
				Panel
				Projector
				VOIPDevice











Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types
			



Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types
			 3DPrinter
			 Printer
			 UPS
			 IP Phone
			 SmartSensor
			 BarcodeScanner
			 AccessControl System
			 LightingControl
			HVACModule



Category	Default Criticality Level / Purdue Level	Description	Sub-Types	
				
				SmartHub
				SmartTV
				MedicalDevice
				Tablet
				MobileDevice
				StorageDevice
Endpoints	Low / 3	An unidentified IP address in the network.		Endpoint

[View Asset Details](#)



Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

The **Asset Details** page shows comprehensive details about all data that OT Security discovers for a selected asset. The details appear in the Header bar as well as in a series of tabs and subsections. Some tabs and subsections are relevant only for specific Asset Types.

The screenshot displays the 'Asset Details' page for a PLC asset named 'Rouge'. The header bar shows the asset name 'Rouge' and 'PLC' with a risk score of 74. Below the header, there are several tabs: 'Details', 'Overview', 'Backplane View', 'Code Revision', 'IP Trail', 'Attack Vectors', 'Open Ports', 'Vulnerabilities', 'Events', 'Network Map', 'Related Assets', and 'Sources'. The 'Details' tab is active, showing a table with fields like NAME, PURDUE LEVEL, STATE, ADDITIONAL IPS, ADDITIONAL MACS, FAMILY, VENDOR, MODEL NAME, LAST SEEN, FIRST SEEN, LAST UPDATE, SOURCES, NETWORK SEGMENTS, CRITICALITY, and RISK SCORE. The 'Backplane View' tab shows a diagram of the backplane with slots 0 through 9, each containing a component like 'Comm. Adapter #44', 'Comm. Adapter #48', 'Comm. Adapter #45', 'Yuval', 'A10', 'Rouge', 'Comm. Adapter #47', 'Comm. Adapter #43', and 'Comm. Adapter #46'. The 'Overview' tab shows a table with fields like NAME, PURDUE LEVEL, STATE, ADDITIONAL IPS, ADDITIONAL MACS, FAMILY, VENDOR, MODEL NAME, LAST SEEN, FIRST SEEN, LAST UPDATE, SOURCES, NETWORK SEGMENTS, CRITICALITY, and RISK SCORE.

To access the **Asset Details** page for a specific asset:

1. Do one of the following:

- Click the asset name on any of these pages where the asset name appears as a link: **Inventory**, **Events**, or **Network**.
- On the **Inventory** page, click **Actions > View**.

The following elements are included in the **Asset Details** window (for relevant asset types):

- **Header Pane** – shows an overview of essential info about the asset and its current state. It also contains an Actions menu that enables you to edit the listing for that asset.



- **Details** – shows detailed information divided into subsection with specific data that is relevant to various asset types.
- **Code Revisions** (for controllers only) – shows information about current as well as previous code revisions as discovered by the OT Security 'snapshot' function. This includes details of all the specific changes that were introduced to the code, that is the sections (code blocks/runs) that were added, deleted, or changed.
- **IP Trail** – shows all current and historical IPs that are related to the asset.
- **Attack Vectors** – shows vulnerable attack vectors, that is the routes that an attacker can use to gain access to this asset. You can generate an attack vector automatically, to show the most critical attack vector or you can manually generate attack vectors from specific assets.
- **Open Ports** – shows info about open ports on the asset.
- **Vulnerabilities** – shows the fixed and active vulnerabilities the system identified for the selected asset, such as obsolete Windows operating systems, usage of vulnerable protocols, and open communications ports which are known to be risky or non-essential for specific types of devices, see [Vulnerabilities](#).
- **Events** – a list of Events in the network involving the asset.
- **Network Map** – shows a graphic visualization of the network connections of the asset.
- **Device Ports** (for network switches) – shows info about ports on the network switch.
- **Related Assets** – shows the list of all nested assets.
- **Sources** – shows all information related to the source of the asset such as the location, type, the IP and Mac addresses of the asset, and the first and last reported time.

Header Pane

The Header Pane shows an overview of the current state of the asset.

Rouge

PLC

74

Actions

Resync

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family
Firmware		Rockwell	1756-L61/B LOGIX5561	Nov 27, 2024 06:52:31 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix 5560
20.055						

The display includes the following elements:



- **Name** - the name of the asset.
- [Back link](#) - sends you back to the screen from which you accessed this asset screen.
- **Asset Type** - shows icon and name of the asset type.
- **Asset Overview** - shows essential info about the asset, including IP/s, Vendor, Family, Model, Firmware, and Last Seen (date and time).
- **Risk Score Widget** - shows the Risk score for the asset. The Risk score is an assessment (from 1 to 100) of the degree of threat posed to the asset. For an explanation of how the value is determined, see [Risk Assessment](#). Click on the Risk Score indicator to show an expanded widget with a breakdown of the factors that contribute to assessing the Risk level (Unresolved Events, Vulnerabilities, and Criticality). Some of the elements are a link to the relevant screen that shows details about that element.

Unresolved Events 3544	Vulnerabilities 3	Criticality High	74
---------------------------	----------------------	---------------------	----

- **Actions** menu - Allows you to edit the asset details or run a Tenable Nessus scan.
- **Resync** - Click to manually run one or more of the queries that are available for this asset. See [Perform Resync](#).

Details

The **Details** tab shows additional details about the selected asset. The information is divided into sections showing various types of system and configuration data for the specified asset. OT Security displays only the sections relevant to the specified asset. The following list includes all possible section categories for various asset types: Overview, General, Project, Memory, Ethernet, Profinet, OS, System, Hardware, Devices & Drives, USB Devices, Installed Software, IEC-61850, and Interface Status.

Note: OT Security displays only those details that it extracts from the asset. Not all sections may appear for all the assets. For example, **General**, **Nessus Scan Information**.

The following table shows the details in the **Overview** section:



Section	Description
Name	The asset name obtained either through passive monitoring or active query, or automatically generated using asset type and a unique identifier.
Description	The description of the asset from the user.
Purdue Level	The Purdue Model level assigned to the asset.
State	The current operational status of the asset. The field is relevant for specific asset types, typically controllers.
Direct IP	The IP address present on or configured for that specific asset or module.
Direct Mac	The Mac address physically present on or configured for that specific asset or module.
Additional IPs	<p>IP addresses associated with other modules sharing a backplane or similar infrastructure with the asset used to access the asset indirectly.</p> <p>For example, a PLC (controller module) may lack its own network interface and is accessed via an IP address configured on a communication module installed in a different slot. Note that the asset may have connections other than a backplane.</p>
Additional Macs	Mac addresses associated with other modules sharing a backplane or similar infrastructure used to access the asset indirectly.
Family	The device family or product line to which the asset belongs.
Vendor	The manufacturer or supplier of the asset.
Model Name	The specific model number of the asset.
Last Seen	<p>The date and time when OT Security most recently detected the asset.</p> <p>OT Security may update this field when replaying a PCAP (traffic capture file) or performing a similar analysis.</p>
First Seen	The date and time when the asset was initially detected, which may be the same as or earlier than the Last Seen value.
Last Update	The date and time or the most recent update of any of the asset's details.



Section	Description
	Note: Any manual change to the asset information, such as updating the description updates this value, whether or not the asset is currently active or recently detected.
Sources	The sources (such as sensors, PCAPs, local interfaces) identified or are associated with the asset.
Network Segments	The network segments assigned or associated with the asset.
Criticality	The importance of the asset assessed as High, Medium, or Low.
Risk Score	Reflects the potential impact of risk associated with the asset. The score is influenced by factors such as criticality, vulnerabilities, unresolved events (and their duration), related assets (for example, via backplane), and other relevant considerations.
Tags	The tags associated with the asset. See Asset Groups & Tags .

Backplane View



- Last Successful Scan
- Last Authenticated Scan
- Last Scan Duration

The screenshot shows the Tenable OT Security interface. The sidebar on the left contains navigation options: Inventory, All Assets, Controllers and Modules, Network Assets, IoT, Network Map, Risks, Active Queries, Queries Management, Credentials, Network, Groups, Local Settings, Sensors, System Configuration, Environment Configur..., User Management, Integrations, and IoT Connectors. The main content area displays the details of a Tenable ICP #25 asset. The asset details table includes fields: IP (Direct), MAC (Direct), Vendor (Tenable), Last Seen (Jan 6, 2025 08:40:33 PM), State (Unknown), and OS (Tenable Core). The 'Details' section on the left lists: IP Trail, Attack Vectors, Open Ports, Vulnerabilities (Active (73), Fixed (0)), Events, Network Map, Related Assets, and Sources. The 'Overview' section on the right lists: NAME (Tenable ICP #25), PURDUE LEVEL (Level 3), STATE (Unknown), DIRECT IP, DIRECT MAC, VENDOR (Tenable), OS (Tenable Core), LAST SEEN (08:40:33 PM · Jan 6, 2025), FIRST SEEN (07:38:18 PM · Jan 2, 2025), LAST UPDATE (03:16:18 PM · Jan 6, 2025), SOURCES (nic1 (Local), nic0 (Local), Nessus (Nessus), Active-Ot (ActiveOt)), NETWORK SEGMENTS (Security Appliance), CRITICALITY (Low), and RISK SCORE (26). A red box highlights the 'Nessus Scan Information' section, which shows: LAST SUCCESSFUL SCAN (04:19:24 PM · Jan 6, 2025) and LAST SCAN DURATION (21 minutes (12:20:05 PM · Apr 21, 1984)).

IEC 61850

The IEC 61850 section on the **Details** page shows the following configuration for the specific IED asset.

- Vendor
- Model
- Revision



IED #3

IED

15

Actions

Resync

IP	MAC	Vendor	Last Seen	State
		ABB	Jan 27, 2025 10:08:18 AM	Unknown

Details

IP Trail

Attack Vectors

Open Ports

Vulnerabilities

Active (9)

Fixed (0)

Events

Network Map

Related Assets

IEC 61850

Sources

NAME	IED #3
PURDUE LEVEL	Level 1
STATE	Unknown
DIRECT IP	
DIRECT MAC	
VENDOR	ABB
LAST SEEN	10:08:18 AM · Jan 27, 2025
FIRST SEEN	03:59:22 PM · Jan 20, 2025
LAST UPDATE	05:36:18 AM · Jan 27, 2025
SOURCES	nic1 (Local)
NETWORK SEGMENTS	Controller
CRITICALITY	High
RISK SCORE	15
IEC-61850	
VENDOR	ABB
MODEL	IEC61850 8-1 SVR
REVISION	ISS V5.30.00.24

For more information about the SCD files, see the following:

- [SCD Files](#)
- [IEC 61850](#)

Code Revisions

The **Code Revision** tab (for Controllers only) shows the various versions of the controller's code that were captured by OT Security "snapshots". Each "snapshot" version includes information about the code revision at the time that the "snapshot" was taken, including details about specific sections (code blocks/rungs) and tags. Whenever a "snapshot" isn't identical to the previous "snapshot" of that controller, a new Version of the code revision is created. You can compare between versions to see what changes were made to the controller code.



Version 3
08:50:50 AM · Nov 10, 2021
Version 2
08:49:29 AM · Nov 10, 2021
Version 1
09:02:29 PM · Nov 9, 2021

Baseline

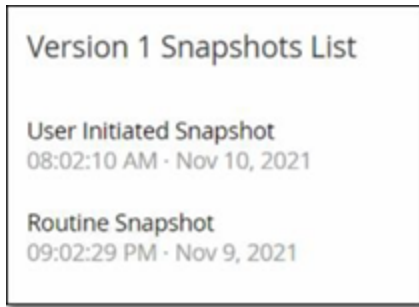
This pane shows a list of all available versions of the code revision for this controller. For each version the Start time that the version is known to have been in place is displayed. A new version is created each time that a change is detected from the previous "snapshot". The "Baseline" tag indicates which version is currently set as the baseline version for the purpose of comparison. Select a version to show its code revisions in the Snapshot Details pane.

Snapshot Details Pane

Version 3	Search...	Compare to	Previous Version	Set
Name	Size	Compiled on		
Router(30)				
Tags(2)				
(Dir) RouterTag1	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
(Bool) VAXTEK1	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
Tasks(26)				
MainTask(23)				
Programs(22)				
MainProgram(21)				
Routines(2)				
(Ladder) Main_Routine	16	Nov 10, 2021 08:49:30 AM		
(SFC) SFC1	432	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
Tags(17)				
(Bool) MyBit	0	Nov 10, 2021 08:49:30 AM		
(SfcStep) Step_000	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
(SfcStep) Step_001	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
(Bool) Tran_000	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
(Bool) Tran_001	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		
(Dir) ___SL7162	0	Nov 9, 2021 09:02:29 PM		

The details pane shows detailed information about the specific code blocks, rungs and tags for the selected snapshot version. The code elements are displayed in a tree structure with arrows for expanding/minimizing the details shown. For each element, the name, size, and date compiled are shown. You can compare the selected version to the previous version or to the "baseline" version to see what changes were made, see [Compare Snapshot Versions](#).

Version History Pane



This pane shows details about the "snapshot" that captured the selected version, including the method by which it was initiated as well as the date and time that it was captured.

If no changes were made between snapshots, then several snapshots are grouped together as a single version. All the identical snapshots are listed in the Snapshot History pane for that version.

Compare Snapshot Versions

You can compare a Snapshot version either to the previous version or to the baseline version. Once a comparison has been run, the Snapshot Details pane shows the changes that were made to the controller's code between the two snapshots.

Changes are marked in the following manner:

 Added - new code that was added in the selected version.

 Deleted - code that was deleted from the selected version.

 Edited - code that was edited in the selected version.

To compare a snapshot version to the previous version:

1. On the **Inventory > Controllers** screen, select the desired controller.
2. Click on the **Code Revision** tab.
3. In the **Version Selection** pane, select the version that you would like to analyze.
4. At the top of the **Snapshot Details** pane, in the comparison field, select **Previous Version** from the dropdown menu.
5. Click the **Compare to** checkbox.



The Snapshot Details pane shows all differences between the two versions. For each change, an icon indicates the type of change that occurred.

The screenshot shows a web interface for comparing two versions of a project. At the top, there's a search bar and a 'Compare to' dropdown menu set to 'Previous Version'. Below this is a tree view showing the project structure: Rouge (7) > Tasks (6) > MainTask (5) > Programs (4) > MainProgram (3) > Tags (2). The 'Tags (2)' folder is expanded, showing two files: '(Dint) koko' and '(Dint) koko3'. The file '(Dint) koko' has a red square icon, indicating a deletion, and the file '(Dint) koko3' has a green plus icon, indicating an addition. Both files have a size of 0 and were compiled on Nov 10, 2021 at 08:49:30 AM and 08:50:50 AM respectively.

Name	Size	Compiled on
▼ Rouge (7)		
▼ Tasks (6)		
▼ MainTask (5)		
▼ Programs (4)		
▼ MainProgram (3)		
▼ Tags (2)		
■ (Dint) koko	0	Nov 10, 2021 08:49:30 AM
+ (Dint) koko3	0	Nov 10, 2021 08:50:50 AM

To compare a snapshot version to an earlier version (other than the previous version):

1. On the **Inventory > Controllers** screen, select the desired controller.
2. Click on the **Code Revision** tab.
3. In the **Version Selection** pane, select the version that you would like to use as the baseline for comparison.
4. In the top of the **Snapshot Details** pane, click **Set Version as Baseline**.

The **Baseline** tag is shown for the selected version, indicating that it is set as the baseline version.

Note: Setting a version as the baseline affects only comparisons made using this screen. It does not affect Policies that check for Snapshot Mismatch.

5. In the **Version Selection** pane, select the version that you would like to compare to the baseline.
6. Click the **Compare to** checkbox.
7. In the field next to the **Compare to** checkbox, select **Baseline Version** from the drop-down menu.



The **Snapshot Details** pane shows all differences between the two versions. For each change, an icon indicates the type of change that occurred.

Create a Snapshot

You can manually initiate a snapshot. Tenable recommends that you perform a snapshot before and after a technician services a controller.

To create a snapshot of a controller:

1. On the **Inventory > Controllers** screen, select the desired controller.
2. Click on the **Code Revision** tab.
3. In the upper right-hand corner of the **Snapshot Details** pane, click **Take Snapshot**.

The User Initiated Snapshot is created.

If no changes are identified, then a new User Identified Snapshot is added to the Revision History pane for the latest version. If changes are identified, then a new version is created showing the code revision changes.

IP Trail

The **IP Trail** tab shows all IPs relevant to this asset. The Network Card column shows a listing of network cards used by this asset. Click on the arrow next to a network card to expand the listing to show the IPs of all assets connected to the shared backplane.

<div> <div> </div> <div> Rouge PLC </div> </div>		<div> <div>74</div> <div>Actions</div> <div>Resync</div> </div>				
IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family
20.055		Rockwell	1756-L61/B LOGIX5561	Nov 27, 2024 08:41:46 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix 5560
<div> <div>Details</div> <div>Code Revision</div> <div>IP Trail</div> <div>Attack Vectors</div> <div>Open Ports</div> <div>Vulnerabilities</div> <div>Active (3)</div> <div>Fixed (0)</div> <div>Events</div> <div>Network Map</div> <div>Related Assets</div> <div>Sources</div> </div>						
<div> <div>Search...</div> <div> <div>IP</div> <div>Start Date</div> <div>End Date</div> </div> </div>						
<div> <div>1756-EN2T/D Slot 1 (1)</div> <div> <div>Oct 30, 2024 09:53:07 AM</div> <div>Active</div> </div> </div>						
<div> <div>1756-EN2TR/C Slot 6 (1)</div> <div> <div>Oct 30, 2024 09:53:48 AM</div> <div>Active</div> </div> </div>						
<div> <div>1756-ENBT/A Slot 8 (1)</div> <div> <div>Oct 30, 2024 09:53:58 AM</div> <div>Active</div> </div> </div>						
<div> <div>1756-L81E/B Slot 3 (1)</div> <div> <div>Oct 30, 2024 09:53:07 AM</div> <div>Active</div> </div> </div>						

The lists include the Start and End Dates of the usage of the IP address. The options for End Date are:

- **Active** - the IP address is currently being used for this asset.
- **{date/time}** - the last date and time the IP address was active for this asset (if it has been active within the last 30 days).
- **{date/time} (Inactive)** - the last date and time the IP address was active for this asset (if it has been inactive for 30 days or more).
- **Inactive** - the IP address is being used by another asset.

Attack Vectors

An attacker can compromise a critical access by taking advantage of a vulnerable “weak link” in the network to gain access to the critical asset. The critical asset is the target (destination) of the attack, and the Attack Vector is the route the attacker uses to gain access to that asset.

How do we determine the attack vector?

Once the target asset is specified, the system calculates all of the potential attack vectors that could enable access to this asset and identify the path that has the highest risk potential for compromising



this asset. The calculation factors in multiple parameters and uses a risk-based approach in order to identify the most critical attack vector. The parameters include:

- Asset risk level
- Length of the path
- Asset to asset communication method
- External communication (Internet/Corporate) vs. internal communication

Recommended Mitigation Steps

In order to minimize the risk of a potential attack using the selected vector, the recommended mitigation steps include the following:

- Reducing the associated and individual risk scores of the assets which are included in the attack vector.
- Minimizing or removing network access to external networks (Internet or corporate networks)
- Examining the communication paths along the chain and validating their relevance to the process. In case they are not vital, they should be removed (for example Port closing or service removal) in order to eliminate the potential attack path.

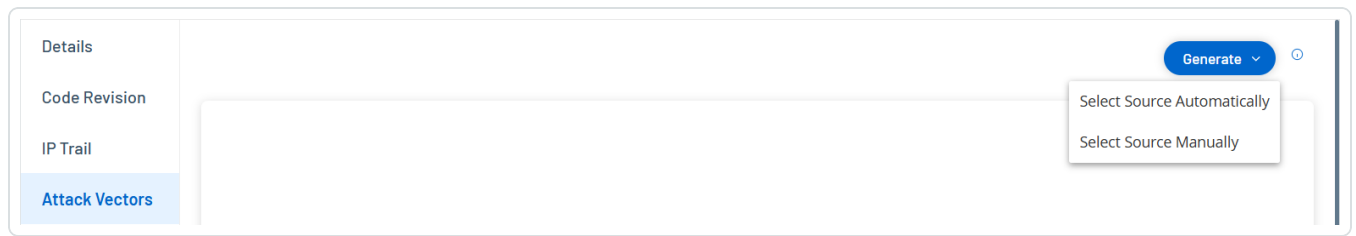
Generate Attack Vectors

Attack Vectors need to be generated manually for each relevant target asset. This is done on the Attack Vectors tab for the desired target asset. There are two methods for generating Attack Vectors:

- **Automatic** - OT Security assesses all potential attack vectors and identifies the most vulnerable path.
- **Manual** - You specify a particular source asset and OT Security shows you the potential path (if any) that can be used to access your target asset.

To generate an automatic Attack Vector:

1. Navigate to the **Asset Details** page for the desired target asset and click on the **Attack Vector** tab.
2. Click **Generate** and then click **Select Source Automatically** from the drop-down list.



The Attack Vector is generated automatically and is displayed in the **Attack Vector** tab.

To generate a manual Attack Vector:

1. Navigate to the **Asset Details** page for the desired target asset and click on the **Attack Vector** tab.
2. Click **Generate** and then click **Select Source Manually** from the drop-down list.

The **Select Source** window appears.



Select Source



1757 Assets

Name	Risk Score	Type
Endpoint #1721	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #1526	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #875	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #286	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #258	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #1458	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #1711	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #95	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #1543	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #1204	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint
Endpoint #910	<div><div></div></div> 0	Endpoint

Cancel

Generate

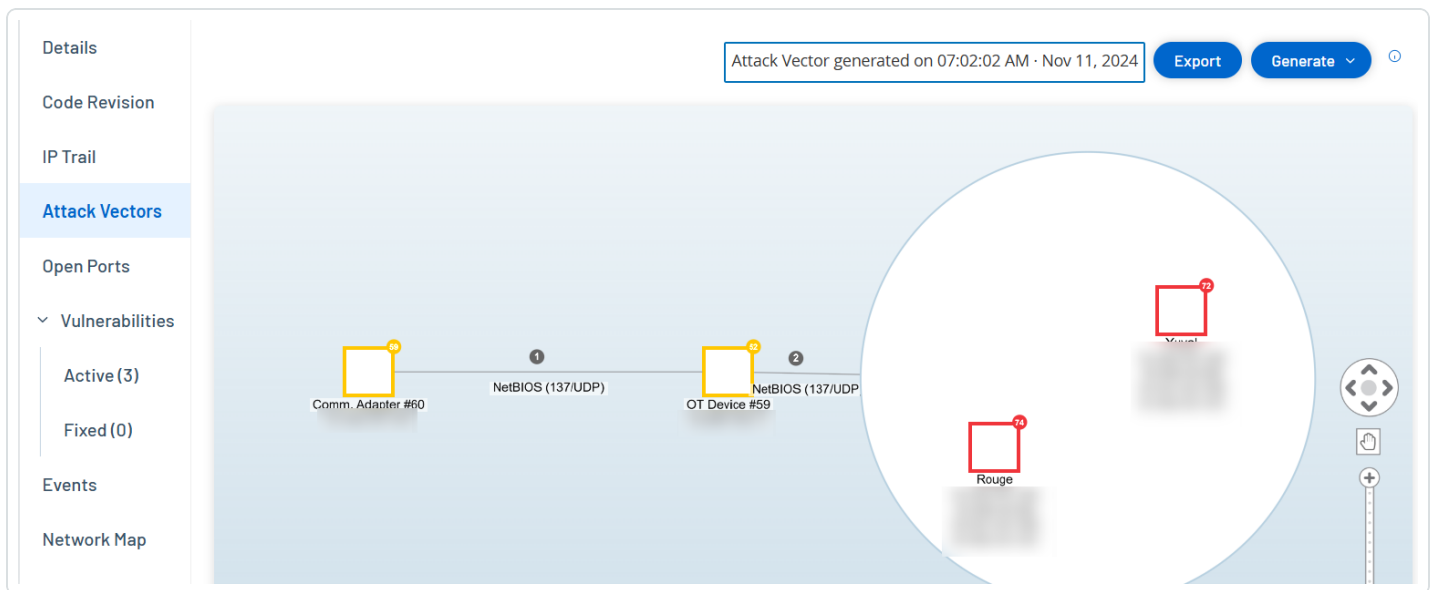


Note: By default, the source assets are sorted by Risk score. You can adjust the display settings or search for the desired asset.

3. Select the required source asset.
4. Click **Generate**.

The Attack Vector is generated and is displayed in the **Attack Vector** tab.

Viewing Attack Vectors



The Attack Vectors tab shows a diagram of the most recently generated Attack Vector for the specified target asset. The box next to the Generate button shows the date and time that the displayed Attack Vector was generated. The Attack Vector diagram includes the following elements:

- For each asset that is included in the Attack Vector, the risk level and IP addresses are shown. Click on an asset icon to show additional details about its risk factors.
- For each network connection, the communication protocol is shown.
- For assets that share a backplane, the assets are surrounded by a circle.

Note: Click on the help button in the top right corner of the Attack Vectors tab for an explanation of the Attack Vector feature.

Open Ports



The **Open Ports** tab shows a list of open ports on this asset. For each open port details are given about which protocol it uses, a description of its function, the date and time that the data was last updated, and the source of information (Active Queries, Port Mapping, Conversations, Tenable Network Monitor, or Tenable Nessus Scans) that indicated that the port is open. A separate list of open ports is shown for each IP available to the asset (including ports that are accessed through a shared backplane). Click on the arrow next to an IP to expand the listing to show its open ports.

Rouge
PLC

74 Actions Resync

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family
Hardware 20.055		Rockwell	1756-L61/B LOGIX5561	Nov 27, 2024 08:46:41 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix 5560

Details

Code Revision

IP Trail

Attack Vectors

Open Ports

Vulnerabilities

Active (3)

Fixed (0)

Events

Network Map

Related Assets

Sources

Search...

Actions Update Open Ports

Port mapping is turned off

Configure Queries

Port	Protocol	Source	Description	Last update
1756-L81E/B Slot 3(2)				
80	HTTP (80/TCP)	Conversations	Hypertext Transfer Protocol	Nov 27, 2024 08:42:58 AM
44818	Ethernet/IP (44818/TCP)	Conversations	Ethernet/IP	Nov 27, 2024 08:46:23 AM
1756-EN2T/D Slot 1(2)				
80	HTTP (80/TCP)	Conversations	Hypertext Transfer Protocol	Nov 27, 2024 08:42:58 AM
44818	Ethernet/IP (44818/TCP)	Conversations	Ethernet/IP	Nov 27, 2024 08:46:46 AM
1756-ENBT/A Slot 8(2)				
80	HTTP (80/TCP)	Conversations	Hypertext Transfer Protocol	Nov 16, 2024 04:13:17 PM
44818	Ethernet/IP (44818/TCP)	Conversations	Ethernet/IP	Nov 16, 2024 04:17:50 PM
1756-EN2TR/C Slot 6(1)				
44818	Ethernet/IP (44818/TCP)	Conversations	Ethernet/IP	Nov 27, 2024 08:43:37 AM

There is an automatic **Open Ports Age Out Period**, after which an open port listing will be automatically deleted from the list if no further indication has been received that the port is still open. The default period of time is two weeks. To adjust the length of the Open Ports Age Out Period, see [Device](#).

The open port scanning parameters are configured in [Active Queries](#). You can also run a manual query of the selected asset to update the list of open ports.

Update Open Ports

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator

To manually update the list of open ports:



1. In the **Inventory > Controllers/Network Assets** screen, select the desired asset.

The **Asset Details** screen is displayed.

2. Click on the **Open Ports** tab.
3. In the upper right-hand corner of the Open Ports pane, click **Update Open Ports**.

A new scan is run, updating the open ports shown for this controller.

Additional Actions on the Open Ports Tab

In the Open Ports tab for a specific asset, you can take the following further actions for a specific open port.

- **Scan** - run a scan of the selected port.
- **View** - shows additional device details and diagnostics by accessing the web interface of the device.

Run a Scan

To run a scan on a specific port:

1. In the **Inventory > Controllers/Network Assets** screen, select the desired asset.

The **Asset Details** screen is displayed.

2. Click on the **Open Ports** tab.
3. Select a specific port.
4. Click on the **Actions** menu.
5. From the drop-down menu, select **Scan**.

OT Security runs a scan on the selected port.

View the Asset Portal

To view the asset's portal:

Note: This option is only available when port 80 (used for web-access) is one of the open ports.



1. In the **Inventory > Controllers/Network Assets** screen, select the desired asset.

The **Asset Details** screen is displayed.

2. Click on the **Open Ports** tab.
3. Select a specific port.
4. Click on the **Actions** menu.
5. From the drop-down menu, select **View**.

A new browser tab opens showing the asset portal of that asset.

Vulnerabilities

The **Vulnerabilities** tab shows a list of all vulnerabilities that affect the specified asset, as detected by OT Security Plugins. The system identifies vulnerabilities such as obsolete Windows operating systems, usage of vulnerable protocols and open communications ports which are known to be risky or non-essential for specific types of devices. The vulnerabilities are listed in two categories: **Active** and **Fixed**. Each listing shows details about the nature of the threat and its severity. The information shown in this tab is identical to the information shown on the **Risks > Vulnerabilities** page, except that this page lists only vulnerabilities relevant to the specified asset. For an explanation of the vulnerabilities information, see [Vulnerabilities](#).

Asset Details for **Rouge PLC** (ID: 74). Actions: Actions, Resync.

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family
20.055	0...	Rockwell	1756-L61/B LOGIX5561	Nov 27, 2024 08:55:33 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix 5560

Vulnerabilities (Active: 3, Fixed: 0)

Search... Plugin set: 202411200946 Actions Update plugins

You can enable automatic cloud updates for the Nessus Plugin Set. [Configure Settings](#)

Name	Severity	VPR	Plugin family	Plugin ID	Source	Owner	Comment
Rockwell Automation Logix5000 Progra...	Critical	6.5	Tenable.ot	500092	Tot		
Rockwell Automation Logix Controllers L...	Critical	5.9	Tenable.ot	500451	Tot		

Items: 3

Rockwell Automation Logix5000 Programmable Automation Controller Buffer Overflow (CVE-2016-9343) Critical 6.5 Tenable.ot 500092

Plugin Output

Port: 0 / tcp Source: Tot Last Hit date: 11:20:26 AM · Nov 25, 2024 [Copy to clipboard](#)

Vendor : Rockwell
Family : ControlLogix 5560
Model : 1756-L61/B LOGIX5561
Version : 20.055



Events

The **Events** tab displays a detailed list of Events in the network involving the asset, as detected by OT Security Plugins. You can customize the display settings by adjusting which columns are displayed and where each column is positioned. The events can be grouped according to different categories (for example Event type, Severity, Policy Name). You can also sort and filter the Event lists as well as searching for search text. For an explanation of the customization features, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).

Asset Details:

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family
172.16.1.100	08:00:27:12:34:56	Rockwell	1756-L61/B LOGIX5561	Nov 27, 2024 09:06:39 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix 5560

Events Table:

Status	Log ID	Time	Event Type	Severity	Policy Name	Source Asset	Source Address	Destination Asset	Destination Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119430	09:05:36 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	box20.5.indegy.local	A10 Comm. Adapter #48	10.10.10.10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119414	08:51:24 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	box20.5.indegy.local	A10 Comm. Adapter #43	10.10.10.10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119412	08:50:28 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	box20.5.indegy.local	A10 Comm. Adapter #47	10.10.10.10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119409	08:50:06 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	box20.5.indegy.local	Rouge	10.10.10.10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119384	08:41:20 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	Eng. Station #157	A10 Comm. Adapter #46	10.10.10.10
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resolved	119364	08:37:27 AM · Nov 27, 2024	Rockwell Code Upload	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	Eng. Station #157	A10 Comm. Adapter #44	10.10.10.10

Event Details (Log ID 119430):

Description: Code was uploaded from a controller to an engineering station

Source: SOURCE NAME: [redacted], SOURCE IP ADDRESS: [redacted]

Destination: DESTINATION NAME: A10 | Comm. Adapter #48 | Yuval | Comm. Adapter #45 | Comm. Adapter #43 | Comm. Adapter #47 | Rouge | Comm. Adapter #46 | Comm. Adapter #44, DESTINATION IP ADDRESS: [redacted], DESTINATION MAC ADDRESS: [redacted]

Why is this important? The system has detected an upload of the controller code that was done via the network. When not part of regular operations, a code upload can be used to gather information on the controller behavior as part of reconnaissance activity.

Suggested Mitigation: 1) Check whether the upload was done as part of scheduled maintenance work and verify that the source of the operation is approved to perform this operation. 2) If this was not part of a planned operation, check the source asset of the event to determine if it has been

The bottom portion of the page shows detailed information about the selected Event, divided into tabs. Only tabs relevant to the Event type of the selected Event are shown. For more information about Events, see [Events](#).

There is an **Actions** button at the top of the pane, which enables you to take the following action on the selected Event/s:

- **Resolve** - Mark this Event as Resolved.
- **Download Capture File** - Download the PCAP file for this Event.
- **Exclude from Policy** - Create a Policy Exclusion for this Event.



Detailed information about these actions is given in the [Events](#) chapter.

The information shown for each Event listing is described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Log ID	The ID generated by the system to refer to the Event.
Time	The date and time that the Event occurred.
Event Type	Describes the type of activity that triggered the Event. Events are generated by Policies that are set up in the system. For an explanation of the various types of Policies, see Policy Types .
Severity	Shows the severity level of the Event. The following is an explanation of the possible values: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• None - No reason for concern.• Info - No immediate reason for concern. Should be checked out when convenient.• Warning - Moderate concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with when convenient.• Critical - Severe concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with immediately.
Policy Name	The name of the Policy that generated the Event. The name is a link to the Policy listing.
Source Asset	The name of the asset that initiated the Event. This field is a link to the Asset listing.
Source Address	The IP or MAC of the asset that initiated the Event.
Source Address	The IP or MAC of the asset that initiated the Event.
Destination Asset	The name of the asset that was affected by the Event. This field is a link to the Asset listing.

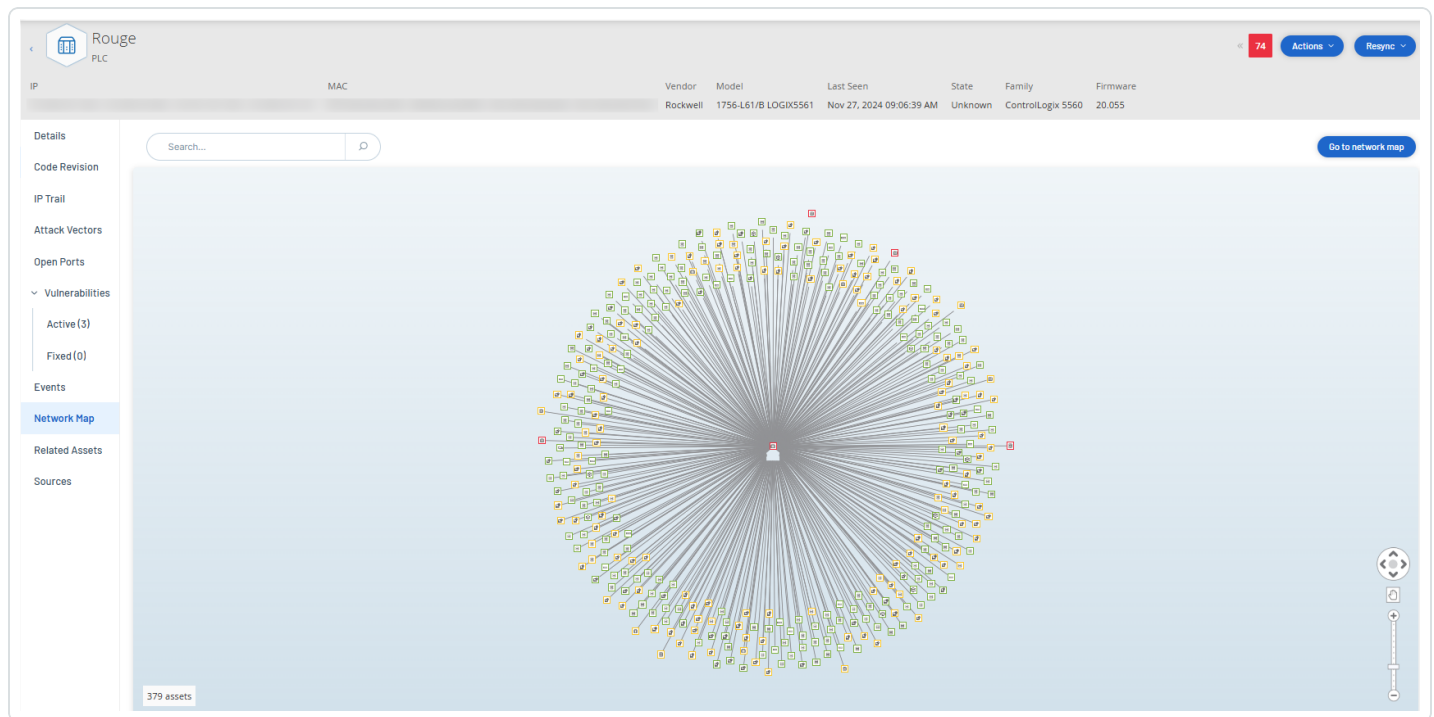


Parameter	Description
Destination Address	The IP or MAC of the asset that was affected by the Event.
Protocol	When relevant, this shows the protocol used for the conversation that generated this Event.
Event Category	<p>Shows the general category of the Event.</p> <p>NOTE: On the All Events screen, Events of all types are shown. Each of the specific Event screens shows only Events of the specified category.</p> <p>The following is a brief explanation of the Event categories (for a more detailed explanation see Policy Categories and Sub-Categories):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Configuration Events - this includes two sub-categories• Controller Validation Events - These policies detect changes that take place in the controllers in the network.• Controller Activity Events - Activity Policies relate to the Activities that occur in the network (that is, the “commands” implemented between assets in the network).• SCADA Events - policies that identify changes made to the data plane of controllers.• Network Threats Events - these Policies identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats.• Network Events - Policies that relate to the assets in the network and the communication streams between assets.
Status	Shows whether or not the Event has been marked as resolved.
Resolved By	For resolved Events, shows which user marked the Event as resolved.
Resolved On	For resolved Events, shows when the Event was marked as resolved.
Comment	Shows any comments that were added when the Event was resolved.

Network Map



The **Network Map** tab shows a graphic visualization of the network connections of the asset. This view shows all of the connections that the selected asset made during the past 30 days.



The information shown in this tab is similar to the information shown on the **Network Map** screen, but it is limited to connections involving this specific asset. Also, this screen shows connections to individual assets and not to groups of assets as shown in the main Network Map screen. For an explanation of the information shown in this tab, see [Network Map](#).

To view the Network Map for all assets, click the **Go to network map** button. When clicked, the Network Map will zoom in dynamically and focus on this asset and show its connections to other groups of assets.

Clicking on any of the connected assets on the map shows details of that asset, and clicking on the link in the asset's name takes you to the selected asset's Details screen.

Device Ports

The **Device Ports** tab is available for network switches and includes details about the ports on the network switch. OT Security collects this data using SNMP queries to the switch. The details that appear for each port include the MAC address, Name, connection Status (up or down), Alias, and Description.



MAC	Name	Status	Admin Status	Alias	Description	Type	Time of Query
	P1.11	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P0.2	NotPresent	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.15	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P2.1	NotPresent	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.1	Up	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.3	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.7	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.8	Up	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P2.3	NotPresent	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P2.5	NotPresent	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P2.6	NotPresent	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.4	Up	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.6	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	vlan1	Up	Up	vlan1	Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	L3ipvlan	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.16	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...
	P1.2	Down	Up		Siemens, SIMATIC NE...	EthernetCsmacd	04:34:37 AM · May 28...

Items: 31

Note: Activate this feature in your account for the tab to be visible. To activate this feature, contact Tenable Support.

Related Assets

The **Related Assets** page for an asset shows the list of all its nested assets.

To access the **Related Assets** page:

1. In the **Inventory > All Assets** table, click an asset to open the asset details page.
2. In the left navigation pane, click **Related Assets**.

The **Related Assets** page appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Related Assets' page for a device named 'Rouge PLC'. The interface includes a sidebar with navigation options and a main table of related assets. The table has columns for Partner Asset, Family, Relationship Type, Access Direction, Details, and First Seen. Two related assets are listed: 'Comm. Adapter #89' and 'Comm. Adapter #90', both of type ControlLogix, with a nesting relationship. The top of the page shows the asset name 'Rouge PLC' and various status indicators.


The **Related Assets** page appears with the following details:

Column	Description
Partner Asset	The name of the related asset.
Relationship Type	The type of relationship with the related asset: Nesting.
Access Direction	The direction of access between the asset and its partner.
Details	The details of the asset type. For example: ControlNet or IP.
First Seen	The date when OT Security initially discovered this asset.
Last Seen	The date when OT Security last detected this asset.

Nested Asset Details

Nested devices are Programmable Logic Controller (PLC)s or other Industrial Control System (ICS) modules connected behind a PLC backplane or device. This is similar to a variable-frequency drive (VFD) connected directly to a communications adapter. To view the details of a nested asset, click



the nested asset link on the **Related Assets** page. OT Security indicates nested devices using the  icon.

Comm. Adapter #89
Communication Module

38 Actions Resync

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family	Firmware
		Rockwell	1756-CNB/E 11.004	Nov 11, 2024 07:19:08 AM	Unknown	ControlLogix	11.004

Details

IP Trail

Attack Vectors

Open Ports

Vulnerabilities

Active (0)

Fixed (0)

Events

Network Map

Related Assets

Sources

Overview

NAME	Comm. Adapter #89
PURDUE LEVEL	Level 1
STATE	Unknown
ADDITIONAL IP	
ADDITIONAL MAC	
FAMILY	ControlLogix
VENDOR	Rockwell
MODEL NAME	1756-CNB/E 11.004
LAST SEEN	07:19:08 AM · Nov 11, 2024
FIRST SEEN	09:54:34 AM · Oct 30, 2024
LAST UPDATE	06:38:10 AM · Nov 11, 2024
SOURCES	nic1 (Local)
NETWORK SEGMENTS	Controller /

Backplane View

Backplane #187

0

1

2

3

Comm. Adapt...

Yuval_L71_A4

Sith

Comm. Adapt...

Communication Module Details

Nested Devices (9)

Communication Module Details

NAME	Comm. Adapter #89
RISK SCORE	38
TYPE	Communication Module

The nested asset details page appears with the following details:

Section	Description
Overview	Includes details of the asset such as the name, purdue level, state, and additional IP.
General	Includes details such as serial number, firmware version, device type, backplane number, and slot number.
Backplane View	Includes a graphical view of the backplane. Click the device name on the backplane view to display the Communication Module Details and the Nested Devices tabs.

IEC 61850

Based on the Substation Configuration Description (SCD) file you upload, OT Security generates the list of Manufacturing Message Specification (MMS) reports that describe the communication



between the substation assets. OT Security displays an error message when it detects unauthorized access in the SCD file configuration. For more information about uploading SCD files, see [SCD Files](#).

To access the IEC 61850 page:

1. Go to **Inventory > All Assets**.

The **All Assets** page appears.

2. Search for and select the asset or substation for which you want to view the IEC 61850 configuration.

The asset details page appears.

3. In the left navigation bar, select **IEC 61850**.

The **IEC 61850** page appears with the following details.

EN100_E+ IED_Indeg
IED

106 MMS reports have no clients assigned, exposing unauthorized access. Assign authorized clients or remove redundant configurations from the SCD file. [Download Details](#)

108 MMS Reports Group By

Report ID	Report Name	Dataset Name	Client Name	Substation	Project
IED_Indeg2PROT/LLN0\$RP\$urcbZ01	urcbA	TEST	HMLM	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2PROT/LLN0\$RP\$urcbC01	urcbC	TEST	Client	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2MEAS/LLN0\$RP\$urcbJ01	urcbJ		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2PROT/PDIF2\$RP\$urcbB01	urcbB		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2CTRL/LLN0\$RP\$urcbB01	urcbB		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2CTRL/LLN0\$RP\$urcbA01	urcbA		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2MEAS/M3_MSQI\$RP\$urcbB01	urcbB		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg
IED_Indeg2CTRL/QC\$SWI\$RP\$urcbB01	urcbB		Not defined	Substation	Station Indeg

Column	Description
Report ID	The MMS report ID serving as a unique identifier for the report.
Report Name	The MMS report ID serving as a unique identifier for the report.



Dataset Name	The name of the data set linked to the MMS report defining the group of data points included in the report.
Client Name	The name of the client application or system that subscribes to and receives the report.
Substation	The substation where the IED (Intelligent Electronic Device) generating the MMS report is located.
Project	The overarching IEC 61850 project or system configuration to which the report and its associated components belong.

4. To view details of the findings that OT Security detects: In the error message at the top of the page, click **Download Details**.

OT Security downloads the details in the CSV format.

Note: The number of MMS reports in the error message applies to the specific asset while the downloaded CSV file includes details of all the assets.



90 MMS reports have no clients assigned, exposing unauthorized access. Assign authorized clients or remove redundant configurations from the SCD file.

[Download Details](#)

Sources

The **Sources** page for an asset provides all information related to the source of the asset such as the location, type, and the first and last reported time. You can also view the source of the asset in the **Sources** column on the **Inventory > All Assets** page.

To access the **Sources** page:

1. In the **Inventory > All Assets** table, click an asset to open the asset details page.

The asset details page appears.

2. In the left navigation pane, click **Sources**.



The **Sources** page appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Sources' page in the Rouge PLC interface. The page displays a table of source assets. The table has the following columns: Name, Type, Reported IPs, Reported MACs, Last Reported, and First Reported. Two sources are listed: 'nic1' and 'nic0', both of type 'Local'. The left sidebar contains navigation links: Details, Code Revision, IP Trail, Attack Vectors, Open Ports, Vulnerabilities (Active (3), Fixed (0)), Events, Network Map, Related Assets, and Sources (selected). The top header shows 'Rouge PLC' and a status bar with '74' and 'Actions'/'Resync' buttons.

The **Sources** page appears with the following details:

Column	Description
Name	The name of the source, for example nic 1 or nic 2 for a local source or the sensor name if the source is a sensor.
Type	The type of source: local ICP or sensor.
Reported IPs	The IP addresses that originate from the source asset.
Reported MACs	The Mac addresses that originate from the source asset. OT Security reports a Mac address if the sensor is close enough to observe the asset. If the sensor is far from the asset, but observes a conversation between them, OT Security reports only the observed IP addresses.
Last Reported	The time when the source asset was last reported.
First Reported	The time when the source asset was first reported.



Edit Asset Details

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Site Operator

OT Security automatically identifies the Asset Type and Name based on its internal data and based on its activity in the network. If the system couldn't gather this information or if you feel that the automatic identification is not accurate, you can edit these parameters either directly through the UI or by uploading a CSV file. You can also add a general description of the asset and a description of the location of the unit.

Edit Asset Details through the UI

To edit asset details for a single asset:

1. Under **Inventory**, click on **Controllers** or **Network Assets**.
2. Select the required asset.
3. In the header bar, click the **Actions** button.
4. From the drop-down list, select **Edit**.

The **Edit Asset Details** window opens.

5. In the **Type** box, select the asset type from the drop-down list.
6. In the **Name** box, type a name by which the asset will be identified in the OT Security UI.
7. In the **Criticality** box, type the level of criticality of this asset to the system.
8. In the **Purdue Level** box, enter the Purdue level based on the asset type.
9. In the **Backplane** box (for Controllers), type the name of the backplane on which the asset is installed.
10. In the **Location** box, type a description of the asset's location. This is an optional field. The data is shown in the assets table as well as on the Asset Details screen for this asset.
11. In the **Description** box, type a description of the asset. This is an optional field. The data is shown on the Asset Details page for this asset.



12. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the edited details.

To edit multiple assets (bulk process):

1. Under **Inventory**, click **Controllers** or **Network Assets**.
2. Select the checkbox next to each of the desired assets.
3. Click on the **Bulk Actions** menu and select **Edit** from the drop-down list.

The **Bulk Edit** screen is shown with the parameters that are available for bulk editing.

4. Select the checkbox next to each of the parameters that you want to edit (Type, Criticality, Purdue Level, Network Segments, Location, and Description).

Note: When bulk editing Network Segments, first filter your assets by **Type**, then select the assets you wish to bulk edit. Assets with multiple IP addresses can't be included in a bulk edit for Network Segments; you must edit each asset manually.

5. Set each of the parameters as required.

Note: Information entered in the Bulk Editing fields overrides any current content for the selected asset. If you select the checkbox next to a parameter but do not enter a selection, then the current values for that parameter is erased.

6. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the assets with the new configuration.

Edit Asset Details by Uploading a CSV

This method of editing asset details allows you to edit a large number of assets through a csv file instead of editing them manually in the UI. The following details can be edited using this method: Type, Name, Criticality, Purdue Level, Location, Description and custom fields.

To edit asset details through a CSV:

1. Under **Inventory**, click **All Assets**, **Controllers** and **Modules**, or **Network Assets**.
2. Click the **Export** button.



Controllers and Modules

+ Add Filter

Search...

114 Assets

Grouped By: Backplane

Expand All

Collapse All

1 Selected

Actions

[-] []

Name	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	Vendor
Backplane #101					
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 140-NOE-771-01 Module	Communication Module	57	High	10.100.105.27 (Direct)	Schneider
<input type="checkbox"/> PLC #44	PLC	45	High	10.100.105.27	Schneider
Backplane #103					
Backplane #104					
Backplane #106					
Backplane #112					
Backplane #115					
Backplane #137					

A csv file of the inventory is downloaded.

