



Tenable One Asset Categorization

Quick Reference Guide

Last Revised: February 02, 2026



Table of Contents

Tenable One Asset Categorization	1
Welcome to the Tenable One Asset Categorization Quick Reference Guide	3
Framework	3
Asset Categories and Functions	5

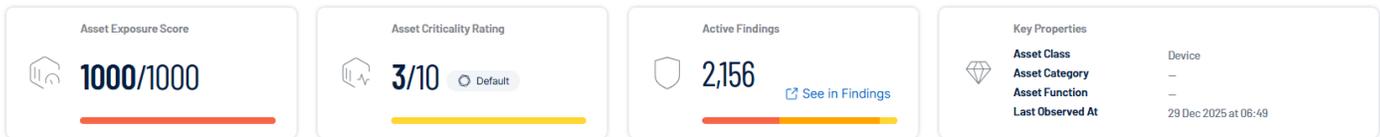


Welcome to the Tenable One Asset Categorization Quick Reference Guide

Last updated: February 02, 2026

Asset categorization is a framework that can be used to classify assets in a network. The first phase focuses on asset classification while future phases will provide richer context about the asset; e.g. asset ownership, administration and location. The framework is designed to be transparent, extendable, and explainable and to produce a holistic (“global”) category of an asset.

In the Tenable Exposure Management user interface, you can view the profile of an asset via the [Asset Details](#) page.



Framework

Where possible, each asset is assigned an **Asset Category** and an **Asset Function**. A category is meant to answer the question: “What is this asset?”.

In the current framework, each asset belongs to only one of the following categories:

- Cloud
- Compute and Application Server
- Compute and Application Server VM
- Healthcare
- Internet of Things
- Legacy device
- Network Infrastructure
- Network Infrastructure VM
- Operational Technology



- Peripheral
- Personal Computing
- Telecomm
- Undefined
- VM or Workload

A category captures the fundamental similarity between all assets that belong to the category and can be used for clustering. While the category label captures fundamental similarity between the assets in a category, the different asset functions within the category capture the fundamental differences between the assets in the category.

Asset functions answer the question: “What does the asset do? Or what functionality does it provide?”

Each asset can have one or more function labels as assets can be multi-functional. Assets within a functionality label share fundamentally similar attributes. Additionally, each Asset Category includes a set of Asset Function labels. For more information, see [Asset Categories and Functions](#).



Asset Categories and Functions

The following table displays each available asset category as well as the asset functions available within the category.

Asset Category	Asset Function
NI – Network Infrastructure	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DHCP – Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol server• DNS – Domain Name System server• DS – Directory Service protocol (LDAP, GC, etc.) server• FIREWALL_NGFW – Firewall and Next Generation Firewall• HV_HCI – Hypervisors and Hyperconverged Infrastructure• INFRASTRUCTURE_MANAGEMENT – KVM switch, and integrated remote access controllers, UPSs, Network shutdown modules, etc.• LOAD_BALANCER – Traffic load balancer• NETWORK_GEAR – Network switch or router
NI_VM – Network Infrastructure VM	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• DOMAIN_CONTROLLER – Server responsible for user authentication and access authorization• SAN_NAS – Storage Area Network and Network Attached Storage server• SDN – Software Defined Network server• SSE – Secure Service Edge server• VPN – Virtual Private Network server• NTP – Network Time protocol server• ROUTER_SWITCH_WAP – Small router, switch, and wireless access point device
CAS – Compute and Application Server	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AC – Aggregator and concentrator• BIP – Business Intelligence platform



- CMS – Content Management System
- DATABASE – Database Management System
- EAM – Enterprise Asset Management system
- FBCR_DP – File backup, caching, replication, and data protection server
- GIS – Geographical Information System
- IAM – Identity and Access Management system
- IRM – IT Risk Management system
- ITSM – IT Service Management system
- MAIL – Email system
- MAINFRAME – Mainframe computer
- MIS – Middleware and Integration server
- MQM – Message Queue Management server
- NGINX – Reverse proxy, load balancing, and caching server
- NMM – Network Management and Monitoring server
- RM – Repository Manager
- SCA – Security Control Application
- UEM – Unified Endpoint Management system
- IGA – Information Governance Application
- CAM – Cloud Application Management
- DPP – Data Pipeline Platform
- VCS – Version Control System
- WCT – Wiki and Collaboration Tool server
- WEB – Web Application server
- PROXY – Proxy server
- SMP – Security Management Portal
- UNDEFINED – Server with unknown functionality
- CONTAINER MANAGEMENT – System for managing