3. Navigate to the file that was just downloaded and open it.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S
1	ID	Slot	Name	Type	Risk	Criticality	Addresses	Vendor	Family	Model	Firmware	State	Purdue	Last Seen	Location	Backplane	Description	
2	QINX06A1A2M0E		DESKTOP-PLC		47	High-Critical	33.180.38	Beckhoff	C-Series		2.11.2305	Unknown	Level1	*****				
3	QINX06A1U5PWA		SIMATIC H-PLC		32	High-Critical	33.180.38	Siemens	S7-400	CPU 412-5	6.0.6	Fault	Level1	*****			Siemens, SIMATIC S7	
4	QINX06A1U5N1K		Yardley	Communic	20	High-Critical	33.180.38	Heimholtz	Netlink	NETLink Pi	2.7	Unknown	Level1	*****			700-884-MPI21	
5	QINX06A1U5Y4J		aaa	Controller	20	High-Critical	33.180.38	Texas Instruments				Unknown	Level1	*****				
6	QINX06A1U5M03		BMX NOC1	Communic	13	High-Critical	33.180.38	Schneider	Modicon	BMX NOC	2.5	Unknown	Level1	*****	lab		Schneider Electric M	
7	QINX06A1U5M03		bbb	PLC	74	High-Critical	33.180.38	Siemens	SIPROTEC	75182		Unknown	Level1	*****				
8	QINX06A1U5M03		ML1400	PLC	81	High-Critical	33.180.38	Rockwell	MicroLogix	1766-L32B	2.015	Unknown	Level1	*****			Allen-Bradley 1766-L	
9	QINX06A1U5M03		cccc	DCS	72	High-Critical	33.180.38	Emerson	S-Series	SD Plus	13.3	Unknown	Level1	*****	Austin, Texas		DeltaV - SD Plus Soft	
10	QINX06A1U5M03		ET2	Communic	61	High-Critical	33.180.38	Siemens	S7-300	CP 343-1	3.1.1	Unknown	Level1	*****			Siemens, SIMATIC NI	
11	QINX06A1U5M03		DCS #9	DCS	99	High-Critical	33.180.38	Tenable				Unknown	Level1	*****				
12	QINX06A1U5M03		7UT633 V-PLC		76	High-Critical	33.180.38	Siemens	SIPROTEC	7UT63312	04.67.00	Unknown	Level1	*****			SIPROTEC EN100_E	

4. Edit the allowable parameters by changing the content of the cells. Allowable parameters are: Type, Name, Criticality, Purdue Level, Location, Description and custom fields.

Note: You must enter valid data for parameters that require specific options (for example Type, Criticality, Purdue Level). Otherwise, the corresponding asset will fail to update.

5. Save the file as a csv file type.

Note: Only the assets that you modify will be updated in the system. Assets that are not included in the csv, or rows that you did not modify will remain unchanged in the system. It is not possible to delete assets using this method.



- Under **Settings**, go to **Environment Settings > Network Definitions**.

The Network Definitions page appears.

Network Definitions

100 Monitored Networks 0/100

Monitored Network

Edit

The Assets Network is an aggregation of IP ranges in which assets are located. Use these settings in order to configure these IP ranges. Please note that in addition to these settings, any host within Tenable OT Security sensors' subnets or any activity-performing device will be classified as an asset.

DEFAULT IP RANGES	192.168.0.0/16 172.16.0.0/12 169.254.0.0/... Show More
ADDITIONAL IP RANGES	

☒ Passive Monitoring

Passive Monitoring captures network traffic to fingerprint assets and detect activities or threats on the network.

i

Before enabling Passive Monitoring, it's recommended to follow these steps:

1. Set Monitored Network (Above this section)
2. Enable Active Queries and run Initial asset enrichment queries
3. Tune your Policies

- In the **Update asset details using CSV** section, click **Upload**.
- Follow your device's navigation prompts to upload the csv file that you just saved.

A confirmation appears indicating number of updated rows.

The **Latest Upload Date** box in the Update asset details using CSV section is updated.

- To see more information about the results of the upload, in the **Update asset details using CSV** section, click **Download Report**.

OT Security downloads a csv file that lists the updated asset IDs and also lists the failed ones.

Hide Assets

You can hide one or more assets from the asset inventory. An asset that has been hidden isn't shown in the Inventory and it is removed from Groups. However, Events and network activity are still shown for the hidden asset.

You can restore a hidden asset from the **Settings > Environment Settings > Hidden Assets** page.



To hide one or several assets:

1. Under **Inventory**, click **Controllers** or **Network Assets**.
2. Select the checkbox next to one or more assets that you want to remove.
3. In the Header bar, click **Actions**.

A menu appears.

4. Select **Hide Asset**.

The **Hidden Assets** page appears.

5. (Optional) In the **Comments** box, add text comments about the assets.

Note: The comments appear in the list of removed assets on the **Settings > Environment Settings > Hidden Assets** page.

6. Click **Hide**.

OT Security hides the assets from the **Inventory** and **Groups** pages.

Export Diagnostics

You can export and download the diagnostic report of an asset or an asset group that shows false positives or has any other issue. You can share this report with the Tenable Support for a detailed analysis.

To export the diagnostics report:

1. In the left navigation bar, go to **Inventory > All Assets**.

The **All Assets** page appears.

2. In the All Assets table, select one or several assets to export in the diagnostics report.
3. Do one of the following:
 - For a single asset: In the upper-right corner, click **Actions > Export Diagnostics**.
 - For multiple assets: In the upper-right corner, click **Bulk Actions > Export Diagnostics**.



OT Security downloads the diagnostics report for the selected asset or assets. The diagnostics report is a tar.gz file and includes the asset details in a .json file.

The diagnostics report name includes the name of the asset, timestamp, and the OT Security version. Examples:

For a single asset: TOTS_Rouge_3.19.15_2024-06-03T07_05_27.tar.gz

For multiple assets: TOTS_AssetsReport_3.19.15_2024-06-03T07_17_54.tar.gz

4. Extract the diagnostics report and share it with Tenable Support for further analysis.

Merge Assets

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Site Operator

Devices in your network may appear as two or more separate assets in OT Security due to passive traffic observation, routing configurations, or insufficient asset details information, which prevents the automatic merging of assets internally.

For example, multi-homed devices such as workstations, servers, or controllers typically have multiple IP addresses enabling them to communicate across various networks. Alternatively, consider virtual network interfaces on a Switch, Router, or Firewall. Even though they are virtual extensions of a single physical network device, each of these might register as a distinct asset.

In such cases, you can use the **Merge Assets** option to merge two assets together and remove duplicates. You can access this option either from the **Inventory** page or from the single asset details page.

Caution: This action is irreversible.

To merge assets:

1. In the left navigation menu, go to **Inventory > All Assets**.

The **All Assets** page appears.

2. In the All Assets table, do one of the following:



- Select the target asset to merge.
- Click the asset link to open the asset details page.

OT Security enables **Actions**.

3. Click **Actions** > **Merge with Another**.

The screenshot shows the 'Inventory' page with a table of 880 assets. The 'testigy' asset is selected, and the 'Actions' menu is open, showing options like 'View', 'Edit', 'Merge with Another', 'Hide', and 'Export Diagnostics'. The table columns include Name, Type, Risk Score, Criticality, IP, and Subnets.

Name	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	Subnets
testigy	PLC	62	High		
PLC #29	PLC	60	High		
RTU #1	RTU	59	High		
CPU 412	PLC	59	High		

The screenshot shows the details page for the 'testigy' PLC asset. The 'Actions' menu is open, highlighting 'Merge with Another'. The page includes a table of asset details and a 'Backplane View' section.

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family	Firmware
		Schneider	BMX P34 2020	Aug 28, 2025 09:28:24 AM	Unknown	Modicon M340	3.51

Details

- Code Revision: NAME testigy
- IP Trail: DESCRIPTION CPU
- Attack Vectors: PURDUE LEVEL Level 1
- Open Ports: STATE Unknown
- Vulnerabilities: Active (30), Fixed (0)
- Events
- Network Map
- Related Assets

Backplane View

Backplane #7

0 1 2


testigy Comm. Adapte... I/O #1 BMX NOC0401

No card selected...

The Merge Asset | Select Source Asset panel appears.

Merge Asset | Select Source Asset

Target Asset: OT Server #11



Note: the source asset that is selected here will be deleted from the inventory, after its attributes and findings are merged into the target asset **OT Server #11**. Any case of conflict will be resolved by the system to keep the merged asset's data as full, accurate, and up to date as possible, based on the data of both assets. **This action is irreversible.**
[Read more about asset merging in our user guide](#)






☐ Force merge even if attributes conflict

Search...

+ Add Filter

199 Assets

Group By

Name	Type	Risk Score
OT Device #25	 OT Device	<div></div> 0
Endpoint #135	 Endpoint	<div></div> 0
Endpoint #111	 Endpoint	<div></div> 0
Endpoint #112	 Endpoint	<div></div> 0
Endpoint #123	 Endpoint	<div></div> 0

Cancel

Merge and Delete



4. Filter or search for the source asset.
5. Select the source asset to be merged with the target asset.
6. (Optional) Select the **Force merge even if attributes conflict** checkbox to bypass conflicts.
7. Click **Merge and Delete**.

OT Security deletes the source asset and merges its attributes and findings to the target asset.

What Happens When You Merge Assets

The asset merging process combines two assets into a single entity while maintaining data integrity across the system.

This operation involves these key stages:

- **Asset Properties Consolidation:** When assets are merged, their properties are merged into the destination asset. If both assets have a different value for the same property, the system uses a priority mechanism to decide which value to keep. This process ensures the merged asset retains the most accurate or recent information.
- **Connection Preservation:** Network connections previously pointing to either asset now reference the merged asset. This includes:
 - Direct connections to other devices
 - Slot-based connections within backplanes
 - Network interface mappings, including IP and MAC addresses. The system ensures that all historical address information is retained, and duplicate entries are removed.
- **Finding Consolidation:** The system consolidates all findings, vulnerabilities, and security events under the new one, thereby preserving its complete security history.

Merge Conflicts and Forced Merge

The following assets cannot be merged:

- Special assets such as ICP, Sensor, or broadcast assets.
- Assets from different backplanes (only one of them is allowed to have a backplane).



- Assets that have different slots (if both assets have slots, it must be the same slot).
- Assets that have different serial numbers.

Force Merge: Selecting the **Force Merge** checkbox bypasses the system's checks for backplane, slot, and serial conflicts. While this option does not guarantee a successful merge and the merge engine may still block invalid operations, the system proceeds with the merge before it might be blocked.

How to Rectify an Accidental Merge

If an asset merge was performed in error, or you need to revert both assets to an unmerged state, delete the asset. Deleting it allows the system to rediscover the individual asset as they were before the merge. For information on how to delete a single asset or a group of assets from OT Security, see this [knowledge base](#) article.

Perform Asset-Specific Tenable Nessus Scan

Tenable Nessus is a tool that scans IT devices to detect vulnerabilities. OT Security enables you to run the Tenable Nessus **Basic Network Scan** on specific IT assets within your OT network. This is an active full system scan that gathers additional information about vulnerabilities on the servers and network devices. This scan uses the WMI and SNMP credentials, if they are available. This action is only available for relevant PC-based machines. You can access the scan results from the Vulnerabilities page. You can also create customized scans to run a specific set of Tenable Nessus Plugins on a particular set of network assets, see [Tenable Nessus Plugin Scans](#).

The Nessus scan in OT Security uses the same policy settings as a basic network scan in Tenable Nessus, Tenable Security Center, and Tenable Vulnerability Management. The only difference is the performance options in OT Security. The following are the performance options for the Nessus scan in OT Security. These options also apply to the [Nessus scan](#) you launch from the **Active Queries Management** page.

- 5 simultaneous hosts (max)
- 2 simultaneous checks per hosts (max)
- 15 second network read timeout

Note: Tenable Nessus is an invasive tool which works best in IT environments. Tenable recommends that you do not use it on OT devices, as it may interfere with their normal operation.



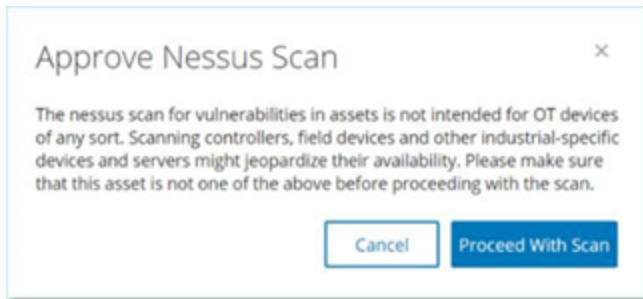
To run a Tenable Nessus Scan on specific assets:

1. Go to **Inventory > Network Assets**.

The **Network Assets** page appears.

2. Select the checkbox next to the asset or assets you want to scan.
3. In the upper-right corner, click **Actions > Nessus Scan**.

The **Approve Nessus Scan** dialog box appears.



4. Click **Proceed with Scan**.

OT Security runs the Nessus Scan.

Perform Resync

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator

The Resync function initiates one or more queries to the network and the controller to capture up-to-date information for this asset. You can run all available queries or specific queries.

The following are the queries available for Resync:

- **Backplane scan** – Discovers modules and their specifications within a backplane.
- **DNS scanning** – Searches for the DNS names of the assets in the network.
- **Details query** – Retrieves the controller's hardware and firmware details. The result appears in the **Firmware** field in the **Assets > Controllers and Modules** page.
- **Identification query** – Uses multiple protocols to identify the asset.



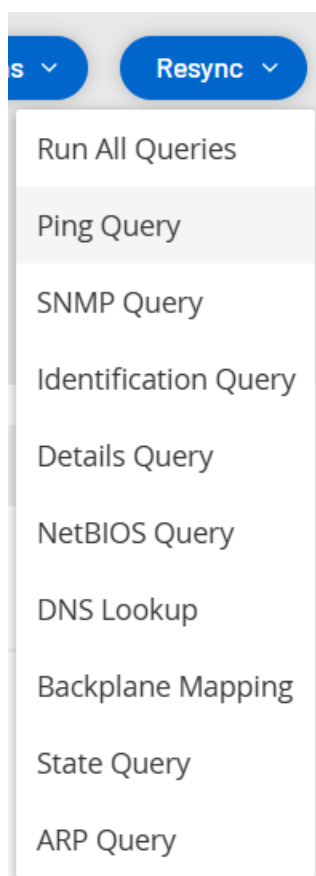
- **NetBIOS query**– Sends a NetBIOS unicast packet that is used to classify and detect Windows machines in the network.
- **SNMP query (for SNMP enabled assets)** – Retrieves configuration details for SNMP-enabled assets.
- **State** – Detects the current status of the asset (**Running**, **Stopped**, **Fault**, **Unknown**, and **Test**).
- **ARP** – Retrieves the MAC address of new IPs detected in the network. The result appears in the **Details > Overview** section.

The **Resync** button may be disabled under specific conditions. Possible reasons include:

- The device is unreachable or lacks available queries.
- Permission configured on the **Active Queries** page may restrict non-administrator accounts from initiating certain queries.
- Queries are not enabled on this OT Security deployment.
- All queries in the **Active Queries > Manual** section are disabled.
- The asset lacks a known IP address for querying.

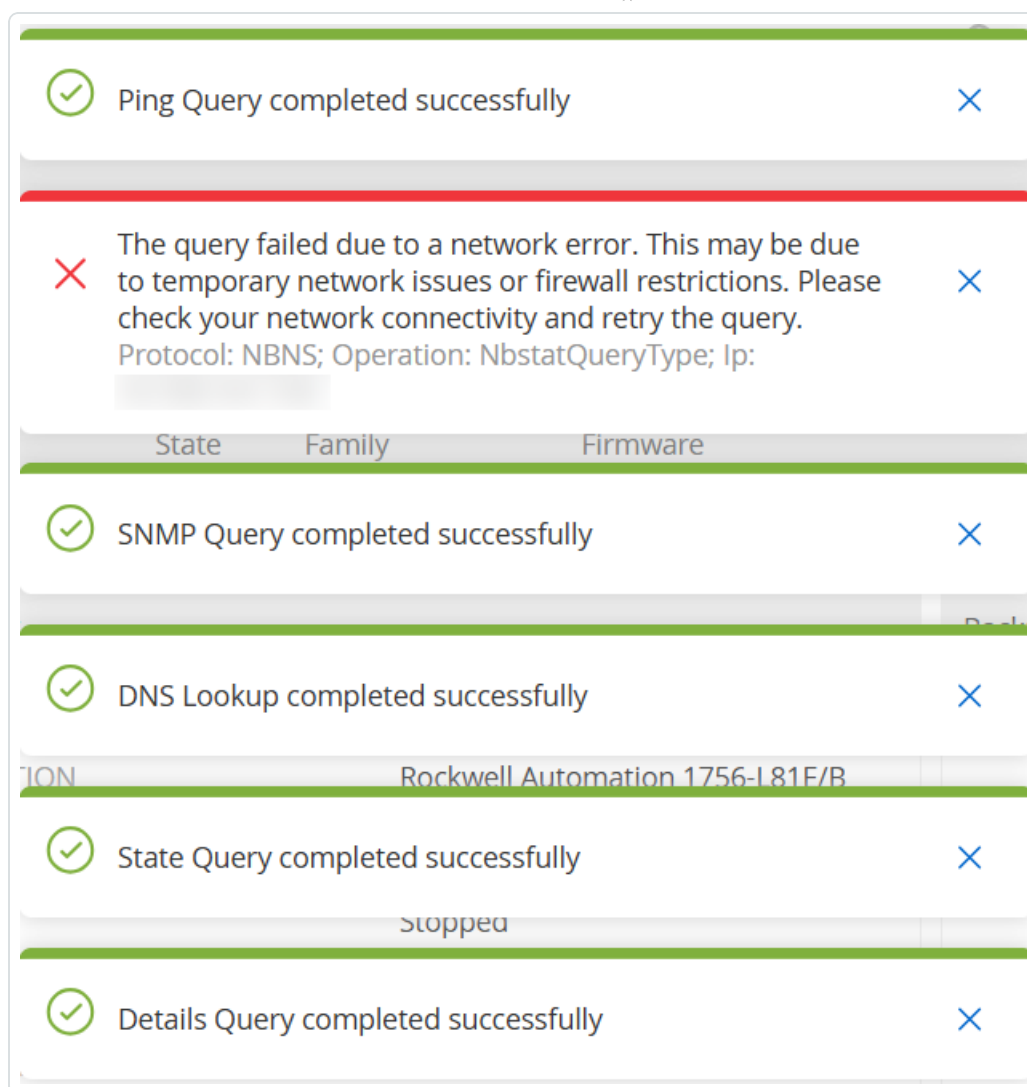
To run Resync asset data:

1. On the **Asset Details** page for the required asset, in the upper-right corner, click **Resync**.
A drop-down list of queries appears.



2. Click the query that you want to run or click on **Run All Queries** to run all available queries.

As each query runs, a notification appears with the status of the query.



For each completed query, OT Security updates the system data for that asset based on the new data.

Vulnerabilities

OT Security identifies various types of threats that affect the assets in your network. As information about new vulnerabilities is discovered and released into the general public domain, Tenable research staff designs programs to enable Tenable Nessus to detect them.

These programs are named Plugins, and are written in the Tenable Nessus proprietary scripting language, called Tenable Nessus Attack Scripting Language (NASL). Plugins detect CVEs as well



as other threats that can affect assets in your network, for example, obsolete operating systems, usage of vulnerable protocols, and vulnerable open ports.

Plugins contain vulnerability information, a generic set of remediation actions, and the algorithm to test for the presence of the security issue.

For information about updating your Plugin set, see [Environment Settings](#).

View Vulnerabilities

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

The **Vulnerabilities** page shows a list of all vulnerabilities detected by the Tenable Plugins that affect your network and assets.

You can customize the display settings by adjusting which columns are displayed and where each column is positioned. For an explanation of the customization features, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).

(For version 3.19 only) The **Active Vulnerabilities** and **Fixed Vulnerabilities** options available on the left navigation bar allows you to view open and fixed vulnerabilities respectively.

Note: OT Security retains fixed vulnerabilities for a year before they age out.

tenable OT Security

06:22 AM

Monday, Nov 11, 2024

Overview

Events

Policies

Inventory

Network Map

Risks

Vulnerabilities

Findings

Compliance

Active Queries

Network

Groups

Local Settings

Vulnerabilities

Search...

Plugin set 202410280920

Actions

Update plugins

License outdated—Nessus plugin set cloud updates are not available.

Update license

Name	Severity ↓	VPR	Active Ass...	Fixed Asse...	Plugin family	Plugin ID	Sou
Tot (304)							
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Improper Au...	Critical	6.7	1	0	Tenable.ot	500033	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Quantum Im...	Critical	5.2	1	0	Tenable.ot	500069	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Missing Auth...	Critical	6.7	1	0	Tenable.ot	500071	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell Micrologix Privilege escalation ...	Critical	5.2	2	0	Tenable.ot	500076	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell Automation Allen-Bradley Micr...	Critical	5.9	1	0	Tenable.ot	500084	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell Automation Logix5000 Progra...	Critical	6.5	2	0	Tenable.ot	500092	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell Automation Allen-Bradley Micr...	Critical	5.9	1	0	Tenable.ot	500110	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Authenticati...	Critical	6.7	1	0	Tenable.ot	500122	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Exposure of ...	Critical	6.7	1	0	Tenable.ot	500125	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell MicroLogix Improper Restrictio...	Critical	5.9	1	0	Tenable.ot	500134	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell MicroLogix Improper Restrictio...	Critical	5.9	1	0	Tenable.ot	500167	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Schneider Electric Modicon Weak Passw...	Critical	6.7	3	0	Tenable.ot	500170	Tot
<input type="checkbox"/> Rockwell Automation CompactLogix 537...	Critical	5.9	3	0	Tenable.ot	500201	Tot

The **Vulnerabilities** page shows the following details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the vulnerability. The name is a link to show the full vulnerability listing.
Severity	This score indicates the severity of the threat detected by this Plugin. Possible values: Info, Low, Medium, High, or Critical.
VPR	Vulnerability Priority Rating (VPR) is a dynamic indicator of the severity level, which is constantly updated based on the current exploitability of the vulnerability. Tenable generates this value as the output of Tenable Predictive Prioritization, which assesses the technical impact and threat posed by the vulnerability. VPR values range from 0.1-10.0, with a higher value representing a higher likelihood of exploitation.
Plugin ID	The unique identifier of the Plugin.
Active Assets	The number of assets in your network that are currently affected by this vulnerability.
Fixed Assets	The number of assets in your network affected by this vulnerability and



	remediated recently, over a defined period of time (by default, one year). Contact Tenable Support to customize this period.
Plugin family	The family (group) with which this Plugin is associated.
Comment	You can add free text comments about this Plugin.

Plugin Details

To view the plugin details:

1. In the row of the vulnerability for which you want to view the details, click the vulnerability name.

The Vulnerability details window appears.

The Vulnerability details window shows the following details:

- **Header bar** – Shows basic information about the specified vulnerability. From the **Actions** menu, select **Edit Details** to edit vulnerability details. See [Edit Vulnerability Details](#).
- **Details tab** – Shows the full description of the vulnerability and gives links to relevant resources.
- **Affected Assets tab** – Shows a listing of all assets affected by the specified vulnerability. Each listing includes detailed information about the asset, as well as a link to view the Asset Details window for that asset.

Edit Vulnerability Details

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst

To edit vulnerability details:

1. In the relevant **Vulnerability Details** page, in the upper-right corner, click the **Actions** menu.

The **Actions** menu appears.

2. Click **Edit Details**.

The **Edit Vulnerability Details** panel appears.



3. In the **Comments** box, type comments about the vulnerability.
4. In the **Owner** box, type the name of the person assigned to address the vulnerability.
5. Click **Save**.

View Plugin Output

Plugin output for an asset provides context or an explanation as to why a particular plugin is reported for an asset.

View Plugin Output from Vulnerabilities

To view the plugin output details from the **Vulnerabilities** page:

1. Go to **Vulnerabilities**.

The **Vulnerabilities** page appears.

2. In the list of vulnerabilities, select the one for which you want to view the details and do one of the following:
 - Click the vulnerability link.
 - Right-click the vulnerability and select **View**.
 - From the **Actions** drop-down box, select **View**.

The Vulnerability Details page appears with the **Plugin Output** panel and shows the following information:

- Hit date
- Source
- Port
- Plugin output

Note: Plugin output is not available for all plugins.

View Plugin Output from Inventory



To view the plugin output details from the **Inventories** page:

1. Go to **Inventories > All Assets**.

The **Inventories** page appears.

2. In the list of assets, select the one for which you want to view the details and do one of the following:
 - Click the asset link.
 - Right-click the asset and select **View**.
 - Select the checkbox next to the asset, and then from the **Actions** drop-down box, select **View**.

The Asset Details page appears.

3. Click the **Vulnerabilities** tab.

The list of vulnerabilities appears and shows the **Plugin Output** panel with the following information:

- Hit date
- Source
- Port
- Plugin output

Note: Plugin output is not available for all plugins.

Example of a plugin output for a Tenable Nessus Plugin



<

MS10-031: Vulnerability in Microsoft Visual Basic for Applications Could Allow Remote Code Execution (978213)

Vulnerability

Actions

Severity

VPR

Affected Assets

Plugin Family Name

Plugin ID

Critical

8.9

1

Windows : Microsoft Bulletins

46313

Details

Affected Assets

Name	Last Hit Date ↓	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	MAC	Category	Vendor
WIN-18OFIPB12HM	Jul 10, 2023 09:52:26 PM	Engineering 5...	47	Medium	(Direct)	...	Network Assets	Rockwell

Items: 1

WIN-18OFIPB12HM	(Direct)	Engineering Station	47	Jul 18, 2023 02:50:54 PM
-----------------	----------	---------------------	----	--------------------------

Plugin Output

Port: 445 / tcp / cifs Source: Nessus Hit date: 09:52:26 PM · Jul 10, 2023 [Copy to clipboard](#)

- C:\Program Files (x86)\Common Files\Microsoft Shared\VBA\VBA6\Vbe6.dll has not been patched.
Remote version : 6.0.87.14
Should be : 6.5.10.53

Example of a plugin output for OT Security Plugin

<

Rockwell Automation ControlLogix Communications Modules Remote Code Execution (CVE-2023-3595)

Vulnerability

Actions

Severity

VPR

Affected Assets

Plugin Family Name

Plugin ID

Critical

6.7

3

Tenable.ot

501226

Details

Affected Assets

Name	Last Hit Date ↓	Type	Risk Score	Criticality	IP	MAC	Category	Vendor
Comm. Adapter #50	Jul 18, 2023 07:05:36 PM	Communicati...	61	High			Controllers	Rockwell
Comm. Adapter #35	Jul 18, 2023 07:05:36 PM	Communicati...	67	High	1	...	Controllers	Rockwell
Comm. Adapter #53	Jul 18, 2023 07:05:35 PM	Communicati...	68	High		...	Controllers	Rockwell

Items: 3

Comm. Adapter #50	10.100.101.152 (Direct)	Communication Module	61	Jul 18, 2023 07:10:14 PM
-------------------	-------------------------	----------------------	----	--------------------------

Plugin Output

Port: 0 / tcp Source: Tot Hit date: 07:05:36 PM · Jul 18, 2023 [Copy to clipboard](#)

Vendor : Rockwell
Family : ControlLogix
Model : 1756-EN21/D
Version : 10.007



Findings

Use the **Findings** page to review the list of individual instances of vulnerabilities that affect your environment per asset. The **Findings** page allows you to do the following:

- View detailed evidence for each specific “hit” of a vulnerability in your environment.
- Filter the list of vulnerabilities by either properties of the plugin, the affected asset, the specific instance such as **Status**, **Last hit**, or any combination of the properties.
- Export the filtered list of findings to assign them for remediation.

To access the **Findings** page:

1. In the left navigation menu, go to **Risks > Findings**.

The **Findings** page appears with the vulnerabilities in a table format.

Findings

You can enable automatic cloud updates for the Nessus Plugin Set

[Configure Settings](#)

Vulnerabilities

Policy Violations

Search...

StatusActive, Resurfaced

SeverityLow, Medium, High +1

+ Add Filter

Remove All Filters

1090 Vulnerability Findings

Group By

Affected Asset	IP	Severity1	Plugin Name	Protocol	Port
RTU #1		Critical	Siemens SCALANCE, RUGGEDCOM, SI...	TCP	0
CP-420FA6		Critical	Beckhoff ADS protocol Authentication...	TCP	0
testigy		Critical	Schneider Electric Modicon Weak Pass...	TCP	0
ML1100		Critical	Rockwell Automation Micrologix Impro...	TCP	0
testigy		Critical	Schneider Electric Modicon Weak Pass...	TCP	0
Comm. Adapter #30		Critical	Rockwell Automation Select Communic...	TCP	0
Comm. Adapter #30		Critical	Rockwell Automation products using G...	TCP	0

Findings

You can enable automatic cloud updates for the Nessus Plugin Set

[Configure Settings](#)

Vulnerabilities

Policy Violations

Search...

StatusActive, Resurfaced

SeverityLow, Medium, High +1

+ Add Filter

Remove All Filters

Save Filter

40989 Vulnerability Findings

Group By

Affected Asset	IP	Severity1	230	Plugin Name	Protocol	Port
		Critical		...	TCP	0



The **Findings** table includes the following details:

Column	Description
Affected Asset	The asset where the vulnerability is detected.
IP	The IP address of the asset.
Severity	The severity of the vulnerability: Critical, Medium, Low, or Info.
Plugin Name	The plugin that detected the vulnerability.
Plugin ID	The ID of the plugin.
Port	The port where the vulnerability is detected.
Protocol	The protocol used to communicate with the asset.
VPR	Vulnerability Priority Rating for the vulnerability.
Status	<p>The status of the vulnerability. The possible values are:</p> <p>Active – Indicates that the vulnerability continuously appeared since its initial detection.</p> <p>Fixed – Indicates that the vulnerability initially appeared and disappeared and not resurfaced.</p> <p>Resurfaced – Indicates that the vulnerability appeared and disappeared and then reappeared.</p>
Plugin Source	The plugin source.
First Hit	The time when the vulnerability was first detected.
Last Hit	The time when the vulnerability was last detected.
Asset Tags	The tags associated with the asset. See Asset Tags & Groups .
Fixed at	The time when the vulnerability was remediated.
Plugin Family	The family of the plugin.



Column	Description
Asset Type	The asset type, such as PLC and OT device.
Asset Risk Score	The risk score of the asset.
Asset Category	The category to which the asset belongs to, such as Controller, Network Assets.
Asset Vendor	The name of the vendor of the asset.
Asset Criticality	The criticality of the asset based on the severity of the vulnerability: High Criticality, Medium Criticality, or Low Criticality.
Asset Family	The family of the asset.
Asset Model	The model of the asset.
Firmware	The firmware of the asset.
OS	The operating system that the asset runs on.
Asset State	The current state of the asset.
Purdue Level	The purdue level of the asset.
Network Segment	The network segment that the asset belongs to.
Location	The asset's location.
Backplane Name	The name of the backplane where the vulnerability was detected.

View Findings Details

The Findings details comprises the following:

- Plugin Output
- Vulnerability Details
- Affected Asset Details

To view the findings details:

1. On the **Findings** page, click the link in the **Affected Assets** or the **Plugin Name** column.

The **Vulnerability Details** panel appears.

The screenshot shows the Nessus Findings interface. On the left, a list of 13 vulnerability findings is displayed with columns for Affected Asset, IP, and Severity (all Medium). On the right, a detailed view of a specific finding is shown. The finding is titled 'Recursive DNS Server Detection' and is categorized as 'Vulnerability', 'Medium' severity, and 'Active' status. It is associated with 'Port 53/UDP'. The 'Plugin Source' is 'NNM' and the 'Plugin ID' is '3703'. The 'Last Hit' timestamp is '02:42:57 PM · Jun 10, 2025'. Below this, the 'Plugin Output' section shows the timestamp '02:42:57 PM · Jun 10, 2025'. The 'Vulnerability Details' section includes an 'Overview' table with 'SEVERITY' (Medium) and 'AFFECTED ASSETS' (1). It also includes a 'Plugin details' table with 'PLUGIN SOURCE' (NNM) and 'PLUGIN ID' (0).

You can view the following details:

- Severity
- Affected Assets
- Plugin Source
- Plugin ID
- Affected Asset details such as Name, Type, Criticality, Risk Score, IP Address, Purdue Level.



- To expand the Vulnerability Details panel, click the button in the upper-right corner.
- To close the panel, click the button in the upper-right corner.
- To view the complete asset details, in the **Affected Asset** section, click **View Full Asset Details** .
- OT Security opens a separate browser tab with the **Inventory** page with the single asset details.

Policy Violations

Use the **Policy Violations** page to view all the events associated with the same policy, source, and destination. Each finding on the page is an aggregation of multiple events resulting from the same policy hits sharing the same source and destination.

To access the **Policy Violations** page:

1. In the left navigation menu, click **Risks > Findings**.

The **Findings** page appears.

2. Click the **Policy Violations** tab.

The **Policy Violations** page appears with the list of events.

Findings

You can enable automatic cloud updates for the Nessus Plugin Set

Configure Settings

Vulnerabilities

Policy Violations

Full Event Log

Search...

Status Active, Resurfaced

+ Add Filter

Remove All Filters

58 Policy Violation Findings

Actions

Group By

	Status	Sev... 1	Violation Type	Source Asset	Source IP	Destination Asset	Destination IP
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Unauthorized Conversati...	Eng_Station #1			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Intrusion Detection	Endpoint #73			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	ARP Scan	Endpoint #5			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Intrusion Detection	Endpoint #73			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Intrusion Detection	Endpoint #73			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Intrusion Detection	Endpoint #101			
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Unauthorized Conversati...	Eng_Station #1			

Findings

You can enable automatic cloud updates for the Nessus Plugin Set

Configure Settings

Vulnerabilities

Policy Violations

Full Event Log

Search...

Status Active, Resurfaced

+ Add Filter

Remove All Filters

Save Filter

4029 Policy Violation Findings

Actions

Group By

	Status	Sev... 1	Violation Type	Source Asset	Source IP	Destination Asset	Destination IP
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Change in Firmware Ver...				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Rockwell PLC Stop				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Rockwell PLC Stop				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Change in Firmware Ver...				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Intrusion Detection				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	High	Change in Firmware Ver...				
<input type="checkbox"/>	Active	Medium	Failed Unsecured FTP lo...				

The Policy Violations tab includes the following details:



Column	Description
ID	The ID of the violation.
Status	The status of the violation: Active, Resurfaced, or Resolved.
Severity	The severity of the violation: High, Medium, or Low.
Violation Type	The type of violation. For example, Unauthorized Conversation and Intrusion Detection.
Violation Category	The category that the violation type belongs to.
Policy	The policy that caused the violation.
Plugin Name	The plugins associated with the violation.
Mitre ICS Tactics	The reason or "why" behind a specific Mitre Attack technique for Industrial Control Systems (ICS).
Mitre ICS Techniques	The method or the "how" an adversary achieves a tactical goal.
Source Asset	The asset where the violation originated.
Source IP	The IP address of the source asset.
Destination Asset	The asset where the violation terminated.
Destination IP	The IP address of the destination asset.
Protocol	The protocol associated with the violation.
First Hit	The time when the violation was first detected.
Last Hit	The time when the violation was last detected.
Active Hits	The number of events resulting in the violation.
Asset Type	The type of asset where the violation was detected.
Asset Critical	The criticality of the asset.



Column	Description
Asset Vendor	The vendor associated with the asset.
Asset Family	The family that the asset belongs to.
Asset Tags	The tags associated with the asset.
Purdue Level	The purdue level of the asset.
Asset Location	The region where the asset is located.
Resolved On	The date when the violation was resolved.
Resolved By	The user who resolved the violation.
Comment	The comments added by the user when resolving the violation.

3. (Optional) You can do the following on the **Violations** page:

- Customize columns as described in [Customize Tables](#).
- Filter the findings table. See [Filter tables](#).
- [Export](#) the data in the CSV format.

Actions menu

Resolve a finding

- To resolve a finding:
 - a. Select the row of the finding and click **Actions > Resolve**.
The **Resolve** panel appears.
 - b. Type a comment for resolving the finding.
 - c. Click **Save**.

OT Security resolves the finding and the **Plugin Details** panel shows the status as **Resolved**.



Note: If the event reoccurs, OT Security reopens the finding and status appears as **Resurfaced**.

Exclude from policy

- To exclude the finding from a policy:
 - a. Select the row of the finding and click **Actions > Exclude from Policy**.

The **Exclude from Policy** panel appears.

- b. Select the **Exclude Conditions**.

Note: The exclude conditions are based on the last and most recent event.

- c. Provide the **Exclusion Description**.
 - d. Click **Save**.

OT Security excludes the most recent event from the policy.

Download last capture file

- To download the last capture file:
 - a. Select the row of the finding and click **Actions > Download Last Capture File**.

OT Security downloads the capture file for the most recent event.

Plugin Details

To view the details of the plugin for the finding:

1. In the **Policy Violations** tab, click the row of the finding to view its plugin details.



The plugin details panel appears with the violation details from the [OT Security plugin page](#).

The panel shows the details of the violation in four separate tabs: **Details**, **Source**, **Destinations**, and **Policy**.

Search for Events

To search for specific events that caused the violation:



- a. To find the events for a specific finding, click  **Copy Finding ID**.
- b. To go to the **Events** page, click the **Full Event Log**  link.

The **All Events** page appears.

- c. In the **Search** box, paste the **Finding ID** that you copied earlier.

OT Security lists the events for the specific finding.

Compliance Dashboard

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

Compliance to security frameworks such as NIS 2 Directive, ISO 27001 Controls are now mandatory for most of the critical infrastructure companies to clear audit checks.

Navigating compliance frameworks can be a complex process and require specialized knowledge. Use the **Compliance** dashboard to get a high-level understanding of all assets, vulnerabilities, and events that might affect your organization's critical business operations and also help answer these critical audit questions:

- Which security policies do you have in place to detect suspicious activity?
- How long does it take you to handle an incident?
- Are the alerts integrated with SOC/SIEM as part of your Incident Response (IR) plan?
- How many security events did you have on your critical assets in the last week or month?

The **Compliance** dashboard enables you to align key security measures with regulatory requirements, track your progress and improvements over time, and strengthen your security posture.

Using the dashboard data, you can identify areas where the organization is compliant and improve areas that impact the business from a risk perspective.



Compliance

[Security Framework Preferences](#)

General Info

TOTAL ASSETS IN SCOPE	841
FRAMEWORKS IN SCOPE	Not Defined (Default)

Incident Handling

Assets with abnormal unresolved events

Event Category	Asset Criticality: High	Asset Criticality: Medium	Asset Criticality: Low
Network Events	93	16	9
Network Threats	91	38	19

[Show Asset List](#)

Vulnerability Handling

Active vulnerabilities by asset type category

To view the compliance dashboard:

1. In the left navigation bar, click **Dashboards > Compliance**.


The **Compliance** dashboard appears.

2. In the left navigation bar, click **Risks > Compliance**.

The **Compliance** dashboard appears.

Note: To configure your security framework preferences, go to **Local Settings > System Configuration > Compliance**. For more information, see [Set Compliance Dashboard Preferences](#).

The dashboard includes the following widgets.

Tip: Hover over the  icon next to the widget sections for more information about the framework measures that each widget addresses.

Widget	Description
Incident Handling	Provides an overview of the assets at risk by their asset criticality: High,



Widget	Description
	<p>Medium, or Low. You can use this data to respond to high-risk security incidents.</p> <p>Based on the resolution of high-critical events in the last 30 days, OT Security records the Event Mean Time to Respond (MTTR). This value helps you understand the mean time required to respond to each critical event. MTTR is a critical key performance indicator and a shorter MTTR value indicates a more efficient incident resolution process.</p> <p>Note: To view all high-risk assets with suspicious open events, click the Show Asset List link. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</p>
Vulnerability Handling	<p>Provides an overview of all vulnerabilities by their severity and the affected asset types. This widget allows you to identify, assess, report, and remediate OT, network, and IoT vulnerabilities on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>Based on the vulnerabilities fixed in the last 90 days, OT Security records the Mean Time to Respond (MTTR). MTTR and Service Level Agreement (SLA) parameters help understand the mean time required to respond for each critical vulnerability and track the progress of the team in mitigating the vulnerabilities based on the defined SLAs. A shorter MTTR value indicates a more efficient incident resolution process.</p> <p>Note: To view all high-risk assets with active critical vulnerabilities, click Show Asset List. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</p>
Configuration & Change Management	<p>Provides an overview of all assets with unresolved configuration events such as changes made after setting a baseline and critical controller status activities such as the stopping of the device. The data in this widget helps you detect unauthorized modifications and critical events thereby ensuring operational continuity and quick recovery during service disruptions.</p> <p>Note: To view high-risk asset with configuration change events, click the</p>



Widget	Description
	<div>Show Asset List link. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</div>
External Exposure Risk	<p>Provides an overview of external connections to Industrial Control Systems (ICS) networks. You can use the data in this widget to help identify, evaluate, and mitigate OT, network, and IoT assets from unexpected external communication. This data also ensures compliance with supply chain security where ICS equipment and machine builder vendors use hybrid models and move their portal and engineering stations to the cloud, where there is a possibility of external exposure.</p>
Insecure Cryptography	<p>Provides an overview of insecure cryptographic events, such as unsecured logins and unencrypted credentials. This data can help monitor and detect insecure cryptographic events, and in turn prevent the compromise of sensitive information and service disruption.</p> <div>Note: To view all high-risk assets with insecure authentication events, click Show Asset List. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</div>
Insecure Communication Monitoring	<p>Provides an overview of high-risk assets with unsecured communication events and unauthorized access. This data can help avoid any insecure communication and suspicious unauthenticated access that may leave sensitive information or critical assets vulnerable to attackers.</p> <div>Note: To view all high-risk assets with insecure authentication events, click Show Asset List. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</div>
Risk Assessment	<p>Provides an overview of assets at risk by their criticality. This data helps you assess and manage risks associated with OT, network, and IoT assets and proactively identify and mitigate potential threats.</p> <div>Note: To view all assets that are at high risk, click the Show Asset list link. To close the assets list, click Hide Asset List.</div>

Events

Events are notifications generated in the system to call attention to potentially harmful activity in the network. Policies that you set up in the OT Security system generate events in one of the following categories: Configuration Events, SCADA Events, Network Threats, or Network Events. OT Security assigns a severity level to each policy, indicating the severity of the event.

When you activate a policy, any event in the system that fits the policy conditions triggers an event log. Multiple events with the same characteristics are clustered together into a single cluster.

Viewing Events

The screenshot displays the Tenable OT Security interface. On the left is a navigation sidebar with sections: Overview, Events (selected), Policies, Inventory, Network Map, and Risks. Under 'Events', 'All Events' is selected. The main area shows a table of events. The first event is highlighted, and its details are expanded below. The details include a description and a table of technical information. To the right of the details table are two informational boxes.

Status	Log ID	Time	Event Type	Severity	Policy Name	Source Asset	Source Address
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63026	08:22:08 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload		
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63025	08:21:50 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload		
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63024	08:21:50 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload		
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63021	08:20:41 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload		
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63020	08:20:41 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload		
<input type="checkbox"/> Not resolved	63019	08:20:29 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Modicon Code U...	Low	Modicon Code Upload		

Items: 63026

Event 63026 08:22:08 AM · Nov 11, 2024 Rockwell Code Upload Low Not resolved

Details	Code was uploaded from a controller to an engineering station	
Code	SOURCE NAME	
Source	SOURCE IP ADDRESS	
Destination	DESTINATION NAME Yuval_L71_A4	
Policy	DESTINATION IP ADDRESS 10.100.101.151	
Status	DESTINATION MAC ADDRESS 00:1d:9c:d4:70:34	
	PROTOCOL CIP (TCP)	

Why is this important?

The system has detected an upload of the controller code that was done via the network. When not part of regular operations, a code upload can be used to gather information on the controller behavior as part of reconnaissance activity.

Suggested Mitigation

1) Check whether the upload was done as part of scheduled maintenance work and verify that the source of the operation is approved to perform this operation.

2) If this was not part of a

All events that occurred in the system appear on the **All Events** page. Specific subsets of the events appear on separate windows for each of these event categories: **Configuration Events**, **SCADA Events**, **Network Threats**, and **Network Events**.

For each of the Events pages (Configuration Events, SCADA Events, Network Threats, and Network Events), you can customize the display settings by selecting the columns to display and the position of each column. You can group the events based on Event type, Severity, and Policy Name. You



can also sort, filter, and search the event lists. For more information about the customization features, see [Customize Tables](#).

You can use the **Actions** button in the header bar to perform the following actions:

- Resolve - Mark this event as Resolved.
- Download PCAP - Download the PCAP file for this event.
- Exclude - Create a Policy Exclusion for this event.

The bottom section of the page shows information about the selected event, divided into tabs. Only tabs relevant to the Event type of the selected Event are shown. The following tabs are shown for various types of Events: Details, Code, Source, Destination, Policy, Ports Scanned and Status.

Note: You can drag the panel divider up or down to enlarge/reduce the bottom panel display.

You can download the packet capture file associated with each Event, see [Network](#). The information shown for each Event listing is described in the following table:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the device in the network. Click the name of the asset to view the Asset Details Screen for that asset, see Inventory .
Addresses	The IP and/or MAC address of the asset. <div>Note: An asset may have multiple IP addresses.</div>
Type	The asset type. See Asset Types for an explanation of the various asset types.
Backplane	The backplane unit that the controller is connected to. Additional details about the backplane configuration are shown in the Asset Details screen.
Slot	For controllers that are on backplanes, shows the number of the slot to which the controller is attached.
Vendor	The asset vendor.
Family	The family name of the product as defined by the controller vendor.



Parameter	Description
Firmware	The firmware version currently installed on the controller.
Location	The location of the asset, as input by the user in the OT Security asset details. See Inventory .
Last Seen	The time at which the device was last seen by OT Security. This is the last time that the device was connected to the network or performed an activity.
OS	The OS running on the asset.
Log ID	The ID generated by the system to refer to the Event.
Time	The date and time that the Event occurred.
Event Type	Describes the type of activity that triggered the Event. Events are generated by Policies that are set up in the system. For an explanation of the various types of Policies, see Policy Types .
Severity	<p>Shows the severity level of the Event. The following is an explanation of the possible values:</p> <p>None - No reason for concern.</p> <p>Info - No immediate reason for concern. Should be checked out when convenient.</p> <p>Warning - Moderate concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with when convenient.</p> <p>Critical - Severe concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with immediately.</p>
Policy Name	The name of the Policy that generated the Event. The name is a link to the Policy listing.
Source Asset	The name of the asset that initiated the Event. This field is a link to the Asset listing.
Source Address	The IP or MAC of the asset that initiated the Event.



Parameter	Description
Destination Asset	The name of the asset that was affected by the Event. This field is a link to the Asset listing.
Destination Address	The IP or MAC of the asset that was affected by the Event.
Protocol	When relevant, this shows the protocol used for the conversation that generated this Event.
Event Category	<p>Shows the general category of the Event.</p> <div><p>Note: On the All Events screen, Events of all types are shown. Each of the specific Event screens shows only Events of the specified category.</p></div> <p>The following is a brief explanation of the Event categories (for a more detailed explanation see Policy Categories and Sub-Categories):</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Configuration Events - this includes two sub-categories• Controller Validation Events - These policies detect changes that take place in the controllers in the network.• Controller Activity Events - Activity Policies relate to the Activities that occur in the network (that is, the “commands” implemented between assets in the network).• SCADA Events - policies that identify changes made to the data plane of controllers. • Network Threats Events - these Policies identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats.• Network Events - Policies that relate to the assets in the network and the communication streams between assets.
Status	Shows whether or not the Event has been marked as resolved.
Resolved By	For resolved Events, shows which user marked the Event as resolved.
Resolved On	For resolved Events, shows when the Event was marked as resolved.
Comment	Shows any comments that were added when the Event was resolved.



Viewing Event Details

The bottom of the **Events** page shows additional details about the selected Event. The information is divided into tabs. Only tabs that are relevant for the selected Event are displayed. The detailed information includes links to additional information about the relevant entities (Source Asset, Destination Asset, Policy, Group, etc.)

- **Header** - shows an overview of essential info about the Event.
- **Details** - gives a brief description of the Event as well as an explanation of why this information is important and suggested steps that should be taken to mitigate the potential harm caused by the Event. In addition, it shows the source and destination assets that were involved in the Event.
- **Rule Details** (for Intrusion Detection Events) - shows information about the Suricata rule that applies to the Event.
- **Code** - This tab is shown for Controller activities such as code download and upload, HW configuration, and code deletion. It shows detailed information about the relevant code, including specific code blocks, rungs, and tags. The code elements are displayed in a tree structure with arrows for expanding/minimizing the details shown.
- **Source** - shows detailed information about the Source Asset for this Event.
- **Destination** - shows detailed information about the Destination Asset for this Event.
- **Affected Asset** - shows detailed information about the Asset Affected by this Event.
- **Scanned Ports** (for Port Scan Events) - shows the ports that were scanned.
- **Scanned Address** (for ARP Scan Events) - shows the addresses that were scanned.
- **Policy** - shows detailed information about the Policy that triggered the Event.
- **Status** - shows whether or not the Event has been marked as resolved. For resolved Events, shows details about which user marked it as resolved and when it was resolved.

Viewing Event Clusters



To facilitate the monitoring of events, multiple events with the same characteristics are clustered together into a single cluster. The clustering is based on event type (that is share the same Policy), source and destination assets, and the time range in which the Events occur. For information on configuring Event Clusters, see [Event Clusters](#).

Clustered Events are denoted with an arrow next to the Log ID. To view the individual Events in a Cluster, click on the record to expand the list.

All Events

Search...

Actions

Resolve All

↔

↺

Status	Log ID	Time ↓	Event Type	Severity	Policy Name	Source Asset	Source Address
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62947	07:48:59 AM · Nov 11, 2024	SIMATIC Hardwar...	Low	SIMATIC Hardware Confi...	
▼ <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62952	07:48:59 AM · Nov 11, 2024	ARP Scan	Medium	ARP Scan Detection	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62944	07:48:57 AM · Nov 11, 2024	SIMATIC Hardwar...	Low	SIMATIC Hardware Confi...	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62949	07:48:55 AM · Nov 11, 2024	SIMATIC Hardwar...	Low	SIMATIC Hardware Confi...	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62943	07:48:53 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Modicon Code U...	Low	Modicon Code Upload	10.100.20.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62948	07:48:52 AM · Nov 11, 2024	SIMATIC Hardwar...	Low	SIMATIC Hardware Confi...	10.100.20.3
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62942	07:48:51 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Not resol...	62941	07:48:37 AM · Nov 11, 2024	Rockwell Code U...	Low	Rockwell Code Upload	

Items: 63027 Selected Items: 1 Deselect all

Event 62952 07:48:59 AM · Nov 11, 2024 ARP Scan Medium Not resolved

Details

Affected Assets

Policy

Scanned Addresses

Status

ARP scans are used to map devices in a local network

SOURCE NAME

SOURCE MAC ADDRESS

PROTOCOL

OT Server #5

ARP

Why is this important?

ARP scans can be used for network mapping. It is important to know what assets are mapping the network and to verify that such mapping is

Suggested Mitigation

Check the source asset to determine whether it is expected to be generating ARP scans for monitoring purposes. If not, contact the source asset

Create Policy Exclusions

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

If a policy generates events for specific conditions that do not pose a security threat, you can exclude those conditions from the policy (that is, stop generating events for those particular conditions). For example, if you have a policy that detects changes in Controller State that occur during Workday hours, but you determine that for a particular controller it is normal for the state to change during those times, you can exclude that controller from the policy.

You can create exclusions from the **Events** page, based on events generated by your policies. You can specify which conditions of a particular event you want to exclude from the policy.



To resume generating events for the specified conditions at a later time, you can delete the exclusion, see [Policies](#).

To create a policy exclusion:

1. In the relevant **Events** page, (Configuration Events, SCADA Events, Network Threats, or Network Events), select the event for which you want to create an exclusion.
2. In the header bar, click **Actions** or right-click the event).

The **Actions** menu appears.

3. Click **Exclude from Policy**.

The **Exclude from Policy** window opens.

4. In the **Exclude Condition** section, by default all conditions are selected.

This causes events with any of the specified conditions to be excluded from the policy. You can deselect the check box next to each condition for which you want to continue generating events.

Note: For example, in the following window, to exclude the specified source and destination assets and IPs from this policy, but to continue applying this policy to UDP conversations between other assets in the network, then you should deselect “Protocol is UDP”.



Exclude From Policy

Future events that meet this condition will not affect asset risk score and will not appear in the events list. You will be able to delete this condition from the exclusions tab in the policy page.

Policy Name

Snapshot Mismatch

Exclude Conditions *

☒ Source asset is Rouge

Exclusion Description

Cancel

Exclude

Note: The set of conditions that can be excluded differ depending on the type of policy, see the following table.

- (Optional) In the **Exclusion Description** box, you can add a comment about the exclusion.
- Click **Exclude**.

OT Security creates the exclusion.

The following table shows the conditions that can be excluded for each type of event.

Policy Category	Event Type	Excludable Conditions
Controller Activities	Configuration Events (Activities)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Source assetSource IPDestination assetDestination IP



Policy Category	Event Type	Excludable Conditions
Controller Validation	Change in Key State	Source asset
	Change in Controller State	Source asset
	Change in FW Version	Source asset
	Module Not Seen	Source asset
	Snapshot Mismatch	Source asset
Network	Asset Not Seen	Source asset
	Change in USB Configuration	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• USB Device ID
	IP Conflict	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• MAC Addresses• IP Address
	Network Baseline Deviation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP• Protocol
	Open Port	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Port
	RDP Connection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP



Policy Category	Event Type	Excludable Conditions
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Destination asset• Destination IP
	Unauthorized Conversation	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP• Protocol
	FTP Log In (Failed and Successful)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
	Telnet Log In (Attempt, Failed and Successful)	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
Network Threat	Intrusion Detection	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset



Policy Category	Event Type	Excludable Conditions
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Destination IP• SID
	ARP Scan	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP
	Port Scan	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP
SCADA	Modbus Illegal Data Address	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
	Modbus Illegal Data Value	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
	Modbus Illegal Function	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
	Unauthorized Write	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset



Policy Category	Event Type	Excludable Conditions
		<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Destination asset• Tag Name
	IEC60870-5-104 StartDT IEC60870-5-104 StopDT	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP
	IEC60870-5-104 function code-based events	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP• COT
	DNP3 events	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Source asset• Source IP• Destination asset• Destination IP• Source DNP3 address• Destination DNP3 address

Download Individual Capture Files



Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst

OT Security stores the packet capture data associated with each Event in the network. The data is stored as PCAP files, which can be downloaded and analyzed using Network Protocol Analysis tools (for example, Wireshark). You can also download PCAP files for the entire network, see [Network](#).

Note: PCAP files are only available if the Packet Capture feature is activated. The Packet Capture feature can be activated from the **Local Settings > System Configuration > Packet Captures**, see [Packet Captures](#). PCAP files are only available for events that relate to network activity, such as, Controller Activities, Network Threats, SCADA Events, and some types of Network Events.

Download a PCAP File

To download a PCAP file:

1. In the **Events** page, select the check box next to the event for which you want to download the PCAP file.
2. In the header bar, click **Actions**.

The **Actions** menu appears.

3. Select **Download Capture File**.

The zipped PCAP file is downloaded to your local machine.

Create FortiGate Policies

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

The FortiGate integration allows you to use certain OT Security Events to create firewall policies/rules in the FortiGate Next Generation Firewall. The Event types that allow this capability (supported events) are Baseline Deviation, Unauthorized Conversation, Intrusion Detection, and RDP Connection (authenticated and not authenticated). The FortiGate policy is set to automatically apply to the source and destination assets involved in the OT Security Event. By default, the policy causes FortiGate to deny (that is block) traffic of the specified type. A FortiGate administrator can adjust the policy settings in the FortiGate application.

Before you suggest FortiGate policies, you need to set up the integration for your FortiGate Firewall server with OT Security. See [FortiGate Firewalls](#).



To suggest a FortiGate policy:

1. In the relevant **Events** page (Configuration Events, SCADA Events, Network Threats, or Network Events), select the event for which you want to create a FortiGate policy.
2. In the header bar, click **Actions** or right-click the event.

A drop-down menu appears.

3. Select **Create FortiGate Policy**.

The **Create Policy** on FortiGate panel opens, with the **Source Address** and **Destination Address** of the assets involved in the OT Security Event already filled in.

4. In the **FortiGate Server** drop-down box, select the required server.

Create Policy on FortiGate [X]

SOURCE ADDRESS:
10.10.10.10

DESTINATION ADDRESS:
10.10.10.10

FORTIGATE SERVER: *

FortiGate1
fortigateSTAS

Cancel Create

5. Click **Create**.

The policy is created in FortiGate and the panel closes. You can view the new policy in the FortiGate application. A FortiGate administrator can adjust the settings as needed.

Network

OT Security monitors all activity in your network and shows the data on the following pages:



- **Network Summary**– Shows an overview of the network activity.
- **Packet Captures** – Shows a listing of the PCAP files captured by the system. See [Packet Captures](#).
- **Conversations** – Shows a list of all conversations detected in the network, with details about the time they occurred, and involved assets. See [Conversations](#)

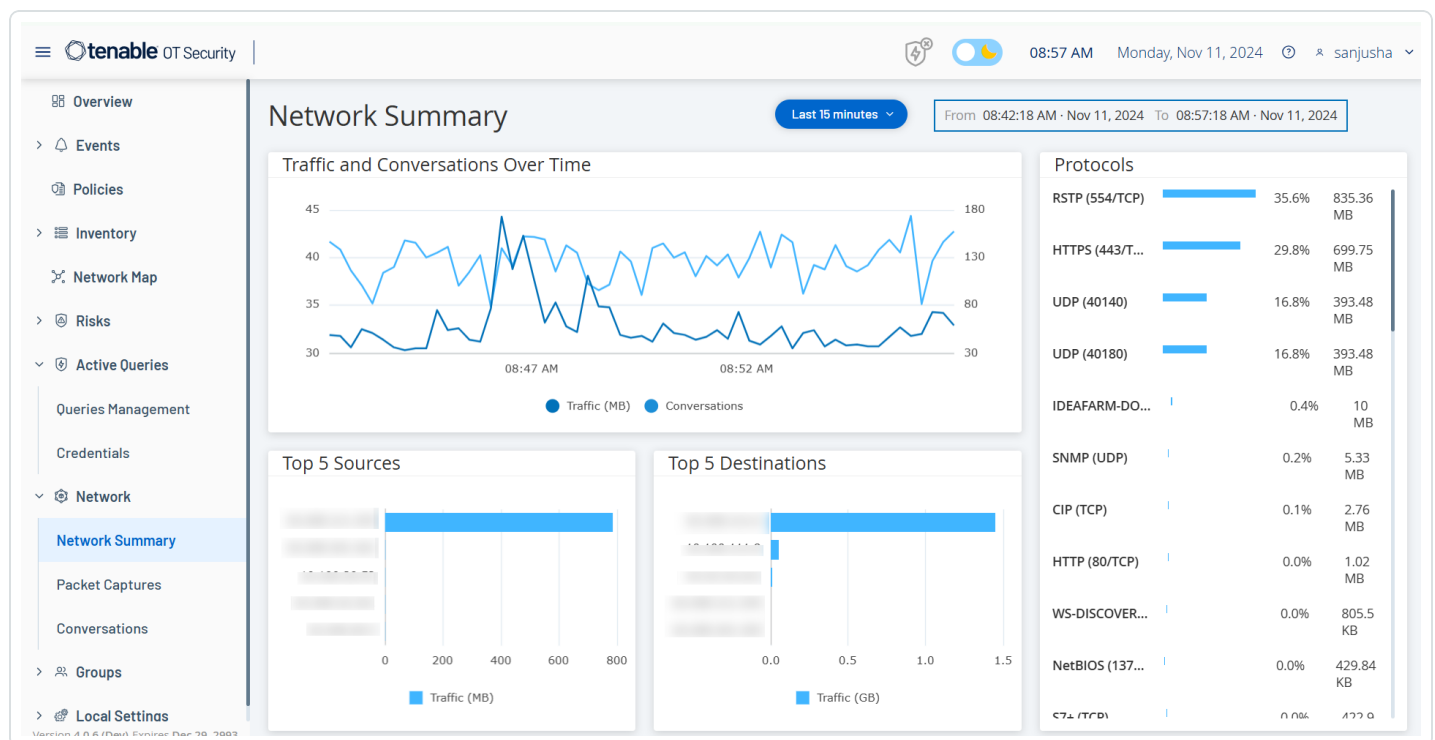
To access the **Network** page:

1. In the left navigation pane, select **Network**.

The **Network Summary** page appears.

Network Summary

The **Network Summary** page shows visual graphs that summarize the network activity. You can view the data for a specific timeframe.

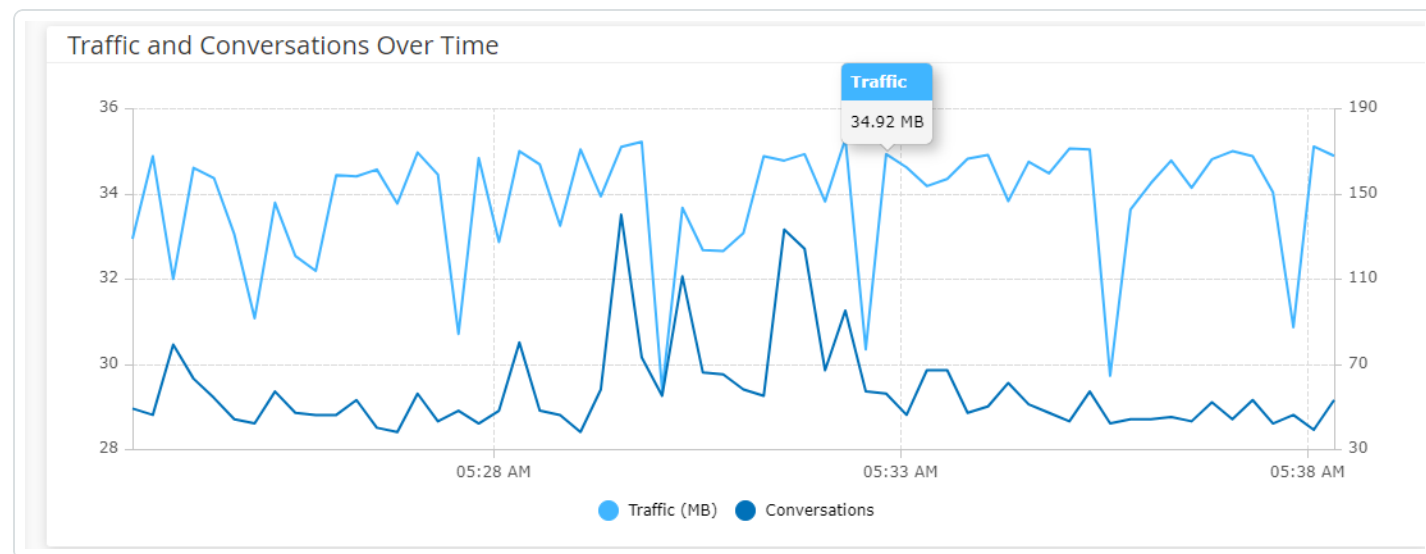


Interact with the following widgets to view additional details.

Traffic and Conversations over Time



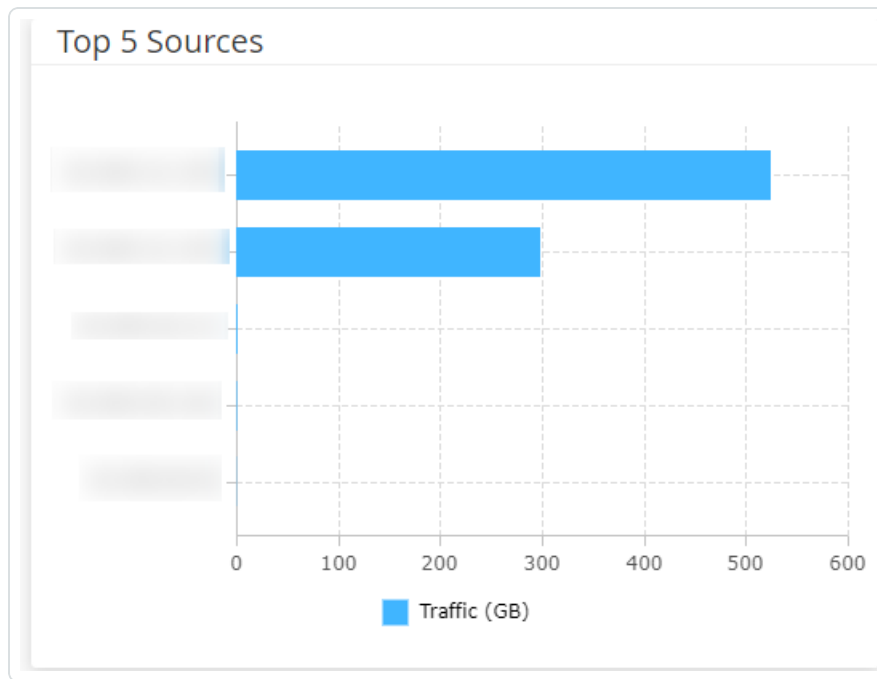
A line graph displays the volume of traffic (measured in KB/MB/GB) and the number of conversations in the network over time. The legend key appears at the top of the graph. Hover over a point on the graph to display specific data about the traffic and conversations during that time segment.



Note: The length of the time segment is adjusted according to the time scale displayed in the graph. For example, a 15-minute timeframe data shows each minute separately, while a 30-day timeframe shows the data for 6-hour segments.

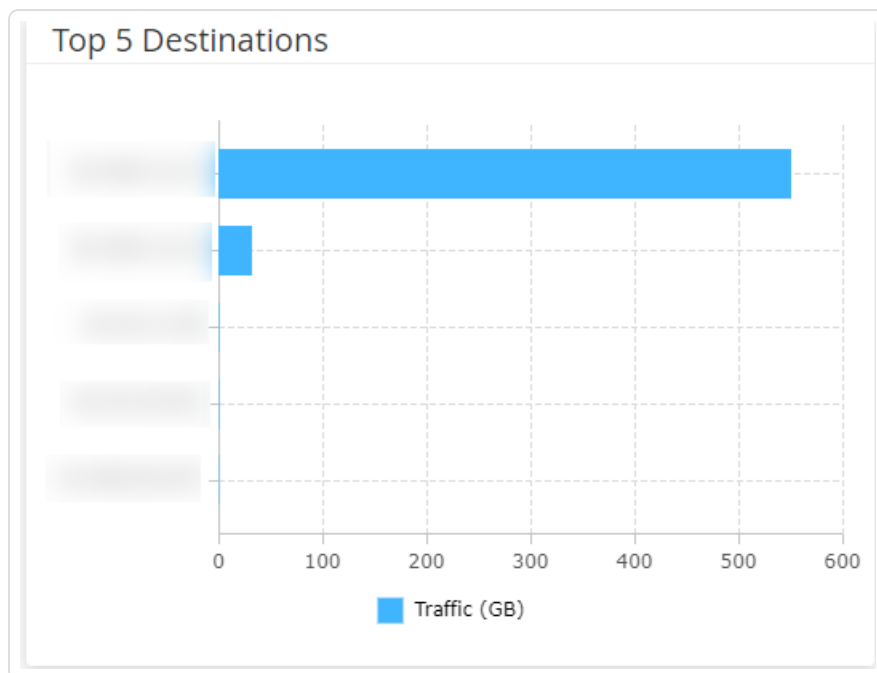
Top 5 Sources

The Top 5 Sources widget shows the number of conversations and the volume of traffic for each of the top five assets that sent communications through the network during a specific timeframe. You can identify the source assets by their IP addresses. Hover over a bar graph to see the number of conversations and volume of traffic coming from that asset.



Top 5 Destinations

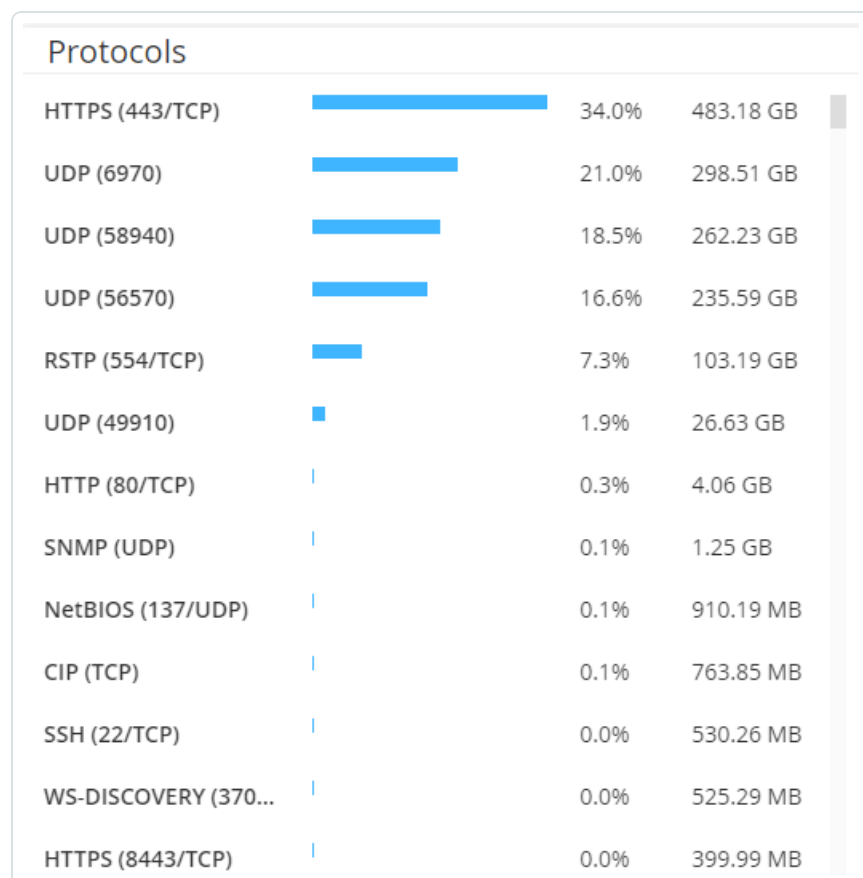
The Top 5 Destinations widget shows the number of conversations and amount of traffic for each of the top five assets that received communications through the network during the specific timeframe. You can identify the destination assets by their IP addresses. Hover over a bar graph to see the number of conversations and volume of traffic that the asset received.





Protocols

The **Protocols** widget shows data about the usage of various protocols for communication within the network during a specific timeframe.



The protocols rank from the most used (top) to least used (bottom). Each protocol shows the following information:

- A bar graph with the rate of usage, with a full bar indicating the top usage and partial bars indicating the extent of usage relative to the top used protocol.
- Percentage of usage.
- Total volume of communication.

Set the Timeframe

The **Network Summary** page displays data that represent network activity during a specific timeframe. The header bar shows the range of time for the current data display. The default

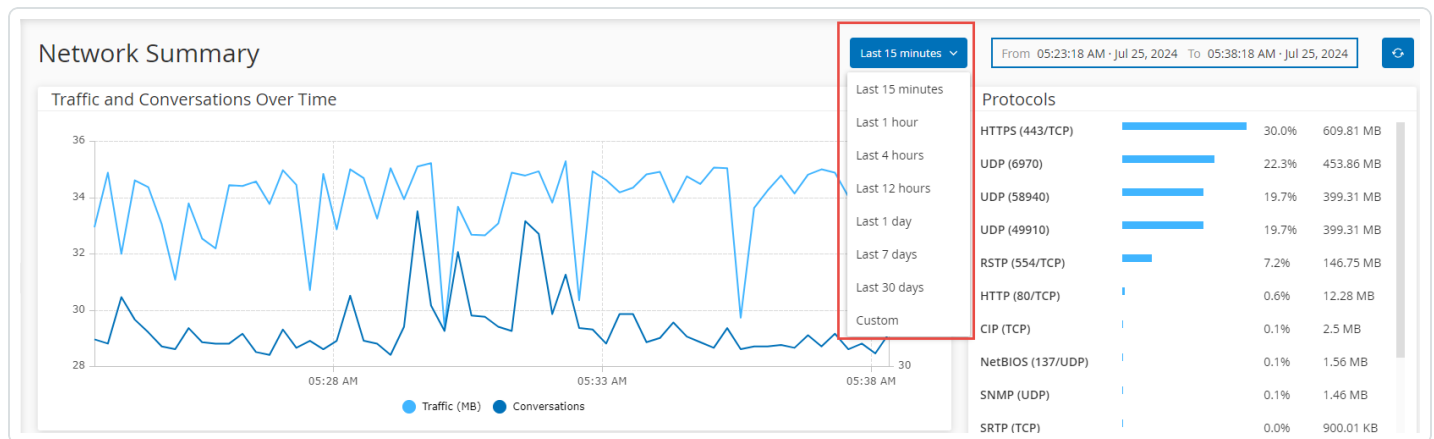


timeframe is for the **Last 15 minutes**. The header bar also shows the Start and End time of the timeframe.

To set the timeframe:

In the header bar, click the timeframe drop-down. The default is **Last 15 Minutes**.

The drop-down box lists the available options.



Select a time range using one of the following methods:

- Select a preset time range by clicking the required range. Options are: Last 15 Minutes, Last 1 Hour, Last 4 Hours, Last 12 Hours, Last Day, Last 7 Days, or Last 30 Days).
- Set a custom time range:
- Click **Custom**.

The **Custom Range** window appears.

- Provide the **Start Date**, **Start Time**, **End Date**, and **End Time**.
- Click **Apply**.

After you set the timeframe, the header bar shows the start and end date/time next to the timeframe selection. OT Security refreshes the page to show data within the chosen timeframe.

Packet Captures



OT Security stores files containing network packet captures of activities in the network. The data is stored as PCAP (packet capture) files, which can be analyzed using Network Protocol Analysis tools, such as Wireshark. This enables in-depth forensic analysis of critical events. When the storage capacity of the system exceeds 1.8 TB, the system deletes older files.

The **Packet Captures** page displays all the PCAP files in the system. The **Completed** section lists all completed files that are available for download. The **Ongoing** section shows details about the packet capture that is currently in progress.

The header bar shows the oldest captured file that is still available. It also includes an option to download files and to manually close the current Packet Capture.

Note: **Read only** and **Site Operator** roles do not have permission to stop ongoing captures or download saved packet captures.

In packet captures table, you can show or hide columns, sort, and filter the lists as well as search for keywords. For more information about customizing tables, see [Customize Tables](#).

Note: You can also download the PCAP file for an individual event from the **Events** page, see [Download Files](#).

Packet Capture Parameters

The Packet Capture list shows the following details:


Parameter	Description
Start Time	The date and time when the Packet Capture began.
End Time	The date and time when the Packet Capture ended.
Status	The status of the capture: Completed or Ongoing .
Sensor	The OT Security Sensor that captured the packet. For packets captured directly by the OT Security appliance, the value appears as <code>local</code> .
File Name	The name of the file.
File Size	The size of the file, given in KB/MB.

Filter Packet Capture Display




You can filter the Packet Captures display to find a specific PCAP by providing the parameters for the start time and/or the end time.

To filter Packet Captures:

1. Go to **Network > Packet Captures**.
2. To filter by the start time, hover over **Start time** and click the  icon.

A drop-down menu appears.

1. To set the filter:
 - a. From the drop-down menu, select the required filter: **Anytime (default)**, **Started before**, or **Started after**.
 - b. If you select **Started before** or **Started after**, a window appears with the **Date** and **Time** boxes allowing you to choose the date and time.
 - c. Click **Apply**.
3. To filter by End time, hover over **End time** and click the  icon.

A drop-down menu appears.

1. To set the filter:
 - a. Select required filter: **Anytime (default)**, **Ended before**, or **Ended after**.
 - b. If you select **Ended before** or **Ended after**, a window appears with the **Date** and **Time** boxes allowing you to choose the date and time.
 - c. Click **Apply**.

OT Security applies the filter and displays only the files generated within the specified timeframe.

Activate or Deactivate Packet Captures

You can activate or deactivate the Packet Capture feature from the **Local Settings > System Configuration > Device** .

If the **Packet Capture** feature is turned off, then the **Packet Captures** screen shows a message informing you that it is turned off.



Important: You can activate but not deactivate the Packet Capture feature from **Network > Packet Capture**.

To activate Packet Capture:

1. Go to **Network> Packet Captures**.
2. In the **Header** bar, click **Turn on**.

OT Security starts Packet Capture.

Download Files

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst

You can download any of the **Completed** PCAP files to your local machine. You can then analyze using Network Protocol Analysis tools such as Wireshark.

File captures that are still ongoing are not yet available for download. You can manually close an ongoing capture to close the current file and begin capturing information on a new file.

To download a completed file:

1. Go to **Network> Packet Captures**.
2. Select the required file from the Packet Capture lists.
3. In the **Header** bar, click **Download**.

OT Security downloads the PCAP file in a zip format to your local machine.

To manually close the current Packet Capture:

1. Go to **Network >Packet Captures**.
2. In the **Header** bar, click **Close ongoing captures**.

OT Security stops the current capture and the file becomes available for download.


OT Security automatically starts a new Packet Capture.

Conversations



Conversations are network communications between two assets – a source and a destination. For example, an interaction between an engineering workstation and a PLC, or between two servers. The **Conversations** page shows a list of the current and past conversations, including detailed information about the conversations.

You can do the following actions from the **Conversations** page:

- **Search** – Use the **Search** box to search for specific conversations by providing identifying information.
- **Export** – Use the  Export button to export all data from the **Conversations** tab onto your local machine as a .csv file.

Note: The Conversations table shows the last 10,000 network conversations.

To access the **Conversations** page:

1. Go to **Network > Conversations**.

The **Conversations** page appears.

Conversations							
Search...							
Start Time ↓	End Time	Duration	Bytes	Packets	Source Address	Destination Ad...	Protocol
Completed (10000)							
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:58 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:58 AM	1 second	587	10			HTTP (80/TCP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:57 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:57 AM	1 second	202	2			HTTP (80/TCP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:57 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:57 AM	1 second	200	3			HTTP (80/TCP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:55 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:57 AM	2 seconds	32487	688			SNMP (161/UDP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	1 second	82	1			SNMP (161/UDP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	1 second	82	1			SNMP (161/UDP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:53 AM	1 second	82	1			SNMP (161/UDP)
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	1 second	54	1			3COM-NSD (1742...
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	1 second	54	1			CISCO-NET-MGM...
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	1 second	54	1			ENCORE (1740/U...
Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	Nov 11, 2024 09:02:47 AM	1 second	54	1			CINEGRFX-LM (17...

The Conversations page includes the following details:

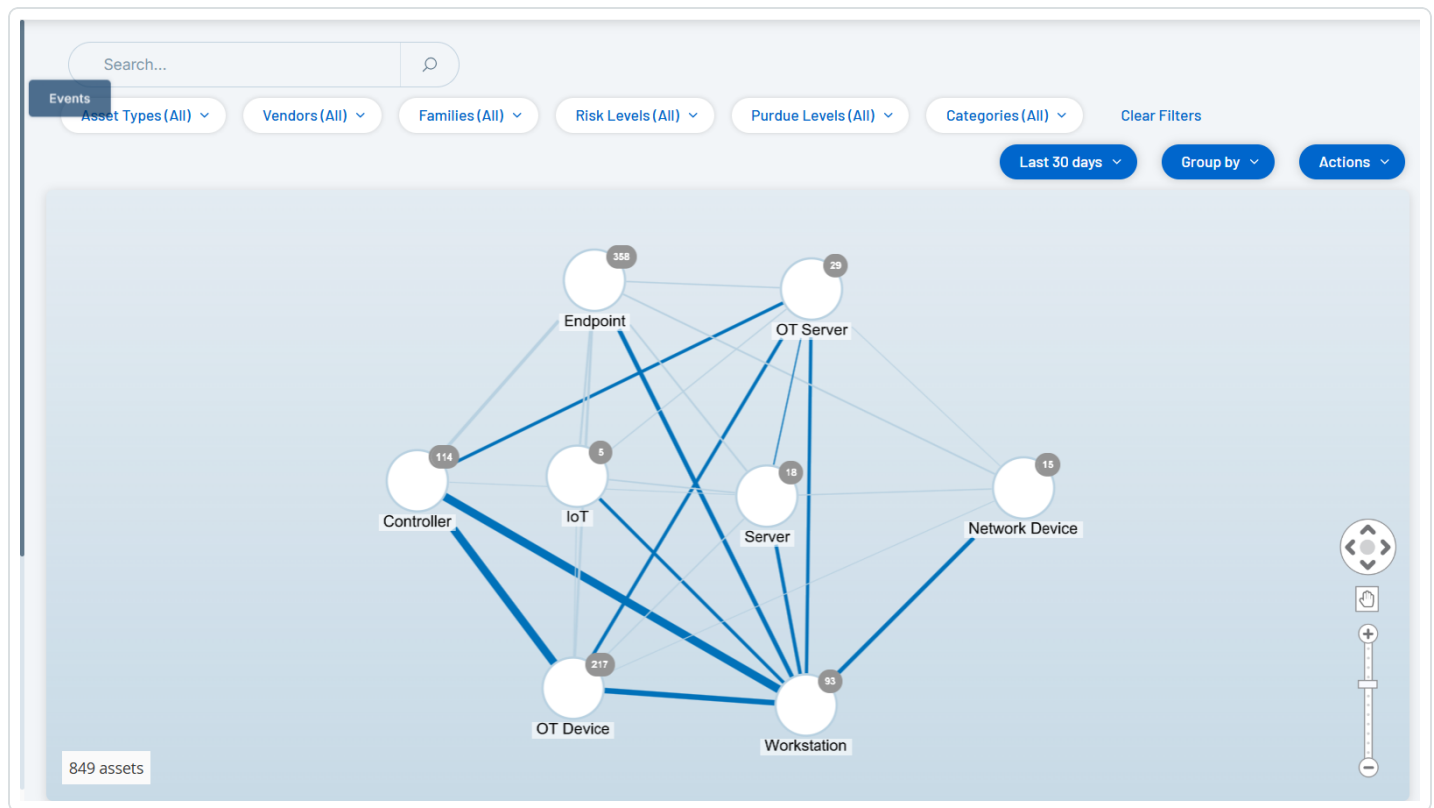
Parameter	Description
-----------	-------------



Start Time	The time when the conversation began.
End Time	The time when the conversation ended. Shows Ongoing for conversations that are still in progress.
Duration	The duration of the conversation.
Packets	The number of data packets sent during the conversation.
Source Address	The IP address of the asset that sent the data.
Destination Address	The IP of the asset that received the data.
Protocol	The protocol used for the communication.

Network Map

The **Network Map** screen offers a visual representation of the network assets and their connections over time, that OT Security's Network Detection capabilities discovered. Network Detection provides in-depth and real-time visibility into all activities over the operational network, focusing on control-plane engineering activities, such as firmware downloads or uploads, code updates and configuration changes, performed over proprietary, and vendor-specific protocols. Network Map shows the assets by groups of related assets or as individual assets.



The **Network Map** shows all assets and connections that Tenable discovered during the specified timeframe.

The **Network Map** page shows the following details:

- **Search Box** – Type a search text to search for assets in the display. The Network Map shows the search results by highlighting all groups that match the search text. You can drill down into each group to see the relevant assets.
- **Filters** – Filter the map display by one or several of the specified categories: **Asset Type**, **Vendors**, **Families**, **Risk Levels**, and **Purdue Levels**. For an explanation of asset types, see [Asset Types](#).
- **Time Frame** – The Network Map shows assets and network connections detected during the specified timeframe. The default timeframe is set for **Last 30 days**. In the timeframe drop-down box, select a different timeframe.
- **Grouping** – Specify the category used to group the assets in the display. The options are: **Asset type**, **Purdue level**, **Risk level**, or **No grouping**. The **Collapse all groups** option keeps



the current grouping selection visible but collapses all other open groups.

- **Actions** – You can select the following actions from the drop-down menu:
 - **Set as baseline** – Set the baseline used for detecting anomalous network activity, see [Set a Network Baseline](#).
 - **Auto arrange** – Automatically optimize the map display for the entities currently being displayed.
- **Groups/Assets** – An icon on the map represents each group of assets, with a distinct icon depicting each asset type. as described in [Asset Types](#). For groups, the number at the top of the icon indicates the number of assets in that group. You can drill down to show separate icons for each sub-group until you get to the individual asset icons. For individual assets, the color of the frame around the asset indicates its risk level (red, yellow, green).

Note: You can drag the groups and assets and reposition them to get a better view of the assets and their connections.

- **Connections** – Each communication between groups of assets and/or individual assets, according to the degree of granularity currently displayed in the map. The thickness of the line indicates the volume of communication through that connection.

The network map uses color codes to differentiate IT and OT protocols.

- A gray line indicates IT-only protocols (for example, DNS, HTTP, and FTP).
- A blue line indicates the presence of OT protocols (for example, HTTP, MODBUS, CIP, and FTP).
- **Total Assets Displayed** – Shows the number of assets detected in the network (and displayed in the map) based on the specified timeframe and asset filters. This number is shown relative to the total number of assets detected in your network.
- **Navigation Controls** – You can adjust the display by zoom in and out and navigate to show the desired elements using either the onscreen controls or standard mouse controls.

Asset Groupings

The **Network Map** page can show assets grouped by various categories. It shows connections between groups of assets. You can click on an asset to drill-down to the elements in that group. You



can also drill-down in multiple groups simultaneously. OT Security offers multiple layers of embedded groups, so that drill-down gives you a more granular view of the included assets.

The following are the Groupings that you can apply to the main display and the drill-down options for that selection.

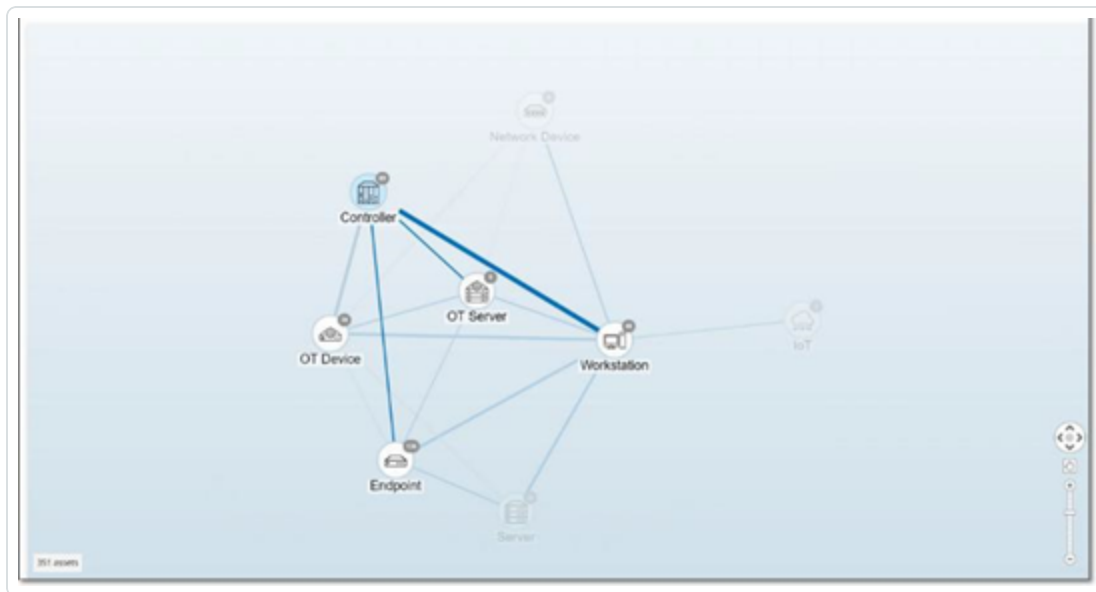
When the map displays groups by **Asset Type** (default), the drill-down hierarchy is as follows: **Asset Type > Vendor > Family > Individual Asset**.

When the Map displays groups by **Risk Level** or **Purdue Level**, it adds an additional level above the Asset Type grouping to give this hierarchy: **Purdue Level/Risk Level > Asset Type > Vendor > Family > Individual Asset**. A circle surrounds the included groups/assets, representing each level.

The following example shows how you can drill down to the display:

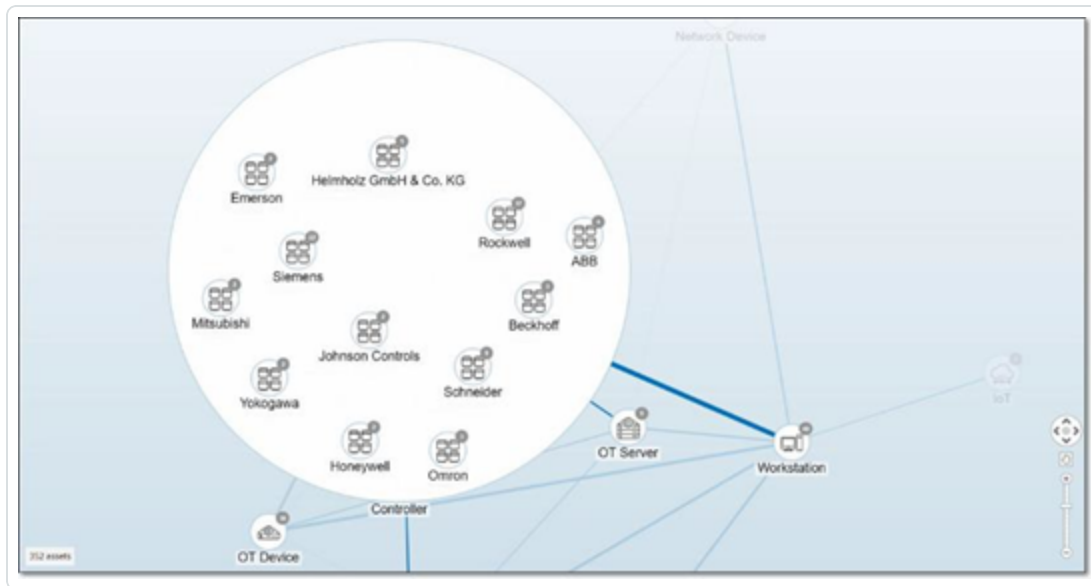
To drill down to an Asset Type Group:

1. By default, the **Network Map** screen opens with the assets grouped by Asset type.

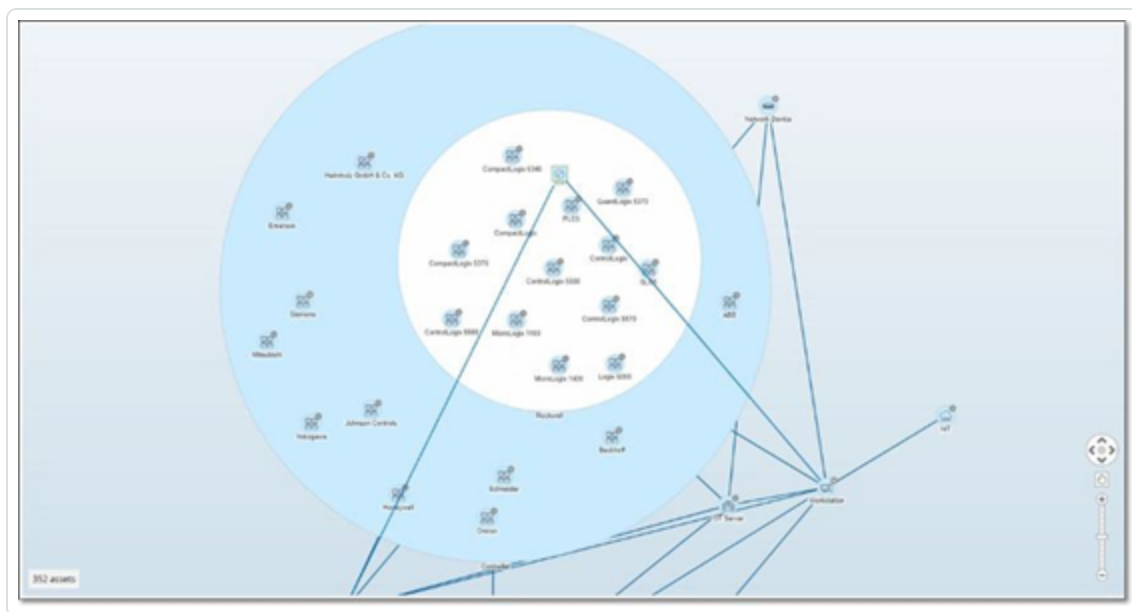


2. Double-click on the group icon that you want to drill down into (for example, Controller).

The group expands to display the Vendor groups within that group.

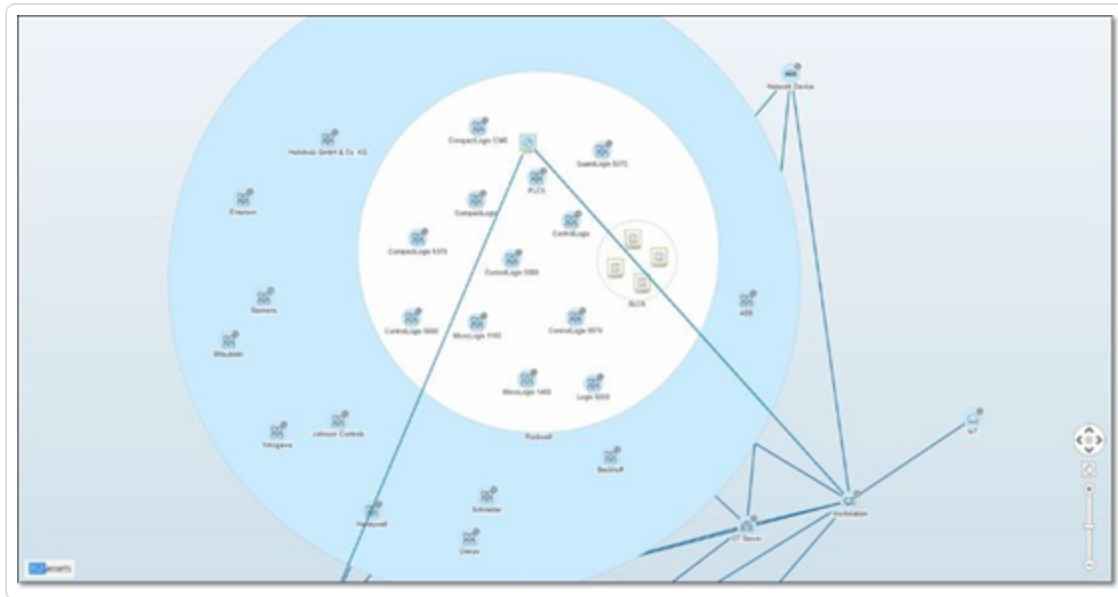


3. To drill down further, click a Vendor group (for example, Rockwell).



4. To drill down further, click a Family group (for example, SLC5).

The individual assets within that group appear.



5. You can now click a specific asset to see details for that asset and its connections, see [Inventory](#).

To collapse the display:

1. Click on **Group by**.
2. Click **Collapse all groups**.

The display shows the top-level groups again.

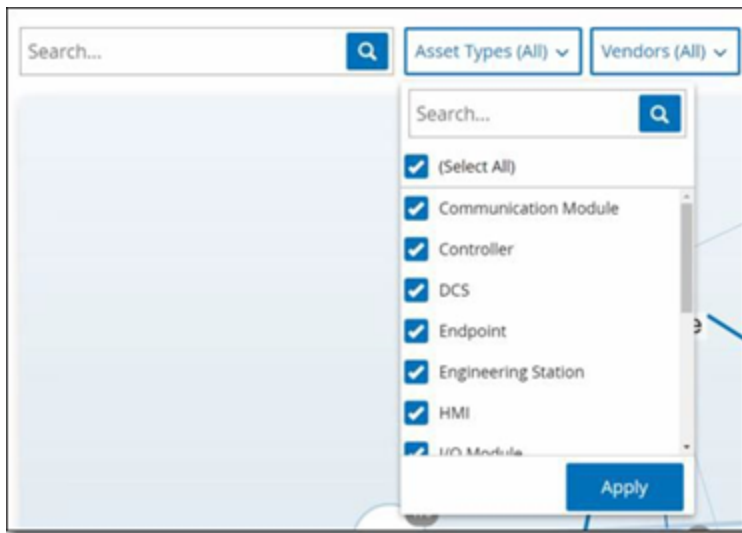
To remove all grouping:

1. Click on the **Group by** button.
2. Select **No grouping**.

The map shows all single assets without any grouping.

Apply Filters to the Map Display

You can filter the map display by one or several of the specified categories: Asset Type, Vendors, Families, Risk Levels, Purdue Levels.



To apply filters to the map:

1. Click the required filter category.
2. Select or clear the check boxes for each element that you want to include or exclude from the display.

Note: By default, the filter includes all elements.

3. You can click the **Select All** check box to clear all the values and add the desired values.
4. You can perform a search in the filter search box to find a specific value in the filter window.
5. Repeat the process for each filter category, as needed.
6. Click **Apply**.

The map shows only the selected elements.

View Asset Details

You can click a specific asset to display basic information about the asset and its network activities, including the risk level, IP address, asset type, vendor, and family. The map displays connections from the selected asset to all of the other assets that communicate with it. You can then click the asset name link to go to the **Asset Details** screen for more details about the asset.



Set a Network Baseline

A Network Baseline is a map of all conversations that took place between assets in the network during a specified time period. The Network Baseline serves for Network Baseline Deviation Policies, which alert for anomalous conversations in the network, see [Network Event Types](#).

Assets that did not interact during the Baseline sample trigger a Policy alert for each conversation (assuming it falls within the scope of the specified Policy conditions). To enable the creation of Network Baseline Deviation policies, you must first create an initial Network Baseline on the **Network Map** screen. You can update the Network Baseline anytime by setting a new Network Baseline.

To set a Network Baseline:

1. On the **Network Map** screen, select the time range of the conversations to include in the Network Baseline using the **Time Frame Selection** at the top of the screen.

The **Network Map** for the selected time frame appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, select **Actions > Set as baseline**.

OT Security configures the new network baseline and applies the baseline to all Network Baseline Deviation Policies.



Data Collection

The **Data Collection** section in OT Security includes the following configuration pages:

- [Policies](#)
- [Manage Active Queries](#)
- [Data Sources](#)

Policies

OT Security includes policies that define specific types of events that are suspicious, unauthorized, anomalous, or otherwise noteworthy that occur in the network. When an event occurs that meets all of the Policy Definition conditions for a particular policy, the system generates an event. The system logs the event and sends notifications in accordance with the Policy Actions configured for the policy.

- **Policy-based Detection** – Triggers an event when the precise conditions of the policy, as defined by a series of event descriptors, are met.
- **Anomaly Detection** – Triggers an event when OT Security detects anomalous or suspicious activity in the network.

OT Security features a set of predefined policies (out-of-the-box). In addition, you can edit the predefined policies or define new custom policies.

Note: By default, most policies are turned on. To turn Policies on/off, see [Enable or Disable Policies](#).

Policy Configuration

Each policy consists of a series of conditions that define a specific type of behavior in the network. This includes considerations such as the activity, the assets involved, and the timing of the event. Only an event that conforms to all the parameters set in the policy triggers an event for that policy. Each policy has a designated Policy Actions configuration, which defines the severity, notification methods, and logging of the event.

Groups



An essential component in the definition of policies in OT Security is the use of Groups. When configuring a policy, each policy parameter belongs to a group as opposed to individual entities. This streamlines the policy configuration process. For example, if the Activity Firmware update is considered a suspicious activity when it is performed on a controller during certain hours of the day (for example, during work hours), instead of creating a separate policy for each controller in your network, you can create a single policy that applies to the Asset Group Controllers.

Policy configuration uses the following types of groups:

- **Asset Groups** – The system comes with predefined Asset Groups based on asset type. You can add custom groups based on other factors such as location, department, and criticality.
- **Network Segments** – The system creates auto-generated Network Segments based on asset type and IP range. You can create custom Network Segments defining any group of assets having similar communication patterns.
- **Email Groups** – Group multiple email accounts that receive email notifications for specific events. For example, grouping by role, and department.
- **Port Groups** – Group ports used in a similar manner. For example, ports that are open on Rockwell controllers.
- **Protocol Groups** – Group communication protocols by the type of protocol (for example, Modbus), or the manufacturer (for example, Rockwell allowed protocols).
- **Schedule Groups** – Group several time ranges as a schedule group that has a certain common characteristic. For example, work hours and weekends.
- **Tag Groups** – Group tags that contain similar operational data in various controllers. For example, tags that control furnace temperature.
- **Rule Groups** – Group-related rules identified by their Suricata Signature IDs (SIDs). These groups are used as a policy condition for defining Intrusion Detection Policies.

Policies can only be defined using groups configured in your system. The system comes with a set of predefined groups. You can edit these groups and add your own groups, see [Groups](#).

Note: Policy parameters can only be set using groups, even if you want a policy to apply to an individual entity, you must configure a group that includes only that entity.

Severity Levels



Each policy has a specific severity level assigned to it that indicates the degree of risk posed by the situation that triggered the event. The following table describes the various severity levels:

Severity	Description
None	The event is not cause for concern.
Low	No immediate reason for concern. Should be checked out when convenient.
Medium	Moderate concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with when convenient.
High	Severe concern that potentially harmful activity has occurred. Should be dealt with immediately.

Event Notifications

When an event occurs that matches the conditions of the policy, an event is triggered. The **Events** section shows **All Events**. The **Policy** page lists the event under the policy that triggered the event and the **Inventory** page lists the event under the affected Asset. In addition, you can configure policies to send notification of events to an external SIEM using the Syslog protocol and/or to designated email recipients.

- **Syslog Notification** – Syslog messages use the CEF protocol with both Standard Keys and Custom Keys (configured for use with OT Security). For an explanation of how to interpret Syslog notifications see the [OT Security Syslog Integration Guide](#).
- **Email Notifications** – Email messages include details about the event that generated the notification and the steps to mitigate the threat.

Policy Categories and Sub-Categories

OT Security organizes the policies by the following categories:

- **Configuration Events** – These policies relate to the activities that occur in the network. There are two sub-categories:
 - **Controller Validation** – These Policies relate to changes that take place in the controllers in the network. This can involve changes in the state of a controller as well as



changes to the firmware, asset properties, or code blocks. The policies can be limited to specific schedules (for example, firmware upgrade during a work day), and/or specific controllers.