CAS_VM – Compute and Application Server VM	
CLOUD – Cloud	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• AWS_INSTANCE – Amazon compute environment• AZURE_INSTANCE – Azure compute environment• GCP_INSTANCE – Google compute environment
PCD – Personal Computing	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• LAPTOP_DESKTOP – Personal laptop or desktop• MOBILE_DEVICE – Personal mobile device• STATELESS_ENDPOINT – Thin or zero client device• VM – Virtual machine with a host operating system typically used for personal computing devices.
IOT – Internet of Things	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• CAMERA_SURVEILLANCE – Camera and surveillance equipment• GATEWAY – Management server of IoT devices and applications• MEDIA_DEVICE – Smart media device• POINT_OF_SALE_DEVICE – Point of Sale Device (POS)• SMART_DEVICE_SENSOR – Multifunction IoT device
PERIPHERAL – Peripheral	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• FAX – Fax device• PLOTTER – Large format printer or plotter• PRINTER – Printer
TELECOM_DEVICE – Telecomm	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• PHONE – Phone or VoIP phone device• TELECOM_SYSTEM – Telecommunication systems, PBX systems, etc• VCE – Video Conferencing Equipment and servers



	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• VOIP_GW_ADAPTER – VoIP gateway adapter• ANTENNA – Distributed Antenna Arrays, etc.
HEALTHCARE_DEVICE – Healthcare	BP_MONITOR – Blood Pressure monitor
OT_IIOT – Operational Technology	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• PLC – Programmable Logic Controller• SERIAL_DEVICE – Serial device• RTOS_EOS – Realtime & Embedded Operating System• GRAPHICS_TERMINAL – Graphics Terminal• RELAY – Relay• BMS – Building Management Systems (BacNET)• OT_DEVICE – Operational technology device• OT_SERVER – OT server, historian, HMI• SIEMENS_DEVICE – Siemens protocol supported device• MOXA_DEVICE – Moxa device• TRIMBLE_DEVICE – Trimble protocol supported device• MODBUS_PROTOCOL – Modbus protocol supported device• OPC_UA_PROTOCOL – OPC-UA protocol supported device• DNP_3_PROTOCOL – DNP-3 protocol supported device• CRIMSON_PROTOCOL – Red Lion Crimson 3 device• SIEMENS_S7_PROTOCOL – Siemens-S7 protocol supported device• OMRON_FINS_PROTOCOL – OMRON Fins protocol supported device• PANASONIC_CONTROL_PROTOCOL – Panasonic Control Station• PROFINET_PROTOCOL – Profinet protocol supported device



LEGACY – Legacy device	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• SAN_NAS – Legacy Storage Area Network and Network Attached Storage devices• WINDOWS_2000 – Microsoft Windows 2000 system• WINDOWS_3 – Microsoft Windows 3.* system• WINDOWS_95 – Microsoft Windows 95 system• WINDOWS_98 – Microsoft Windows 98 system• WINDOWS_ME – Microsoft Windows ME system• WINDOWS_NT – Microsoft Windows NT system• WINDOWS_VISTA – Microsoft Windows Vista system• WINDOWS_XP – Microsoft Windows XP system• WINDOWS_SERVER_2003 – Microsoft Windows Server 2003 system• WINDOWS_SERVER_2008 – Microsoft Windows Server 2008 system• WINDOWS_SERVER_2012 – Microsoft Windows Server 2012• WINDOWS_SERVER_2011 – Microsoft Windows Small Business Server 2011• VM – Virtual Machine running a legacy operating system
VM_WORKLOAD – VM or Workload	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• PCD-OS Workload device running OS typically used for PCD devices• Undefined <div data-bbox="521 1566 1479 1682" style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px;"><p>Note: The VM_WORKLOAD category can contain any asset function labels from CAS, NI, management servers for IoT, OT-IIoT, etc.</p></div>
UNDEFINED – Unknown device	Undefined