- **Controller Activities** – These policies relate to specific engineering commands that impact controllers' state and configuration. It is possible to define specific activities that always generate events or to designate a set of criteria for generating events. For example, if certain activities are performed at certain times and/or on certain controllers. Both block lists and allowlists of assets, activities, and schedules are supported.
- **Network Events** – These policies relate to the assets in the network and the communication streams between assets. This includes assets added to or removed from the network. It also includes traffic patterns that are anomalous for the network or flagged as raising cause for concern. For example, if an engineering station communicates with a controller using a protocol that is not part of a pre-configured set of protocols (for example, protocols used by controllers manufactured by a specific vendor), the policy triggers an event. You can limit these policies to specific schedules and/or specific assets. Vendors organize vendor-specific protocols for convenience, while any protocol can be used in a policy definition.
- **SCADA Event Policies** – These policies detect changes in set-point values, which can harm the industrial process. These changes may result from a cyber-attack or human error.
- **Network Threats Policies** – These policies use signature-based OT and IT threat detection to identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats. The detection is based on rules cataloged in Suricata's Threats engine.

Policy Types

Within each category and sub-category, there are a series of different types of policies. OT Security includes the predefined policies of each type. You can also create your own custom policies of each type. The following tables explain the various Policy Types, grouped by category.

Configuration Event – Controller Activities Event Types

Controller Activities relate to the activities that occur in the network. For example, the “commands” implemented between assets in the network. There are many different types of Controller Activity Events. The type of controller on which the activity occurs and the specific activity defines the



Controller Activity type. For example, Rockwell PLC stop, SIMATIC code download, and Modicon online session.

The policy definition parameters or policy conditions that apply to Controller Activity Events are Source Asset, Destination Asset, and Schedule.

Configuration Event – Controller Validation Event Types

The following table describes the various types of Controller Validation Events.

Note: Policy conditions relating to Affected Assets, Sources, or Destinations can be specified by selecting either an Asset Group or a Network Segment.

Event Type	Policy Conditions	Description
Change in key switch	Affected Asset, Schedule	A change to the controller state by adjusting the physical key position. Currently supports Rockwell controllers only.
Change in state	Affected Asset, Schedule	The controller changed from one operational state to another. For example, running, stopped, and test.
Change in firmware version	Affected Asset, Schedule	A change to the firmware running on the controller.
Module not seen	Affected Asset, Schedule	Detects a previously identified module that removed from a backplane.
New module discovered	Affected Asset, Schedule	Detects a new module added to an existing backplane.
Snapshot mismatch	Affected Asset, Schedule	The most recent Snapshot (which captures the current state of the program deployed on a controller) of a controller was not identical to the previous Snapshot of that controller.



Network Event Types

The following table describes the various types of Network Events.

Note: Policy conditions relating to Affected Assets, Sources, or Destinations can be specified by selecting either an Asset Group or a Network Segment.

Event Type	Policy Conditions	Description
Asset not seen	Not seen for, Affected Asset, Schedule	Detects previously identified assets in the Affected Asset Group that are removed from the network for the specified duration of time during the specified time range.
Rediscovered Asset	Inactive for, Affected Assets, Schedule	Detects an asset that comes online or begins communicating again after being offline for a period of time.
Change in USB configuration	Affected Assets, Schedule	Detects when a USB device is connected to or removed from a Windows-based workstation. The policy applies to changes to an asset in the Affected Asset Group during the specified time range.
IP conflict	Schedule	Detects multiple assets in the network using the same IP Address. This may indicate a cyber-attack or it may result from poor network management. The policy applies to IP Conflicts that OT Security discovers during the specified time range.
Network Baseline Deviation	Source, Destination, Protocol, Schedule	Detects new connections between assets that did not communicate with each other during the Network Baseline sampling. This option is only available once a Network Baseline is set up in the system. To set the initial Network Baseline or to update the Network Baseline, see Setting a Network Baseline . The policy applies to communication from an asset in the



		Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group using a Protocol from the Protocol Group during the specified time range.
New asset discovered	Affected Asset, Schedule	Detects new assets of the type specified in the Source Asset Group that appears in your network during the specified time range.
Open port	Affected Asset, Port	Detects new open ports in your network. Unused open ports can pose a security risk. The policy applies to assets in the Affected Asset Group and to ports that are in the Port Group.
Spike in network traffic	Time window, Sensitivity level, Schedule	Detects anomalous spikes in the network traffic volume. The policy applies to spikes relative to the specified time window and based on the specified sensitivity level. It is also limited to the specified time range.
Spike in conversation	Time window, Sensitivity level, Schedule	Detects anomalous spikes in the number of conversations in the network. The policy applies to spikes relative to the specified time window and based on the specified sensitivity level. It is also limited to the specified time range.
RDP connection (authenticated)	Source, Destination, Schedule	An RDP (Remote Desktop Connection) was made in the network using authentication credentials. The Policy applies to asset in the Source Asset Group connecting to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.
RDP connection (not authenticated)	Source, Destination, Schedule	An RDP (Remote Desktop Connection) made in the network without using authentication credentials. The policy applies to asset in the Source Asset Group connecting to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.
Unauthorized	Source,	Detects communication sent between assets in the



conversation	Destination, Protocol, Schedule	network. The policy applies to communication sent from an asset in the Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group using a Protocol from the Protocol Group during the specified time range.
Successful unsecured FTP login	Source, Destination, Schedule	OT Security considers FTP as an unsecure protocol. This policy detects successful logins using FTP.
Failed unsecured FTP login	Source, Destination, Schedule	OT Security considers FTP as an unsecure protocol. This policy detects failed login attempts using FTP.
Successful unsecured Telnet login	Source, Destination, Schedule	OT Security considers Telnet as an unsecure protocol. This policy detects successful logins using Telnet.
Failed unsecured Telnet login	Source, Destination, Schedule	OT Security considers Telnet as an unsecure protocol. This policy detects failed login attempts using Telnet.
Unsecured Telnet login attempt	Source, Destination, Schedule	OT Security considers Telnet as an unsecure protocol. This policy detects login attempts using Telnet (for which the result status is not detected).

Network Threat Event Types

The following table describes the various types of Network Threat Events.

Note: Policy conditions relating to Affected Assets, Sources, or Destinations can be specified by selecting either an Asset Group or a Network Segment.

Event Type	Policy Conditions	Description
Intrusion Detection	Source, Affected Asset, Rule Group,	Intrusion Detection Policies use signature-based OT and IT threat detection to identify network traffic that is indicative of intrusion threats. The detection is based on rules that are cataloged in Suricata's Threats engine. The rules are



	Schedule	<p>grouped into categories (ICS Attacks, Denial of Service, and Malware) and sub-categories (ICS Attacks - Stuxnet and ICS Attacks - Black Energy). The system comes with a series of predefined groups of related rules. You can also configure your own custom groupings of various rules.</p> <div>Note: You cannot edit the Source and Destination asset groups for Intrusion Detection System (IDS) events.</div>
ARP scan	Affected Asset, Schedule	Detects ARP scans (network reconnaissance activity) that are run in the network. The policy applies to scans that are broadcasted in the Affected Asset Group during the specified time range.
Port scan	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects SYN scans (network reconnaissance activity) that are run in the network to detect open (vulnerable) ports. The policy applies to communication from an asset in the Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.

SCADA Event Types

The following table describes the various types of SCADA Event types.

Note: Policy conditions relating to Affected Assets, Sources, or Destinations can be specified by selecting either an Asset Group or a Network Segment.

Event Type	Policy Conditions	Description
Modbus illegal data address	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects "illegal data address" error code in Modbus protocol. The policy applies to communication from an asset in the Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.
Modbus illegal data value	Source Asset,	Detects "illegal data value" error code in



	Destination Asset, Schedule	Modbus protocol. The policy applies to communication from an asset in the Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.
Modbus illegal function	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects "illegal function" error code in Modbus protocol. The policy applies to communication from an asset in the Source Asset Group to an asset in the Destination Asset Group during the specified time range.
Unauthorized write	Source Asset, Tag Group, Tag value, Schedule	Detects unauthorized tag writes to the specified tags on a controller (currently supported for Rockwell and S7 controllers) in the specified Source Asset Group. You can configure the policy to detect any new write, a change from a specified value or a value outside of a specified range. The policy only applies during the specified time range.
ABB - Unauthorized write	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects write commands sent over MMS to ABB 800xA controllers that are out of the allowed range.
IEC 60870-5-104 Commands (Start/Stop Data Transfer, Interrogation Command, Counter Interrogation Command, Clock Synchronization Command, Reset Process Command, Test Command with Time Tag)	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects specific commands sent to IEC-104 parent or child units that are considered to be risky.



DNP3 Commands	Source Asset, Destination Asset, Schedule	Detects all main commands sent using DNP3 protocol. For example Select, Operate and Warm/Cold Restart. Also detects errors originating from internal indicators such as unsupported function codes and parameter errors.
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Enable or Disable Policies

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

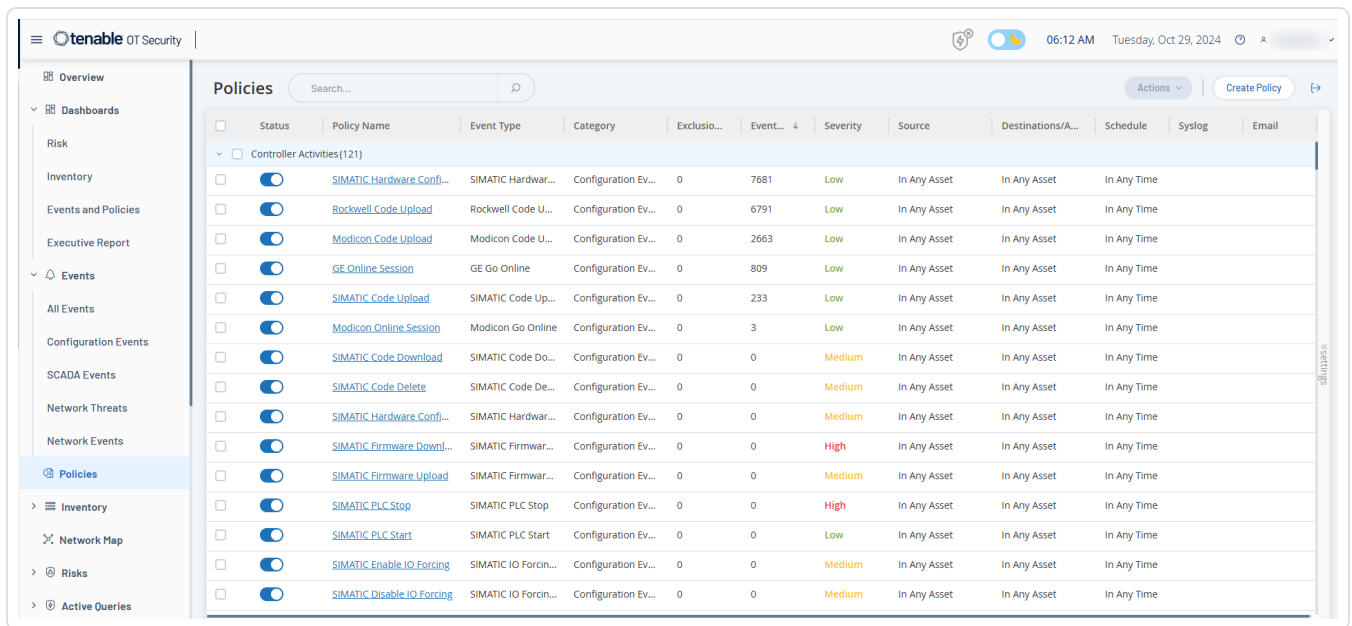
You can enable or disable any configured policy in your system (both pre-configured and user-defined). You can turn on/off individual policies or you can select multiple policies to turn on/off in a bulk process.

Note: Most of the policies depend on queries to collect data. If some or all of the query functions are disabled, then the related policies are not effective. You can activate queries from **Active Queries**, see [Active Queries](#).

To enable or disable a policy:

1. Go to **Policies**.

The page lists all policies configured in the system, grouped by Policy Category.

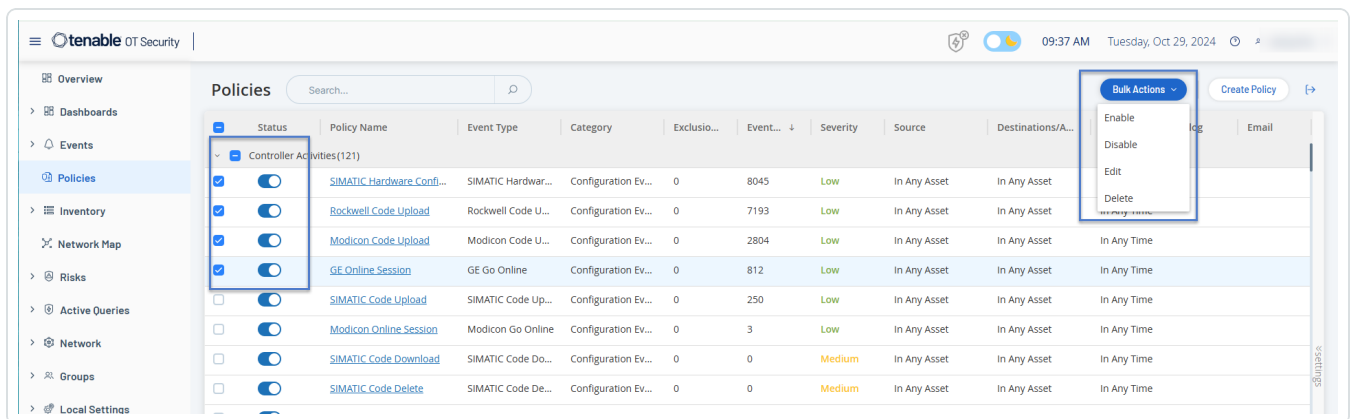


2. To enable or disable the policy, click the **Status** toggle next to the relevant policy.

To enable or disable multiple policies:

1. Go to **Policies**.

The page lists all policies configured in the system, grouped by Policy Category.



2. Select the checkbox next for each of the policies you want to enable or disable. Use one of the following selection methods:



- **Select individual Policies** – Click the checkbox next to specific policies.
- **Select Policy Types** – Click the checkbox next to a policy type heading.
- **Select all Policies** – Click the checkbox in the title bar at the top of the table.

3. From the **Bulk Actions** drop-down box, select the desired action (**Enable** or **Disable**).

OT Security enables or disables the selected policies.

View Policies

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

The **Policies** screen lists all configured policies in your system. The lists are grouped for each Policy Category in separate tabs. The page lists both pre-configured policies and user-defined policies. Each policy includes a toggle that shows the current status of the policy as well as several parameters indicating the policy configuration.

You can show/hide columns and sort and filter the asset lists as well as search for keywords. For information about customizing the list, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).

The following table describes the policy parameters:

Parameter	Description
Status	Shows if the policy is turned on or off. If the system automatically disabled a policy because it generated too many events, then a warning icon appears next to the toggle. Toggle the status switch to turn a Policy ON/OFF.
Policy ID	A unique identifier for the policy in the system. Policy IDs are grouped by category, with a different prefix for each category. For example, P1 for Controller Activities and P2 for Network Events.
Name	The name of the policy.
Severity	The degree of severity of the event. Possible values are: None, Low, Medium, or High. See section Severity Levels for a description of the severity levels.



Event Type	The specific type of event that triggers this Event Policy.
Category	The general category of the event type that triggers this Event Policy. Possible values are: Configuration, SCADA, Network Threats, or Network Event. For more information about the various categories, see Policy Categories and Sub-Categories .
Source	A policy condition. The source Asset Group/Network Segment (that is, the asset that initiated the Activity) to which the policy applies.
Destination/ Affected Asset	A policy condition. The destination Asset Group/Network Segment (that is the asset that receives the Activity) to which the policy applies. For policies that involve a single asset (no source and destination), this parameter shows the asset affected by the event.
Schedule	A policy condition. The time range for which the policy applies.
Syslog	The Syslog server (SIEM) that logs the events for this policy.
Email	The Email Group that sends the event notifications for this policy.
Sub Category	The sub-category classification of the event. The Configuration Events category comprises these sub-categories: Controller Activities and Controller Validation. For information about different sub-categories, see View Policies .
Number of Events per Policy	Lists the number of events that every policy generates. You can click the column to sort the list so that you can focus on the policies with the most violations/events.
Exclusions	Lists the number of exclusions added to each policy. For more information, see Events .

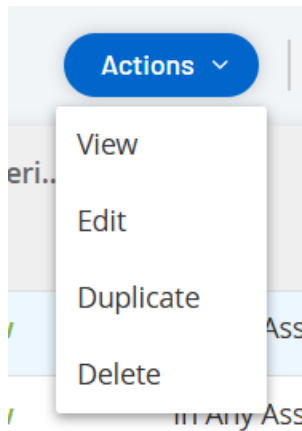
View Policy Details

The **Policy Details** page for a policy shows additional details about the policy. This page lists all policy conditions and events that the policy triggered.

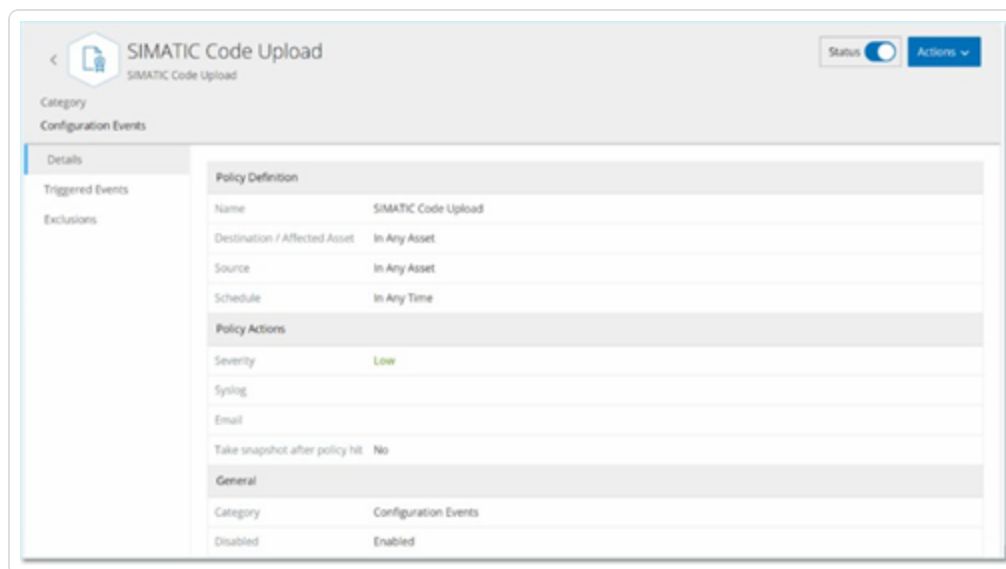
To open the **Policy Details** screen for a particular policy:



1. On the **Policies** page, select the desired policy.
2. From the **Actions** drop-down box, select **View**.



The Policy Details page appears for the selected policy.



Note: Alternatively, you can access the Actions menu by right-clicking on the relevant Policy.

The Policy Details page contains the following elements:

- **Header bar** – Shows the Name, Type, and Category of the policy. The page includes a toggle switch to turn the enable or disable the policy and a drop-down list of available **Actions** (**Edit**, **Duplicate**, and **Delete**).
- **Details tab** – Shows details about the policy configuration in these sections:



- **Policy Definition** – Shows all policy conditions. This includes all relevant fields according to the policy type.
- **Policy Actions** – Shows the severity level as well as destination (Syslog, Email) of Event notifications. Also, shows whether the **Take Snapshot after policy hit** feature is activated.
- **General** – Shows the category and status of the policy.
- **Triggered Events** – Shows a list of events triggered by this policy. It also shows details about the assets involved in the event and the nature of the event. The information on this tab is identical to the information on the **Events** page except that this tab shows only events for the specified policy. For an explanation of the event information, see [Viewing Events](#).

Exclusions tab – If a policy generates events for specific conditions that do not pose a security threat, you can exclude those conditions from the policy (that is, stop generating events for those particular conditions). You can add exclusions on the **Events** page, see [Events](#). The **Exclusions** tab shows all exclusions applied to this Policy and for each exclusion, it shows the specific excluded conditions. From this tab, you can also delete an exclusion thereby enabling the system to resume generating events for the specified conditions.

Create Policies

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create custom policies based on the specific considerations of your ICS network. You can determine precisely what type of events must be brought to the attention of your staff and how the notifications are delivered. You have complete flexibility in determining how specific or broad a definition you want to give to each policy.

Note: Policies are defined by using groups configured in your system. If the drop-down list for a certain parameter doesn't show the specific grouping to which you want the policy to apply, then you can create a new Group according to your needs, see [Groups](#).



When creating a new Policy, you start by selecting the Category and Type of Policy that you would like to create. The Create Policy wizard guides you through the setup process. Each Policy Type has its own set of relevant Policy condition parameters. The Create Policy wizard shows you the relevant Policy condition parameters for that selected Type of Policy.

For the Source, Destination, and Schedule parameters, you can designate whether to allowlist or block list the specified Group.

- select **In** to allowlist the specified Group (that is, include it in the Policy), OR
- select **Not in** to block list the specified Group (that is, leave it out of the Policy).

For Asset Group and Network Segment parameters (that is, Source, Destination and Affected Assets) you can use logical operators (and/or) to apply the Policy to various combinations or subsets of your pre-defined Groups. For example, if you want a Policy to apply to any device that is either an ICS Device or an ICS Server, then select ICS Devices or ICS Servers. If you want a Policy to apply only to Controllers which are located in Plant A, then select Controllers and Plant A Devices.

If you would like to create a new Policy with similar parameters to an existing Policy, you can Duplicate the original Policy and make the necessary changes, see section [Create Policies](#).

Note: After creating a Policy, if you find that the Policy is generating events for situations that don't require attention, you can exclude specific conditions from the Policy, see [Events](#).

To create a new policy:

1. On the **Policies** screen, click **Create Policy**.

The **Create Policy** wizard opens.

Create Policy

Event TypePolicy DefinitionPolicy Actions

Search...

> Configuration Events (130)

> Network Events (17)

> Network Threats (3)

> SCADA Events (38)

Items: 188

Cancel

Next >


2. Click on a **Policy Category** to show the sub-categories and/or Policy Types.



A list of all sub-categories and/or Types included in that category are displayed.

Create Policy

Event TypePolicy DefinitionPolicy Actions

Search...

Configuration Events (130)

Controller Activities (124)

Controller Validation (6)

Change in Key Switch
The state of the write lock key on the controller has changed

Change in State
A change in the asset running state has been detected

3. Select a Policy Type.



Create Policy

Event Type Policy Definition Policy Actions

Change in Firmware Version

POLICY NAME *

AFFECTED ASSETS *

In ▾

Select ▾

Or

And

SCHEDULE *

In ▾

Select ▾

< Back

Cancel

Next >



4. Click **Next**.

A series of parameters for defining the Policy are displayed. This includes all relevant Policy conditions for the selected Policy Type.

5. In the **Policy Name** field, enter a name for this Policy.

Note: Choose a name that describes the specific nature of the type of Event that the Policy is intended to detect.

6. For each parameter:

Important: You cannot edit the **Source** and **Destination** asset groups for Intrusion Detection System (IDS) events.

- a. Where relevant, select **In** (default) to allowlist the selected element or **Not in** to block list the selected element.
- b. Click **Select**.

A drop-down list of relevant elements (for example Asset Group, Network Segment, Port



Group, Schedule Group etc.) is shown.

- c. Select the desired element.


Note: If the precise grouping to which you would like to apply the Policy does not exist, then you can create a new Group according to your needs, see [Groups](#).


- d. For Asset parameters (that is Source, Destination and Affected Assets), if you want to add an additional Asset Group/Network Segment with an "Or" condition, click on the blue **+ Or** button next to the field and select another Asset Group/Network Segment.
- e. For Asset parameters (that is Source, Destination and Affected Assets), if you want to add an additional Asset Group/Network Segment with an "And" condition, click on the blue **+ And** button next to the field and select another Asset Group/Network Segment.



7. Click **Next**.

A series of Policy Action parameters (that is the actions taken by the system when a Policy hit occurs) are shown.



Create Policy

Event Type

Policy Definition

Policy Actions

Change in Firmware Version

SEVERITY *

High

Medium

Low

None

SYSLOG

Syslog servers are not configured

EMAIL

SMTP servers are not configured

< Back

Cancel

Create

8. In the **Severity** section, click on the desired severity level for this Policy.



9. If you would like to send Event logs to one or more Syslog servers, in the **Syslog** section, select the checkbox next to each server where you would like to send the Event logs.

Note: To add a Syslog server, see [Syslog Servers](#).

10. If you would like to send email notifications of Events, in the Email group field, select from the drop-down list the Email Group to be notified.

Note: To add an SMTP server, see [SMTP Servers](#).

11. In the **Additional Actions** section, where the specified action is relevant:
 - If you would like to disable the Policy after the first time that a Policy hit occurs, select the **Disable policy after first hit** checkbox. (This action is relevant for some types of Network Event Policies and some types of SCADA Event Policies.)
 - If you would like to initiate an automatic snapshot of the affected asset whenever a Policy hit is detected, then select the **Take snapshot after policy hit** checkbox. (This action is relevant for some types of Configuration Events Policies.)
12. Click **Create**. The new Policy is created and automatically activated. The Policy is shown in the list on the Policies screen.

Create Unauthorized Write Policies

This type of Policy detects unauthorized writes to controller tags. The Policy Definition involves specifying the relevant Tag Groups and the type of write that generates a Policy hit.

To set the Policy Definition for an Unauthorized Write Policy:

1. Create a new Unauthorized Write Policy as described in [Create Policies](#).
2. In the Policy Definition section, in the **Tag Group** field, select the Tag Group to which this Policy applies.
3. In the **Tag value** section, select the desire option by clicking the radio button and filling in the required fields. Options are:



- **Any value** - select this option to detect any change to the tag value.
- **Different from value** - select this option to detect any value other than the specified value. Enter the specified value in the field next to this selection.
- **Out of allowed range** - select this option to detect any value outside of the specified range. Enter the lower and upper limits of the allowed range in the respective fields next to this selection.

Note: The Different from value and Out of allowed range options are only available for standard tag types (for example Integer, Boolean etc.) but not for customized tags or strings.

4. Complete the Policy creation procedures as described in [Create Policies](#).

Other Actions on Policies

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

Edit Policies

You can edit the configuration of both predefined and user-defined policies. For most policies, you can adjust both the **Policy Definition** parameters (policy conditions) and the **Policy Action** parameters. For **Intrusion Detection Policies**, you can only adjust the **Policy Action** parameters.

You can also edit the **Policy Action** parameters for multiple policies in a bulk action.

To edit a policy:

1. On the **Policies** window, select the checkbox next to the required policy.
2. In the **Actions** drop-down box, select **Edit**.
3. The **Edit Policy** window appears with the current configuration.
4. Adjust the **Policy Definition** parameters as needed.

Note: You cannot edit the **Source** and **Destination** asset groups for Intrusion Detection System (IDS) events.

5. Click **Next**.



6. Adjust the **Policy Actions** parameters as needed.
7. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the policy with the new configuration.

To edit multiple policies (bulk process):

1. On the **Policies** window, select the checkbox next to two or more policies.
2. In the **Bulk Actions** drop-down box, select **Edit**.
3. The **Bulk Edit** window appears with the Policy Actions available for bulk editing.
4. Select the checkbox next to each of the parameters that you want to edit: **Severity**, **Syslog**, and **Email Group**.
5. Set each parameter as needed.

Note: Information entered in the **Bulk Edit** window overrides any current content for the selected policies. If you select the checkbox next to a parameter but do not enter a selection, then the current values for that parameter are erased.

6. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the policies with the new configuration.

Duplicate Policies

You can create a new policy that is similar to an existing policy by duplicating the original policy and making the required adjustments. You can duplicate both predefined and user-defined policies (except for **Intrusion Detection Policies**).

To duplicate a policy:

1. On the **Policies** window, select the checkbox next to the required policy.
2. In the **Actions** drop-down box, select **Duplicate**.
3. The **Duplicate Policy** window appears with the current configuration and the name is set to the default "*Copy of <Original Policy Name>*".
4. Adjust the **Policy Definition** parameters as needed.



5. Click **Next**.
6. Adjust the **Policy Actions** parameters as needed.
7. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the policy with the new configuration.

Delete Policies

You can delete a policy from the system. You can delete both predefined and user-defined policies (except for **Intrusion Detection Policies**, which can't be deleted).

You can also delete multiple policies in a bulk action.

Note: Once you delete a policy from the system you cannot reactivate it. An alternative option is to toggle the status to **OFF** to deactivate it temporarily while reserving the option to reactivate it later.

To delete a policy:

1. On the **Policies** window, select the checkbox next to the required policy.
2. In the **Actions** drop-down box, select **Delete**.

A confirmation window appears.

3. Click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the policy from the system.

To delete multiple policies (bulk action):

1. On the **Policies** window, select the checkbox next to each of the required policies.
2. In the **Bulk Actions** drop-down box, select **Delete**.

A confirmation window appears.

3. Click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the policies from the system.

Delete Policy Exclusions



If you want to delete an exclusion that has been applied to a particular policy, you can do so on the **Policies** window.

To delete a Policy Exclusion:

1. On the **Policies** window, select the required policy.
2. In the **Actions** drop-down box, select **View**.

Note: Alternatively, you can access the Actions menu by right-clicking on the relevant Policy.

3. Click the **Exclusions** tab.

A list of exclusions appears.

4. Select the policy exclusion you want to delete.
5. Click **Delete**.

A confirmation window appears.

6. In the confirmation window, click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the exclusion from the system.

Manage Active Queries


The **Active Queries Management** page allows you to configure and enable active queries. As part of the initial setup, Tenable recommends that you activate all query capabilities. At any time, you can activate/deactivate any query functions. You can also adjust the settings for when and how to execute the queries.



In addition to the automatic queries that run periodically, you can initiate queries on demand by enabling the **Enable Manual Run** toggle in the query card. If you disable the **Enable Manual Run** option, OT Security prompts you to override it when you select [Perform Resync](#) in the **Assets Details** page (**Inventory > All Assets**).

For more information about the queries technology, see [OT Security Technologies](#).

Note: OT Security may fail to identify assets when you disable queries. OT Security tracks devices through passive monitoring as well as active querying.

Tip: To allow active queries to function, click the **Active Queries Engine Enabled** toggle. After you enable the active queries, OT Security displays a  on the header to indicate that the query engine is running. To run active queries, you must still enable each individual query separately.

The **Active Queries Management** page categorizes queries into the following types. There is a separate query tab for each query type with its list of queries.

- **OT Queries** – These are queries designed to poll controllers and embedded devices safely for more information using their proprietary protocols. OT Security performs read-only queries to gather device information, such as PLC running state and other modules connected to the backplane. It queries devices that are listening for proprietary protocols that OT Security



supports. The query types include **Identification Query**, **Backplane Mapping**, **Details Query**, **State Query**, and **Code Snapshots**.

- **IT Queries** – These queries fetch additional data points from monitored IT-type assets that OT Security observes. With the exception of NetBIOS, these IT-type queries require credentials.
 - **NetBIOS query** attempts to discover any devices listening for NetBIOS in the broadcast range of OT Security Sensor or OT Security itself. This type of query is suitable for identifying nearby Windows devices.
 - **SNMP query** uses SNMP v2 or SNMP v3 credentials to solicit network infrastructure or networked devices supporting SNMP for their identification details. OT Security queries for SNMP system description and other parameters to help add asset context and assist with fingerprinting.

Additionally, OT Security provides these options to leverage your SNMP query:

- **SNMP Ports State** – Enable the **SNMP Ports State** toggle to obtain the network port status of the assets and enable the **Fetch Neighbors** toggle.
- **Fetch Neighbors** – When you enable this option, OT Security collects the nearby devices' MAC and IP addresses via SNMP. To add these assets to your inventory, enable the **Settings > Environment Settings > Network Definitions > Discover New Assets via SNMP**.
- **WMI details query** fetches a variety of important data points from Windows-based systems. This requires the system that OT Security queries to have a Windows account (local or domain) with sufficient permissions to poll the Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) service.
- **WMI USB State** queries determine if removable media such as USB-drives or portable hard-drives are connected to the Windows device, such as an engineering workstation or server. This query is closely related to the **Change in USB Configuration on Windows Machines** policy as it is a prerequisite for this policy to work correctly.
- **Nessus Basic Scan** fetches system details such as IP address, FQDN, operating systems, and open ports.



- **ARP Query** or Address Resolution Protocol query fetches the network interface hardware address or MAC address for IP connected devices in the same broadcast domain.
- **Discovery** – These queries detect live assets in the network that OT Security monitors.
 - **Asset Discovery** – Leverages Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) or ping to detect live and responding IP addresses.
 - **Subnets Auto-Discovery** – Detects subnets by querying network devices using SNMP. On the **Inventory** page, a **Subnets** column shows you which subnets the assets' IP addresses belong to. You can also filter assets within a specific subnet.
 - **Active Asset Tracking** – Regularly attempts to ping a known, monitored asset to ensure that it is still up and available.
 - **Controller Discovery** – Sends a set of multicast packets to the network to provoke controllers or ICS devices to reply directly to OT Security with their information.
 - **Ping Query** – Sends Internet Control Message Protocol (ICMP) pings to verify if an asset is reachable.
 - **DNS Lookup** – Fetches the DNS server details.
 - **Port Mapping** – Fetches details about open ports on monitored assets.
- **Initial Enrichment** – Automatic OT Security queries based on certain criteria or conditions. Asset enrichment-based queries occur whenever Tenable initially observes a device passively or actively. With Asset Enrichment, OT Security fingerprints and identifies the device as soon as it appears on the network.
- **Nessus Scans** – The Tenable Nessus plugin scan launches an advanced Nessus scan that executes a user-defined list of Plugins on the assets specified in the list of CIDRs and IP addresses. For more information, see [Create Nessus Plugin Scans](#).

Create Custom Queries

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor



Each type of query has a system default variation that you can run periodically or on-demand. You can also create additional variations of each query, with its own respective configuration, for different projects and functions.

For example, you can configure custom queries for the following scenarios:

- Different maintenance times for different parts of the plant.
- Different projects and criticality for different assets.
- Different queries for OT functions and IT functions.

To create a query variation:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. Click the required query type tab.

OT Security displays the query type with the list of available queries.

3. In the required query type section, click **Create Query Variation**.

The **Create Query Variation** panel appears.

4. In the **Name** box, type a name for the query.

5. In the **Assets** drop-down box, select an asset group.

Note: You can also use the **Search** box to search for a specific group.

6. To repeat the query, click the **Recurring Run** toggle.

OT Security enables the **Repeats Every** section.

7. Type a number and select **Days** or **Weeks** from the drop-down box, . For certain queries, you can also set **Minutes** and **Hours**.

If you select **Weeks**, indicate the days of the week to run the queries.

8. In the **At** box, set the time of day to run the queries (in HH:MM:SS) by clicking on the clock icon and selecting the time, or by typing the time manually.

9. (Only for Asset Discovery) In the **IP Ranges** box, type the IP addresses of assets.



10. (Only for Discovery Queries) In the **Number of Assets to poll simultaneously** drop-down box, select the number of assets (10, 20, or 30).
11. (Only for Discovery Queries) In the **Time Between Discovery Queries** drop-down box, select the time between the discovery queries (1 to 3 seconds).
12. (Only for Duplicated Networks) In the **Relevant Sensors** box, select the associated sensors.
13. Click **Save**.

OT Security adds the query to the **Custom Variations** table.

See [Run a Query Variation](#).

Add Restrictions

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

You can block queries from running on specific asset groups, such as IP ranges, OT servers, Tablets, Medical Devices, and Domain Controllers. You can also apply restrictions on specific protocols (clients).

Note: Restrictions do not apply to the **Discovery** (ICMP) and **Open Ports Check** (in **Asset Enrichment**) queries.

To add restrictions:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Restrictions**.

The **Add Restrictions** panel appears.

3. In the **Blocked Assets** drop-down box, select the required asset groups to block.

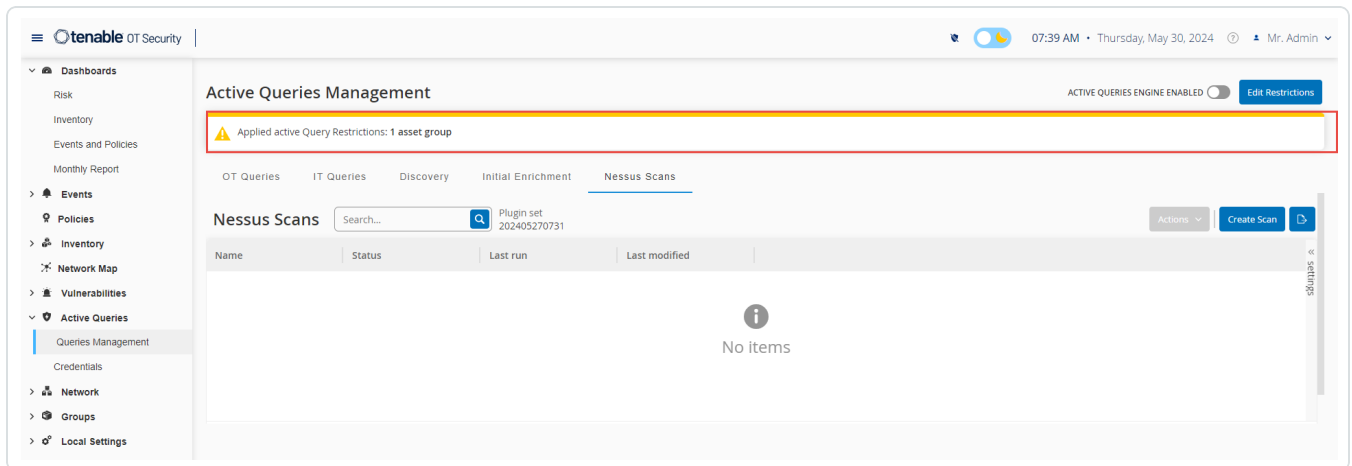
Note: You can use the search box to search for specific asset groups.

4. In the **Restricted Clients** drop-down box, select the required clients.



5. In the **Blackout Period** drop-down box, select the duration for which you want to block the active queries. Available options are based on Schedule Groups. Default options are: **None**, **Working Hours**.
6. Click **Save**.

OT Security applies the restrictions on the specific clients and asset groups. A banner appears at the top of each tab indicating that restrictions are in place.



Edit Query Variation

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

To edit details of a query:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** window appears.

2. From the list of queries, select the one to edit and do one of the following:
 - Right-click the query and select **Edit**.
 - Select the query, then click **Actions > Edit**.

The **Edit Query** panel appears.

3. Modify the query as needed.



4. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the changes to the query variation.

Duplicate a Query Variation

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Queries Management** page appears.

2. From the list of queries, select the one to create a copy and do one of the following:
 - Right-click the query and select **Duplicate**.
 - Select the query, then click **Actions > Duplicate**.

The **Duplicate Query** panel appears with details of the query.

3. Rename the query and modify the details as needed.
4. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the query and it appears in the Queries table.

Run a Query Variation

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

You can run active queries when needed.

To run a query:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Queries Management** page appears.

2. From the list of queries, select the one you want to run and do one of the following:

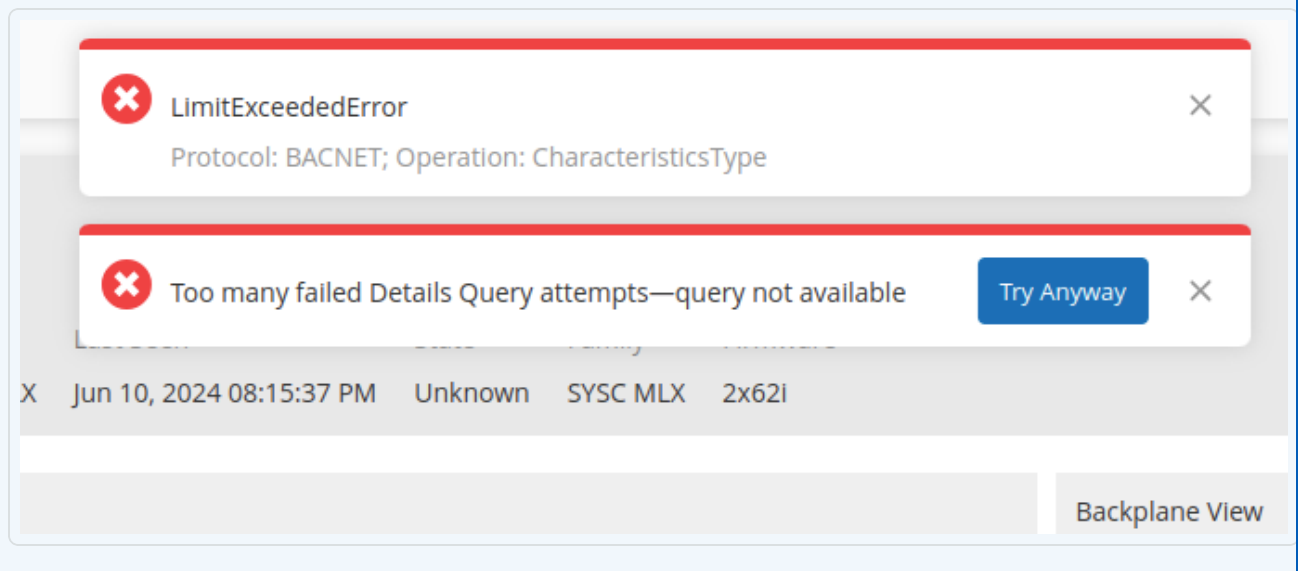
- Right-click the query and select **Run now**.
- From the **Actions** menu, click **Run now**.

A message asks for confirmation to run the query.

3. Click **Ok**.

OT Security runs the selected query.

Note: You can use the **Try Anyway** option to proceed with active queries on devices or network to override the limit to the number of active query attempts.



Download Query Log

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

You can download the log of the last run of a query variation. You can use the log to troubleshoot issues with any of the assets or protocols included in the active query.

To download the last query log:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** window appears.

2. From the list of queries, select the one for which you want to download the log and do one of the following:



- Right-click the query and select **Download Last Run Log**.
- From the **Actions** menu, click **Download Last Run Log**.

OT Security downloads the log of the last active query.

Credentials

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

Use the **Credentials** page to configure device credentials where required. When communicating in their native network protocols, or proprietary protocols, devices do not require credentials . However, certain devices that OT Security support may require credentials to perform asset discovery.

Active Queries Management

ACTIVE QUERIES ENGINE ENABLED ☐ [Add Restrictions](#)

[OT Queries](#) [IT Queries](#) [Discovery](#) [Initial Enrichment](#) [Nessus Scans](#) [Credentials](#)

Credentials

 [Actions](#) [Add Credentials](#)

Name	Type ↑	Description	Last modified by	Last modified on
IT Credentials(1)				
SNMP V1+V2	SNMP v1+v2	Commonly used SNMP credentia...	system	01:45:09 PM · Aug 26, 2025

Add Credentials

To add credentials:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. Click the **Credentials** tab.

The **Credentials** page appears.



3. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Credentials**.

The **Add Credentials** panel appears.

×

✓

Credentials Type

Credentials Details

WMI

NAME *

WMI Local User

DESCRIPTION

Authentication for workstations.

USERNAME *

localuser

PASSWORD *

.....

TEST IP ADDRESS

[Test Credentials](#)

< Back

Cancel

Save

4. In the **Credentials Type** section, click to select the device type. Options available are:



- ABB RTU 500
- Bachmann
- Concept
- Sel
- SicamA8000
- SIPROTEC 5
- SNMP v1+v2
- SNMP v3
- SSH
- WMI

5. Click **Next**.

The **Credentials Details** panel appears.

6. Provide the following details:

- **Name** – A name for the credentials.
- **Description** – A description for the credentials.
- **Username** – The username for the device.
- **Password** – The password for the device.
- **Test IP Address** – The IP address of the device.

7. Click **Test Credentials** to confirm if OT Security can reach the device using the credentials.

8. (For duplicated networks) In the **Duplicate (Sensor)** box, select the associated sensors.

9. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the credentials and they appear on the **Credentials** page.

Edit Credentials

You can edit your credential details.



To edit credentials:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. Click the **Credentials** tab.

The **Credentials** page appears.

3. Do one of the following:

- Right-click the required credential and select **Edit**.
- Select the required credential, then from the **Actions** menu, select **Edit**.

The **Edit Credentials** panel appears.

4. Modify the details as needed.

5. Click **Save**.

Delete Credentials

You can delete the credentials that you no longer need.

To delete credentials:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. Click the **Credentials** tab.

The **Credentials** page appears.

3. Do one of the following:

- Right-click the required credential and select **Delete**.
- Select the required credential, then from the **Actions** menu, select **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the selected credentials.

WMI Accounts



To enable OT Security to perform Windows Management Instrumentation (WMI) queries, you can set up a WMI account. OT Security relies on WMI queries to obtain more information about Windows systems.

OT Security depends on the same WMI methods as Tenable Nessus when performing WMI queries. To set up a WMI account for scanning, see the [Enable Windows Logins for Local and Remote Audits](#) section in the Tenable Nessus User Guide.

Create Nessus Plugin Scans

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

The Nessus Plugin Scan launches an advanced Nessus scan that executes a user-defined list of plugins on the assets specified in the list of CIDRs and IP addresses.

The OT Security executes the scan on responsive assets within the designated CIDRs. However, to protect your OT devices, OT Security scans only confirmed network assets in the given range (non-PLCs). OT Security excludes assets of the type **Endpoint** from the scan.

Starting from OT Security 4.1, you can create new scans with the following options:

- **Perform Thorough Tests** – This option allows Nessus to perform a detailed scan that includes plugins that may increase the scan duration, but helps uncover in-depth details such as JAR files or installed Python libraries.
- **High Verbosity Processing** – This option enables the scan to provide additional details about the vulnerability that you can use to troubleshoot a scan finding. This option also allows Attack Path Analysis to leverage the Nessus scan connections data.
- **Network Timeout (In seconds)** – The maximum time that Nessus must wait until it gets a response from the host. If you are scanning over a slow host, you can increase the number of seconds. The default is 15 seconds.
- **Max Simultaneous Checks Per Host** – The maximum number of checks that Nessus must perform against the host. The default number of checks is 2.
- **Max Simultaneous Hosts Per Scan** – The maximum number of hosts that Nessus can scan simultaneously. The default number of hosts is 10.

The **Nessus Scan Information** for a credentialed scan includes the following details:



- Last Successful Scan
- Last Scan Duration
- Last Successful Authenticated Scan

tenable OT Security

03:57 PM · Wednesday, Feb 5, 2025 · Mr. Admin

Overview

Events

Policies

Inventory

- All Assets
- Controllers and Modules
- Network Assets
- IoT

Network Map

Risks

Active Queries

Network

Groups

Local Settings

WIN-UEUPT5DGA0H
OT Server

38 Actions Resync

IP	MAC	Vendor	Model	Last Seen	State	Family	Firmware	OS
(Direct)	(Direct)	Rockwell	RSLink Server	Feb 5, 2025 03:53:39 PM	Unknown	RSLink Server	1.001	Windows Server 2012 R2

Details

IP Trail

Attack Vectors

Open Ports

Vulnerabilities

- Active (123)
- Fixed (677)

Events

Network Map

Related Assets

Sources

Overview

NAME	WIN-UEUPT5DGA0H
PURDUE LEVEL	Level 2
STATE	Unknown
DIRECT IP	
DIRECT MAC	
FAMILY	RSLink Server
VENDOR	Rockwell
MODEL NAME	RSLink Server
OS	Windows Server 2012 R2
LAST SEEN	03:53:39 PM · Feb 5, 2025
FIRST SEEN	11:48:54 PM · Jan 30, 2025
LAST UPDATE	02:01:15 AM · Feb 5, 2025
SOURCES	nic1 (Local),Nessus (Nessus),nic0 (Local)
NETWORK SEGMENTS	OT Server / 1 .X
CRITICALITY	Medium
RISK SCORE	38

General

FIRMWARE VERSION	1.001
DEVICE TYPE	Generic Device
COMMAND	1
SERVER TYPE	36871

Nessus Scan Information

LAST SUCCESSFUL SCAN	03:19:41 PM · Feb 4, 2025
LAST SCAN DURATION	15 minutes
LAST SUCCESSFUL AUTHENTICATED SCAN	04:41:25 PM · Feb 3, 2025

The Nessus scan information helps you:

- Understand assessed and unassessed assets.
- Understand if your assets are targeted with credentialed or non-credentialed scans.
- Perform best practices with scanning and vulnerability management. For example, performing vulnerability assessment scans against IT type assets running Windows, Linux. Scanning,



whether with or without credentials, helps assess how much of your organization's attack surface is exposed both internally and externally.

The Nessus scan in OT Security uses the same policy settings as a basic network scan in Tenable Nessus, Tenable Security Center, and Tenable Vulnerability Management. The only difference is the performance options in OT Security. The following are the performance options for the Nessus scan in OT Security. These options also apply to the [Nessus Basic scan](#) you launch from the **Inventory > All Assets** page.

- 5 simultaneous hosts (max)
- 2 simultaneous checks per hosts (max)
- 15 second network read timeout

Note: Tenable Nessus is an invasive tool which works best in IT environments. Tenable does not recommend Tenable Nessus for use on OT devices, as it may interfere with their normal operation.

To run a basic Nessus scan on any one asset, see [Perform Asset-Specific Tenable Nessus Scan](#).

Create a Nessus Plugin Scan

To create a Nessus Plugin Scan:

1. Go to **Active Queries > Queries Management**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

2. Go to **Data Collection > Active Queries**.

The **Active Queries Management** page appears.

3. Click the **Nessus Scans** tab.

The **Nessus Scans** page appears.

4. In the upper-right corner, click **Create Scan**.

The **Create Nessus Plugin List Scan** panel appears.

Create Nessus Plugin List Scan

IP Ranges

Plugins

Nessus plugin list scan runs a user-defined list of plugins only on network assets within the specified IP ranges (CIDRs).

NAME *

IP RANGES *

PERFORM THOROUGH TESTS ⓘ

HIGH VERBOSITY PROCESSING ⓘ

NETWORK TIMEOUT (IN SECONDS) * ⓘ

15

MAX SIMULTANEOUS CHECKS PER HOST * ⓘ

2

MAX SIMULTANEOUS HOSTS PER SCAN * ⓘ

10

Cancel

Next >

Note: The image shows the default values for creating a new Nessus scan. If you opt to run the scan with the default values, the scans run with the same configuration as the earlier scans.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Nessus scan.

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6. In the **IP Ranges** box, type a range of IPs or CIDRs.
7. (Optional) Click the **Thorough Tests** toggle to enable a detailed scan.

Note: The **Thorough Tests** options include plugins that may increase the scan duration, but enabling the option helps the Nessus scan uncover in-depth details such as JAR files or installed Python libraries.

8. (Optional) Click the **Higher Verbosity** toggle to enable the scan to provide additional details about the vulnerability.

Note: Enabling **Higher Verbosity** allows the scan to provide additional details about the vulnerability or help troubleshoot a scan finding. This option also allows Attack Path Analysis to leverage the Nessus scan connections data.

9. In the **Network Timeout (In Seconds)** box, type the maximum time that Nessus must wait until it gets a response from the host. If you are scanning over a slow host, you can increase the number of seconds. The default timeout is 15 seconds.
10. In the **Max Simultaneous Checks Per Host**, type the maximum number of checks that Nessus must perform against the host. The default number of checks is 2.
11. In the **Max Simultaneous Hosts Per Scan** box, type the maximum number of hosts that Nessus can scan simultaneously. The default number of hosts is 10.
12. Click **Next**.

The **Plugins** pane appears.

Note: OT Security lists only those plugins that are specific to the device. Your license must be up to date to receive new Plugins. To update your license, see [Update the License](#).

13. In the **Plugin Family Name** column, select the required Plugin Families to include them in the scan. In the right column, clear the checkboxes for individual plugins as needed.

Note: For more information about Tenable Nessus Plugin Families, see <https://www.tenable.com/plugins/nessus/families>.

14. Click **Save**.

The new Nessus scan appears on the **Nessus Scans** page.



Note: To edit or delete an existing Tenable Nessus scan, right-click the scan, then select **Edit** or **Delete**.

Run a Nessus Plugin Scan

To run a Nessus Plugin Scan:

1. On the **Nessus Scans** page, do one of the following:
 - Right-click the scan, then select **Run now**.
 - Select the scan you want to run, then click **Actions > Run now**.

The **Approve Nessus Scan** dialog appears.

2. If you know there are no OT devices included in the scan, click **Proceed Anyway**.

The dialog closes and OT Security saves the scan.

3. To run the scan, right-click the scan row again and select **Run now**.

The **Approve Nessus Scan** dialog appears again.

4. Click **Proceed Anyway**.

OT Security now runs the scan. You can pause/resume, stop, or kill scans depending on their current status.

Data Sources

The **Data Sources** section in OT Security includes the following configuration pages:

- **Sensors** – View and manage sensors, approve or delete incoming Sensor pairing requests, and configure Active Queries performed by Sensors. See [Sensors](#).
- **Agents** – Create OT Agents to scan remote Windows machines where installing sensors is not feasible. See [OT Agents](#).
- **IoT Connectors** – Maps all managed Internet of Things (IoT) devices to their respective application server. See [Manage IoT Connectors](#).



- **PCAP Player**– Allows you to upload a PCAP file containing recorded network activity and “play” it on OT Security, loading the data into your system. See [PCAP Player](#).
- **Manual Uploads:**
 - **Update Asset Details Using CSV** – Update the details of your assets using a CSV template. See [Update Asset Details Using CSV](#).
 - **Add Assets Manually** – Add new assets to your assets list using a CSV template. See [Add Assets Manually](#).
 - **SCD Files** – Upload Substation Configuration Description (SCD) file OT Security and gain visibility into your assets, IEC 61850 configuration and security insights about your environment. See [SCD Files](#).
 - **Rockwell Project Files** – Upload Rockwell .L5X files to create assets, enrich asset details, and build relationship between assets in air-gapped or limited visibility environments. See [Rockwell Project Files](#).

Sensors

After sensors are paired using the Tenable Core user interface, you can approve new pairings, view, and manage sensors using the **Edit**, **Pause**, and **Delete** functions in the **Actions** menu. You can also choose to enable automatic approval for sensor pairing requests using the **Auto Approve Sensor Pairing Requests** toggle.

Note: Sensors models preceding version 2.214 do not appear in the ICP Sensors page. However, they can still be used in unauthenticated mode.

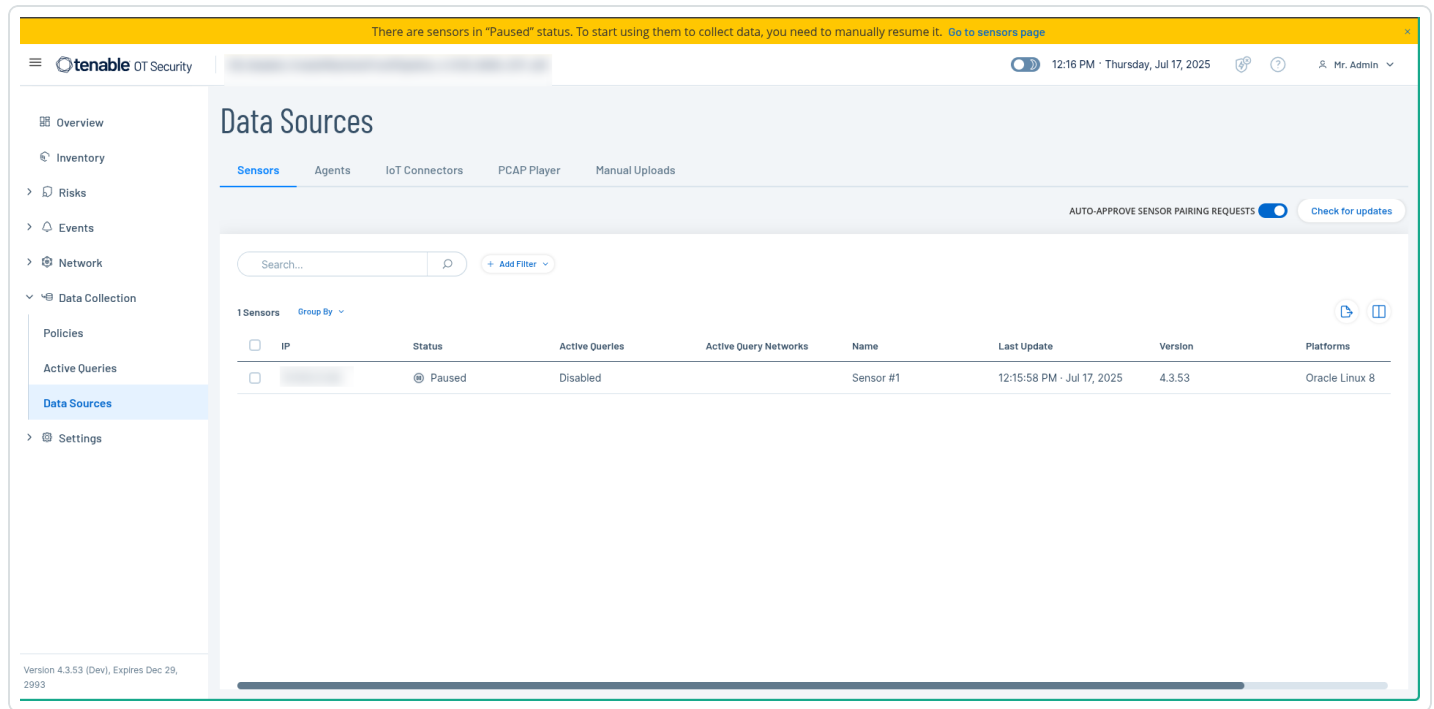
Note: You can pair an unlimited number of sensors with ICP, but there's a cap on the total combined SPAN (Switched Port Analyzer) traffic volume per appliance. For instance, you could have 10 sensors, each transmitting between 10 Mbps to 20 Mbps, but the overall traffic must not exceed the ICP's limit. For more information, see the [System and License Requirements](#) in the Tenable Core + OT Security User Guide.

View Sensors

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only



The Sensors table shows a list of all Sensors version 2.214 and later in the system. For information about how to customize tables, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).



The Sensors table includes the following details:

Parameter	Description
IP	The IPv4 address of the sensor.
Status	<p>The status of the sensor: Connected, Connected (Unauthenticated), Pending approval, Disconnected, or Paused.</p> <div><p>Important: Once paired, all sensors show the status as Paused.</p><ul style="list-style-type: none">To change the status for authenticated sensors: In OT Security, right-click the sensors and activate them by changing the status from Paused to Connected.To change the status for unauthenticated sensors: In Tenable Core + OT Security Sensor, navigate to the OT Security Sensor > Pairing Info section, then click Resume Data Transfer to change the Connection Status.</div>
Active Queries	The capacity of the sensor to send Active Queries: Enabled , Disabled , or



	N/A.
Active Query Networks	The network segments to which the sensor is assigned.
Name	The name of the sensor in the system.
Last Update	The date and time that the sensor information was last updated.
Sensor Identifier	The sensor Universal Unique Identifier (UUID), a 128-bit value used to uniquely identify an object or entity on the internet.
Version	The sensor version.
Throughput	A measure of how much data is streaming through the sensor (in kilobytes per second).

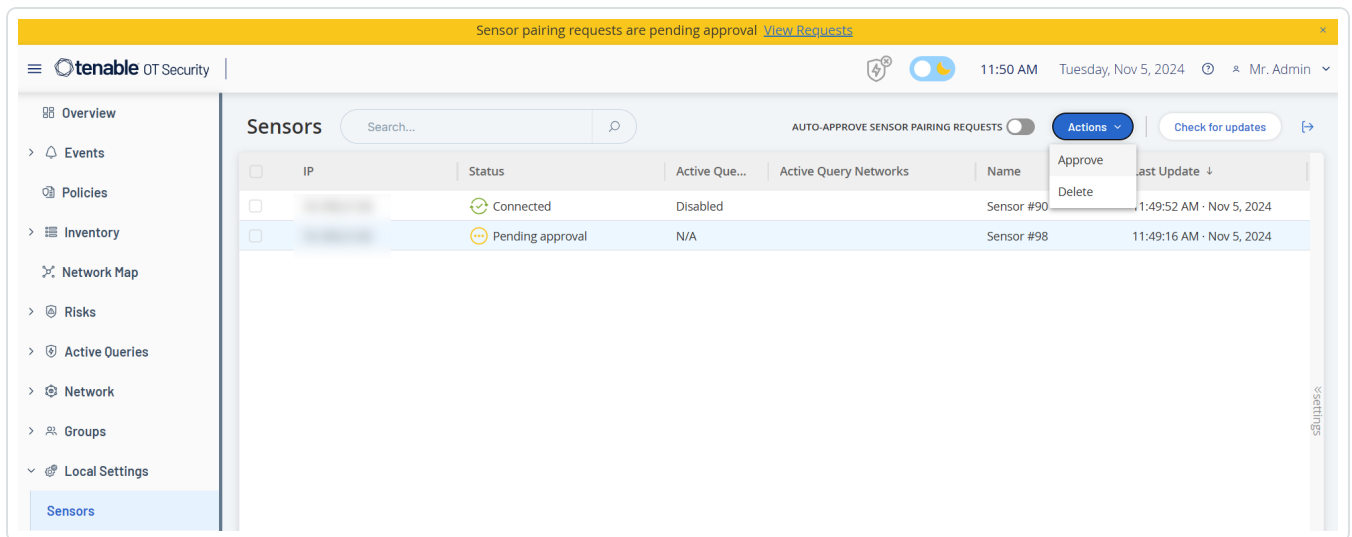
Manually Approve Incoming Sensor Pairing Requests

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

If the **Auto-Approve Sensor Pairing Requests** setting is toggled to **OFF**, incoming sensor pairing requests must be manually approved before they are successfully connected.

To manually approve a sensor pairing request:

1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **Sensors** tab.
The **Sensors** page appears.
2. Click a row in the table with a status of **Pending Approval**.
3. Click **Actions > Approve**, or from the right-click menu, select **Approve**.



Note: To delete a sensor, click **Actions > Delete**, or right-click and select **Delete**.

Configure Active Queries

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Once a sensor is connected in the authenticated mode, it can be configured to perform Active Queries in the network segments to which it is assigned. You need to specify which network segments it queries.

Note: Sensors perform passive Network Detection on all available segments independent of this configuration.

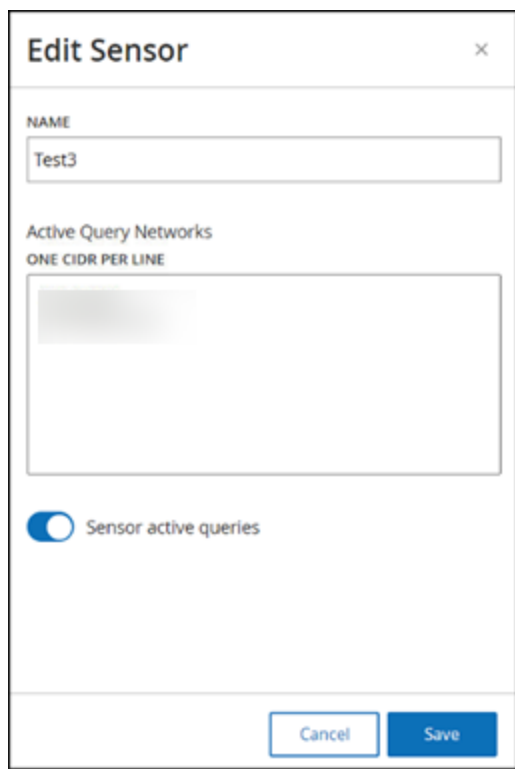
To configure Active Queries:

1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **Sensors** tab.

The **Sensors** page appears.

2. Click a row in the table with a status of **Connected**.
3. Click **Actions > Edit**, or right-click and select **Edit**.

The **Edit Sensor** panel is displayed.

The image shows a dialog box titled "Edit Sensor" with a close button (X) in the top right corner. Inside the dialog, there is a "NAME" label above a text input field containing "Test3". Below this is the "Active Query Networks" section, which includes the instruction "ONE CIDR PER LINE" above a large, empty text area. At the bottom of the dialog, there is a toggle switch labeled "Sensor active queries" which is currently turned on (blue). At the very bottom are two buttons: "Cancel" and "Save".

Edit Sensor

NAME

Test3

Active Query Networks

ONE CIDR PER LINE

☒ Sensor active queries

Cancel Save

4. To rename the Sensor, edit the text in the **Name** box.
5. In the **Active Query Networks** box, add or edit relevant network segments to which the Sensor sends active queries, using CIDR notation and adding each subnetwork on a separate line.

Note: Queries can only be performed on CIDRs that are included in the monitored network ranges. Make sure to add only CIDRs that are accessible through this Sensor. Adding CIDRs that are not accessible may interfere with the ICP's ability to query those segments by other means.

Note: If the sensor is part of a duplicated network, the duplicated network IP address appears in the **Active Query Networks** box and is disabled for editing.

6. Click the **Sensor active queries** toggle to enable active queries.
7. Click **Save**.

The panel closes. In the **Sensors** table, in the **Active Queries** column, the enabled sensors now display **Enabled**.

Update Sensors



Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Starting from version 3.16, OT Security Sensor receives software and security updates from the ICP that manages it. Once a sensor is paired with authentication, it relies on the site to provide any OS and software updates necessary. The sensor only needs to reach OT Security for receiving software updates. OT Security allows you to update all your sensors from the centralized **Sensors** page.

Note: OT Security uses the offline ISO for the centralized updates. To centrally update all authenticated sensors attached to an ICP, place the ICP / Sensor offline ISO under `/srv/tenablecore/offlineiso/tenable-offline-updates.iso` on the ICP.

Note: (For OT Security EM users only). OT Security uses the offline ISO for the centralized updates. To centrally update all authenticated sensors attached to an ICP through an EM, place the EM offline iso under `/srv/tenablecore/offlineiso/tenable-offline-updates.iso` on the EM.

If the sensor requires an update, you receive an alert during the following:

- Startup.
- Pairing completion between sensor and ICP.
- Periodic check.
- Using the **Check for updates** option.

Note: The sensor must be paired to OT Security with authentication for updating remote sensors. For more information on pairing, see [Pairing Sensors with ICP](#).

To update authenticated sensor version 3.16 or later with the ICP:

1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **Sensors** tab.

The **Sensors** page appears.

2. Check the **Version** column to see if the version is up to date or if it needs an update.
3. If the version needs an update, do one of the following:

To update a single sensor:



- Right-click the required sensor and select **Update**.
- Select the checkbox next to the required sensor, then from the **Actions** menu, select **Update**.

To update multiple sensors:

- Select one or more sensors that requires an update, then from the **Actions** menu, select **Update**.

OT Security updates the selected sensors.

Note: During the update, the sensor may be unavailable.

OT Agents

OT Agents are installable software components you can deploy on remote Windows machines to actively query and discover OT Security assets in environments where traditional sensor installation is not possible or practical. OT Agents leverage [active queries](#) to scan duplicated and active query networks listed under **Monitored Networks**. This allows the agent, running on a Windows-based gateway, an engineering workstation, or Human-Machine Interface (HMI) to identify critical OT / IoT, and embedded devices on the network.

Every OT asset the OT Agent discovers is associated with that specific agent as its discovery source. This provides traceability for asset identification within your network.

To scan networks, first install and configure the OT Agent. The following sections describe how to install, configure, and run scans using the OT Agent.

1. [Download the OT Agent](#)
2. [Install the OT Agent](#)
3. [Configure the OT Agent](#)
4. [Run scans](#)

Install the OT Agent

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator



Install the OT Agent on a Windows machine to scan OT environments.

Before you Begin

- Download the OT Agent from the Tenable [downloads](#) portal.
- Make sure you have administrator permissions on the Windows machine.

Note: The default ports for pairing and connection are 443 and 28306 respectively. For information about ports, see [Firewall Considerations](#)

To install the OT Agent:

1. Transfer the install file (Tenable-OT-Agent-version.msi) to the Windows machine.
2. Click the .msi install file to open the installation wizard.
3. In the **OT-Agent Setup Wizard** window, click **Next**.

The **Enter ICP Details** window appears.

4. Select one of the following:

- **Use Pairing Key**

This is the default option. If you selected this option, perform the following steps:

1. In OT Security, navigate to **Data Collection > Data Sources**.

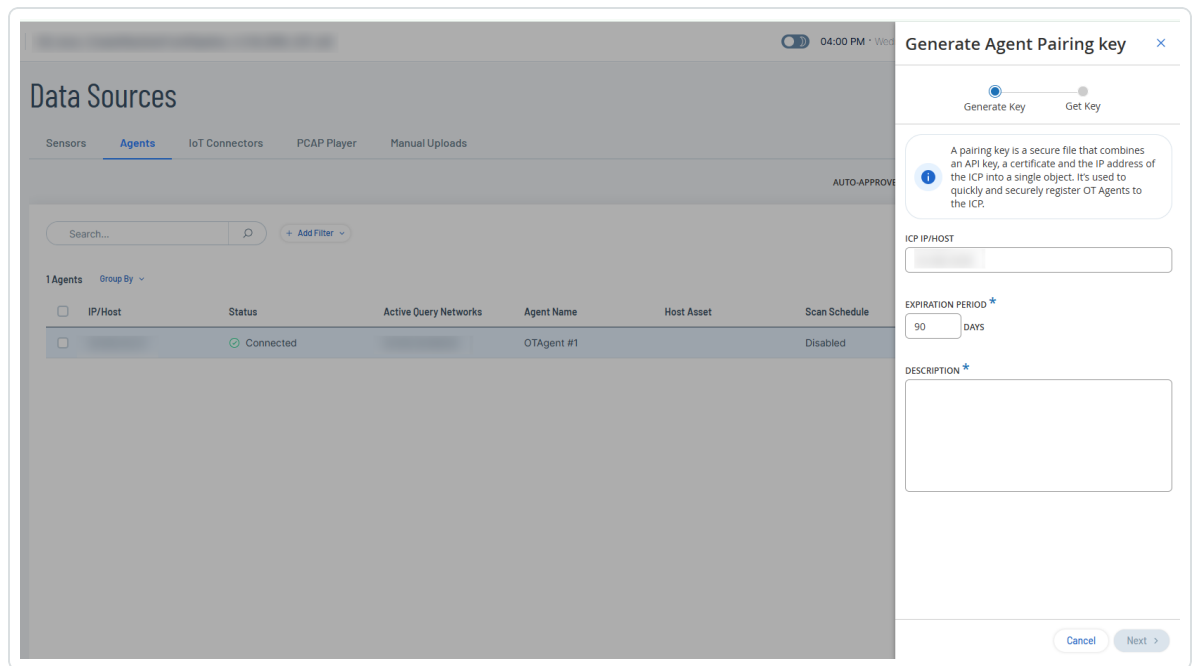
The **Data Sources** page appears.

2. Click the **Agents** tab.

The **Agents** page appears.


3. In the upper-right corner, click **Generate Pairing Key**.

The **Generate Agent Pairing Key** panel appears.



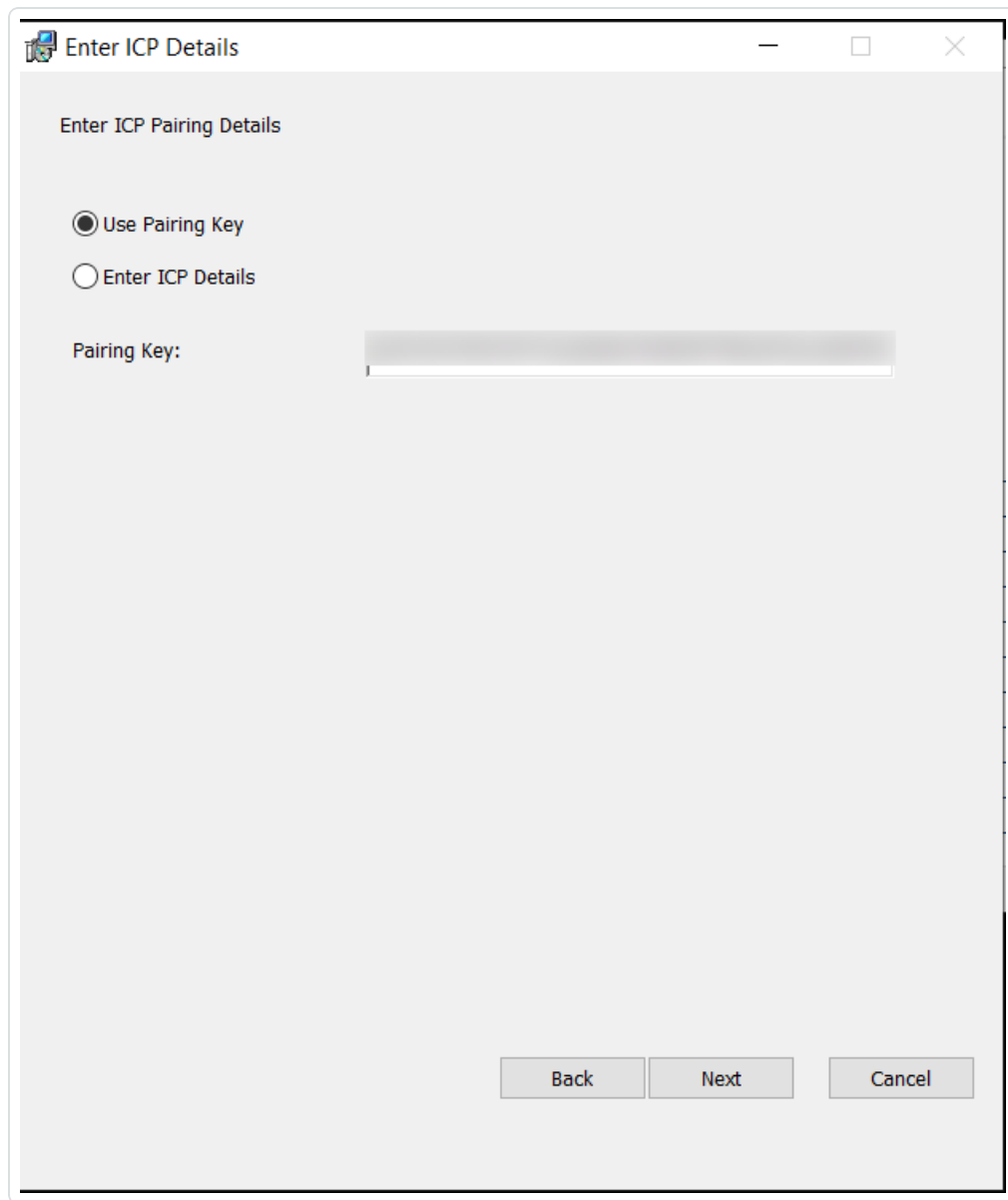
4. In the **ICP IP/Host** box, provide the IP address or the hostname of the ICP.
5. In the **Expiration Period** drop-down box, retain the default 90 days or specify the number of days after which the key expires.
6. In the **Description** box, provide a description for the key.
7. Click **Next**.

OT Security generates the pairing key.

8. Click the  button to copy the pairing key.
9. Click **Done**.

OT Security closes the panel.

10. Navigate back to the Windows host machine.
11. In the **Pairing Key** box, paste the pairing key you copied from the ICP.



Enter ICP Details

Enter ICP Pairing Details

☒ Use Pairing Key

☐ Enter ICP Details

Pairing Key:

Back Next Cancel

- **Enter ICP Details**

If you select this option, the relevant fields appear where you can provide the required details for the ICP.

1. In the **ICP Address** box, type the IP address of the ICP.
2. In the **ICP Username** box, type the name of the ICP machine.



3. In the **ICP Password** box, type the password of the ICP machine.
4. In the **API Key** box, provide the API key generated from the ICP. See [Generate API Keys](#).
5. In the **Certificate Fingerprint** box, provide the fingerprint generated from the ICP. See [Certificates](#).

Note: The pairing key and certificates are only required for the pairing process. Once pairing is complete, you can delete the pairing key and certificate, if needed.

5. Click **Next**.

The **Destination Folder** window appears.

6. In the **Install OT-Agent to:** box, retain the default destination or provide the path to install the OT Agent and click **Next**.
7. Click **Install**.

The installer installs the OT Agent and lists it on the Agents tab in OT Security with the status **Pending Configuration**.

8. Click **Finish** to close the installer.

Note: If there are issues with the pairing, you can use the **Repair** option in the OT Agent installation wizard to provide the pairing details again.

9. To automatically approve the pairing request, click to enable the **Auto-Approve Agent Pairing Requests** toggle.

If this option is not enabled, do the following:

- Right-click the newly added OT Agent.

A menu appears.

- Select the checkbox next to the OT Agent.

OT Security enables the **Actions > Approve** menu.

10. Click **Approve**.

OT Security approves the agent pairing and changes the status to **Pending Configuration**.



Data Sources

Sensors **Agents** IoT Connectors PCAP Player Manual Uploads

AUTO-APPROVE AGENT PAIRING REQUESTS ☒ [Generate Pairing key](#)

Search...

1 Agents [Group By](#)

<input type="checkbox"/>	IP/Host	Status	Active Query Networks	Agent Name	Host Asset	Scan Schedule	Last Scan	Last Scan I
<input type="checkbox"/>	[REDACTED]	Connected	[REDACTED]	OTAgent #1		Disabled		

Actions

Note: Before you run the OT Agent, ensure that its configuration is complete, even if the **Auto-Approve Agent Pairing Requests** option is enabled.

What to do next

[Configure the OT Agent](#)

Configure the OT Agent

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

After installing the OT Agent, configure it to define its name, specify the networks it scans, and set a schedule for active queries.

Before you Begin

- Install the OT Agent.

To configure the OT Agent:



1. In the **Agents** tab, do one of the following:

- Right-click the newly added OT Agent.

A menu appears.

- Select the checkbox next to the OT Agent.

OT Security enables the **Actions > Configure** menu.

2. Click **Configure**.

The **Configure Agent** panel appears.

The screenshot shows the OT Security interface. The main panel is titled 'Data Sources' and has tabs for 'Sensors', 'Agents', 'IoT Connectors', 'PCAP Player', and 'Manual Uploads'. The 'Agents' tab is selected. Below the tabs is a search bar and a '+ Add Filter' button. A table lists agents, with one agent 'OTAgent #1' shown, which is 'Connected'. To the right, the 'Configure Agent' panel is open. It has a 'NAME' field with 'OTAgent #1'. Below it is an 'Active Query Networks' field. There is a 'RUN SCHEDULE SCAN' toggle that is turned on. Below that is a 'REPEATS EVERY' field set to '1 Minutes'. There is a 'Credentials' dropdown menu showing 'SNMP V1+V2'. At the bottom of the panel are 'Cancel' and 'Save' buttons.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the agent.

4. In the **Active Query** box, provide the IP addresses of the networks to scan.

Note: The OT Agent scans only those active query network IP addresses that are part of the Monitored Networks (**Environment Settings > Network Definitions > Monitored Networks**).

5. (Optional) To enable scheduled scans, click the **Run Schedule Scan** toggle.

OT Security enables the **Repeats Every** drop-down box.



6. (Optional) Specify the minutes, hours, days, or weeks as required.
7. In the **Credentials** box, select the required credentials from the drop-down list.

Note: The credentials you create in **Active Queries > Credentials** appear in the drop-down list. For more information, see [Credentials](#).

8. Click **Save**.

OT Security updates OT Agent's status to **Connected**.

What to do next

[Run Scans](#)

Run Scans using OT Agent

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

When you initiate an Agent scan, it triggers the following active queries:

- **Discovery:** Detects live assets in the monitored network.
- **Open ports check:** Scans the most frequently used ports of the active query clients.
- **Initial Enrichment:** Identifies newly discovered assets with Dynamic Fingerprinting Engine (DFE).
- **OT Queries:** Gathers device information, such as PLC running state and other modules connected to the backplane.
- **IT Queries:** Obtains data from IT devices monitored by OT Security.

For more information, see [Manage Active Queries](#).

To run an agent scan:

1. In the **Data Sources > Agents** tab, do one of the following:
 - Right-click the newly added OT Agent.

A menu appears.



- Select the checkbox next to the OT Agent.

OT Security enables the **Actions > Scan Now** menu.

2. Click **Scan Now**.

OT Security changes the status of the agent to **Scanning** and starts scanning the specified networks. After OT Security completes the scan, you can click the number of assets link in the **Reported Assets** column in the Agents table to view the filtered results in the **Inventory** page.

Delete OT Agent

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Uninstalling the OT Agent from the Windows machine changes the status of the agent to **Disconnected** in OT Security.

To delete an OT Agent:

1. In the Windows machine, open the installer and click **Remove**.
2. Follow the steps in the wizard to uninstall the agent.

OT Agent gets uninstalled from the Windows machine.

3. Navigate to the **Data Sources > Agents** tab in OT Security.

OT Security updates the status of the agent to **Disconnected**.

4. Do one of the following:

- Right-click the newly added OT Agent.

A menu appears.

- Select the checkbox next to the OT Agent.

OT Security activates the **Actions > Delete** menu.

5. Click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the OT Agent.



- `OtAgentInstaller.msi` is the installation file.
- `IpAddress` is the IP address of the ICP.
- `Username` is the username to log in to the ICP.
- `Password` is the ICP password.
- `CertFingerprint` is the certificate that you generate in OT Security.

Example:

```
msiexec.exe /i "OtAgentInstaller.msi" /qn ICP_ADDRESS="XX.XXX.XX.XX" ICP_USERNAME="admin" ICP_PASSWORD="xxxxxxx" ICP_FINGERPRINT="XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX"
```

To install with an API Key, run the following command:

```
msiexec.exe /i "<OtAgentInstaller.msi>" /qn ICP_ADDRESS="<IpAddress>" ICP_APIKEY="<APIKey>" ICP_FINGERPRINT="<CertFingerprint>"
```

(Optional parameter) `INSTALLBASE=' "<FullDirPath>" '`

Where:

- `OtAgentInstaller.msi` is the installation file.
- `IpAddress` is the IP address of the ICP.
- `APIKey` is the API Key generated from the ICP.
- `CertFingerprint` is the certificate generated from the ICP.
- `FullDirPath` is the path of the installation directory.

Example 1:

```
msiexec.exe /i "OtAgentInstaller.msi" /qn ICP_ADDRESS="XX.XXX.XX.XX" ICP_APIKEY="xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx_xxxxxxxx" ICP_FINGERPRINT="XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX"
```

Example 2: Using the `INSTALLBASE` parameter:

```
msiexec.exe /i "OtAgentInstaller.msi" /qn ICP_ADDRESS="xx.xxx.xx.xx" ICP_APIKEY="xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx_xxxxxxxx"
```



```
xxxxxxxxxxxx=" ICP_FINGERPRINT="XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX:XX"
INSTALLBASE="C:\Program Files\AAA"
```

To uninstall OT Agent, run the following command:

```
msiexec.exe /x "<OtAgentInstaller.msi>" /qn
```

Where:

- OtAgentInstaller.msi is the installation file.

Comparing OT Agent and Sensor

Capability	OT Agent	Sensor
Target Use Case	For assessments, PoVs, and flexible Windows-based OT environments.	For full deployments where traffic inspection and control are required.
Deployment Type	Installed on Windows machines (HMI, workstation, jump box)	Installed on hardware or VM, based on Tenable Core operating system.
ICP Dependency	Requires pairing with ICP, but can operate independently to collect data (requires support + scripts)	Fully dependent on ICP
Installation Complexity	Lightweight, flexible; can be deployed in bulk	Requires physical or virtual deployment + configuration
Data Flow to ICP	Results pushed after scan completion	Continuous data stream (active +passive)
Execution Type	Active scanning only	Active and passive scanning
Scan Management UI	Managed from the Agents page only	Queries triggered from the Active Query and Inventory pages.
Nessus	Not supported	Nessus queries can route



Integration		through Sensors.
Vulnerability Matching	Uses embedded Nessus in ICP for matching.	Uses embedded Nessus in ICP for both matching and active scanning.
Scan Scheduling	Supported (one-time or recurring).	Supported (one-time or recurring).
Asset Visibility	Assets shown in inventory but not queryable from inventory.	Assets fully queryable from inventory.
Credential Scope	Uses dedicated credentials configured per Agent.	Uses global credentials from ICP.
Duplicated Network Support	Supported	Supported
Respects Global Restrictions	Not supported in version 4.3	Supported
Pairing Method	Pairing Key (API key +certificate + ICP IP in one blob).	Requires API key, Certificate, or IP configured manually.
Hardware	None - runs on existing Windows machines.	Dedicated hardware or VM required.
Passive Traffic Capture	Not supported	Fully supported

Manage IoT Connectors

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

OT Security allows you to map all managed Internet of Things (IoT) devices to their respective application server by configuring the IoT Connector engine and synchronizing assets from the specific application server.



In the example of an IP camera, you can see the Video Management System (VMS) server that manages it. On the OT Security **Inventory** page, navigating to the VMS application server shows all the cameras that it manages on the **Inventory > Related Assets** page.

Note: By default, when importing assets from an IoT connector, OT Security imports the IP address along with the MAC address of the devices. To import only the MAC address, go to **Settings > Environment Configuration > Assets Settings** and disable the **Fetch IP Address for IoT Assets** option.

Requirements for IoT Connector Agent

Requirement Category	Minimum Requirement
Operating System	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Windows XP, 7, 10, or 11; Windows Server 2003, 2008, 2012, 2016, 2019, or 2022Ubuntu 20.x or 22.x
Memory	1 GB
Disk Space	1 GB
CPU	Any hardware with a minimum of 10% dedicated CPU capacity.

IoT Connectors Engine

OT Security includes an IoT Connector engine that you can integrate with your IoT/VMS servers.

This engine supports two connection methods: authenticating with a remote application API service or connecting via an agent. After integrating your application servers with the engine, OT Security imports all managed devices such as cameras, badge access systems, and fire panels.

You can perform the following tasks for IoT connectors:

Add IoT Connectors

1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **IoT Connectors** tab.

The **IoT Connectors** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add IoT Connector**.



A drop-down menu appears.

3. Select one of the following options:

- **Via Agent**

1. In the **Connector Name** box, type a name for the connector.
2. In the **IP Address of the Server** box, type the IP address of the connector to add.
3. To connect to the VMS hosted in the database, click to enable the **VMS Credentials** toggle.

OT Security enables the relevant fields required for VMS credentials.

4. In the **IP Address of the Database** box, add the IP address of the database hosting the VMS.
5. In the **Database port** box, add the port number to connect to the server.
6. In the **Username** box, type the username for the database.
7. In the **Password** box, type the password for the database.
8. Click **Save**.

Note: If your application server does not have the [OT Security IoT Connector Agent](#) installed, the connection fails and OT Security displays an error message.

- **Via Remote API**

1. In the **Connector Type** section, select the IoT connector to add.
2. Click **Next**.

The **Connector Details** section appears.

3. In the **Connector Name** box, type a name for the connector.
4. In the **IP** box, type the IP address of the connector.



5. In the **Port** box, type the port number through which OT Security can connect. The default port number is 22609.
6. In the **Username** box, type the username to log in to the connector.
7. In the **Password** box, type the password for the connector.
8. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the connector and it appears on the **IoT Connectors** page.

Name	IP	Connection Method	Connector Type	Status	Assets
Lab Milestone		Via Remote API	Milestone	Connected	3
Sallent Agent		Via Agent	Agent	Disconnected	1
Lab Exacq		Via Remote API	Exacq Edge	Connected	1

View Assets Linked to the IoT Connector

After you connect to the application server, you can view the related assets or services managed by the application server.

To view all devices managed by the server:

1. Go to **Inventory > All Assets**.

The **All Assets** page appears.

2. Use the **Search** box to search for the application server.

The selected application server page appears with the list of devices that it manages.

Partner Asset	Family	Relationship Type	Access Direction	Details	First Seen	Last Updated
Arecont Single Camera (SingleCam	IoTConnectors	To Partner		01:43:36 PM · Jun 17, 2024	02:56:17 AM · Aug
Hanwha Vision QNV-8080R (Hanwha Vision QNV-8080R	IoTConnectors	To Partner		01:43:02 PM · Jun 17, 2024	02:55:14 AM · Aug
axis-accc8ef5210e	M3046-V	IoTConnectors	To Partner		01:43:03 PM · Jun 17, 2024	02:55:15 AM · Aug



Test the IoT Connection

After adding an IoT connector, you can test if OT Security can reach it.

1. In the IoT Connectors table, do one of the following:
 - In the row of the IoT connector you want to test, right-click and select **Test Connection**.
 - Select the IoT connector you want to test, then click **Actions > Test Connection**.

OT Security runs the test to verify if it can reach the connector.

Edit IoT Connector

1. In the IoT Connectors table, do one of the following:
 - In the row of the IoT connector you want to edit, right-click and select **Edit**.
 - Select the IoT connector you want to edit, then click **Actions > Edit**.

The **Edit IoT Connector via Agent/Remote API** panel appears.

2. Modify the details as needed.
3. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the updates to the IoT Connector.

Delete an IoT Connector

1. In the IoT Connectors table, do one of the following:
 - In the row of the IoT connector you want to delete, right-click and select **Delete**.
 - Select the IoT connector you want to delete, then click **Actions > Delete**.

OT Security deletes the IoT connector.

Note: After you delete an IoT connector, OT Security uninstalls the IoT Connector Agent from the application server. If you want to connect to the same application server via Agent, you must reinstall the [OT Security IoT Connector Agent](#).

Install IoT Connector Agent on Windows



Required Role: Administrator



OT Security allows you to map all managed Internet of Things (IoT) devices to their respective application server by configuring the IoT Connector engine and synchronizing assets from the specific application server. To connect your application server via Agent, you must install the OT Security IoT Connector Agent.

To install OT Security IoT Connector Agent:

1. Log in to the [Tenable Downloads](#) page.
2. Navigate to the **OT Security** page.
3. From the **Advanced IoT Visibility** section, download the **Windows IoT Connector Agent** package.

Advanced IoT Visibility			
 Windows IoT Connector Agent	Tenable IoT Connector Agent for Windows Server 2012, Server 2016, Server 2019, Server 2022, 7, 8, 10, and 11 (64-bit)(v341)	190 MB	Checksum
 Ubuntu IoT Connector Agent	Tenable IoT Connector Agent for Ubuntu 20.x, 22.x, 24.x (amd64)(v341)	212 MB	Checksum

4. Copy the downloaded **Windows IoT Connector Agent** package to the application server where you want to install it.
5. Run the **Tenable IoT Connector Agent** wizard.

A message appears that the connector agent wizard is initializing and the **Welcome to the Tenable IoT Connector Agent Setup Wizard** window appears.

6. Click **Next**.

The **License Agreement** window appears.

7. Select **I accept the agreement** and click **Next**.

The **Select Destination Directory** window appears.

8. Specify the directory to install the IoT Connector Agent (or use the default directory) and click **Next**.

The Tenable IoT Connector Agent installation starts.



9. After the installation completes, verify that the Tenable IoT Connector Agent service is running.

- a. In the **Run** command window, type `services.msc`.

The **Services** window opens.

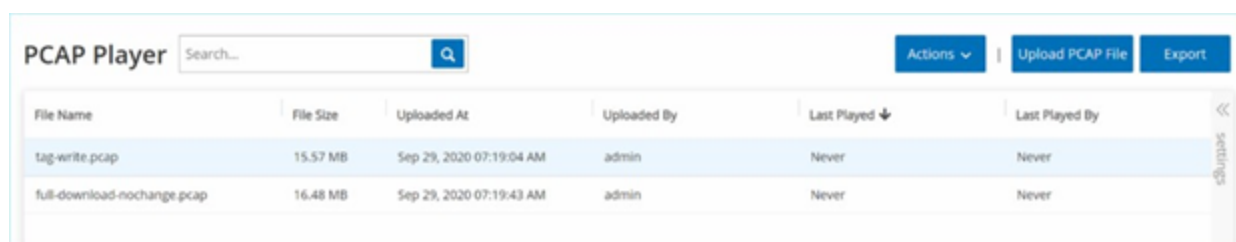
- b. Confirm that the **OT Security IoT Connector Agent** appears in the list of services currently running.

Once the installation is complete, you can connect your application server to OT Security. For more information about how to connect to the application server via a remote agent, see [Add IoT Connectors via Agent](#).

PCAP Player

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

OT Security enables you to upload a PCAP (Packet Capture) file containing recorded network activity and “play” it on OT Security. When you “play” a PCAP file, OT Security monitors the network traffic and records all information about detected assets, network activity, and vulnerabilities as if the traffic occurred within your network. You can use this feature for simulation purposes or in order to analyze traffic that occurs outside of the network that OT Security monitors. For example, remote plants.



File Name	File Size	Uploaded At	Uploaded By	Last Played ↓	Last Played By
tag-write.pcap	15.57 MB	Sep 29, 2020 07:19:04 AM	admin	Never	Never
full-download-nochange.pcap	16.48 MB	Sep 29, 2020 07:19:43 AM	admin	Never	Never

Note:PCAP Player supports these file types: `.pcap`, `.pcapng`, `.pcap.gz`, `.pcapng.gz`. You can use files that are recorded by an instance of OT Security or other network monitoring tools.

Upload a PCAP File

To upload a PCAP file:



1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **PCAP Player** tab.

The **PCAP Player** page appears.

2. Click **Upload PCAP File**.

The **File Explorer** opens.

3. Select the required PCAP recording.
4. Click **Open**.

OT Security uploads the PCAP file to the system.

Play a PCAP File

To play a PCAP file:

1. In the **Data Collection > Data Sources** page, click the **PCAP Player** tab.

The **PCAP Player** page appears.

2. Select the PCAP recording you want to play.
3. Click **Actions > Play**.

The **Play PCAP** wizard appears.

4. In the **Play Speed** drop-down box, select the speed at which you want the system to play the file.

Options are: 1X, 2X, 4X, 8X or 16X.

Note: Playing a PCAP file injects data into the system, you cannot undo or stop this operation once it runs.

5. Click **Play**.

The system plays the PCAP file. All network activity in the PCAP file is registered in the system and assets identified by the system are added to the assets inventory.

Note: You cannot play another PCAP file while a file is still playing.

Manual Uploads



Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Site Operator

The **Manual Uploads** tab includes the following:

- [Update Assets Details Using CSV](#)
- [Add Assets Manually](#)
- [SCD Files](#)
- [Rockwell Project Files](#)

Update Assets Details Using CSV

You can export a CSV file of the All Assets table, make edits, and then upload it. The editable fields include: **Type**, **Name**, **Criticality**, **Purdue Level**, **Location**, **Description**, and all custom fields.

You can update asset details using a CSV file only when the language is set to English. Non-English users can temporarily switch to English while exporting and uploading the CSV file, then revert to their preferred language.

To upload the asset details CSV file:

1. In the **Data Collections > Data Sources** page, click the **Manual Uploads** tab.
2. In the **Update Asset Details Using CSV** section, click **Upload**.
3. Browse to the location where you have the CSV file and upload it.

Add Assets Manually

To track your inventory, you may want to view some additional assets you possess, even though OT Security has not yet detected these assets. You can manually add these assets to your inventory by downloading and editing a CSV file, and then uploading the file to the system. You can only upload assets with IPs that are not already in use by an existing asset in the system. In the event that the system detects an asset communicating over the network with the same IP, it uses the information retrieved about the detected asset and overwrites the previously uploaded information. The system begins handling the asset as a regular one when it is detected communicating in the network.

The IP addresses of uploaded assets are counted as part of the system licensing.



Uploaded assets display a risk score of 0 until OT Security detects these assets.

Note: When assets are added manually, events are not detected for those assets until OT Security detects their communication in the network.

To add assets manually:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Data Sources**.

The **Data Sources** page appears.

2. In the **Manual Uploads** tab, navigate to the **Add Assets Manually** section.
3. From the **Actions** menu, select **Download CSV template**.

OT Security downloads the tot_Assets template document.

4. Open the tot_Assets template document.
5. Edit the tot_Assets template precisely in accordance with the instructions found in the file, leaving only the column headers such as Name and Type) and the values you provide.
6. Save the edited file.
7. Return to the **Assets Settings** page.
8. From the **Actions** menu, select **Upload CSV** and navigate to and open the desired CSV file to upload it.
9. In **Add Assets Manually**, click **Download Report**.

A CSV file with report appears, showing successes and failures in the Result column. Details of errors are shown in the Error column.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N
1	Name	Type	Criticality	IPs	MAC	Family	Model	Firmware	OS	Purdue Le	Location	Descriptic	Result	Error
2	AAA	Plc	High	Critic 10.100.20.aa:bb:cc:dd	Siemens	57300	2.3.1			Level1	Italy	Siemens, Failure		IP 10.100.20.21 already exists
3	BBB	Server	Medium	C 10.200.30.30		VMware			Windows Server 2012			Success		
4	CCC	Switch			AA:bb:cc:dd	Catalyst	C2960	12.3		Level3		Success		
5	DDDD	Unknown	None	Criticality					Linux	Level4	Israel	Success		

SCD Files



The Substation Configuration Description (SCD) file includes the complete communication-related details for a substation. You can now upload an SCD file to OT Security and gain visibility into your assets, IEC 61850 configuration and security insights about your environment.

Based on the SCD file information, OT Security reports findings related to substation misconfiguration such as:

- Access to Manufacturing Message Specification (MMS) reports from unauthorized clients.
- Unauthorized clients not mentioned in the SCD file trying to subscribe to MMS reports.

Note: OT Security supports only the following formats for SCD files:

- Substation Configuration Language (SCL) versions 1.0 and 2.0.
- SCD files with only one substation.

To upload an SCD file:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Data Sources**.

The **Data Sources** page appears.

2. In the **Manual Uploads** tab, navigate to the **SCD Files** section.
3. In the **SCD Files** section, click **Upload**.

SCD Files

Upload

1285 MMS reports have no clients assigned, exposing unauthorized access. Assign authorized clients or remove redundant configurations from the SCD file. [Download Details](#)

Upload SCD files to import each of your substations' configuration and define IED device communication settings according to the IEC 61850 Standard.

Note: only one SCD file is allowed per substation. The most recently uploaded file containing the same substation name will override previous ones.

Project	SCD File Name	Substation	Last Updated
Station Indegy	Station Indegy (1).scd	Substation	03:59:12 PM · Jan 20
huh	SBUSServer.scd		02:16:48 PM · Jan 26
S/S 8860	SBUSServer.scd	S/S 8610	02:50:54 PM · Jan 26
NIC STATION	NIC STATION.scd		03:08:44 PM · Jan 26

Note: You can upload only one SCD file per substation. The most recently uploaded file containing the same substation name overrides previous one.

4. Browse and select the file to upload.



OT Security uploads the SCD file and you can view the asset details in the **Inventory > Details** and **IEC 61850** tabs. Any misconfiguration in the SCD file triggers an event and an unauthorized access error message appears at the top of the [Details](#) and [IEC 61850](#) pages.

5. (Optional) To download the findings details, in the error message, click **Download Details**.

OT Security downloads the details in the CSV format.

Rockwell Project Files

You can upload Rockwell .L5X files to create assets, enrich asset details, and build relationship between assets in air-gapped or limited visibility environments. The maximum project file size is 50 MiB.

Important: By default, the `ProjectFilePopulatePrimaryLayerAssetIPs` is set to `True` and `ProjectFilePopulateNonPrimaryLayerAssetIPs` is set to `False`. When uploading multiple project files containing assets with identical IP addresses, setting the `ProjectFilePopulateNonPrimaryLayerAssetIPs` configuration parameter to `True` resolves duplicate assets. This allows the system to display the IP addresses of assets in the non-primary layer, enabling you to resolve assets with the same IP address as a single asset and place them correctly on the same backplane. For changing the configuration, contact Tenable Support.

To upload a Rockwell file:

1. Go to **Data Collection > Data Sources**.

The **Data Sources** page appears.

2. In the **Manual Uploads** tab, navigate to the **Rockwell Project Files** section.

Rockwell Project Files

Upload a single project file (.L5X) to extract controller configuration and enrich your asset inventory with details like controller type, IP address, and backplane structure.

Upload

3. Click **Upload**.
4. Browse and select the file to upload.



OT Security uploads the Rockwell project file and you can view the asset details in the **Inventory > Details** tab.



Settings

The **Settings** section in OT Security includes most of the configuration pages for OT Security:

Active Queries – Activate/deactivate query functions and adjust their frequency and settings. See [Active Queries](#).

Sensors – View and manage sensors, approve or delete incoming Sensor pairing requests, and configure Active Queries performed by Sensors. See [Sensors](#).

System Configuration

- **Device** – View and edit device details and network information. For example, system time, automatic logout (that is, inactivity timeout).

Note: You can configure DNS servers in Tenable Core. For more information, see [Manually Configure a Static IP Address](#) in the Tenable Core + Tenable OT Security User Guide.

- **Port Configuration** – View how the ports on the device are configured. For more information on Port Configuration, see [Device](#).
- **Updates** – Perform updates of plugins either automatically or manually through the cloud, or offline.
- **Certificate** – View information about your HTTPS certificate and ensure a secure connection by either generating a new HTTPS certificate in the system or uploading your own. See [System Configuration](#).
- **API Keys** – Generate API keys to enable third-party apps to access OT Security via API. All users can create API keys. The API key has the same permissions as the user that created it, according to their role. An API key is shown once, when it is first generated; you must save it in a secure location for later use. See [Generate API Keys](#).
- **License** – View, update, and renew your license. See [License](#).

Environment Settings



- **Network Definitions**

- **Monitored Network** – View and edit the aggregation of IP ranges in which the system classifies assets. See [Monitored Networks](#).
- **Passive Monitoring** – Enable passive monitoring to allow OT Security to discover assets. See [Passive Monitoring](#).
- **Update Asset Details Using CSV** – Update the details of your assets using a CSV template. See [Update Asset Details Using CSV](#).
- **Add Assets Manually** – Add new assets to your assets list using a CSV template. See [Add Assets Manually](#).

Note: The maximum number of IP ranges that can be sent to the Tenable Network Monitor is 128, therefore Tenable recommends not exceeding this limit. In addition to the specified IP ranges, any host within the OT Security platform's subnets or any activity performing device is classified as an asset.

- **Hidden Assets** – View a list of hidden assets in the system. These are assets removed from the asset listings, see [Inventory](#). You can restore hidden assets from this page.
- **Custom Fields** – Creates custom fields to tag assets with relevant information. The custom field can be plain text or it can be a link to an external resource.
- **Event Clusters** – Allows you to cluster together multiple similar events that occur within a designated time range for monitoring them. See [Event Clusters](#).
- **PCAP Player** – Allows you to upload a PCAP file containing recorded network activity and “play” it on OT Security, loading the data into your system. See [PCAP Player](#).
- **Users and Roles** – View, edit, and export information about all user accounts.
 - **User Settings** – View and edit information about the user who is currently logged into the system (Full Name, Username, and Password) and change the language used in the user interface (English, Japanese, Chinese, French, or German).
 - **Local Users** – An administrator user can create local user accounts for specific users and assign a role to the account, see [User Management](#).



- **User Groups** – An administrator user can view, edit, add, and delete user groups. See [User Management](#).
- **Authentication Servers** – User credentials can optionally be assigned using an LDAP Server, such as Active Directory. In this case, user privileges are managed on the Active Directory. See [User Management](#).
- **Integrations** – Set up integration with other platforms. OT Security currently supports integration with Palo Alto Networks Next Generation Firewall (NGFW) and Aruba ClearPass, as well as with other Tenable products (Tenable Security Center and Tenable Vulnerability Management). See [Integrations](#).
- **Servers** – View, create, and edit servers configured in your system. Separate screens are available for:
 - **SMTP Servers** – SMTP servers enable Event notifications to be sent via email.
 - **Syslog Servers** – Syslog servers enable Event logs to be logged on an external SIEM.
 - **FortiGate Firewalls** – The OT Security-FortiGate integration allows you to send firewall policy suggestions to a FortiGate firewall based on the OT Security network events.
- **System Actions** – Shows a sub-menu of system activities. The sub-menu includes the following options:
 - **Factory Reset** – Returns all settings to the factory defaults. Only an Administrator or Security Manager can perform a factory reset.

Caution: This operation cannot be undone and all data in the system will be lost.

The following options are now available from Tenable Core:

- **System Backup** – Starting in 3.18, you can take a backup and restore your OT Security using the **Backup/Restore** page in Tenable Core. For more information, see [Application Data Backup and Restore](#). To restore using CLI, see [Restore Backup Using CLI](#).
- **Export Settings** – Export OT Security platform configuration settings as an .ndg file to the local computer. This serves as a backup in case of a system reset or to



import to a new OT Security platform.

- **Import Settings** – Imports OT Security platform configuration settings saved as an .ndg file on the local computer.
 - **Download Diagnostic Data** – Creates a file with diagnostic data on the OT Security platform and stores it on the local computer.
 - **Restart** – Restarts the OT Security platform. This is needed for activation of certain configuration changes.
 - **Disable** – Disable all monitoring activities. You can reactivate the monitoring activities at any time.
 - **Shut Down** – Shuts down the OT Security platform. To power on, press the Power button on the OT Security appliance.
- **System Log** – Shows a log of all system events that occurred in the system. For example, Policy turned on, Policy edited, and Event Resolved. You can export the log as a CSV file or send it to a Syslog server. See [System Log](#).

System Configuration

The OT Security **System Configuration** pages allow you to automatically configure and manually perform Plugin updates, as well as view and update details regarding your device, HTTPS certificate, API Keys, and license.

Device

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

The **Device** page shows detailed information about your OT Security configuration. You can view and edit the configuration in this page.



Overview

Device

Device Name

The name of the Tenable OT Security management system.

DEVICE NAME

Edit

Device URLs

Device URLs allow you to set multiple URLs from which the system can be accessed (FQDN/IP) in addition to the locally configured IP addresses. (Change requires restart).

Edit

System Time

Determines the time of the Tenable OT Security system. System time, together with the time zone, determine the displayed time of alerts, activities, system log events, and all other time-related features (Change requires restart).

MANUAL SYSTEM TIME

Nov 11, 2024 09:37:06 AM

Edit

Timezone

Determines the time zone for the Tenable OT Security system. Time zone, together with the system time, determine the displayed time of alerts, activities, system log events, and all other time-related features.

TIMEZONE

Etc/UTC

Edit

Maximum Log-in Session Time-out

Determines the session period after which logged in users will be logged out automatically and required to log in again. (Requires log-out)

LOG OUT AFTER

2 Weeks

Edit

Device Name

A unique identifier for the OT Security appliance.

Device URLs

Allows you to set the single URL from which the system can be accessed (FQDN).

Important: Editing the Device URL is a critical change. The new FQDN is not presented again. Failure to make note of the exact string makes the user interface inaccessible. Make sure to verify the resolution before proceeding.

System Time

The correct time and date are set automatically, but you can edit it.

Note: Setting the correct date and time is essential for the accurate recording of logs and alerts.

Maximum Login Session Timeout



The session period after which users are logged out automatically and are required to log in again. To change the login session timeout period, click **Edit**. Available options for the time period: 2 weeks, 30 minutes, 1 hour, 4 hours, 12 hours, 1 day, 1 week, and 2 weeks.

Maximum Inactivity Timeout

The inactivity period after which logged in users are logged out automatically and required to log in again. To change the inactivity period, click **Edit**.

Open Ports Age Out Period

Determines the period after which Open Port listings are removed from the individual **Asset Details** screen if no further indication is received that the port is still open. Default setting is two weeks. For more information, see [Inventory](#).

Ping Requests

Turning on Ping Requests activates the OT Security platform's automatic response to ping requests. To activate ping requests, click the **Ping Requests** toggle to enable ping requests.

Packet Capture

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

Turning on the full packet capture capability activates continuous recording of full-packet captures of all traffic in the network. This enables extensive troubleshooting and forensic investigation capabilities. When the storage capacity exceeds 1.8 TB, the system deletes older files. You can view and download available files from the **Network > Packet Captures** page, see section [Network](#).

To activate packet captures, click the **Packet Capture** toggle to enable packet captures.

Note: You can stop the Packet Capture feature at any time by toggling the switch to **OFF**.

Auto Approve Sensor Pairing Requests

Enabling automatic approval of incoming sensor pairing requests ensures all sensor pairing requests are approved without any additional administrator. If this option is not selected, final manual approval is required for any new sensors to connect to your network.



To enable auto approval for incoming sensor pairing requests, click the **Auto Approve Incoming Sensor Pairing Requests** toggle to enable automatic approval.

Classification Banner

Add a banner to OT Security to indicate the data accessible via the software.

To add a banner, click **Edit**. After adding the banner, click to enable the **Classification Banner** toggle.

Enable Usage Statistics

The **Enable Usage Statistics** option specifies whether Tenable collects anonymous telemetry data about your OT Security deployment. When enabled, Tenable collects telemetry information that cannot be attributed to a specific individual; it is only collected at the company level. This information does not include personal data or personally identifiable information (PII). Telemetry information includes, but is not limited to, data about your visited pages, your used reports and dashboards, and your configured features. Tenable uses the data to improve your user experience in future OT Security releases and for other reasonable business purposes in accordance with the Tenable Master Agreement. This setting is enabled by default.

To enable telemetry collection, click the **Enable Usage Statistics**.

Note: You can disable sharing of usage statistics at any time by clicking the toggle switch.

GraphQL Playground

An in-browser GraphQL IDE. Enable or disable this toggle to use the playground in production to test your API queries.

Port Configuration

Starting from version 4.1, you can review and configure the split ports Tenable Core interface on port 8000.

Set Compliance Dashboard Preferences

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor



You can specify the security frameworks that the **Compliance** dashboard refers to when generating the data.

To set the compliance dashboard preferences:

1. Do one of the following:

- Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Compliance**.
- On the **Compliance** dashboard page, click the **Security Framework Preferences** link.

The **Compliance** preferences page appears.

SELECTED FRAMEWORKS	Not Defined (Default)
---------------------	-----------------------

2. In the **Compliance Dashboard Preferences** section, click **Edit**.

The **Edit Referenced Compliance Frameworks** pane appears.

3. Select the required compliance frameworks. You can choose from the following options.

- **ISO 27001 Controls**
- **CAF Principles**
- **OTCC Sub Domains**



- NIS2 Directive (Article 21)
- NERC-CIP Requirements
- IEC-62443-3-3 Requirements

4. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the compliance framework preferences and checks your organization's compliance against the specified preferences. OT Security displays the results from the compliance checks on the [Compliance dashboard](#).

Updates

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

Updating Tenable Nessus plugins and Intrusion Detection System (IDS) Engine Ruleset to the latest versions ensures that OT Security monitors your assets for all the latest known vulnerabilities. OT Security provides an option to update classification, family, and coverage through the Dynamic Fingerprinting Engine (DFE) Cloud Updates. You can perform updates through the cloud, both automatically and manually, and offline as well.

Note: For information about updating Tenable Core, see [Manage Updates](#) in the Tenable Core + OT Security User Guide.



Updates

☐ Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates

Update from FileEdit FrequencyUpdate Now

FREQUENCY	Every day at 02:00 AM
LAST UPDATED	
PLUGIN SET	202411070852

☐ IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates

Update from FileEdit FrequencyUpdate Now

FREQUENCY	Every week on Monday and Thursday at 02:00 AM
LAST UPDATED	
RULE SET	202411062338

☐ Dynamic Fingerprinting Engine (DFE) Cloud Update

Update From FileEdit FrequencyUpdate From File

FREQUENCY	Every week on Monday and Thursday at 02:00 AM
LAST UPDATED	
VERSION	202410230822

Note: You can also perform updates via **Vulnerabilities > Update plugins**.

Note: If the user license ages out, the option to download new updates are blocked, and plugins cannot be updated.

Tenable Nessus Plugin Set Updates

Set Automatic Cloud Updates of Plugins

To enable automatic updates of plugins:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** window appears. The **Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates** section shows the number of your Plugin Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click the **Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates** toggle to enable automatic updates.

Edit Frequency of Plugin Updates



1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** window appears. The **Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates** section shows the number of your Plugin Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click **Edit Frequency**.

The **Edit Frequency** side panel appears.

Edit Frequency

REPEATS EVERY *

1 Days

AT *

02:00:00

Repeats every day at 02:00 AM
Next run at 02:00:00 AM - Jan 21, 2023

Cancel Save

3. In the **Repeats Every** section, set the time interval at which you want to update the plugins by typing a number and selecting a unit of time (Days or Weeks) from the drop-down box.

If you select **Weeks**, select which days of the week you want to perform a weekly update on the plugins.

4. In the **At** section, set the time of day at which you want to update the Plugins (in HH:MM:SS) by clicking on the clock icon and selecting the time, or by typing the time manually.
5. Click **Save**.

A message appears confirming that the frequency update is successful.

Perform Manual Cloud Updates of Plugins



To update plugins manually:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates** section shows the number of your Plugin Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click **Update Now**.

A message appears to confirm that the update is in progress. When the update is complete, the **Plugin Set** displays the number of the current Plugin Set.

Tip: While the **Plugin Set** update is in progress, keep the browser window open and do not refresh the page.

Offline Updates

If you do not have an internet connection on your OT Security device, you can manually update the Plugins by downloading the latest Plugin set from the Tenable Community Portal and uploading the file.

To update plugins offline:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **Nessus Plugin Set Cloud Updates** section shows the number of your Plugin Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click **Update From File**.



The **Update From File** window appears.

3. If you have not yet done so, click the link to download the latest Plugin file, then return to the **Update From File** window.

Note: Downloading the latest Plugin file from the link is only possible through an internet connection, such as with an internet-connected PC.

4. Click **Browse** and navigate to the Plugin set file you downloaded from the OT Security Customer portal.
5. Click **Update**.



IDS Engine Ruleset Updates

Set Automatic Cloud Updates of the IDS Engine Ruleset

To enable automatic updates of the IDS Engine Ruleset:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates** shows the number of your Rule Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click the **IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates** toggle to enable automatic updates.

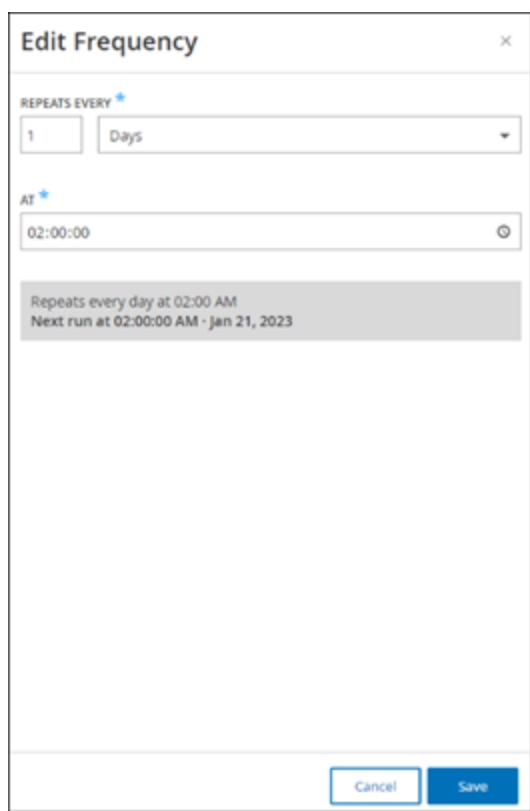
Edit Frequency of IDS Engine Ruleset Updates

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates** shows the number of your Rule Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click **Edit Frequency**.

The **Edit Frequency** side panel appears.



Edit Frequency

REPEATS EVERY ^{*}

1 Days

AT ^{*}

02:00:00

Repeats every day at 02:00 AM
Next run at 02:00:00 AM - Jan 21, 2023

Cancel Save

3. In the **Repeats Every** section, set the time interval at which you want to update the Ruleset, by typing a number and selecting a unit of time (Days or Weeks) from the drop-down box.

If you select **Weeks**, select which days of the week you want to perform a weekly update on the Ruleset.

4. In the **At** section, set the time of day at which you want to update the IDS Engine Ruleset (in HH:MM:SS) by clicking the clock icon and selecting the time, or by entering the time manually.
5. Click **Save**.

A message appears to confirm the frequency update is successful.

Perform Manual Cloud Updates of the IDS Engine Ruleset

To update the IDS Engine Ruleset manually:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears, with **IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates**, showing the number of your Rule Set, the date of the last update and the update schedule.

2. Click **Update Now**.



A message appears confirming that the update is in progress. When the update is complete, the **Ruleset** box displays the number of the current IDS Engine Ruleset.

Offline Updates

If you do not have an internet connection on your OT Security device, you can manually update your IDS Engine Ruleset by downloading the latest Ruleset from the Tenable Customer Portal and uploading the file.

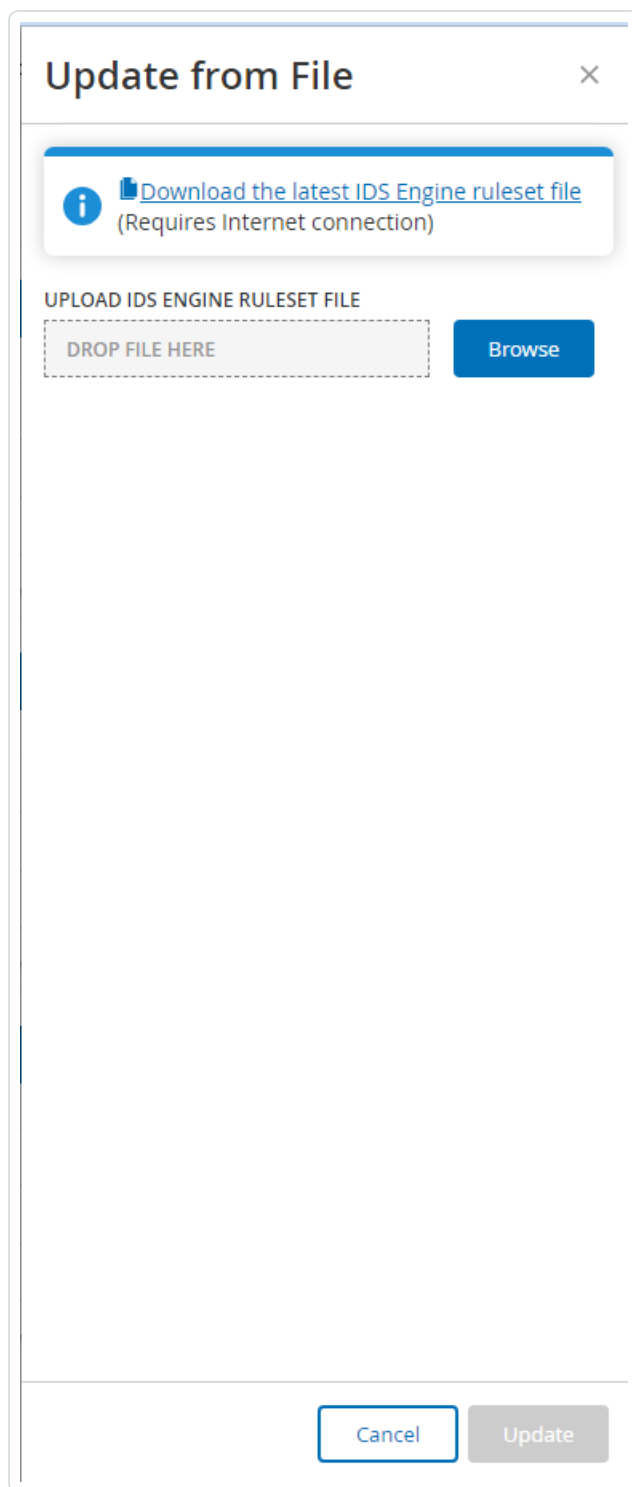
To update the IDS Engine Ruleset offline:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** window appears. The **IDS Engine Ruleset Cloud Updates** shows the number of your Rule Set, the date of the last update, and the update schedule.

2. Click **Update From File**.

The **Update From File** window appears.



3. If you have not yet done so, click the link to download the latest IDS Engine ruleset file.

Note: Downloading the latest IDS Engine ruleset file from the link is only possible through an internet connection, such as with an internet-connected PC.



4. Click **Browse** and navigate to the IDS Engine ruleset file you downloaded from the OT Security Customer portal.
5. Click **Update**.

DFE Cloud Updates

You can use the **Dynamic Fingerprinting Engine (DFE) Updates** section to update changes or add new classification to your OT Security system.

Set Automatic Cloud DFE Updates

To enable automatic DFE updates:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **DFE Cloud Updates** section shows the frequency set for automatic updates, the date of the last update, and the current version of the update.

2. To enable automatic updates, click the **DFE Cloud Updates** toggle.

Edit Frequency of DFE Updates

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **DFE Cloud Updates** section shows the frequency set for automatic updates, the date of the last update, and the current version of the update.

2. Click **Edit Frequency**.

The **Edit Frequency** side panel appears.

3. In the **Repeats Every** section, set the time interval for the DFE update by typing a number and selecting a unit of time (Days or Weeks) from the drop-down box.

If you select **Weeks**, select the days of the week for the weekly DFE update.

4. In the **At** section, set the time of day for the DFE update (in HH:MM:SS) by clicking the clock icon and selecting the time, or by entering the time manually.
5. Click **Save**.

A message appears to confirm that the frequency update is successful.

Perform Manual Cloud DFE Updates



To update DFE manually:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** page appears. The **DFE Cloud Updates** section shows the frequency set for automatic updates, the date of the last update, and the current version of the update.

2. Click **Update Now**.

A message appears confirming that the update is in progress. When the update is complete, the **Version** box displays the current DFE version.

Offline Updates

If you do not have an internet connection on your OT Security device, you can manually update DFE by downloading the latest version from the Tenable Customer Portal and uploading the file.

To perform an offline DFE update:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Updates**.

The **Updates** window appears. The **DFE Cloud Updates** section shows the frequency set for automatic updates, the date of the last update, and the current version of the update.

2. Click **Update From File**.

The **Update From File** window appears.

Update From File

Download the latest DFE file

(Requires internet connection)

UPLOAD DFE FILE

DROP FILE HERE

Browse

Cancel

Update

- If you have not yet done so, click the link to download the latest Device Signatures file.

Note: Downloading the latest Device Signatures file from the link is only possible through an internet connection, such as with an internet-connected PC.

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4. Click **Browse** and navigate to the Device Signatures file you downloaded from the OT Security Customer portal.
5. Click **Update**.

Certificates

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Generate an HTTPS Certificate

The HTTPS certificate ensures the system is using a secure connection to the OT Security appliance and server. The initial certificate ages out after two years. You can generate a new self-signed certificate at any time. The new certificate is valid for one year.

Note: Generating a new certificate overrides the current certificate.

To generate a self-signed certificate:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Certificates**.

The **Certificates** window appears.

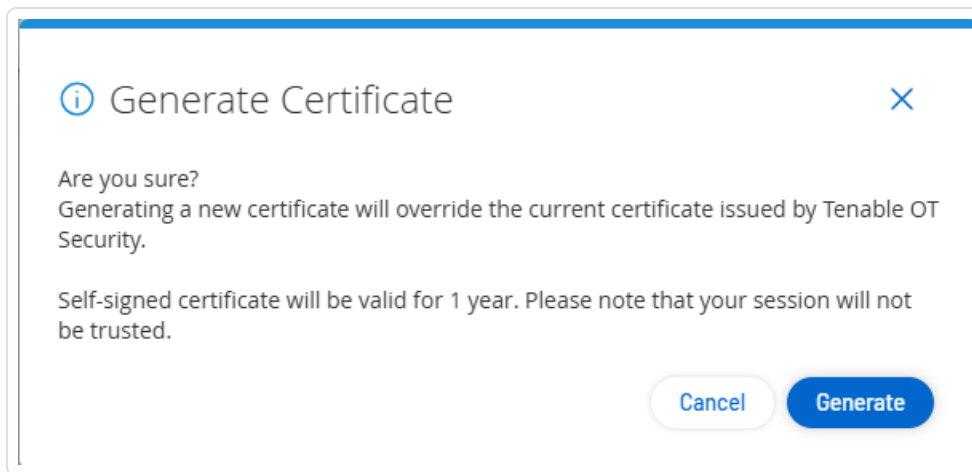
2. From the **Actions** menu, select **Generate Self-Signed Certificate**.

The screenshot shows the 'Certificates' window. At the top, there's a title 'Certificates' and a description: 'The certificate is used to secure the HTTPS connection. Use this section to generate a self-signed certificate or to upload an externally signed one.' Below this is a table with the following data:

ISSUED TO	Tenable OT Security
ISSUED BY	Tenable OT Security
ISSUED ON	Oct 31, 2023
EXPIRES ON	Oct 30, 2025
CERTIFICATE FINGERPRINT	[REDACTED]

On the right side of the window, there is an 'Actions' dropdown menu with the following options: 'Generate Self-Signed Certificate', 'Upload Certificate', and 'Download Certificate'.

The Generate Certificate confirmation window appears.



3. Click **Generate**.

OT Security generates the self-signed certificate and you can view the certificate in the **Certificates** page.

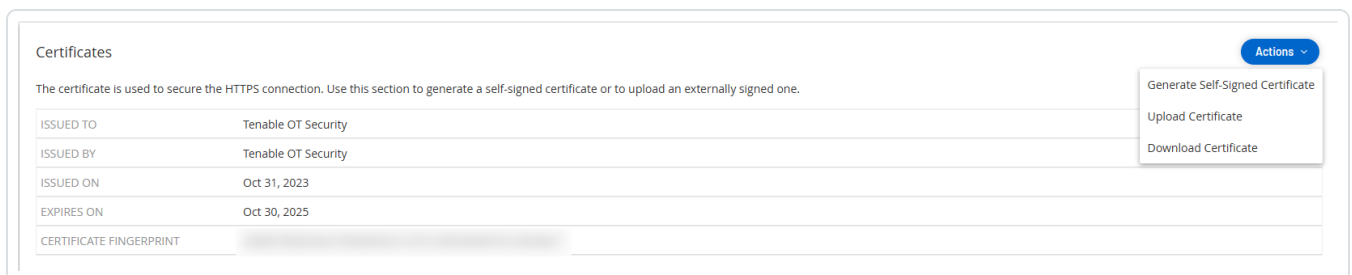
Upload an HTTPS Certificate

To upload an HTTPS Certificate:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > Certificates**.

The **Certificates** window appears.

2. From the **Actions** menu, select **Upload Certificate**.



The **Upload Certificate** side panel appears.

3. In the **Certificate File** section, click **Browse** and navigate to the certificate file you want to upload.



4. In the **Private Key File** section, click **Browse** and navigate to the Private Key file you want to upload.
5. In the **Private Key Passphrase** box, type the private key passphrase.
6. Click **Upload** to upload the files.

The side panel closes.

Note: After replacing the certificate, Tenable recommends that you reload the browser tab to ensure the HTTP Certificate update is successful. If the upload is unsuccessful, OT Security displays a warning message.

Generate API Keys

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

Generating an API key can help integrate OT Security with other security tools and systems within your organization.

To generate API keys in OT Security:

1. Go to **Settings > System Configuration > API Keys**.

The **API Keys** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Generate Key**.

The **Generate Key** panel appears.

3. In the **Expiration Period** box, select the number of days after which the API key can age out.
4. In the **Description** box, type a description for the API key.
5. Click **Generate**.

The **Generate Key** panel appears with the **ID** and **API Key**.

6. Click the  button to copy the API key.

7. Click **Done**.

The **API Keys** page appears with the newly added API key ID.



Pair ICP with Enterprise Manager

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

Note: This flow is available for OT Security 3.18 and later.

You can pair your Industrial Core Platform (ICP) with OT Security EM and manage all your sites.

Note: Once paired with EM, all updates must be done at the EM level so that the sites and their sensors receive the latest version updates.

Before you Begin

Make sure that:

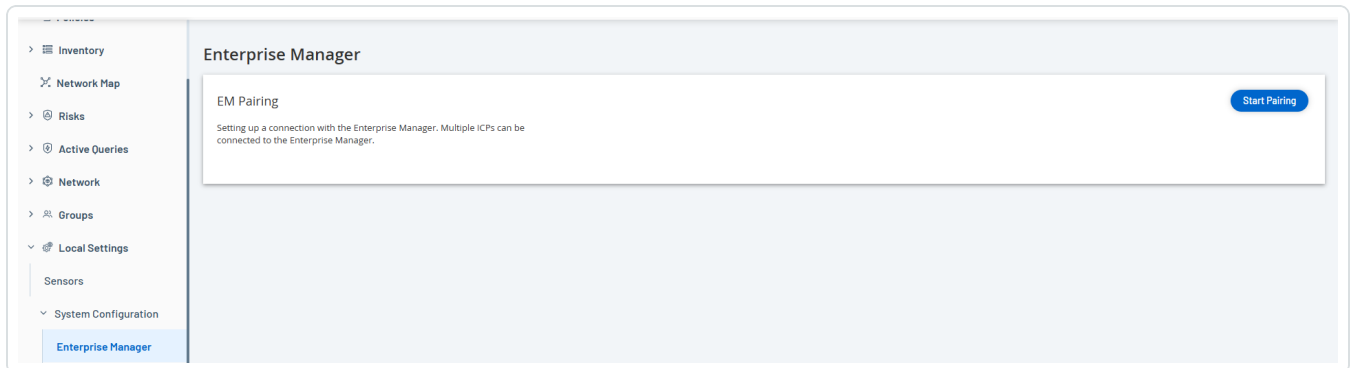
- OT Security EM can connect via API to the ICP.
- Make sure TCP 443 and TCP 28305 are open for communication from ICP to OT Security EM.
- HTTPS connections exist between ICP and OT Security EM.
- (Optional) Generate an API Key in OT Security EM.

Note: This is required only when pairing using the API key option.

To pair ICP with OT Security EM:

1. In OT Security, go to **Settings > System Configuration > Enterprise Manager**.

The **Enterprise Manager** page appears.



2. In the **EM Pairing** section, click **Start Pairing**.



The **EM Pairing Configuration** panel appears.

3. Select one of the following:

- **Pair using username and password**
- **Pair using API secret**

If you select...	Action
Pair using username and password	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. In the Hostname/IP box, type the hostname or the IP address of the EM.2. In the Username box, type the administrator username of the EM.3. In the Password box, type the password of the EM.4. In the EM Certificate Fingerprint, paste the certificate that you copied from the EM Certificates page. <div>Tip: You can skip this step and manually approve the certificate from the EM Pairing page.</div> <div>Note: You can access the Certificates page from Local Settings > System Configuration in OT Security EM.</div>
Pair using API Key	<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. In the Hostname/IP box, type the hostname or the IP address of the EM.2. In the API Secret box, paste the API key that you copied from the EM.3. In the EM Certificate Fingerprint, paste the certificate that you copied from the EM Certificates page. <div>Tip: You can skip this step and manually approve the certificate from the EM Pairing page.</div>



Note: You can access the **Certificates** page from **Local Settings > System Configuration** in OT Security EM.

4. Click **Pair**.

OT Security displays the **EM Pairing** page with the pairing status.

Note: The status can show as **Waiting for certificate approval** (if certificate is not provided) or **Pending EM approval** (if automatic approval of pairing requests is disabled).

5. (Optional) If the status shows **Waiting for certificate** approval:

a. Click **Show Certificate**.

The **Approve Certificate** panel appears.

b. Verify if the fingerprint on the panel is the same as that on the EM **Certificates** page.

Click **Approve**.

OT Security approves the certificate and displays the EM pairing page with the status changed to **Pending EM approval**.

6. If the status shows **Pending EM approval**, it indicates that **Auto Approve ICP Pairing Requests** is disabled, then proceed as follows:

Tip: To approve pairing requests automatically in OT Security EM, enable the **Auto Approve ICP Pairing Requests** in the OT Security EM ICPs page.

a. In OT Security EM, in the left navigation bar, select **ICPs**.

The **ICPs** page appears.

b. Hover over the row of the system you want to pair, do one of the following:

- Right-click the **Status** column and select **Approve**.
- In the upper-right corner, click **Actions > Approve**.

OT Security EM approves the pairing and shows the status as **Connected**.



Tip: After the pairing is complete, OT Security EM shows the following:

- Shows the data from the ICP on the EM **Dashboards**.
- Newly paired ICP appears on the **ICPs** page.
- Access to the ICP by clicking the ICP name from the **ICPs** page. The ICP instance accessed from the EM shows the **ICP** label in the header. For more information, see [ICPs](#) in the Tenable OT Security Enterprise Manager User Guide.

In OT Security, the **Enterprise Manager** page shows the status as **Connected**. You can click **Edit** to modify the EM pairing configuration.

Disconnect ICP Pairing with Enterprise Manager

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

You can disconnect the ICP pairing from the EM or the ICP when the pairing is no longer needed.

Disconnect an ICP pairing from OT Security EM

1. In OT Security EM, in the left navigation bar, select **ICPs**.

The **ICPs** page appears.

2. Hover over the row of the ICP you want to delete, do one of the following:
 - Right-click the **Status** column and select **Delete**.
 - Click the ICP row. This highlights the row and enables the **Actions** button.

3. Click **Delete**.

OT Security EM disconnects the pairing with OT Security.

Disconnect an ICP pairing from OT Security

1. In OT Security, go to **Settings > System Configuration > Enterprise Manager**.

The **Enterprise Manager** page appears.

2. In the EM Pairing section, click **Edit**.



The **EM Pairing** panel appears.

3. Click **No Pairing**.
4. Click **Pair**.

OT Security disconnects the pairing with OT Security EM.

License

When you need to update or reinitialize your OT Security license, reach out to your Tenable account manager. Once your Tenable account manager updates your license, you can [update](#) or [reinitialize](#) your license. For more information, see the [OT Security License Activation](#).

Environment Settings

Network Definitions

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Site Operator

The Network Definitions page includes the following sections:

- [Monitored Networks](#)
- [Passive Monitoring](#)
- [Duplicated Internal Networks](#)
- [Discover New Assets via SNMP](#)
- [Fetch IP Address for IoT Assets](#)

Monitored Networks

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

The Monitored Network configuration contains a set of IP ranges (CIDRs / subnets) that define the monitoring boundaries for OT Security. OT Security ignores assets outside of the configured ranges.

By default, OT Security configures three default public ranges: 10.0.0.0/8, 172.16.0.0/12, and 192.168.0.0/16, as well as the link-local range of 169.254.0.0/16 (APIPA).



Monitored Network

[Edit](#)

The Assets Network is an aggregation of IP ranges in which assets are located. Use these settings in order to configure these IP ranges. Please note that in addition to these settings, any host within tenable.ot's sensors subnets or any activity performing device will be classified as an asset.

DEFAULT IP RANGES	192.168.0.0/16
	172.16.0.0/12
	169.254.0.0/16
	10.0.0.0/8

ADDITIONAL IP RANGES

To disable any of the default ranges or add ranges appropriate for your network:

1. Go to **Settings > Environment Settings > Network Definitions**.


The **Network Definitions** page appears.

2. In the **Monitored Network** section, click **Edit**.



The **Monitored Network** panel appears.

Monitored Network ×



IDS engine will only monitor the first 400 subnet definitions (CIDRs).

Default IP ranges:

☒ 192.168.0.0/16

☒ 172.16.0.0/12

☒ 169.254.0.0/16

☒ 10.0.0.0/8

Additional IP ranges:

IP RANGES ONE CIDR PER LINE

e.g 10.10.10.10/8

Cancel

Save



3. Select the required **Default IP ranges** and/or add **Additional IP ranges** (one IP range per line) in the designated text box.
4. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the monitored network configuration.

Passive Monitoring

Passive monitoring is disabled during the initial configuration of OT Security. Tenable recommends that you finish setting up your [monitored networks](#) before you enable passive monitoring. This helps you reduce an alert overload with too many initial alerts and security events.

Duplicated Internal Networks

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

Overlapping IP ranges occur when an IP address is assigned to multiple devices. Overlapping IP ranges are common across manufacturing environments, which leads to challenges in accurately identifying and tracking asset resulting in visibility gaps and incorrect asset associations. You can define your overlapping networks for OT Security to track assets accurately even when IP addresses are reused across different segments.

Note: If an asset in a duplicated network is detected by both a sensor and another source (such as another sensor or the ICP locally), the OT Security interface merges it into a single asset. However, licensing counts it as two assets. To prevent this, Tenable recommends adjusting the duplicated network range to exclude such assets.

Add a Duplicated Network

Before you Begin

- Make sure you have paired authenticated sensors.

Note: OT Security does not support duplicated networks on unauthenticated sensors.

To define the duplicate networks in your environment:



1. Go to **Settings > Environment Settings > Network Definitions**.

The **Network Definitions** page appears.

2. In the **Duplicated Internal Networks** section, click **Add Network**.

The **Add Duplicated Network** panel appears with the **Network Details**.

Note: OT Security uses the 240.0.0.0/4 IP range as the internal reserve pool for mapping IP addresses to NAT IP allocation. To change this reserve pool range, contact Tenable Support.



3. In the **Duplicated IP Range** box, type the IP range in the CIDR format, for example, 192.168.0.0/24.



4. From the **Duplicates (Sensors)** drop-down box, select the sensors associated with the duplicated IP range.
5. Click **Next**.

The **Confirmation** panel appears.

Add Duplicated Network

×

Network Details

Confirmation

⚠

Please Confirm Asset Deletion

In order to separate these 33 assets into their own networks, the system will need to delete them automatically, allowing them to be rediscovered again after startup.

If you wish not to delete these 33 assets, they will remain in their current IP range and this may cause data inconsistencies or unexpected behavior. Best practices suggest deleting the affected overlapping assets.

[View Assets in New Tab](#)

☒ Delete Assets

< Back

Cancel

Save

6. (Optional) Select the **Delete Assets** checkbox.

- 387 -



Tip: To separate all the selected assets into their own networks, Tenable recommends that you allow OT Security to delete the assets and rediscover them after startup. If you do not select the **Delete Assets** checkbox, the assets remain in the current IP range and may cause inconsistencies or unexpected behavior.

7. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the duplicate IP range and it appears in the Duplicated Internal Networks table.

Duplicated Internal Networks

Add Network

IP Reserve Pool: 240.0.0.0/4

This pool will be used internally within OT Security for the purposes of background reservation of IP address mapping for NAT IP allocation. If you wish to change the designated segment, contact Tenable OT Security Support.

1 Duplicated Networks

Actions

CIDR	Sensors	In Use - Discovery Queries	In Use - Nessus Scans
192.168.0.0/16	Sensor #1		

Important: Once you complete configuring duplicated networks, Tenable recommends that you restart OT Security before enabling the sensors.

8. Restart OT Security.

9. To enable sensors, go to **Local Settings > Sensors**:

Note: The IP ranges (CIDRs) for the active query are the ones that you configured in the **Duplicated Internal Network** settings.

1. Do one of the following:

- **Single sensor:** Right-click the sensor and click **Edit**. In the **Edit Sensor** panel, click the **Sensor active queries** toggle to enable active queries.
- **Multiple sensors:** Select all the required sensors. In the header, select **Bulk Actions > Enable Active Queries**.



2. Right-click the sensors and activate them by changing the status from **Paused** to **Connected**.

Next Steps

After configuring the duplicated networks and restarting OT Security, the assets appear with their actual IPs in the **All Assets** table. Additionally, when entering an IP assigned to a duplicated network, you must select the corresponding Sensor. For example: in **Active query > Discovery / Nessus Scan > Create Scan**, or in **Credentials > Test Credentials**:

- In **Inventory > All Assets**, view the real IP addresses and the **Source** of assets in the All Assets table. For instance, two assets that share the same IP address but are associated with different sensors.
- In **Active Queries > Queries Management > Discovery** or **Nessus Scans > Create Scan**, when configuring an active query involving duplicated networks, select the **Relevant Sensors** for that IP range. This allows you to run the query for assets associated with a specific sensor while excluding the other sensors.

Note: OT Security enables the **Relevant Sensors** box only for IP ranges in duplicated networks. It remains disabled for all other IP ranges.

- In **Active Queries > Credentials > Test Credentials** when configuring credentials, if you input an IP range in duplicated network, you must also select the associated sensors in the **Duplicate (Sensor)** box.
- To create **Asset Groups** for assets part of duplicated networks, use the **Asset Selection** option and identify the specific IP based on the **Source** column in the Assets table.

Duplicated Internal Networks table

The Duplicated Internal Networks table shows the following details:

Column	Description
CIDR	The duplicated network IP range.
Sensors	The sensors associated with the duplicated network IP range.
In Use -	Indicates if the CIDRs are in-use in at least one Asset Discovery (active



Discovery Queries	query). If yes, remove the CIDR Active Discovery before deleting the duplicated network that contains that CIDR.
In Use - Nessus Scans	Indicates if the CIDRs are in-use in at least one Nessus Scan. If yes, remove the CIDR from the Nessus Scan before deleting the duplicated network that contains that CIDR.

Actions on Duplicated Internal Networks

Edit a Duplicated Network

You can modify the duplicated network configuration as needed.

To edit a duplicated network:

1. In the **Duplicated Internal Networks** section, select the duplicated network to modify.
2. Do one of the following:
 - Right-click the duplicated network and select **Edit**.
 - In the upper-right corner of the section, select **Actions > Edit**.

The **Edit Duplicated Network** panel appears with the details of the selected duplicated network.

3. Modify the values as needed.
4. Click **Next**.
5. In the **Confirmation** panel, click **Save**.

OT Security saves the changes to the duplicated network.

Delete a Duplicated Network

You can delete duplicated networks that you no longer need.

To delete a duplicated network:

1. In the **Duplicated Internal Networks** section, select the duplicated network to delete.
2. Do one of the following:



- Right-click the duplicated network and select **Delete**.
- In the upper-right corner of the section, select **Actions > Delete**.

OT Security deletes the duplicated network.

Delete a Sensor in-use in a duplicated network

To delete a sensor that is used in a duplicated network:

1. Remove the CIDRs from Nessus Scan / Active Discovery.
2. Delete the sensor from the duplicated network settings configuration.
3. In case of replacement, use API to set the new sensor ID and replace the old sensor.
4. In the **Sensors** page, delete the old sensor.

Discover New Assets via SNMP

When you enable the **Discover New Assets via SNMP** option, OT Security adds the assets discovered by SNMP queries to the assets inventory.

Fetch IP Address for IoT Assets

By default, when importing assets from an IoT connector, OT Security imports the IP address along with the MAC address of the devices. To import only the MAC address, disable the **Fetch IP Address for IoT Assets** option. For more information, see [Manage IoT Connectors](#).

Event Clusters

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

To facilitate the monitoring of events, multiple events with the same characteristics are clustered together into a single cluster. The clustering is based on event type (that is, events that share the same policy), source, and destination assets.

To cluster events, they must be generated within the following configured time intervals:



- **Maximum time between consecutive events** – Sets the maximal time interval between events. If this time passes, the consecutive events are not clustered.
- **Maximum time between the first and last event** – Sets the maximal time interval for all events to be shown as a cluster. An event that is generated after this time interval is not be part of the cluster.

To enable clustering:

1. Go to **Settings > Environment Settings > Event Clusters**.

The **Event Clusters** page appears.

2. Click the toggle to enable desired categories for clustering.
3. To configure the time intervals for a category, click **Edit**.

The **Edit Configuration** window appears.

4. Type the required number value in the number box and select the unit of time using the drop-down box.

Note: For more information about clustering and time intervals, click the  icon.

5. Click **Save**.

User Management

Access to the OT Security Console is controlled by user accounts that designate the permissions that are available for that user. The user's permissions are determined by the User Groups to which they are assigned. Each User Group is assigned a role, which defines the set of permissions that are available for its members. So, for example, if the Site Operators User Group has the role Site Operator, then all users assigned to that group have the set of permissions associated with the Site Operator role.

The system comes with a set of pre-defined User Groups, which correspond to each of the available roles, **Administrators User Group > Administrator role** and **Site Operators User Group > Site Operator role**. You can also create custom User Groups and specify their roles.

There are three methods for creating users in the system:



- **Adding Local Users** – Create user accounts to authorize individual users to access the system. Assign users to User Groups that define their roles.
- **Authentication Servers** – Use your organization’s authentication servers (for example, Active Directory, LDAP) to authorize users to access the system. You can assign OT Security roles based on your existing groups in Active Directory.
- **SAML** – Set up an integration with your Identity Provider (for example, Microsoft Entra ID) and assign users to your OT Security application.

[Local Users](#)

[User Groups](#)

[User Roles](#)

[Zones](#)

[Authentication Servers](#)

[SAML](#)

Local Users

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

An administrator user can create new user accounts and edit existing accounts. Each user is assigned to one or more User Groups which determine the roles assigned to the user.

Note: You can add users to the User Groups either during the creation or editing of the user’s account or the User Group.

View Local Users

The **Local Users** window shows a list of all local users in the system.

Local Users			Search...	🔍	Actions ▾	Add User ➔
Full Name ↑	Username	User Groups				
Mr. Admin	admin	Administrators				
		Supervisors Site Operators Security Managers Security Analysts Read...				



The **Local Users** window shows the following details:

Parameter	Description
Full Name	The full name of the user.
Username	The username of the user, used for login.
User Groups	The User Groups to which the user is assigned.

Add Local Users

You can create user accounts to authorize individual users to access the system. Each user must be assigned to one or more User Groups.

To create a User Account:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > Local Users**.
2. Click **Add User**.

The **Add User** pane appears.

3. In the **Full Name** box, type the first and last name.

Note: The name that you enter appears in the header bar when the user is signed in.

4. In the **Username** box, type a user name to be used for logging in to the system.
5. In the **Password** box, type a password.
6. In the **Retype Password** box, type the identical password.

Note: This is the password that the user uses for the initial login. The user can change the password in the **Settings** window after logging into the system.

7. In the **User Groups** drop-down box, select the check box for each User Group to which you want to assign this user.



Note: The system comes with a set of pre-defined User Groups, which correspond to each of the available roles, such as **Administrators User Group > Administrator role**, **Site Operators User Group > Site Operator role**. For an explanation of the available roles, see [Local Users](#).

8. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new user account in the system and adds to the list of users in **Local Users**.

Additional Actions on User Accounts

Edit a User Account

You can assign a user to additional User Groups or remove the user from a group.

To change a user's User Groups:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > Local User**.

The **Local Users** page appears.

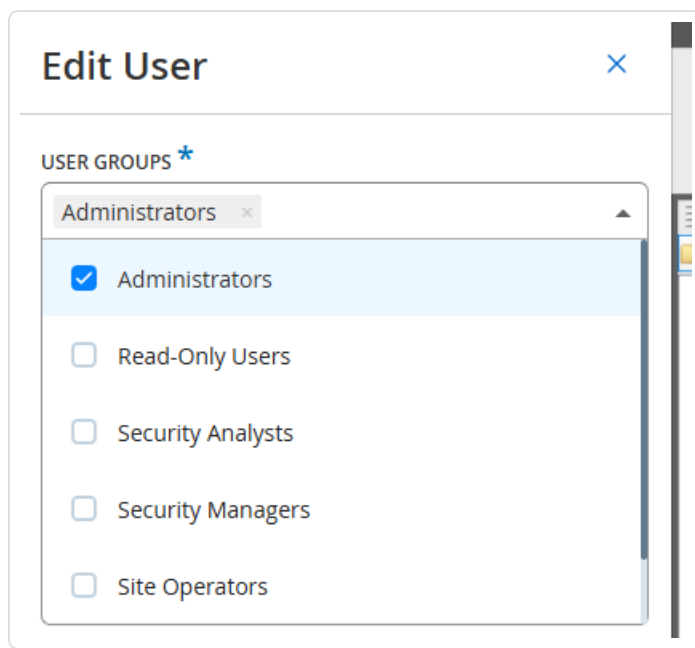
2. Right-click the required user and select **Edit User**.

Note: Alternatively, you can select a user and then from the **Actions** menu, select **Edit User**.

3. The **Edit User** pane appears, showing the User Groups to which the user is assigned.



4. In the **User Groups** drop-down box, select or clear the required user groups.



5. Click **Save**.

Change a User's Password

Note: This procedure is for an administrator user to change the password for any account in the system. Any user can change their own password by going to **Local Settings > User**.

To change a user's password:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > Local User**.

The **Local Users** page appears.

2. Right-click the required user and select **Reset Password**.

Note: Alternatively, you can select a user and from the **Actions** menu, select **Reset Password**.

The **Reset Password** window appears.

3. In the **New Password** box, type a new password.
4. In the **Retype New Password** box, re-type the new password.
5. Click **Reset**.

OT Security applies the new password to the specified user account.



Delete Local Users

To delete a user account:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > Local User**.

The **Local Users** page appears.

2. Right-click the required user and select **Delete User**.

Note: Alternatively, you can select a user and from the **Actions** menu, select **Delete User**.

A confirmation window appears.

3. Click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the user account from the system.

User Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

An administrator user can create new User Groups and edit existing groups. Each user is assigned to one or more User Groups, which determine the roles assigned to the user.

The system comes with a set of pre-defined User Groups, which correspond to each of the available roles, **Administrators User Group > Administrator** role and **Site Operators User Group > Site Operator** role. For an explanation of the available roles, see [User Roles](#).

Viewing User Groups

The User Groups page shows a list of all User Groups in the system.

User Groups			
Search...		Actions Create User Group	
Name ↑	Members	Role	Authentication Servers
Administrators	Mr. Admin sanjusha	Administrator	
Read-Only Users		Read Only	
Security Analysts		Security Analyst	
Security Managers		Security Manager	
Site Operators		Site Operator	
Supervisors		Supervisor	



The following details are available in the User Groups page:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name of the User Group.
Members	A list of all members assigned to the group.
Role	The role given to this group. For an explanation of the permissions associated with each role, see User Roles Table .

Add User Groups

You can create new User Groups and assign users to that Group.

To create a user group:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > User Groups**.

The **User Groups** screen appears.

2. Click **Create User Group**.

The **Create User Group** pane appears.



Create User Group

×

NAME *

Name

ROLE *

Select

▼

LOCAL MEMBERS

Select multiple

▼

ZONES

Select multiple

▼

AUTHENTICATION SERVERS

Select multiple

▼

Cancel

Create

Create User Group

×

NAME *

Name

* Role

- 399 -



3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the group.
4. In the **Role** drop-down box, select from the drop-down list the role that you want to assign to this group. Available roles are:
 - Read Only
 - Security Analyst
 - Security Manager
 - Site Operator
 - Supervisor
5. In the **Local Members** drop-down box, select the user accounts that you want to assign to the group.
6. In the **Zones** drop-down box, select the zones you want to assign to the user group.
7. In the **Authentication Servers** drop-down box, select the servers that you want to assign to the user group.
8. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new User Group and adds to the list of groups shown in the **User Groups** screen.

Additional Actions on User Groups

Edit User Groups

You can edit the settings and add or remove members to an existing User Group by editing the group.

Note: Alternatively, you can select a user and then from the **Actions** menu, select **Delete User**.

To edit a User Group:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > User Groups**.

The **User Groups** screen appears.



2. Do one of the following:

- Right-click the required user group and select **Edit**.
- Select the user group you want to edit. The **Actions** menu appears. Select **Actions > Edit**.

The **Edit User Group** panel appears, showing the group's settings.

3. Change the **Name**, **Role**. You can also select or clear users to add or remove users to the group.

Edit User Group

NAME *

Security Analysts

ROLE *

Security Analyst

USERS

Bob Smith Mr. Admin

4. Modify the parameters as needed.

5. Click **Save**.

Delete User Groups

Note: You can only delete a User Group that does not currently have users assigned to it. If users are assigned to a group, you need to first remove the users from the group before you can delete the group.

To delete a user group:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > User Groups**.

The **User Groups** screen appears.

2. Do one of the following:



- Right-click the required User Group and select **Delete**.
- Select the user group you want to delete. The **Actions** menu appears. Select **Actions > Delete**.

A confirmation window appears.

3. Click **Delete**.

OT Security deletes the **User Group**.

User Roles

The following are the available roles:

- **Administrator** – Has maximum privileges to do all operational as well as administrative tasks in the system, including creating new user accounts.
- **Read-Only** – Can view data (asset inventory, events, network traffic), but cannot act in the system.
- **Security Analyst** – Can view data in the system and resolve security events.
- **Security Manager** – Can manage security-related capabilities, including configuring policies, viewing data in the system, and resolving events.
- **Site Operator** – Can view data in the system and manage the asset inventory.
- **Supervisor** – Has full privileges to do all operational tasks in the system and some limited administrative tasks excluding creating new users and other sensitive activities.

User Roles Table

The following table gives a detailed breakdown of precisely which permissions are enabled for each role.



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Events							
View events	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Resolve	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Download capture file	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Exclude from policy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Resolve all	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Create Policy on FortiGate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Refresh	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Policies							
View policies	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Enable/Disable	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Duplicate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create policy	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Assets							
View assets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Import (upload new assets by csv)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Hide	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Resync	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Nessus scan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Take snapshot (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Update open ports (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Update port state (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
View in browser (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View in main asset map (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Generate attack vector (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Vulnerabilities (Plugins)							
View plugin hits	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit comment	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Update plugin set	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Network							
Turn on packet capture	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Close ongoing captures	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Download PCAP file	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Export conversations table	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Set as baseline	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Generate map	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Refresh map	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Groups							
View groups	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Duplicate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create group	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Report							
View reports	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Generate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Download	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Network Segments							
View Network Segments	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Learn More	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Local Settings							
Queries	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Device Details	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Sensors	✓	✓	✓	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)
System Configuration - Port	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Configuration							
System Configuration - Updates	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Certificate (HTTPS)	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - API Keys	✓	✗	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)
System Configuration - License	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment Configuration - Asset Settings	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment	✓	✓	✓	✓ - no	✓ -	✓	✓ -



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
nt Configurati on - Hidden Assets				restore	no restore		no restor e
Environme nt Configurati on - Custom Fields	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
Environme nt Configurati on -Event Clusters	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
Environme nt Configurati on - PCAP Player	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
Users and Roles - User Settings	✓	✓	✓	×	×	×	×
Users and Roles -	✓	×	×	×	×	×	×



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/ AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Local Users							
Users and Roles - User Groups	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Users and Roles - Active Directory	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Integrations	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Servers	✓	✓	✓	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)
System Actions	✓	✓ without factory reset	✓ only backup and diagnostics	✓ only diagnostics	✗	✗	✗
System log	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ no syslog
Enable (on setup and	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗



Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/AD)	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
after disable)							
Delete Assets	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗

Permission	Admin (Local)	Admin (External/AD)
Events		
View events	✓	✓
Resolve	✓	✓
Download capture file	✓	✓
Exclude from policy	✓	✓
Resolve all	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Create Policy on FortiGate	✓	✓
Refresh	✓	✓
Policies		
View policies	✓	✓
Enable/Disable	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓



Duplicate	✓	✓
Delete	✓	✓
Create policy	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Assets		
View assets	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓
Delete	✓	✓
Import (upload new assets by csv)	✓	✓
Hide	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Resync	✓	✓
Nessus scan	✓	✓
Take snapshot (single asset)	✓	✓
Update open ports (single asset)	✓	✓
Update port state (single asset)	✓	✓
View in browser (single asset)	✓	✓
View in main asset map (single asset)	✓	✓
Generate attack vector (single asset)	✓	✓
Vulnerabilities (Plugins)		



View plugin hits	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓
Edit comment	✓	✓
Update plugin set	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Network		
Turn on packet capture	✓	✓
Close ongoing captures	✓	✓
Download PCAP file	✓	✓
Export conversations table	✓	✓
Set as baseline	✓	✓
Generate map	✓	✓
Refresh map	✓	✓
Groups		
View groups	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓
Duplicate	✓	✓
Delete	✓	✓
Create group	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓



Report		
View reports	✓	✓
Generate	✓	✓
Download	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Network Segments		
View Network Segments	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓
Delete	✓	✓
Create	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓
Learn More	✓	✓
Local Settings		
Queries	✓	✓
System Configuration - Device Details	✓	✓
System Configuration - Sensors	✓	✓
System Configuration - Port Configuration	✓	✓
System Configuration - Updates	✓	✓
System Configuration - Certificate (HTTPS)	✓	✓
System Configuration - API Keys	✓	✗
System Configuration - License	✓	✓



Environment Configuration - Asset Settings	✓	✓
Environment Configuration - Hidden Assets	✓	✓
Environment Configuration - Custom Fields	✓	✓
Environment Configuration -Event Clusters	✓	✓
Environment Configuration - PCAP Player	✓	✓
Users and Roles - User Settings	✓	✓
Users and Roles - Local Users	✓	✗
Users and Roles - User Groups	✓	✗
Users and Roles - Active Directory	✓	✗
Integrations	✓	✓
Servers	✓	✓
System Actions	✓	✓ without factory reset
System log	✓	✓
Enable (on setup and after disable)	✓	✓
Delete Assets	✓	✓

Permission	Supervisor	Security Manager	Security Analyst	Site Operator	Read only
Events					
View events	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Resolve	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Download capture file	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



Exclude from policy	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Resolve all	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Create Policy on FortiGate	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Refresh	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Policies					
View policies	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Enable/Disable	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Duplicate	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create policy	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Assets					
View assets	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Delete	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Import (upload	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗



new assets by csv)					
Hide	✓	✗	✗	✓	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Resync	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Nessus scan	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Take snapshot (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Update open ports (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
Update port state (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗
View in browser (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View in main asset map (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Generate attack vector (single asset)	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Vulnerabilities (Plugins)					
View plugin hits	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit comment	✓	✓	✓	✗	✗



Update plugin set	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Network					
Turn on packet capture	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Close ongoing captures	✓	✓	✓	✓	✗
Download PCAP file	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Export conversations table	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Set as baseline	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Generate map	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Refresh map	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Groups					
View groups	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
View action	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Duplicate	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create group	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓



Report					
View reports	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Generate	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Download	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Network Segments					
View Network Segments	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Edit	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Delete	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Create	✓	✓	✗	✗	✗
Export	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Learn More	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓
Local Settings					
Queries	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Device Details	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Sensors	✓	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)
System Configuration - Port Configuration	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗



System Configuration - Updates	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - Certificate (HTTPS)	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
System Configuration - API Keys	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)	✓ (Only Local Users)
System Configuration - License	✗	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment Configuration - Asset Settings	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment Configuration - Hidden Assets	✓	✓ - no restore	✓ - no restore	✓	✓ - no restore
Environment Configuration - Custom Fields	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment Configuration - Event Clusters	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Environment Configuration - PCAP Player	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗
Users and Roles - User Settings	✓	✗	✗	✗	✗



Users and Roles - Local Users	×	×	×	×	×
Users and Roles - User Groups	×	×	×	×	×
Users and Roles - Active Directory	×	×	×	×	×
Integrations	×	×	×	×	×
Servers	✓	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)	✓ (No Actions)
System Actions	✓ only backup and diagnostics	✓ only diagnostics	×	×	×
System log	✓	✓	✓	✓	✓ no syslog
Enable (on setup and after disable)	×	×	×	×	×
Delete Assets	✓	×	×	×	×

Zones

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Zones control which assets, events, and vulnerabilities a particular user group can view. A specific user group can only view assets and associated vulnerabilities, events, and connections that fall within its zone. You can assign non-admin accounts to a specific group and zone to limit their visibility to relevant assets.

Create Zones



To create zones:

1. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Zones**.

The **Zones** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Create**.

The **Create Zone** panel appears.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the zone.
4. In the **Asset Groups** box, select the groups you want to assign to the zone. You can use the Search box to search for a specific asset group.
5. In the **User Groups** box, select the user groups you want to assign to the zone.
6. (Optional) In the **Description** box, type a description for the zone.
7. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the zone and it appears on the **Zones** page.

View Zones

1. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Zones**.

The **Zones** page appears. The **Zones** page displays the zones in a table and includes the following details.

Column	Description
Name	The name of the zone.
Asset Groups	The asset groups assigned to the zone.
User Groups	The user groups assigned to the zone.
Description	A description for the zone.
Last Modified by	The user who last modified the zone.
Last Modified on	The date when the zone was last modified.

Edit a Zone



1. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Zones**.

The **Zones** page appears.

2. Click the row of the zone you want to edit and do one of the following:

- Right-click the zone, then select **Edit**.
- In the header bar, click **Actions > Edit**.

The **Edit Zone** panel appears.

3. Modify the configuration as needed.
4. Click **Save**.

OT Security updates the zone.

Duplicate Zone

1. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Zones**.

The **Zones** page appears.

2. Click the row of the zone you want to duplicate and do one of the following:

- Right-click the zone, then select **Duplicate**.
- In the header bar, click **Actions > Duplicate**.

The **Duplicate Zone** panel appears.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the zone.

The default value is the original zone name with the prefix "Copy of".

4. Modify the configuration as needed.
5. Click **Duplicate**.

OT Security creates a duplicate of the zone.

Delete Zone

You can delete zones you no longer require.



Note: You cannot delete a zone if there are associated user groups.

1. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Zones**.

The **Zones** page appears.

2. Click the row of the zone you want to delete and do one of the following:
 - Right-click the zone, then select **Delete**.
 - In the header bar, click **Actions > Delete**.

OT Security deletes the zone.

Authentication Servers

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

The **Authentication Servers** page shows your existing integrations with authentication servers. You can add a server by clicking the **Add server** button.

Active Directory

You can integrate OT Security with your organization's Active Directory (AD). This enables users to log in to OT Security using their Active Directory credentials. The configuration involves setting up the integration and then mapping groups in your AD to User Groups in OT Security.

Note: The system comes with a set of pre-defined User Groups, which correspond to each of the available roles, such as **Administrators User Group > Administrator role** and **Site Operators User Group > Site Operator role**. For an explanation of the available roles, see [Authentication Servers](#).

To configure Active Directory:

1. Optionally, you can obtain a CA Certificate from your organization's CA or Network Administrator and load it onto your local machine.
2. Go to **Settings > Users Management > Authentication Servers**.

The **Authentication Servers** window appears.



3. Click **Add server**.

The **Create Authentication Server** panel opens with the **Server Type**.

4. Click **Active Directory**, then click **Next**.

The **Active Directory** configuration pane appears.

5. In the **Name** box, type the name to be used in the login screen.
6. In the **Domain** box, type the FQDN of the organizational domain (for example, company.com).

Note: If you are not aware of your Domain, you can find it by entering the command “set” in Windows CMD or Command Line. The value given for the “USERDNSDOMAIN” attribute is the Domain Name.

7. In the **Base DN** box, type the distinguished name of the domain. The format for this value is ‘DC={second-level domain},DC={top-level domain}’ (for example DC=company,DC=com).
8. For each of the Groups that you want to map from an AD group to a OT Security User Group, type the DN of the AD group in the appropriate box.

For example, to assign a group of users to the Administrators User Group, type the DN of the Active Directory group to which you want to assign administrator privileges in the **Administrators Group DN** box.

Note: If you are not aware of the DN of the group that you would like to assign OT Security privileges, you can view a list of all groups configured in your Active Directory which contain users by entering the command `dsquery group -name Users*` in the Windows CMD or Command Line. Type the name of the group that you want to assign in the identical format in which it is shown (for example “CN=IT_Admis,OU=Groups,DC=Company,DC=Com”). The Base DN must also be included at the end of each DN.

Note: These fields are optional. If a field is empty, no AD users are assigned to that User Group. You can set up an integration with no groups mapped, but in that case no users can access the system until you add at least one group map ping.

9. (Optional) In the **Trusted CA** section, click **Browse** and navigate to the file that contains your organization’s CA Certificate (which you obtained from your CA or Network Administrator).
10. Select the **Enable Active Directory** check box.
11. Click **Save**.



A message prompts you to restart the unit to activate the Active Directory.



Active directory changes are pending a restart

Restart

12. Click **Restart**.

The unit restarts. Upon reboot, OT Security activates the Active Directory settings. Any user assigned to the designated groups can access the OT Security platform using their organizational credentials.

Note: To log in using Active Directory, the User Principal Name (UPN) must be used on the login page. In some cases, this means simply adding @<domain>.com to the username.

LDAP

You can integrate OT Security with your organization's LDAP. This enables users to log in to OT Security using their LDAP credentials. The configuration involves setting up the integration and then mapping groups in your AD to User Groups in OT Security.

To configure LDAP:

1. Go to **Settings > User Management > Authentication Servers**.
2. Click **Add Server**.

The **Add Authentication Server** panel opens with the **Server Type**.

3. Select **LDAP**, then click **Next**.

The **LDAP Configuration** pane appears.

4. In the **Name** box, type the name to be used in the login screen.

Note: The login name must be distinctive and indicate that it is used for LDAP. In the event both LDAP and Active Directory are configured, only the login name differentiates between the different configurations on the login screen.

5. In the **Server** box, type the FQDN or the login address.



Note: If using a secure connection, Tenable recommends using the FQDN and not an IP address to ensure that the secure Certificate provided is verified.

Note: If a hostname is used, it must be in the list of DNS Servers in the OT Security system. See [System Configuration > Device](#).

6. In the **Port** box, type 389 to use a non-secure connection, or 636 to use a secure SSL connection.

Note: If Port 636 is chosen, a Certificate is required to complete the integration.

7. In the **User DN** box, type the DN with parameters in DN format. For example, for a server name of adsrv1.tenable.com, the user DN can be
CN=Administrator,CN=Users,DC=adsrv1,DC=tenable,DC=com.

8. In the **Password** box, type the password of the User DN.

Note: The OT Security configuration with LDAP only continues to work as long as the User DN password is currently valid. Therefore, in the event that the User DN password changes or ages out, the OT Security configuration must also be updated.

9. In the **User Base DN** box, type the base domain name in DN format. For example, for a server name of adsrv1.tenable.com, the User Base DN is
OU=Users,DC=adsrv1,DC=tenable,DC=com.
10. In the **Group Base DN** box, type the Group base domain name in DN format. For example, for a server name of adsrv1.tenable.com, the Group Base DN is
OU=Groups,DC=adsrv1,DC=tenable,DC=com.
11. In the **Domain append** box, type the default domain that is appended to the authentication request in the event the user did not apply a domain they are a member of.
12. In the relevant group name boxes, type the Tenable group names for the user to use with the LDAP configuration.
13. If using Port 636 for the configuration, under **Trusted CA**, click **Browse**, and navigate to a valid PEM certificate file.
14. Click **Save**.



OT Security starts the Server in **Disabled** mode.

15. To apply the configuration, click the toggle switch to **ON**.

The **System Restart** dialog appears.

16. Click **Restart Now** to restart and apply the configuration immediately, or **Restart Later** to temporarily continue using the system without the new configuration.

Note: Enabling/disabling LDAP configuration is not completed until the system is restarted. If you do not restart the system immediately, click the **Restart** button on the banner at the top of the screen when you are ready to restart.

SAML

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

You can integrate OT Security with your organization's identity provider (for example, Microsoft Azure). This enables users to authenticate using their identity provider. The configuration involves setting up the integration by creating a OT Security application within your identity provider, entering information about your created OT Security application and uploading your identity provider's Certificate to the OT Security **SAML** page, and then mapping groups from your identity provider to User Groups in OT Security. For a detailed tutorial for integrating OT Security with Microsoft Azure, see [Appendix – SAML Integration for Microsoft Azure](#)

To configure SAML:

1. Go to **Settings >Users Management > SAML**.
2. Click **Configure**.

The **Configure SAML** panel appears.

3. In the **IDP ID** box, type the Identity Provider's ID for the OT Security application.
4. In the **IDP URL** box, type the Identity Provider's URL for the OT Security application.
5. In **Certificate Data**, click **Drop File Here**, navigate to the Identity Provider's Certificate file you downloaded for use with the OT Security application and open it.



6. In the **Username Attribute** box, type the username attribute from the Identity Provider for the OT Security application.
7. In the **Groups Attribute** box, type the groups attribute from the Identity Provider for the OT Security application.
8. (Optional) In the **Description** box, type a description.
9. For each group mapping that you want to configure, access the Identity Provider's **Group Object ID** for a group of users and enter it into the desired **Group Object ID** field to map it to the desired OT Security User Group.
10. Click **Save** to save and close the side panel.
11. On the **SAML** window, click the **SAML single sign on login** toggle to enable single sign-on login.

The **System Restart** notification window appears.

12. Click **Restart Now** to restart the system and apply the SAML configuration immediately, or click **Restart Later** to delay the application of the SAML configuration the next time the system is restarted. If you choose to restart later, OT Security shows following banner until the restart is done:



Upon reboot, the settings are activated, and any user assigned to the designated groups can access the OT Security platform using their Identity Provider credentials.

Groups

Groups are the fundamental building blocks to construct Policies. When you configure a Policy, you set each policy condition using Groups instead of individual entities. OT Security comes with some predefined Groups. You can also create your own user-defined Groups. To streamline the process of editing and creating Policies, Tenable recommends that you configure the Groups you need in advance.



Note: You can only set Policy parameters using Groups. If you want a Policy to apply to an individual entity you must configure a Group that includes only that entity.

View Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager, Security Analyst, Site Operator, Read Only

To view groups:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups**.

The **Groups** section expands to display the group types.

Under **Groups** you can view all Groups configured in your system. Groups are divided into two categories:

- **Predefined Groups** – These are pre-configured and you cannot edit these groups.
- **User-Defined Groups** – You can create and edit these groups.

There are several different types of Groups, each of which is used for the configuration of various Policy types. Each Group type is shown on a separate screen under Groups. The Group types are:

- **Asset Groups & Tags** – Assets are hardware entities in the network. Asset Groups are used as a Policy condition for a wide range of Policy types.
- **Email Groups** – Groups of emails that are notified when a Policy event occurs. Used for all Policy types.
- **Port Groups** – Groups of Ports used by assets in the network. Used for Policies that identify open ports.
- **Protocol Groups** – Groups of Protocols by which conversations are conducted between assets in the network. Used as a Policy condition for **Network Events**.
- **Schedule Groups** – Schedule Groups are time ranges used to configure at what time the specified event must occur to fulfill the policy conditions.



- **Controller Tag Groups** – Tags are parameters in controllers that contain specific operational data. Tag Groups are used as a Policy condition for SCADA Events.
- **Rule Groups** – Rule Groups comprises a group of related rules, identified by their Suricata Signature IDs (SIDs). These groups are used as a Policy condition for defining Intrusion Detection Policies.

The procedure for creating each type of Group is described in the following sections. In addition, you can View, Edit, Duplicate, or Delete an existing Group, see [Actions on Groups](#).

Asset Groups and Tags

Assets are hardware entities in the network. Grouping similar assets together enables you to create policies that apply to all the assets in the group. For example, you can use an Asset Group Controller to create a policy that alerts for firmware changes to any controller. Asset Groups are used as a policy condition for a wide range of policy types. Asset Groups can be used to specify the Source asset, the Destination asset, or the Affected asset for various Policy types.

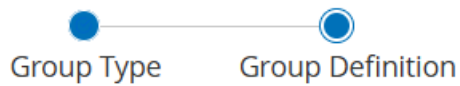
Tags

Tags help group assets based on a specific criteria allowing you to streamline and prioritize various workflows. When you create groups, OT Security converts these as tags on your assets.

To display the tags on assets, select the **Display tag on member assets** checkbox when you create asset groups.



Create Asset Group



NAME *

AssetGroup1

☒ Display tag on member assets

Search...



1737 Assets Group By ▾



<input type="checkbox"/>	Name	Type	IP
--------------------------	------	------	----

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #1526	Endpoint	
--------------------------	--------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #875	Endpoint	
--------------------------	-------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #286	Endpoint	
--------------------------	-------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #258	Endpoint	
--------------------------	-------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #1458	Endpoint	
--------------------------	--------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #1711	Endpoint	
--------------------------	--------------------------------	----------	--

<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #105	Endpoint	
--------------------------	-------------------------------	----------	--

< Back

Cancel

Create



To enable or disable display tags for multiple assets, select multiple assets and from the **Bulk Actions** menu, choose **Enable Tag Display** or **Disable Tag Display** as needed. You can also enable or disable the toggle in the **Display Tag** column for each asset.

The screenshot shows the 'Asset Groups & Tags' interface. At the top, there is a search bar and a 'Bulk Actions' dropdown menu. The 'Bulk Actions' menu is open, showing 'Enable Tag Display' and 'Disable Tag Display' options. Below the search bar, there is a table with columns: 'N...', 'Type', 'Display Tag', 'Members', 'Used in Policies', and 'Used in Queries'. The table is divided into two sections: 'User-defined asset groups (1)' and 'Predefined asset groups (121)'. The 'User-defined asset groups' section contains one row: 'Asse...' (Asset Selection) with a 'Display Tag' toggle switch turned on. The 'Predefined asset groups' section contains 12 rows, each with a 'Display Tag' toggle switch. The first three rows have their toggle switches turned on, and the remaining nine rows have their toggle switches turned off. The table also shows various asset groups and their associated tags, such as 'Endpoint #1721 | Endpoint #1526 | Endpoint #875 | Endpoint #286' and 'Use of Unauthorized Protocols in ABB 800X ...'.

These asset groups appear in the **Tags** column on the **Inventory > All Assets** page.



Inventory						
<div>All Assets Controllers & Modules Network Assets IoT Assets</div>						
<div><div>Search...</div><div>+ Add Filter</div></div>						
<div>702 Assets Group By</div>						
<div>Actions</div>						
<input type="checkbox"/>	Criticality	IP	Source	Tags	Category	Vendor
<input type="checkbox"/>					Network Assets	Fortinet
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local) OTAgent #...		Network Assets	Tenable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local) OTAgent #...		Network Assets	Tenable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local) OTAgent #...	groupwithtags1	Network Assets	Tenable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local)		Network Assets	VMware
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local)		Network Assets	VMware
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local)		Network Assets	Tenable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local) OTAgent #...		Network Assets	Tenable
<input type="checkbox"/>	Low		nic0 (Local) OTAgent #...		Network Assets	Tenable

View Asset Groups and Tags

The **Asset Groups** screen shows all Asset Groups that are currently configured in the system. The **Predefined asset groups** tab includes groups that are built into the system, which you cannot edit, duplicate, or delete. The **User-defined asset groups** tab includes custom groups created by the user. You can edit, duplicate, or delete these groups.

The Asset Groups table shows the following information:

Parameter	Description
Status	Shows if the policy is turned on or off. If the system automatically disables the policy because it was generating too many events, then the system displays a warning icon. Toggle the status switch to turn a Policy ON/OFF.
ID	The ID assigned to the asset group.
Name	The name of the Policy.
Display Tag	The toggle to enable the display of tags on the Inventory > All Assets page.



Severity	The severity of the event. Possible values are: None, Low, Medium, or High. See section Severity Levels for more information.
Origin	The origin of the asset group: User Defined or System Defined .
Event Type	The event type that triggers this Event Policy.
Category	The category of the event that triggers this Event Policy. Possible values are: Configuration, SCADA, Network Threats, or Network Event. For an explanation of the various categories see Policy Categories and Sub-Categories .
Source	A Policy condition. The source Asset Group to which the Policy applies. An Asset group is the asset that initiated the Activity.
Name	The name to identify the Group.
Type	<p>The Group type. Options are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Function – A predefined Asset Group created to serve a particular function.• Asset List – Specified assets are included in the Group.• IP List – Assets with the specified IP address.• IP Range – Assets within the specified range of IP addresses.
Type	The group type. Options are Static or Dynamic .
Members	<p>Shows the list of assets included in this Group. No value is shown for Function Groups.</p> <div>Note: If there is no room to display all assets in this row then click Table Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Used in Policies	<p>Shows the name of each policy that uses this Asset Group in its configuration.</p> <div>Note: To view more details about the policies in which the Group is used, click Table Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>



Used in Queries	Shows the name of the query that uses this asset group.
Used in Zones	Shows the name of the zone that uses this asset group.

The procedures for creating various types of Asset Groups are described in the following section. In addition, you can View, Edit, Duplicate, or Delete an existing Group, see [Actions on Groups](#).

Create Asset Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create custom Asset Groups to use when configuring Policies. By grouping together similar assets, you enable creation of policies that apply to all assets in the group.

There are three types of User-defined asset groups:

- **Asset Selection** – Specify the specific assets included in the Group.
- **IP List** – Specify the IP addresses of the Assets included in the Group.
- **IP Range** – Specify the range of IP addresses of the Assets that are included in the Group.

Note: For duplicated networks, use the **Asset Selection** option for creating asset group.

There are different procedures for creating each type of Asset Group.

To create an asset selection type asset group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Asset Groups**.
2. Click **Create Asset Group**.
The **Create Asset Group** panel appears.
3. Click **Asset Selection**.
4. Click **Next**.

The list of **Available Assets** appears.

	Name	Type	Address	Location
<input type="checkbox"/>	Power Supply #1	Power Supply	10.100.105.27	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #77	Endpoint	10.100.101.200	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #71	Endpoint	10.100.110.152	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Endpoint #55	Endpoint	10.100.30.47	
<input type="checkbox"/>	HMI	OT Device	10.100.103.22	
<input type="checkbox"/>	H50854	HMI	192.168.136.193	
<input type="checkbox"/>	Gurad	PLC	10.100.101.154	

- To display the tags on the assets, select the **Display tag on member assets** checkbox.

Note: If this option is selected, OT Security displays the tags in the **Tags** column in the **Inventory > All Assets** page.

- In the **Name** box, type a name for the group.

Choose a name that describes a common element that categorizes the assets included in the group.

- Select the checkbox next to each asset you want to include in the group.

- Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new asset group and displays it on the **Asset Groups** screen. You can now use this group when configuring policies.

To create an IP range type asset group:

- Go to **Settings > Groups > Asset Groups**.
- Click **Create Asset Group**.

The **Create Asset Group** panel appears.

- Click **IP Range**.
- Click **Next**.



The IP Range selection panel appears.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the group.

Choose a name that describes a common element that categorizes the assets included in the group.

6. In the **Start IP** box, type the IP address at the beginning of the range you want to include.
7. In the **End IP** box, type the IP address at the end of the range you want to include.
8. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Asset Group displays it on the **Asset Groups** screen. You can now use this group when configuring policies.

To create an IP list type Asset Group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Asset Groups**.
2. Click **Create Asset Group**.

The **Create Asset Group** panel appears.

3. Click **IP List**.
4. Click **Next**.

The **IP List** panel appears.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the group.

Choose a name that describes a common element that categorizes the assets that are included in the group.

6. In the **IP List** box, type an IP Address or a Subnet to be included in the group.
7. To add more assets to the Group, type each additional IP address or Subnet on a separate line.
8. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Asset Group and displays it on the **Asset Groups** screen. You can now use this group when configuring policies.

Create Asset Groups and Tags



You can create custom asset groups to use when configuring policies. Grouping similar assets enables you to create policies that apply to all assets in the group. You can create groups either by selecting the required assets or by setting a filter rule to group assets in a specific category. Grouping assets dynamically based on selected criteria helps you streamline and scale processes, such as prioritization and reporting.

To create asset group:

1. Go to **Groups > Asset Groups & Tags**.

The **Asset Groups & Tags** page appears.

2. To create an asset group, click **Create Asset Group**.

The **Create Asset Group** window appears.

3. In the **Group Type** section, select one of the following:

- **Static (Manual Selection)** – Static asset groups are defined by manually picking assets and adding them to the group. Once you set the group, its members do not change unless you edit them.
- **Dynamic (Rule Based)** – Dynamic asset groups use rules to filter your asset inventory. As ongoing asset discovery and enrichment continues, the members are automatically added to or removed from the group, which keeps the group up to date.

4. Click **Next**.

The **Group Definition** panel appears.

5. In the **Name** box, provide a name for the asset group. Choose a name that describes a common element that categorizes the assets included in the group.

6. If you selected **Static**, do the following:

- a. Select the checkboxes next to the assets you want to add to the group.

7. If you selected **Dynamic**, click **Add Filter** to enable a rule for group creation. See [Filter Assets](#).

Note: You must add at least one filter to enable group creation.



8. To display the tags for each asset, select the **Display tag on member assets** checkbox. This option is selected by default.

9. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the asset group and displays it on the **Asset Groups & Tags** page. You can now use this group when configuring policies.

Email Groups

Email Groups are groups of emails of relevant parties. Email Groups are used to specify recipients for Event notifications triggered by specific Policies. For example, grouping by role and department enables you to send the notifications for specific Policy Events to the relevant parties.

View Email Groups

Name	Emails	Email Server	Used in Policies
Plant A Engineers	bob@gmail.com tim@gmail.com	Tenable	
Plant A Supervisors	laura@gmail.com juan@gmail.com	Tenable	

The **Email Groups** screen shows all Email Groups that are currently configured in the system.

The Email Groups table shows the following information:

Note: You can view additional details about a specific Group by selecting the Group and clicking **Actions > View**.

Parameter	Description
Name	The name used to identify the Group.
Emails	The list of emails included in the Group. <div>Note: If there is no space to display all members of the Group, then click Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Email Server	The name of the SMTP server used to send emails to the Group.
Used in	Shows the names of the Policies for which notifications are sent to this Group.



Policies

Note: To view more details about the Policies in which the Group is used, click **Actions > View > Used in Policies** tab.

In addition, you can View, Edit, Duplicate, or Delete an existing Group. For more information, see [Actions on Groups](#).

Create Email Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create Email Groups to be used in the configuration of Policies. By grouping related emails, you set Policy Event notifications to be sent to all relevant personnel.

Note: You can only assign one Email Group to each Policy. Therefore, it is useful to create both broad, inclusive Groups as well as specific, limited Groups so that you can assign the appropriate Group to each Policy.

To create an Email Group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Email Groups**.
2. Click **Create Email Group**.

The **Create Email Group** panel appears.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.
4. In the **SMTP server** drop-down box, select the server used for sending out the email notifications.

Note: If no SMTP server is configured in the system, then you must first configure a server before you can create an Email Group, see [SMTP Servers](#).

5. In the **Emails** box, type the email of each member of the Group on a separate line.
6. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Email Group and shows it on the **Email Groups** page. You can now use this Group when configuring Policies.

Port Groups



Port Groups are groups of ports used by assets in the network. Port Groups are used as a policy condition for defining **Open Port** Network Event Policies, which detect open ports in the network.

The **Predefined** tab shows the Port Groups that are predefined in the system. These Groups comprise ports expected to be Open on controllers from a specific vendor. For example, the Group Siemens PLC Open Ports includes: 20, 21, 80, 102, 443 and 502. This enables configuration of Policies that detect open ports that are not expected to be opened for controllers from that vendor. These Groups cannot be edited or deleted but they can be duplicated.

The **User-defined** tab includes custom Groups created by the user. You can edit, duplicate, or delete these Groups.

View Port Groups

The View Port Groups table includes the following details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name used to identify the Group.
TCP Port	<div>The list of ports and/or ranges of ports that are included in the Group. Note: If the table does not display all members of the Group, you can view them on Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Used in Policies	<div>Shows the name of each Policy that uses this Port Group in its configuration. Note: To view additional information about the Policies in which this Group is used, click Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>

Create Port Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create user-defined Port Groups that you can use in the configuration of Policies. By grouping together similar ports, you enable creation of Policies that alert for open ports that pose a particular security risk.

To create a Port Group:



1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Port Groups**.
2. Click **Create Port Group**.

The **Create Port Group** panel appears.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.
4. In the **TCP Port** box, type a single port or a range of ports to be included in the Group.
5. To add additional Ports to the Group:
 - a. Click **+ Add Port**.

A new Port Selection box appears.

- b. In the new **Port number** box, type a single port or a range of ports to be included in the Group.
6. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Port Group and shows it in the list of Port Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring Policies.

Protocol Groups

Protocol Groups are a set of protocols used for conversations between assets on a network. Protocol Groups are a Policy condition for Network Policies. They also define what Protocols used between particular assets trigger a Policy.

OT Security comes with a set of predefined Protocol Groups which comprise related protocols. These Groups are available for use in Policies. You cannot edit or delete these Groups. Protocols can be grouped by which protocols are allowed by a specific vendor.

For example, Schneider allowed protocols include: TCP:80 (HTTP), TCP:21 (FTP), Modbus, Modbus_UMAS, Modbus_MODICON, TCP:44818 (CIP), UDP:69 (TFTP), UDP:161 (SNMP), UDP:162 (SNMP), UDP:44818, UDP:67-68 (DHCP). They can also be grouped by type of protocol, for instance Modbus, PROFINET, and CIP. You can also create your own user-defined Protocol Groups.

View Protocol Groups



The **Protocol Groups** screen shows all Protocol Groups that are currently configured in the system. The **Predefined** tab shows Groups that are built into the system. You cannot edit or delete these Groups, but you can duplicate them. The **User-defined** tab shows the custom Groups that you create. You can edit, duplicate, or delete these Groups.

The Protocol Groups table shows these details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name to identify the Group.
Protocols	<div>The list of protocols included in the Group. Note: If you are unable to view all members of the Group, then click Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Used in Policies	<div>Shows the name of each Policy that uses this Protocol Group in its configuration. Note: To view additional details about the Policies in which this Group is used, click Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>

Create Protocol Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create custom Protocol Groups used in the configuration of Policies. By grouping together similar Protocols, you enable creation of Policies that define which protocols are suspicious.

To create a Protocol Group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Protocol Groups**.
2. Click **Create Protocol Group**.
The **Create Protocol Group** appears.
3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.
4. In the **Protocols** drop-down box, select a Protocol type.
5. If the selected Protocol is TCP or UDP, in the **Port** box, type a Port number or range of Ports.



For other Protocol types, you do not have to enter any value in the **Port** box.

6. To add additional Protocols to the Group:

a. Click **+ Add Protocol**.

A new **Protocol Selection** box appears.

b. Fill in the new **Protocol Selection** in the manner described in steps 4-5.

7. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Protocol Group and shows in the list of Protocol Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring Policies.

Schedule Group

A Schedule Group defines a time range or group of time ranges that has particular characteristics that make activities that happen during that time period noteworthy. For example, certain activities are expected to occur during work hours while other activities are expected to occur during down-time.

View Schedule Groups

The **Schedule Groups** screen shows all Schedule Groups that are currently configured in the system. The **Predefined schedule groups** tab includes Groups that are built into the system. You cannot edit, duplicate, or delete these Groups. The **User-defined schedule groups** tab shows the custom groups you created. You can edit, duplicate, or delete these Groups.

The Schedule Groups table shows the following details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name to identify the Group.
Type	The Group type. Options are: <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Function – A predefined Schedule Group created to serve a particular function.• Recurring – A schedule that recurs on a daily or weekly basis. For example, a Work Hours schedule can be defined as Monday to Friday



	<p>from 9 AM to 5 PM.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Interval – A schedule that occurs on a specific date or range of dates. For example, a Plant Renovation schedule can be defined by the period from June 1 to August 15.
Covers	<p>A summary of the schedule settings.</p> <div>Note: If you are unable to view all members of the Group, then click Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Used in Policies	<p>Shows the Policy ID of each Policy that uses this Schedule Group in its configuration.</p> <div>Note: To view additional details about the Policies in which this Group is used, click Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>

Create Schedule Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create custom Schedule Groups to be used in the configuration of Policies. Designate a time range or group of time ranges with shared characteristics to highlight the events that happen during that time period.

There are two types of Schedule Groups:

- **Recurring** – Schedules that recur on a weekly basis. For example, a Work Hours schedule can be defined as Monday to Friday from 9 AM to 5 PM.
- **Once** – Schedules that occur on a specific date or range of dates. For example, a Plant Renovation schedule could be defined by the period from June 1 to August 15. There are different procedures for creating each type of Schedule Group.

There are different procedures for creating each type of Schedule Group.

To create a Recurring Type Schedule Group:



1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Schedule Groups**.

The **Schedule Groups** page appears.

2. Click **Create Schedule Group**.

The **Create Schedule Groups** panel appears.

3. Click **Recurring**.

4. Click **Next**.

The parameters for defining a Recurring Schedule group appear.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.

6. In the **Repeats** box, select which days of the week are included in the Schedule Group.

Options are: Every day, Monday to Friday or a specific day of the week.

Note: If you want to include particular days of the week, for example Monday and Wednesday, then you need to add a separate condition for each day.

7. In the **Start Time** box, type the time of day (HH:MM:SS AM/PM) of the beginning of the time range included in the Schedule Group.

8. In the **End Time** box, type the time of day (HH:MM:SS AM/PM) of the end of the time range included in the Schedule Group.

9. To add additional Conditions (that is, additional time ranges) to the Schedule Group:

- a. Click **+ Add Condition**.

A new row of Schedule selection parameters appears.

- b. Fill in the schedule fields as described above in step 5-7.

10. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Schedule Group and shows the list of Schedule Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring Policies.

To create a one-time Schedule Group:




1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Schedule Groups**.
2. Click **Create Schedule Group**.


The **Create Schedule Group** wizard appears.

3. Select **Time Range**.
4. Click **Next**.

The parameters for defining a time range schedule group appear.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.
6. In the **Start Date** box, click the calendar icon .

A calendar window opens.

7. Select the date on which the Schedule Group begins. Default: the current date.
8. In the **Start Time** box, type the time of day (HH:MM:SS AM/PM) of the beginning of the time range included in the Schedule Group.
9. In the **End Date** box, click the calendar icon .

A calendar window opens.

10. Select the date on which the Schedule Group ends. (Default: the current date)
11. In the **End Time** box, type the time of day (HH:MM:SS AM/PM) of the end of the time range included in the Schedule Group.
12. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Schedule Group and shows it in the list of Schedule Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring Policies.

Controller Tag Groups

Tags are parameters in controllers that contain specific operational data. Controller Tag Groups are used as a Policy condition for **SCADA Events** policies. By grouping together tags that play similar roles, you can create Policies that detect suspicious changes to the specified parameter. For example, by grouping together tags that control furnace temperature, you can create a policy that detects temperature changes that can be harmful to the furnaces.



View Controller Tag Groups

The **Controller Tag Groups** page shows all tag groups currently configured in the system.

The Controller Tag Groups table shows the following details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name to identify the Group.
Type	The data type of the Tag. Possible values are: Bool, Dint, Float, Int, Long, Short, Unknown (for Tags of a type that OT Security was unable to identify) or Any Type (which can include Tags of different Types).
Controller	The controller on which the Tag is being monitored.
Tags	Shows each Tag that is included in the Group as well as the name of the controller in which it is located. <div>Note: If you are unable to view all Tags in this row, then click Actions > View > Members tab.</div>
Used in Policies	Shows the Policy ID of each Policy that uses this Schedule Group in its configuration. <div>Note: To view additional details about the Policies in which this Group is used, click Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>

You can View, Edit, Duplicate, or Delete an existing Group, see [Actions on Groups](#).

Create Controller Tag Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

You can create custom Controller Tag Groups for use in Policy configuration. By grouping together similar Tags, you can create Policies that apply to all Tags in the Group. Select the Tags that are of a similar type and give them a name that represents the common element of the Tags.

You can also create Groups that include Tags of different types by selecting the **Any Type** option. In this case, Policies that are applied to this Group can only detect changes to **Any Value** for the specified Tags but cannot be set to detect specific values.



You can edit, duplicate, or delete Controller Tag Groups.

To create a new tag group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Controller Tag Groups**.
2. Click **Create Controller Tag Group**.

The **Create Controller Tag Group** panel appears.

3. Select a Tag type.

Options are: Bool, Dint, Float, Int, Long, Short, or Any Type (which can include Tags of different Types).

4. Click **Next**.

A list of controllers in your network appears.

5. Select a controller for which you want to include Tags in the Group.

6. Click **Next**.

A list of Tags of the specified type on the specified controller appears.

7. In the **Name** box, type a name for the Group.
8. Select the check box next to each of the Tags that you want to include in the Group.
9. Click **Create**.

OT Security creates the new Tag Group and shows in the list of Controller Tag Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring SCADA Event Policies.

Rule Groups

Rule Groups comprise a group of related rules, identified by their Suricata Signature IDs (SIDs). These groups are used as a Policy condition for defining Intrusion Detection Policies.

OT Security provides a set of predefined groups of related vulnerabilities. In addition, you can select individual rules from our repository of vulnerabilities and create your own custom Rule Groups.

View Rule Groups



The **Rule Groups** screen shows all Rule Groups that are currently configured in the system. The **Predefined** tab includes Groups that are built into the system. You cannot edit, duplicate, or delete these groups. The **User-defined** tab shows the custom Groups created by the user. You can edit, duplicate, or delete these groups.

The Rule Groups table shows the following details:

Parameter	Description
Name	The name used to identify the Group.
Number of Rules	The number of rules (SIDs) that comprise this Rule Group.
Used in Policies	Shows the Policy ID of each Policy that uses this Rule Group in its configuration. <div>Note: To view additional details about the Policies in which this Group is used, click Actions > View > Used in Policies tab.</div>

Create Rule Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

To create a new Rule Group:

1. Go to **Settings > Groups > Rule Groups**
2. Click **Create Rule Group**.

The **Create Rule Group** panel appears.

3. In the **Name** box, type a name for the group.
4. In the **Available Rules** section, select the check box next to each of the rules you want to include in the group.

Note: Use the search box to find the desired rules.

5. Click **Create**.



OT Security creates the new Rule Group and shows it in the list of Rule Groups. You can now use this Group when configuring Intrusion Detection Policies.

Actions on Groups

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor, Security Manager

When you select a Group on any of the Group screens, you can do the following from the **Actions** menu on the top of the screen:

- **View** – Shows details about the selected Group, such as which entities are included in the group and which Policies use the Group as a policy condition. See [View Group Details](#)
- **Edit** – Edit details of the Group. See [Edit a Group](#)
- **Duplicate** – Create a new Group with a similar configuration to the specified Group. See [Duplicate a Group](#)
- **Delete** – Delete the Group from the system. See [Delete a Group](#)

Note: You cannot edit or delete predefined Groups. Some predefined Groups also cannot be duplicated. You can also access the **Actions** menu by right-clicking a Group.

View Group Details

When you select a group and click **Actions > View** the Group Details screen appears for the selected group.

The **Group Details** screen has a header bar that shows the name and type of the Group. It has two tabs:

- **Members** – Shows a list of all members of the Group.
- **Used in Policies** – Shows a listing for each Policy for which the specified Group is used as a policy condition. The Policy listing includes a toggle switch for turning the Policy On/Off. For more information, see [View Policies](#).

To view details of a Group:



1. In **Groups**, select the required group type.

The page for the selected group type appears

2. Select the group you want to view.

OT Security enables the **Actions** button.

3. Do one of the following:

- Click **Actions** and select **View**.
- Right-click the required group and select **View**.

4. Select **View**.

The Group details page appears.

Edit a Group

You can edit the details of an existing Group.

To edit details of a group:

1. In **Groups**, select the required group type.

The page for the selected group type appears

2. In the **Groups** page, select the group you want to edit.

OT Security enables the **Actions** button.

3. Do one of the following:

- Click **Actions** and select **Edit**.
- Right-click the required group and select **Edit**.

4. Select **Edit**.

5. The **Edit Group** window appears, showing the relevant parameters for the specified Group type.

6. Modify as needed.



7. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the group with the new settings.

Duplicate a Group

To create a new Group with similar settings to an existing Group, you can duplicate the existing Group. When you duplicate a Group, the new Group is saved under a new name, in addition to the original Group.

To duplicate a Group:

1. In **Groups**, select the required group type.

The page for the selected group type appears.

2. Select the group you want to duplicate.

OT Security enables the **Actions** button.

3. Do one of the following:

- Click **Actions** and select **Duplicate**.
- Right-click the required group and select **Duplicate**.

4. Select **Duplicate**.

The **Duplicate Group** window appears, showing the relevant parameters for the specified Group type.

5. In the **Name** box, type a name for the new group. By default, the new group is named 'Copy of the original Group name.'
6. Make the desired changes to the group settings.
7. Click **Duplicate**.

OT Security saves the new Group with the new settings, in addition to the existing Group.

Delete a Group

You can delete user-defined Groups but not predefined Groups. You cannot delete a user-defined policy, if it is being used as a policy condition for one or more Policies.

To delete a group:



1. In **Groups**, select the required group type.

The page for the selected group type appears

2. Select the group you want to delete.

OT Security enables the **Actions** button.

3. Do one of the following:

- Click **Actions** and select **Delete**.
- Right-click the required group and select **Delete**.

4. Select **Delete**.

A confirmation window appears.

5. Click **Delete**.

OT Security permanently deletes the group from the system.

Integrations

You can set up integrations with other supported platforms to allow OT Security to sync with your other cybersecurity platforms.

Tenable Products

You can integrate OT Security with Tenable Security Center and Tenable Vulnerability Management. OT Security shares data with the other platforms through these integrations. The synced data includes OT vulnerabilities as well as data discovered by IT-type Tenable Nessus scans initiated from OT Security.

Note: OT Security does not send data for **Hidden** assets to Tenable Security Center and Tenable Vulnerability Management via the integration.

Note: To integrate the platforms, OT Security must be able to reach Tenable Security Center and/or Tenable Vulnerability Management via port 443. Tenable recommends that you create a specific user on Tenable Security Center and/or Tenable Vulnerability Management to be used as the integration user to OT Security.



Tenable Security Center

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

To integrate Tenable Security Center, create a **Universal Repository** in Tenable Security Center to store OT Security data and take a note of the repository ID. For more information, see [Universal Repositories](#).

Note: Tenable recommends creating a specific user on Tenable Security Center that is used to integrate with OT Security. The user should have the role of Security Manager/Security Analyst or Vulnerability Analyst and be assigned to the “Full Access” group.

To integrate Tenable Security Center:

1. In the Tenable OT Security interface, navigate to **Settings > Integrations**.

The **Integrations** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Integration Module**.

The **Add Integration Module** panel appears.

3. In the **Module Type** section, select Tenable Security Center.

4. Click **Next**.

The **Module Definition** panel with the relevant fields appears.

5. In the **Hostname/IP** box, type the hostname or IP of your Tenable Security Center.

6. In the **Username** box, type the account user ID.

7. In the **Password** box, type the password of your account.

8. In the **Repository ID**, provide the Universal Repository ID.

9. In the **Sync Frequency** drop-down box, set the frequency to sync the data.

10. Click **Save**.

OT Security creates the integration and shows the new integration on the Integrations page.

11. Right-click the new integration and click **Sync**.

Tenable Vulnerability Management



Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

Note: You need to first [generate an API key](#) in the Tenable Vulnerability Management console (**Settings > My Account > API Keys > Generate**). You are given an **Access Key** and a **Secret Key** which you can then enter in the OT Security console when configuring the integration.

To integrate Tenable Vulnerability Management:

1. In the Tenable OT Security interface, navigate to **Settings > Integrations**.

The **Integrations** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Integration Module**.

The **Add Integration Module** panel appears.

3. In the **Module Type** section, select Tenable Vulnerability Management.

4. Click **Next**.

The **Module Definition** panel with the relevant fields appears.

5. In the **Access Key** box, provide the access key.
6. In the **Secret Key** box, provide the secret key.
7. In the **Sync Frequency** drop-down box, select the frequency to sync the data.

Tenable One

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

To integrate with Tenable One, follow the steps in [Integrate with Tenable One](#).

Palo Alto Networks - Next Generation Firewall

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

You can share asset inventory information discovered by OT Security with your Palo Alto system.

To integrate OT Security with your Palo Alto Networks Next Generation Firewalls (NGFW):



1. In the Tenable OT Security interface, navigate to **Settings > Integrations**.

The **Integrations** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Integration Module**.

The **Add Integration Module** panel appears.

3. In the **Module Type** section, select Palo Alto Networks NGFW.

4. Click **Next**.

5. In the **Hostname/IP** box, type the hostname or IP address of your Palo Alto NGFW account.

6. In the **Username** box, type the username of your NGFW account.

7. In the **Password** box, type the password of your NGFW account.

8. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the integration.

Aruba - ClearPass Policy Manager

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

You can share asset inventory information discovered by OT Security with your Aruba system.

To integrate OT Security with your Aruba ClearPass account:

1. In the Tenable OT Security interface, navigate to **Settings > Integrations**.

The **Integrations** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Integration Module**.

The **Add Integration Module** panel appears.

3. In the **Module Type** section, select Aruba Networks ClearPass.

4. Click **Next**.

5. In the **Hostname/IP** box, type the hostname or IP address of your Aruba Networks ClearPass account.



6. In the **Username** box, type the username of your Aruba Networks ClearPass account.
7. In the **Password** box, type the password of your Aruba Networks ClearPass account.
8. In the **Client ID** box, type the client ID of your Aruba Networks ClearPass account.
9. In the **API Client Secret** box, type the API Client Secret of your Aruba ClearPass account.
10. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the integration.

Integrate with Tenable One

You can integrate OT Security with Tenable One to send assets and risk scores data to Tenable Vulnerability Management. To integrate with Tenable One, you must first generate a linking key in Tenable Vulnerability Management and provide it to OT Security. Tenable One gets updated periodically with any asset changes since the previous synchronization.

Before you begin

- Ensure that you have the linking key generated in Tenable Vulnerability Management. For more information, see [OT Connectors](#) in the Tenable Vulnerability Management User Guide.

Note: A linking key generated within Tenable Vulnerability Management can only be used for a single OT Security site.

To integrate with Tenable One:

1. In the Tenable OT Security interface, navigate to **Settings > Integrations**.

The **Integrations** page appears.

2. In the upper-right corner, click **Add Integration Module**.

The **Add Integration Module** panel appears.

3. In the **Module Type** section, click **Tenable One**.
4. Click **Next**.

The **Module Definition** section appears.

5. In the **Cloud Site** box, type the cloud site name.



Note: The cloud site name appears on the **Add OT Connector** window in Tenable Vulnerability Management after you generate the linking key.

6. In the **Linking Key** box, provide the linking key that you generated from Tenable Vulnerability Management.
7. Click **Save**.

OT Security displays a message that the integration is successful. Once the integration is complete, you can view the linked site in the **Integrations** page. In Tenable One, the **Sensors > OT Connectors** page shows the device name configured for that site in OT Security.

For the device name for a site, see the **Device Name** section in the **System Configuration > Device** page.

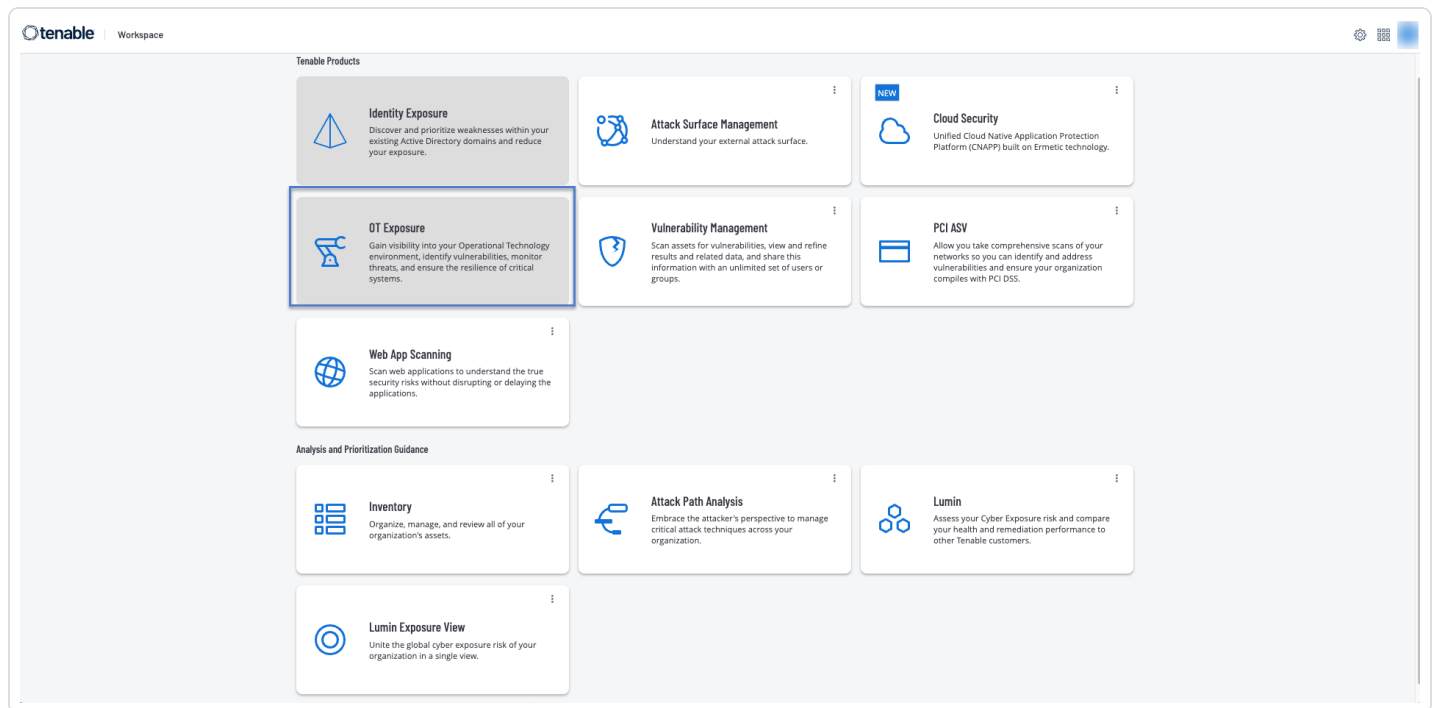
Note: If you change the name of your site in OT Security after it is already paired, you can manually modify the sensor name within Tenable Vulnerability Management to match the new site name. Alternatively, you can delete the integration on both OT Security and Tenable Vulnerability Management, and pair it again to automatically update the site name change.

For information about the complete procedure for deploying and licensing Tenable OT Security for Tenable One, see the [Tenable One Deployment Guide](#).

Configure SAML Integration for Tenable One

Configure SAML on your Tenable One instance to access OT Security using SSO.

The **OT Exposure** tile on the Tenable One **Workspace** page is disabled by default. To enable the **OT Exposure** tile, you must first configure SAML for Tenable One.




Before you Begin

- Make sure you have a valid Tenable One and OT Security license.

To configure SAML for Tenable OT Security:

1. Retrieve SAML Identity Provider (IDP) details and group object IDs from Tenable One:

- a. In a supported browser, log into <https://cloud.tenable.com> to access the **Workspace** page.
- b. In the upper-right corner, click the  button.

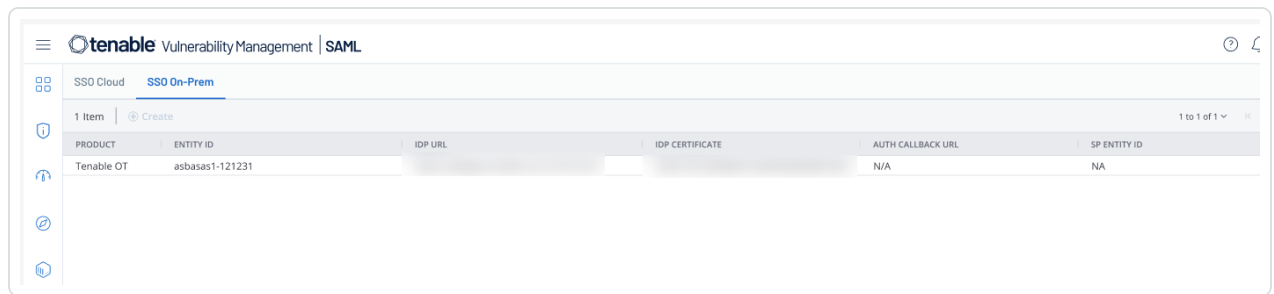
The **Settings** page appears.

- c. Click the **SAML** tile.

The **SAML** page appears.

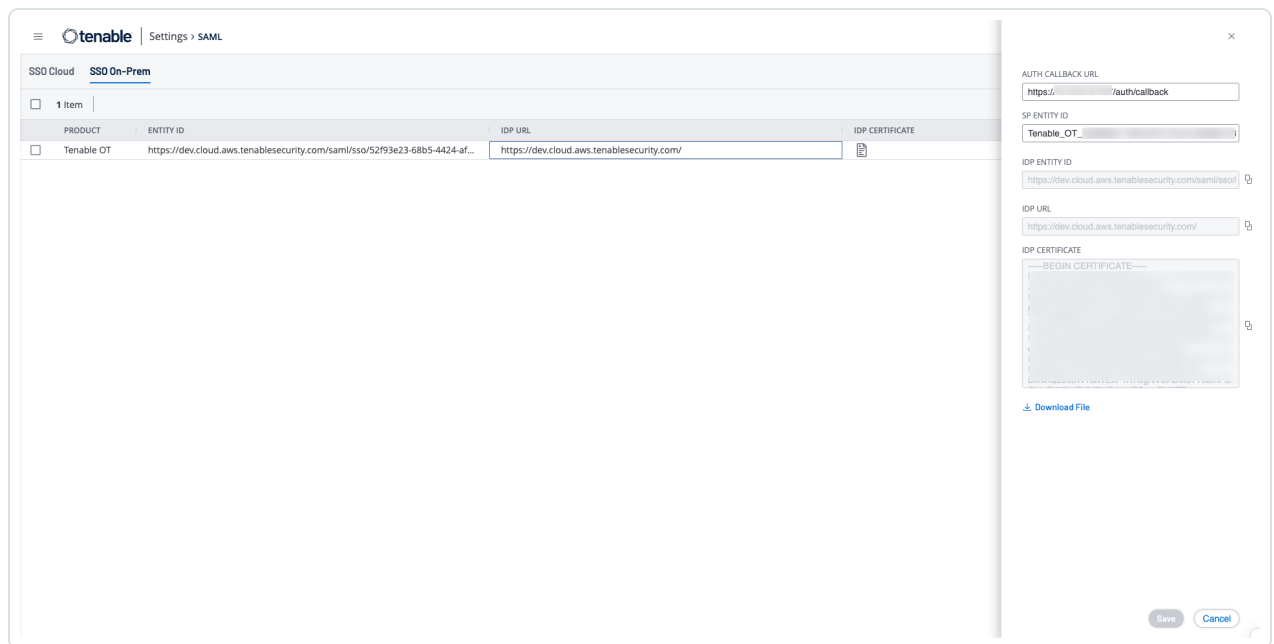
- d. Click the **SSO On-Prem** tab.

The **SSO On-Prem** page appears with the SSO configuration for Tenable OT Security.



e. Hover over and click the Tenable OT Security row.

The IDP details panel appears on the right.



f. Use the  button to copy these details.


- IDP Entity ID
- IDP URL
- IDP Certificate

g. Click  **Download File** to download the certificate to your local system.

h. Retrieve the mapping data for groups. To find the group object ID information, go to **Settings > Access Control > Groups** and find or add the relevant groups.



For example: In Tenable One, create two groups: **OT Administrators** and **OT Read-Only**. To map them to the user roles in OT Security, add the group names to the respective **Administrators Group Object ID** and **Read-Only Users Group Object ID** fields in the OT Security **SAML** page.

 Settings > Access Control > Groups > Edit User Group

OT Read-Only

General



USER GROUP NAME


OT Read-Only

☐ Managed by SAML ⓘ

USERS

Select Users

 OT E2E SSO Access 

 Settings > Access Control > Groups > Edit User Group

OT Administrators

General



USER GROUP NAME

OT Administrators


☐ Managed by SAML ⓘ

USERS

Select Users

 OT E2E SSO Access - Site Supervisor 

Permissions

 Search

0 Items | [+ Add Permissions](#)

NAME	USERS
------	-------



2. Configure SAML in OT Security:

- a. Log into OT Security.
- b. Go to **Settings > User Management > SAML**.

The **SAML** page appears.

- c. Click **Configure** or **Edit** if you are editing an existing configuration.

The **Configure SAML** page appears.

- d. Provide the following details that you copied from Tenable One **SAML > SSO On-Prem** page:

- a. In the **IDP ID** box, paste the **IDP Entity ID** copied from the Tenable One SAML page.
- b. In the **IDP URL** box, type the **IDP URL** copied from the Tenable One SAML page.
- c. In the **Certificate Data** box, browse to the location where you downloaded the certificate file and upload it.
- d. In the **Username Attribute** box, type:

`http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailaddresses`
- e. In the **Group Attribute** box, type **groups** (it must be in lower case and **not** Groups).
- f. Provide the group object ID information that you retrieved from Tenable One.

For example: In [step h](#), you created two groups in Tenable One:

OT Administrators and **OT Read-Only**. Add these group names to the corresponding **Administrators Group Object ID** and **Read-Only Users Group**

Object ID fields in the **Configure SAML** page.

g. Click **Save**.

OT Security saves the configuration and displays the following information:

SAML

☒ SAML single sign-on log-in [Edit](#)

Populate SAML account with the following

ENTITY ID	Tenable_OT_
URL	https://.../auth/callback

Configuration details

IDP ID	https://dev.cloud.aws.tenablesecurity.com/saml/so/...
IDP URL	https://dev.cloud.aws.tenablesecurity.com/... -----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- [REDACTED]

[Read More](#)

USERNAME ATTRIBUTE	http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailaddress
GROUPS ATTRIBUTE	groups
ADMINISTRATORS GROUP OBJECT ID	OT Administrators
READ-ONLY USERS GROUP OBJECT ID	OT Read-Only

Important: Do not reboot after saving the configuration. Only reboot after you complete the configuration steps on both OT Security and Tenable One.

h. On the **SAML** page, copy the following values. You need these values for the final configuration on Tenable One.

- Entity ID
- URL

SAML

☒ SAML single sign-on log-in

Populate SAML account with the following

ENTITY ID	<input type="text" value="Tenable_OT_"/>
URL	<input type="text" value="https:// /auth/callback"/>

3. Complete the final configuration on Tenable One:

- a. In Tenable One, navigate to the **Settings > SAML> SSO On-Prem** page.

The **SSO On-Prem** page appears with the SSO configuration for Tenable OT Security.

- b. Click the OT Security row.

The OT Security configuration details panel appears.

- c. Provide the **Auth Callback URL** and **SP Entity ID** details copied from the OT Security **SAML** page.

Settings > SAML

SSO Cloud
SSO On-Prem

☐ 1 item

PRODUCT	ENTITY ID	IDP URL	IDP CERTIFICATE
<input type="checkbox"/> Tenable OT	https://dev.cloud.aws.tenablesecurity.com/saml/52f93e23-68b5-4424-af...	https://dev.cloud.aws.tenablesecurity.com/	

AUTH CALLBACK URL

SP ENTITY ID

IDP ENTITY ID

IDP URL

IDP CERTIFICATE

[Download File](#)

Save
Cancel



d. Click **Save**.

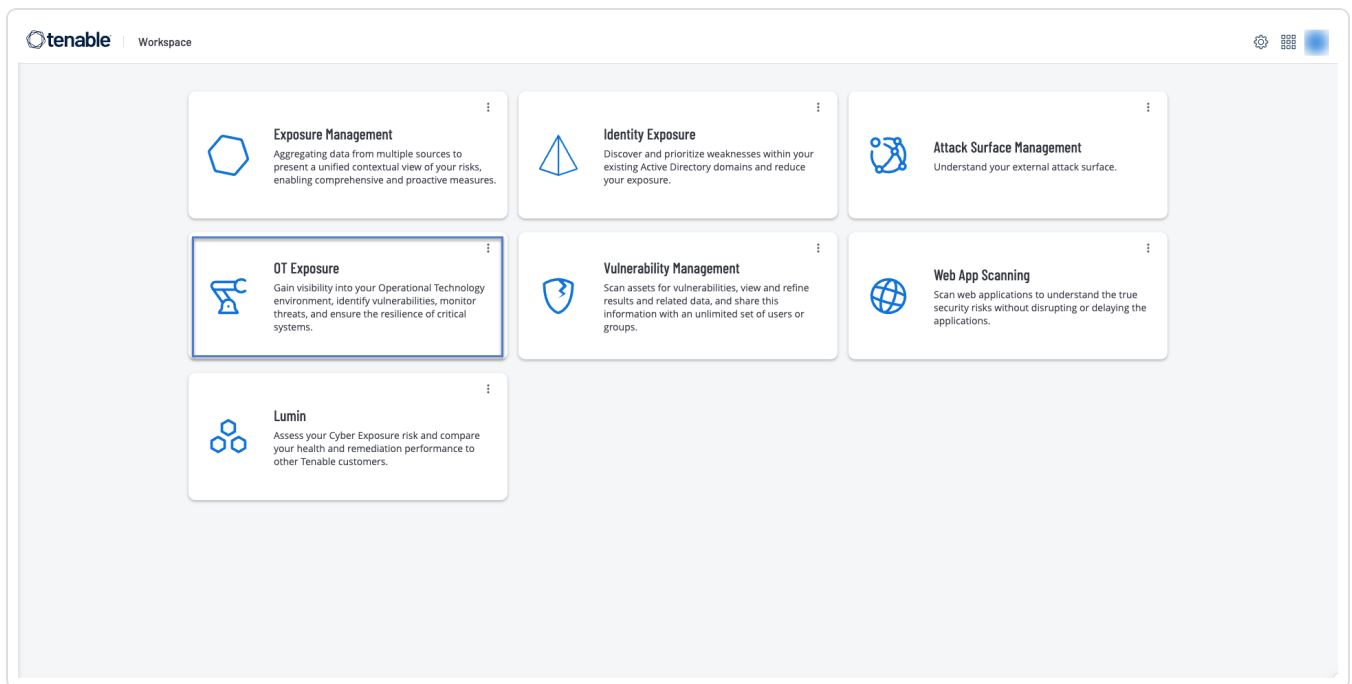
OT Security saves the SAML configuration.

4. Click the **SAML single sign-on log in** toggle to enable SAML.

OT Security prompts you to restart.

5. Restart OT Security.

Tenable enables the **OT Exposure** tile on the **Workspace** page. Click the **OT Exposure** tile and access OT Security.



Servers

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator, Supervisor

You can set up SMTP servers and Syslog servers in the system to enable event notifications to be sent via email and/or logged on a SIEM. You can also set up FortiGate firewalls to send firewall policy suggestions to FortiGate based on the OT Security network events.

SMTP Servers



To enable sending event notifications via email to the relevant parties you need to set up an SMTP Server in the system. If you do not set up an SMTP server, the system cannot send out email notifications whenever events are generated. Under any circumstances, all events can be viewed in the Management Console (user interface) on the **Events** screen.

To set up an SMTP server:

1. Go to **Settings > Servers > SMTP Servers**.
2. Click **Add SMTP Server**.

The **SMTP Servers** configuration window appears.

3. In the **Server Name** box, type the name of an SMTP server you want to use for email notifications.
4. In the **Hostname\IP** box, type a hostname or an IP address of the SMTP server.
5. In the **Port** box, type the port number on which the SMTP server listens for the Events (Default: 25).
6. In the **Sender Email Address** box, type an email address that is shown as the sender of the Event notification email.
7. (Optional) In the **Username** and **Password** boxes, type a username and password that is used to access the SMTP server.
8. To send a test email to verify that the configuration was successful, click **Send Test Email**, then type the email address to send to and check the inbox to see if the email arrived. If the email did not arrive, then troubleshoot to discover the cause of the problem and correct it.
9. Click **Save**.

You can set up additional SMTP Servers by repeating the procedure.

Syslog Servers

To enable collection of log events on an external server you need to set up a Syslog Server in the system. If you do not want to set up a Syslog Server, then the event logs are saved only on the OT Security platform.

To set up a Syslog server:



1. Go to **Settings >Servers > Syslog Servers**.
2. Click **+ Add Syslog Server**. The **Syslog Servers** configuration window appears.

Syslog Servers

SERVER NAME *

Server Name

HOSTNAME / IP *

Hostname / IP

PORT *

514

TRANSPORT *

Transport

☐ Send keep alive message every 10m0s

☒ Allow syslog message caching

Cancel

Create

Send Test Message

+ Add Syslog Server

3. In the **Server Name** box, type the name of a Syslog Server you want to use for logging system events.
4. In the **Hostname\IP** box, type a hostname or an IP address of the Syslog server.
5. In the **Port** box, type the port number on the Syslog server to which the events are sent.
Default: 514
6. In the **Transport** drop-down box, select the transport protocol to be used. Options are TCP or UDP.



7. To send a test message to verify that the configuration was successful, click **Send Test Message**, and check if the message has arrived. If the message did not arrive, then troubleshoot to discover the cause of the problem and correct it.
8. (Optional) Select the **Send keep alive message every 10m0s** option to check the connection at frequent intervals.
9. (Optional) For TCP syslog, select the **Allow syslog message caching** option to cache events when the connection is disrupted and to send them once the connection is restored.

Note: UDP syslog messages do not have any state awareness and may be lost if the connection is interrupted.

10. Click **Save**.

You can set up additional Syslog Servers by repeating the procedure.

FortiGate Firewalls

To set up a FortiGate server:

1. Go to **Settings > Servers > FortiGate Firewalls**.
2. Click **Add Firewall**.

The **Add FortiGate Firewall** configuration window appears.

3. In the **Server Name** box, type the name of a FortiGate Server you want to use.
4. In the **Host/IP** box, type a hostname or an IP address of the FortiGate server.
5. In the **API Key** box, type the API token you generated from FortiGate.

Note: For instructions on generating a FortiGate API token, see:
https://registry.terraform.io/providers/fortinetdev/fortios/latest/docs/guides/fgt_token.

6. Click **Add**.

OT Security creates the FortiGate Firewall server.



Note: For the source address (which is needed to ensure the API token can only be used from trusted hosts), use your OT Security unit IP address.

When creating an Administrator profile for OT Security, make sure to apply access permissions according to the following settings:

Access Permissions	
Access Control	Permissions Set All ▾
Security Fabric	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write
FortiView	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write
User & Device	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write
Firewall	<input type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input checked="" type="radio"/> Read/Write <input type="radio"/> Custom
Log & Report	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write <input type="radio"/> Custom
Network	<input type="radio"/> None <input checked="" type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write <input type="radio"/> Custom
System	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write <input type="radio"/> Custom
Security Profile	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write <input type="radio"/> Custom
VPN	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write
WAN Opt & Cache	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write
WiFi & Switch	<input checked="" type="radio"/> None <input type="radio"/> Read <input type="radio"/> Read/Write

System Log

Required OT Security User Role: Administrator

The **System Log** page shows a list of all system events (for example, Policy turned on, Policy edited, and Event Resolved.) that occurred in the system. This log includes both user-initiated events as well as automatically occurring system events (for example, Policy turned off automatically because of too many hits). This log does not include policy-generated events, which you can view on the **Events** screen. You can export the logs as a CSV file. You can also configure the system to send the System Log events to a Syslog server. For information about how to customize tables, see [Management Console User Interface Elements](#).

Each logged event includes the following details:



Parameter	Description
Time	The time and date when the event occurred.
Event	A brief description of the event that occurred.
Username	The name of the user that initiated the event. For events that occur automatically, no username is given.

Send System Log to a Syslog Server

To configure the system to send system events to a Syslog server:

1. Go to **Settings > System Log**.
2. In the upper-right corner, click the drop-down box to display the list of servers.

Note: To add a Syslog server, see [Syslog Servers](#).

3. Select the required server.

OT Security sends the System Log events to the specified Syslog server.

Appendix – SAML Integration for Microsoft Azure

OT Security supports integration with Azure via SAML protocol. This enables Azure users assigned to OT Security to log in to OT Security via Single Sign-on (SSO). You can use group mapping to assign roles in OT Security according to the groups to which users are assigned in Azure.

This section explains the complete flow for setting up a SSO integration for OT Security with Azure. The configuration involves setting up the integration by creating a OT Security application in Azure. You can then provide information about this newly created OT Security application and upload your identity provider's Certificate to the OT Security SAML page. The configuration is complete when you map groups from your identity provider to User Groups in OT Security.

To set up the configuration, you need to be logged in as an administrator user in both Microsoft Azure and OT Security.



Step 1 - Create the Tenable Application in Azure




To create the Tenable application in Azure:

1. In Azure, go to Microsoft Entra ID > **Enterprise Applications** and click **+ New application**.

The **Browse Microsoft Entra ID Gallery** page appears.

TENB OT RESEARCH AND DEVEL...

Create your own application ×

 Got feedback?

If you are developing your own application, using Application Proxy, or want to integrate an application that is not in the gallery, you can create your own application here.

What's the name of your app?

What are you looking to do with your application?

- ☐ Configure Application Proxy for secure remote access to an on-premises application
- ☐ Register an application to integrate with Microsoft Entra ID (App you're developing)
- ☒ Integrate any other application you don't find in the gallery (Non-gallery)

Create

2. Click + **Create your own application**.

The **Create your own application** side panel appears.



3. In the **What's the name of your app?** box, type a name for the application (for example, Tenable_OT) and select **Integrate any other application you don't find in the gallery (Non-gallery)** (default), then click **Create** to add the application.

Step 2- Initial Configuration

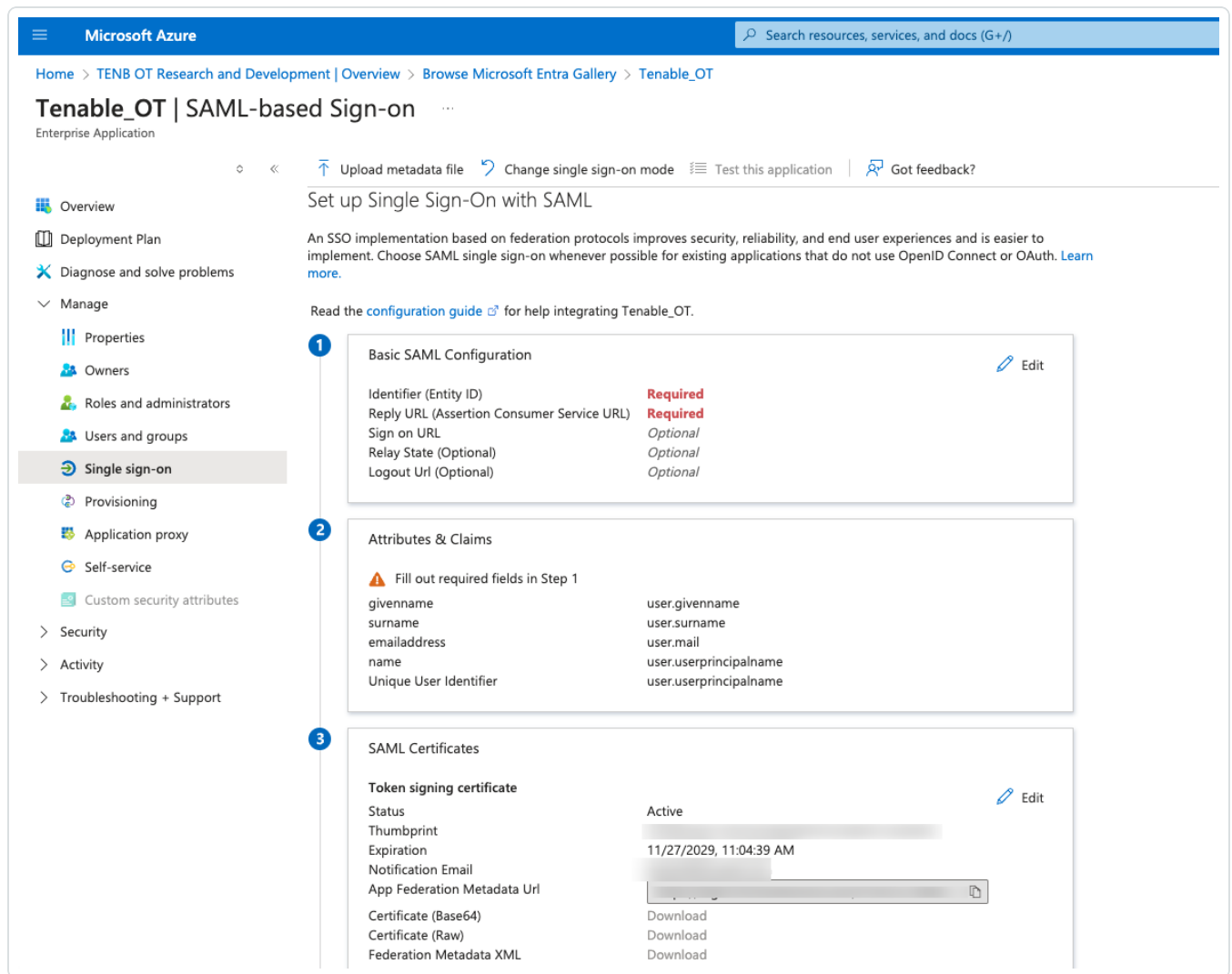
This step is the initial configuration of the OT Security application in Azure, consisting of creating temporary values for basic SAML configuration values – **Identifier** and **Reply URL** to download the required certificate.

Note: Configure only parameters mentioned in this procedure. Retain the default values for the other parameters.







To perform the initial configuration:

1. In the Azure navigation menu, click **Single sign-on**, then select SAML as the single sign-on method.



The **SAML-based Sign-on** page appears.



- The **Basic SAML Configuration** side panel appears.

      TENB OT RESEARCH AND DEVEL...

Basic SAML Configuration

 Save |  Got feedback?

Identifier (Entity ID) * ⓘ

The unique ID that identifies your application to Microsoft Entra ID. This value must be unique across all applications in your Microsoft Entra tenant. The default identifier will be the audience of the SAML response for IDP-initiated SSO.

[Add identifier](#)


Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL) * ⓘ

The reply URL is where the application expects to receive the authentication token. This is also referred to as the "Assertion Consumer Service" (ACS) in SAML.

[Add reply URL](#)

Sign on URL (Optional)

Sign on URL is used if you would like to perform service provider-initiated single sign-on. This value is the sign-in page URL for your application. This field is unnecessary if you want to perform identity provider-initiated single sign-on.

Enter a sign on URL 


Relay State (Optional) ⓘ

The Relay State instructs the application where to redirect users after authentication is completed, and the value is typically a URL or URL path that takes users to a specific location within the application.

Enter a relay state

Logout Url (Optional)

This URL is used to send the SAML logout response back to the application.



Enter a logout url 

- In the **Identifier (Entity ID)** box, type a temporary ID for the Tenable application, for example: `tenable_ot`.



4. In the **Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL)** box, type a valid URL, for example: `https://OT Security`.




Note: The **Identifier** and **Reply URL** values are temporary values, which you can change later in the configuration process.

5. Click  **Save** to save the temporary values and close the **Basic SAML Configuration** side panel.
6. In section 4 - **Set up**, click the  button to copy the **Microsoft Entra ID Identifier**.

4

Set up Tenable_OT

You'll need to configure the application to link with Microsoft Entra ID.

Login URL	<input type="text" value="https://login.microsoftonline.com"/>	
Microsoft Entra Identifier	<input type="text" value="https://sts.windows.net/"/>	
Logout URL	<input type="text" value="https://login.microsoftonline.com/"/>	

7. Switch to the OT Security console, and go to **User Management > SAML**.
8. Click **Configure** to display the **Configure SAML** side panel, and paste the copied value into the **IDP ID** box.

Configure SAML

IDP ID *

https://SAML_Host.com

IDP URL *

https://SAML_host/saml-authresponse

CERTIFICATE DATA *

PEM format only

DROP FILE HERE

Browse

USERNAME ATTRIBUTE *

NameID

GROUPS ATTRIBUTE *


GroupsID

DESCRIPTION


ADMINISTRATORS GROUP OBJECT ID

Cancel

Save

9. In the Microsoft Azure console, click the  button to copy the **Login URL**.
10. Return to the OT Security console and paste the copied value into the **IDP URL** box.



11. In the Azure console, in section 3 - **SAML Certificates**, for **Certificate (Base64)**, click **Download**.
12. Return to the OT Security console and in the **Certificate Data** section, **Browse** to the security certificate file and select it.
13. In the Azure console, in section 2 - **Attributes & Claims**, click  **Edit**.
14. In the **Additional claims** section, select and copy the **Claim name** URL corresponding to the **Value - user.userprincipalname**.

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Attributes & Claims

[+ Add new claim](#) [+ Add a group claim](#) [Columns](#) | [Got feedback?](#)

Required claim		
Claim name	Type	Value
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	SAML	user.userprincipalname [...]

Additional claims		
Claim name	Type	Value
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailadd...	SAML	user.mail [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname	SAML	user.givenname [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/name	SAML	user.userprincipalname [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/surname	SAML	user.surname [...]

Advanced settings

15. Return to the OT Security console and paste this URL in the **Username Attribute** box.
16. In the Azure console, click **+ Add a group claim**.

The **Group Claims** side panel appears.

Microsoft Azure

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Attributes & Claims

+ Add new claim + Add a group claim Columns Got feedback?

Required claim

Claim name	Type	Value
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	SAML	user.userprincipalname [...]

Additional claims

Claim name	Type	Value
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailadd...	SAML	user.mail [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname	SAML	user.givenname [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/name	SAML	user.userprincipalname [...]
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/surname	SAML	user.surname [...]

Advanced settings

Group Claims

Manage the group claims used by Microsoft Entra ID to populate SAML tokens issued to your app

Which groups associated with the user should be returned in the claim?

☐ None
☒ All groups
☐ Security groups
☐ Directory roles
☐ Groups assigned to the application

Source attribute *

Group ID

☐ Emit group name for cloud-only groups

Advanced options

Save

- In the **Which groups associated with the user should be returned in the claim?** section, select **All groups** and click **Save**.

Note: If you enable the groups setting in Azure, you can select **Groups assigned to the application** instead of **All Groups**, and Azure provides only the user groups assigned to the application.

- In the **Additional claims** section, highlight and copy the **Claim name** URL associated with the **Value**— `user.groups [All]`.



Attributes & Claims

+ Add new claim + Add a group claim Columns | Got feedback?

Required claim

Claim name	Type	Value
Unique User Identifier (Name ID)	SAML	user.userprincipalname [...]

Additional claims

Claim name	Type	Value
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/emailadd...	SAML	user.mail ***
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/givenname	SAML	user.givenname ***
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/name	SAML	user.userprincipalname ***
http://schemas.xmlsoap.org/ws/2005/05/identity/claims/surname	SAML	user.surname ***

Advanced settings

19. Return to the OT Security console and paste the copied URL in the **Groups Attribute** box.

20. (Optional) Add a description of the SAML configuration in the **Description** box.

Step 3 - Map Azure Users to Tenable Groups

In this step, you assign Azure users to the OT Security application. The permissions granted to each user are designated by mapping between the Azure groups to which they are assigned and a pre-defined OT Security User Group, which has an associated role and set of permissions. The OT Security pre-defined User Groups are: Administrators, Read-Only User, Security Analysts, Security Managers, Site Operators, and Supervisors. For more information, see [User Management](#). Each Azure user must be assigned to at least one group mapped to a OT Security User Group.

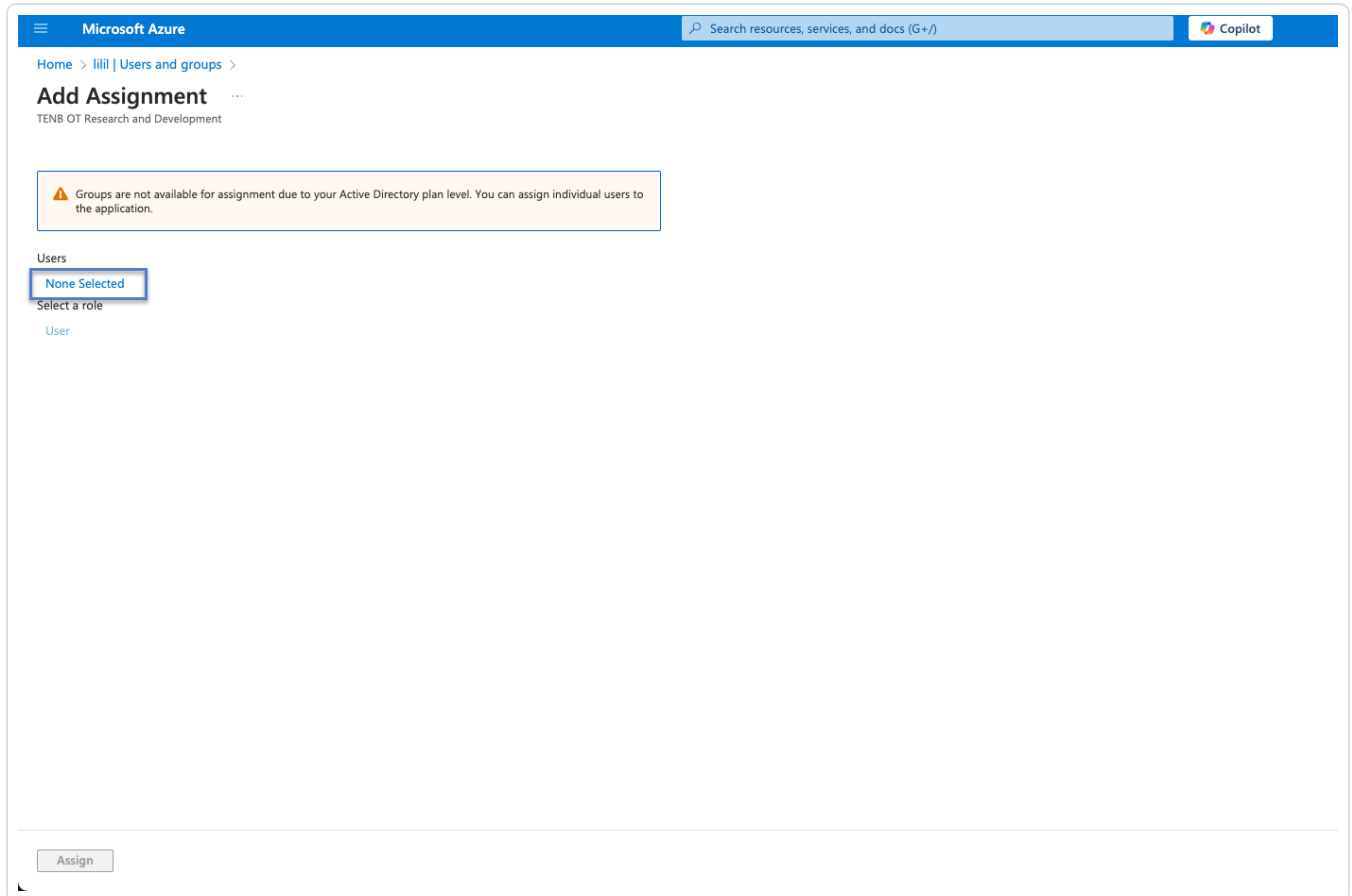
Note: Administrator users logged in via SAML are considered Administrators (External) users and are not granted all the privileges of local Administrators. Users assigned to multiple User Groups are granted the highest possible permissions from among their groups.

To map Azure users to OT Security:



1. In Azure, navigate to the **Users and groups** page and click **+ Add user/group**.
2. In the **Add Assignment** page, under **Users**, click **None Selected**.

The **Users** page appears.



Note: If you enable the groups setting in Azure and select **Groups assigned to the application** instead of **All Groups**, you can assign groups instead of individual users.

3. Search and select all required users, then click **Select**.













Users

Try changing or adding filters if you don't see what you're looking for.

Search

25 results found

All Users

	Name	Type	Details
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]
<input type="checkbox"/>	 [Name]	User	[Details]

Selected (0)

[Reset](#)

No items selected

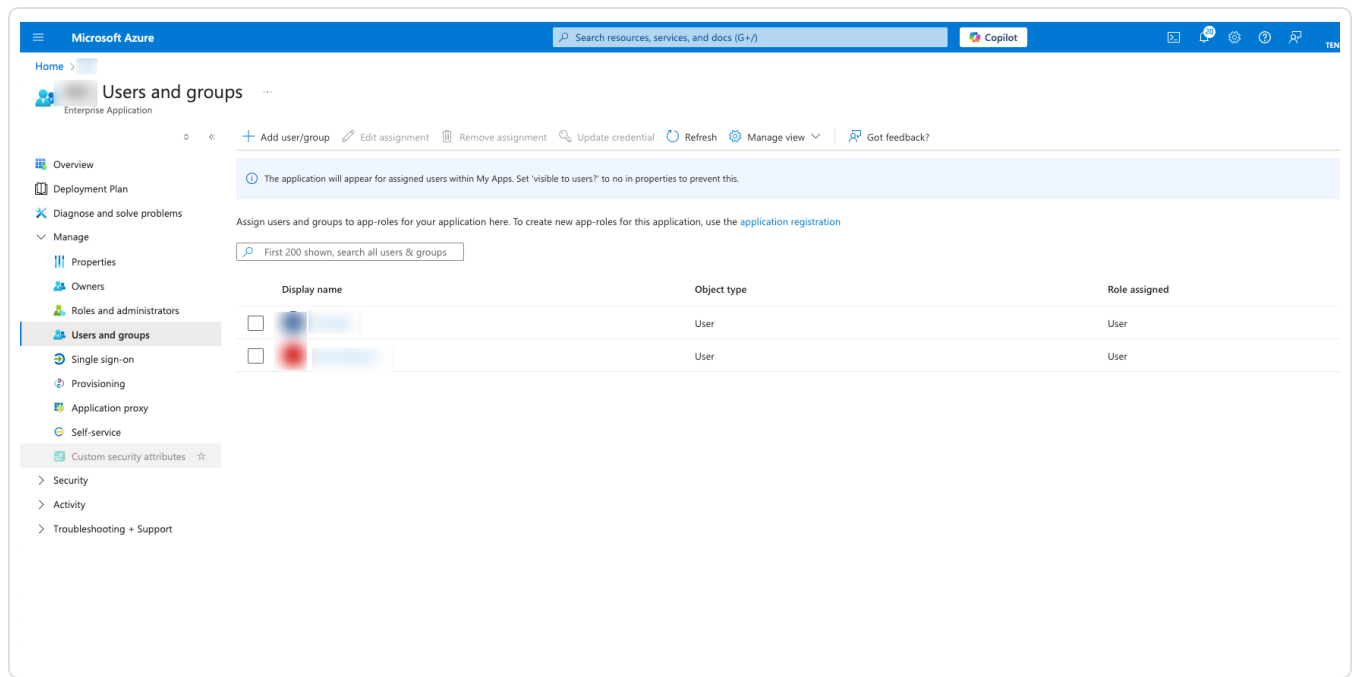
Select

4. Click **Assign** to assign them to the application.

The **Users and groups** page appears.

5. Click the **Display Name** of a user (or group) to display that user's (or group's) Profile.

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The **Profile** page appears.

6. In the left navigation bar, select **Groups**.

The **Groups** page appears.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for a user. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Overview, Audit logs, Sign-in logs, Diagnose and solve problems, Custom security attributes, Assigned roles, Administrative units, Groups, Applications, Licenses, Devices, Azure role assignments, Authentication methods, and New support request. The main content area is titled 'User' and includes tabs for Overview, Monitoring, and Properties. The 'Overview' tab is active, showing basic information about the user, such as their principal name, object ID, creation date, and type. Below this, there is a 'My Feed' section with two cards: 'Account status' (Enabled) and 'B2B invitation' (Invitation state: Accepted). At the bottom, there are 'Quick actions' including 'Edit properties'.

7. In the **Object Id** column, select and copy the value for the group that will be mapped to Tenable.

The screenshot shows the Microsoft Azure portal interface for the 'Groups' page. The left sidebar contains navigation links for Overview, Audit logs, Sign-in logs, Diagnose and solve problems, Custom security attributes, Assigned roles, Administrative units, Groups, Applications, Licenses, Devices, Azure role assignments, Authentication methods, and New support request. The main content area is titled 'Groups' and includes tabs for Overview, Monitoring, and Properties. The 'Overview' tab is active, showing a table of groups. The table has columns for Name, Object Id, Group Type, Membership Type, Email, and Source. The 'OT_test' group is highlighted, and its Object Id is visible.

Name	Object Id	Group Type	Membership Type	Email	Source
<input type="checkbox"/> OT_test	[Redacted]	Security	Assigned		Cloud

8. Return to the OT Security console and paste the copied value in the required **Group Object ID** box. For example, the **Administrators Group Object ID**.

Configure SAML

GROUPS ATTRIBUTE

fsf

DESCRIPTION

ADMINISTRATORS GROUP OBJECT ID

READ-ONLY USERS GROUP OBJECT ID

SECURITY ANALYSTS GROUP OBJECT ID

SECURITY MANAGERS GROUP OBJECT ID

SITE OPERATORS GROUP OBJECT ID

SUPERVISORS GROUP OBJECT ID

Cancel

Save

- Repeat steps 1-7 for each group you want to map to a distinct user group in OT Security.
- Click **Save** to save and close the side panel.



The SAML page appears in the OT Security console with the configured information.

SAML

☒ SAML single sign-on log-in Edit

Populate SAML account with the following

ENTITY ID	Tenable_OT_
URL	https://

Configuration details

IDP ID	fsfsf
IDP URL	sfefs
CERTIFICATE DATA	-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- Read More
USERNAME ATTRIBUTE	fsf
GROUPS ATTRIBUTE	fsf
ADMINISTRATORS GROUP OBJECT ID	דגדג

Step 4 - Finalizing the Configuration in Azure

To finalize the configuration in Azure:

1. In the OT Security **SAML** page, click the [🔗](#) button to copy the **Entity ID**.

SAML

☒ SAML single sign-on log-in Edit

Populate SAML account with the following


ENTITY ID	Tenable_OT_
URL	https://

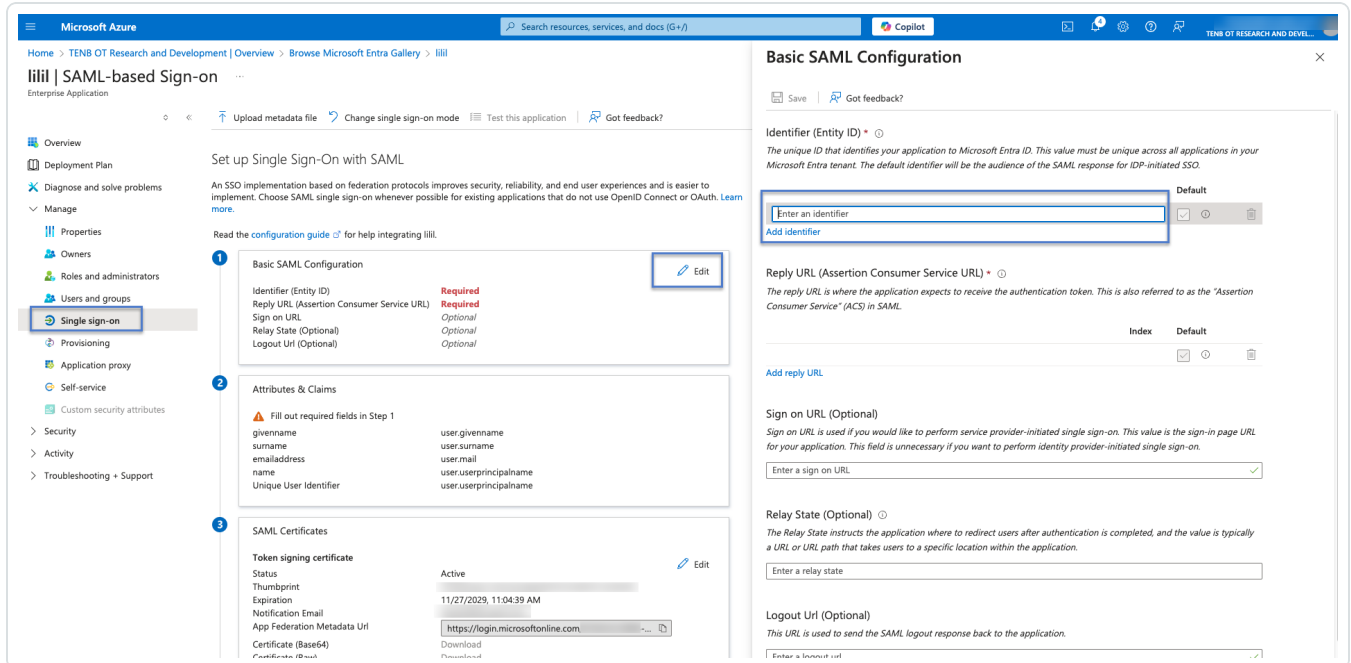
Configuration details



IDP ID	fsfsf
IDP URL	sfefs
CERTIFICATE DATA	-----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----- Read More
USERNAME ATTRIBUTE	fsf
GROUPS ATTRIBUTE	fsf
ADMINISTRATORS GROUP OBJECT ID	דגדג

2. In the Azure console, click **Single sign-on** in the left navigation menu.

The **SAML-based Sign-on** page appears.

3. In section 1 - **Basic SAML Configuration**, click  **Edit** and paste the copied value in the **Identifier (Entity ID)** box, replacing the temporary value you entered earlier.



4. Switch to the OT Security and in the **SAML** page, click the  button to copy the **URL**.
5. Switch to the Azure console and in the **Basic SAML Configuration** section, paste the copied URL in the **Reply URL (Assertion Consumer Service URL)** replacing the temporary URL you entered earlier.
6. Click  **Save** to save the configuration, and close the side panel.

The configuration is complete and the connection appears on the **Azure Enterprise applications** page.

Step 5 - Activate the Integration

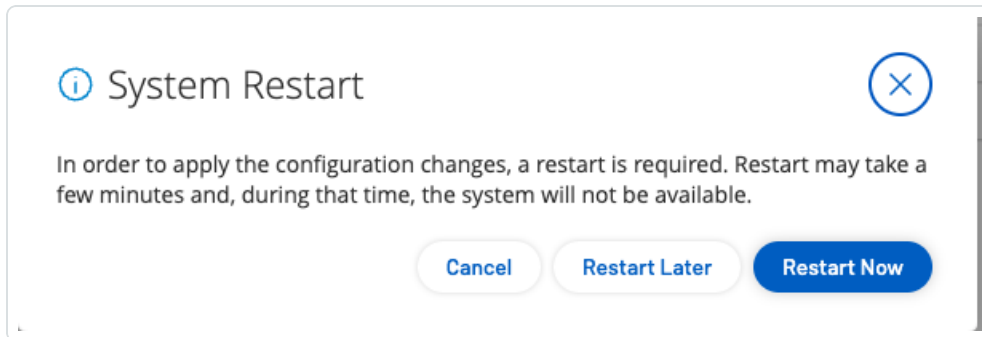
To activate the SAML integration, you must restart OT Security. You may restart the system immediately or choose to restart it later.

To activate the integration:



1. In the OT Security console, on the **SAML** page, click the **SAML single sign on login** toggle to enable SAML.

The **System Restart** notification window appears.



2. Click **Restart Now** to restart the system and apply the SAML configuration immediately, or click **Restart Later** to delay the application of the SAML configuration the next time the system is restarted. If you choose to restart later, the following banner appears until the restart is done:



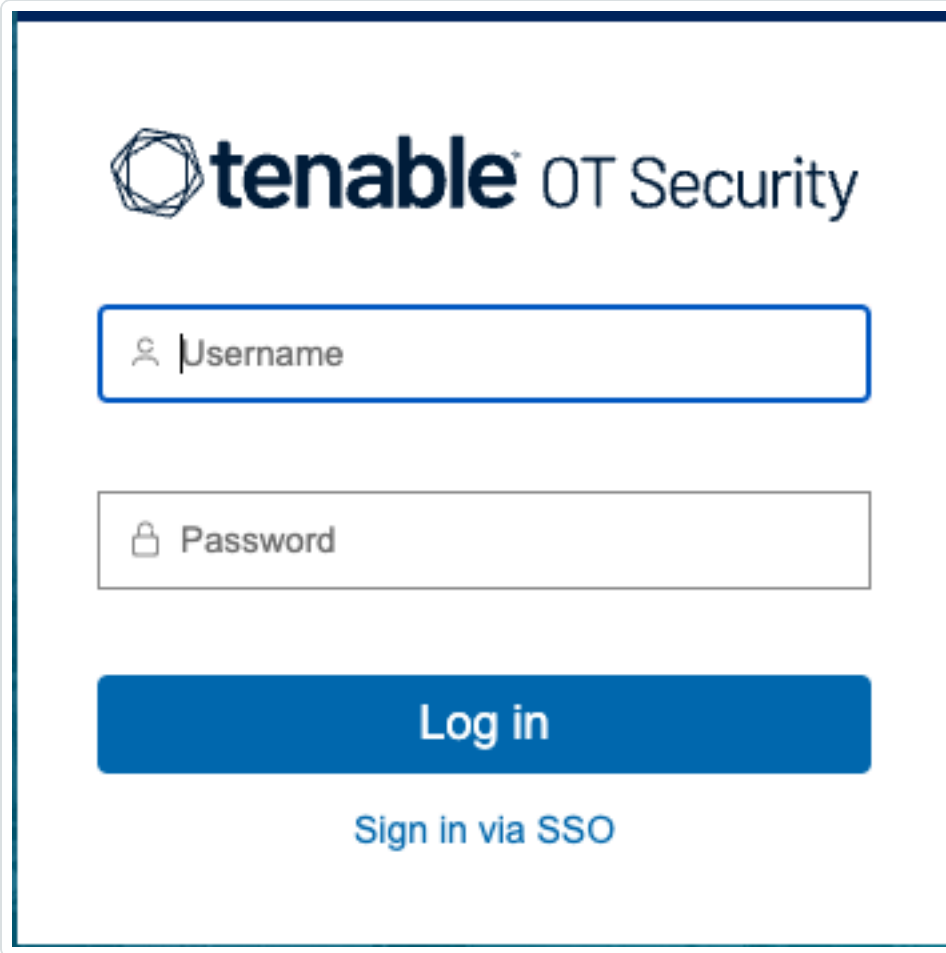
Sign in Using SSO

After the restart, the OT Security login window has a new **Sign in via SSO** link underneath the **Log in** button. Azure users assigned to OT Security can log in to OT Security using their Azure account.

To sign in using SSO:



1. On the OT Security login window, click the **Sign in via SSO** link.



The image shows the Tenable OT Security login interface. At the top, the Tenable logo (a wireframe cube) is followed by the text "tenable OT Security". Below this, there are two input fields: the first is labeled "Username" with a person icon, and the second is labeled "Password" with a lock icon. Below the password field is a large blue button labeled "Log in". At the bottom of the login area, there is a link labeled "Sign in via SSO" in blue text.

If you are already logged in to Azure, you are taken directly to the OT Security console, otherwise you are redirected to the Azure sign-in page.

If you have more than one account, OT Security redirects you to the Microsoft **Pick an account** page, where you can select the required account for login.